NOTICES OF AMENDMENTS
given up to and including
Wednesday 24 June 2015

New Amendments handed in are marked thus ★
★ Amendments which will comply with the required notice period at their next appearance

Amendments tabled since the last publication: NCs 50-54 and amendments 124-31

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

SCOTLAND BILL

NOTE

This document includes all remaining amendments and includes any withdrawn amendments at the end. The amendments have been arranged in accordance with the Order of the House [8 June 2015].

CLAUSES 12 TO 17, SCHEDULE 1, CLAUSE 18, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 2, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 2

Sir Edward Leigh

★ Clause 12, page 14, line 14, at end insert—

“( ) The Scottish Parliament may determine the level of each threshold of income at which a Scottish taxpayer becomes liable for income tax at any of the rates set by the Scottish Parliament;”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment allows the Scottish Parliament to decide at what threshold of income Scottish taxpayers should have to pay the basic rate or any of the other income tax rates to be set by the Scottish Parliament.
To move the following Clause—

“Independent Commission on Full Fiscal Autonomy

(1) The Secretary of State shall appoint a commission of between four and eleven members to conduct an analysis of the impact of full fiscal autonomy on the Scottish economy, labour market and public finances and to report by 31 March 2016.

(2) No Member of the House of Commons or of the Scottish Parliament may be a member of the commission.

(3) No employee of the Scottish Government or of any government Department or agency anywhere in the United Kingdom may be a member of the commission.

(4) The Secretary of State shall appoint as members of the commission only persons who appear to the Secretary of State to hold a relevant qualification or to have relevant experience.

(5) The Secretary of State shall not appoint as a member of the commission any person who is a member of a political party.

(6) Before appointing any member of the commission, the Secretary of State must consult—

(a) the Chair of any select committee appointed by the House of Commons to consider Scottish affairs, and

(b) the Chair of any select committee appointed by the House of Commons to examine the expenditure, administration and policy of Her Majesty’s Treasury and its associated public bodies.

(7) The Secretary of State may by regulations issue the commission with terms of reference and guidelines for the commission’s working methods, including an outline definition of the policy of full fiscal autonomy for the commission to analyse.

(8) The Secretary of State must lay copies of the report of the commission before both Houses of Parliament, and must transmit a copy of the report of the commission to the presiding officer of the Scottish Parliament.

(9) Regulations under this section must be made by statutory instrument, subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

Member's explanatory statement

This New Clause requires the Secretary of State for Scotland to establish an independent commission of external experts, appointed in consultation with the Treasury Select Committee and Scottish Affairs Select Committee, to publish a report by 31 March 2016 setting out an analysis of the impact of the policy of Full Fiscal Autonomy on the Scottish economy, labour market and public finances.
To move the following Clause—

“Review of operation of VAT refund schemes in Scotland

(1) The Treasury shall, within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, publish and lay before the House of Commons a review of the application of VAT refund schemes for businesses in Scotland.

(2) The review must include an analysis of the impact of the qualifying criteria for the VAT refund schemes—

(a) in Section 33 of the VAT Act 1994, and

(b) for Government Departments and the NHS,

on the level of VAT payable by Police Scotland and by the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service.”

Member’s explanatory statement
Following the amalgamation of the (formerly regional) Scottish fire and rescue services and Scottish police forces into a single fire service (the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service) and a single police force (Police Scotland) respectively, they are no longer eligible for VAT exemptions under the VAT refund schemes mentioned. This amendment requires the Treasury to carry out and publish a review of the schemes in Scotland, and in particular in relation to the level of VAT payable by Police Scotland and the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service.

To move the following Clause—

“The Scottish Office for Budget Responsibility

(1) Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 (specific reservations) is amended as follows.

(2) In Section A1 (fiscal, economic and monetary policy)—

(a) For the heading “Exception” substitute “Exceptions”—

(b) After that heading, insert—

“The creation of a body corporate, called The Scottish Office for Budget Responsibility, for the independent scrutiny of Scotland’s public finances, including all tax and spending in areas for which the Scottish Government has legislative competence.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This New Clause would provide for the creation of a Scottish Office for Budget Responsibility to exercise fiscal and budgetary oversight over Scottish Government competencies. The Smith Commission recommended that the Scottish Parliament should seek to expand and strengthen the independent scrutiny of Scotland’s public finances in recognition of the additional variability and uncertainty that further tax and spending devolution will introduce into the budgeting process.
Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Local Discretionary Taxation

Individual local authorities in Scotland shall have the discretion to raise additional income by levying a tax, in addition to Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates, on either residents, occupiers, property owners or visitors in the local authority or within a discrete area of the local authority.”

Member’s explanatory statement

The power will enable local authorities to introduce tax(es) without the need to seek approval from Scottish Government, with the rates and reliefs being determined locally and the local authority being both granted powers to ensure that those on which the tax is levied have a legal obligation to pay and the local authority having the discretion to determine how the additional revenue is expended.

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Tax and Economy Forum

(1) The Secretary of State shall appoint a Tax and Economy Forum to conduct an analysis of the impact of the changes in legislative and executive competence resulting from this Act on the economy, labour market and public finances in Scotland and in the other parts of the United Kingdom.

(2) The Tax and Economy Forum may make recommendations for fiscal reforms within Scotland, to be considered by the Secretary of State.”

Member’s explanatory statement

The new Clause would require the appointment of a Tax and Economy Forum to assess the impacts of fiscal devolution proposed within this Bill on Scotland and on the rest of the United Kingdom.

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“UK Commission on fiscal powers

(1) Within 6 months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State shall appoint a commission to examine the deployment of fiscal powers at local, devolved and United Kingdom levels.

(2) The commission shall comprise between 4 and 6 representatives of any of—

(a) the Scottish Parliament,
(b) the National Assembly for Wales,
(c) the Northern Ireland Assembly,
(d) local government,
(e) the House of Commons, and
Scotland Bill, continued

(f) the House of Lords.

(3) The bodies mentioned in subsection (2) shall select their representatives in any way they see fit and the chief executive or presiding officer of each of those bodies shall inform the Secretary of State of the names of the representatives of those bodies, which may replace their representatives whenever the body concerned has determined to do so.

(4) Subject to subsection (5), the commission may determine its own quorum and methods of working and must publish a protocol setting out its own terms of reference.

(5) The commission shall keep the operation of fiscal powers under review, making reports and recommendations as it deems appropriate.

Member’s explanatory statement
The purpose of this New Clause is to ensure that there is proper consultation between the different parts of the United Kingdom to ensure that new Scottish fiscal powers are deployed in a way that does not undermine the cohesion of the UK. The proposed Commission could also make recommendation regarding the future of devolved fiscal powers.

To move the following Clause—

“Treasury Review of the implementation of Scottish rates of income tax

(1) The Treasury shall, no later than one year after the date on which this Act is passed, publish and lay before the House of Commons a review of the implementation of the Scottish basic rate and any other income tax rates for the purposes of section 11A of the Income Tax Act 2007.

(2) The Treasury review must include—

(a) a review of the revised fiscal framework;
(b) the tax year to which sections 12 and 13 of this Act will apply, and the day on which they are due to come into force;
(c) the number of staff assigned by the Scottish Government, Revenues Scotland and Her Majesty’s Revenue and Customs, to the project implementing the Scottish basic rate, and any other rates;
(d) a report on the identification of Scottish taxpayers who will be liable to pay the Scottish basic rate, and other rates;
(e) the rates and bands at which the Scottish basic rate, and any other rates, have been set by the Scottish Parliament; and
(f) a projection of the impact of the Scottish basic rate, and any other rates, on income tax revenues generated in Scotland and across the UK.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This New Clause would provide for a review of the progress in implementing the new Scottish rate of income tax. This will include a review of the revised fiscal framework, a task that will hereafter be undertaken by the Scottish Office for Budget Responsibility.
“Full fiscal autonomy for Scotland

(1) The Scottish Government and the Government of the United Kingdom must enter into an agreement (the “Economic Agreement”)—

(a) setting out a plan for implementation of full fiscal autonomy for Scotland, and

(b) establishing a framework within which the two Governments are to coordinate their economic and fiscal policies in the context of full fiscal autonomy for Scotland.

(2) Full fiscal autonomy for Scotland means that—

(a) the Scottish Parliament and Scottish Government have competence for determining revenues raised in or as regards Scotland through taxation and borrowing,

(b) the Scottish Parliament and Scottish Government have competence for determining levels of public expenditure in or as regards Scotland, in accordance with the amendments made by this Act.

(3) The framework mentioned in subsection (1)(b) must in particular include arrangements for—

(a) facilitating fiscal coordination,

(b) overseeing economic cooperation,

(c) joint responsibilities in areas of mutual interest,

(d) safeguarding fiscal sustainability.

(4) In determining the terms of the Economic Agreement the two governments must seek to ensure—

(a) the maintenance of monetary stability throughout the United Kingdom,

(b) the maintenance and promotion of the single markets in the United Kingdom and the European Union,

(c) that they cooperate in the exercise of their respective functions relating to the administration and collection of taxes,

(d) an equitable and transparent approach to consequences, resources and rewards,

(e) that the Scottish Parliament and the Scottish Government retain the benefits of increased tax revenues delivered by successful policies pursued by them,

(f) that the Scottish Parliament and the Scottish Government have the powers necessary to manage the consequences of full fiscal autonomy for Scotland,

(g) that full fiscal autonomy for Scotland is implemented over a period of time, as the Scottish Parliament and the Scottish Government acquire capacity to carry out their additional competences.

(5) The Economic Agreement is to be entered into as soon as possible and the two governments must cooperate in good faith with a view to achieving that.

(6) As soon as possible after the Economic Agreement is entered into—
Scotland Bill, continued

(a) the Scottish Ministers must lay a copy of it before the Scottish Parliament, and
(b) the Secretary of State must lay a copy of it before both Houses of Parliament.

(7) The two governments must from time to time review the Economic Agreement and make such amendments to its terms as they may agree with a view to ensuring that it continues to meet the requirements of this section.

(8) Subsection (6) applies to the Economic Agreement as amended as it applies to the Agreement as entered into.

(9) The Secretary of State may, with the agreement of the Scottish Ministers, by regulations modify this section.

(10) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (9) may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Scottish and UK governments to reach agreement on the delivery of full fiscal autonomy for Scotland.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

NC34

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Tax on profits of corporations etc.

(1) The Scotland Act 1998 is amended as follows.

(2) In Part 4A (taxation), after Chapter 2 insert—

“CHAPTER 2A

TAX ON PROFITS OF CORPORATIONS ETC.

80HB Tax on profits of corporations etc.

(1) A tax charged on the profits of companies carrying on activities in Scotland is a devolved tax.

(2) For the purposes of this section “company” means any body corporate or unincorporated association.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would devolve corporation tax to the Scottish Parliament.
Scotland Bill, continued

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

To move the following Clause—

“Tax on capital gains
(1) The Scotland Act 1998 is amended as follows.
(2) In Part 4A (taxation), after Chapter 2A (as inserted by section (tax on profits of corporations etc.)) insert—

“CHAPTER 2B
TAX ON CAPITAL GAINS

80HC Tax on capital gains

A tax charged on the gains (or other benefits) accruing to a Scottish taxpayer on the disposal of assets is a devolved tax.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve capital gains tax to the Scottish Parliament.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

To move the following Clause—

“Finance and taxation: further provision
(1) The Scotland Act 1998 is amended as follows.
(2) In section 64 (Scottish consolidated fund)—
   (a) in subsection (5), for “The Treasury may, after consulting with the Scottish Ministers” substitute “The Scottish Ministers may, after consulting with the Treasury”,
   (b) in subsection (6), omit “, at such times and by such methods as the Treasury may from time to time determine.”.
(3) In section 66(4) (borrowing by the Scottish Ministers), for “any other” substitute “an Act of the Scottish Parliament or an”.
(4) In section 67(3) (lending by the Secretary of State), for “Secretary of State” substitute “Scottish Ministers”.
(5) In section 67A (lending for capital expenditure)—
   (a) in subsection (2), for “Secretary of State” substitute “Scottish Ministers”,
   (b) omit subsections (5) and (6).
Scotland Bill, continued

(6) In section 68(2) (borrowing by statutory bodies), omit “given with the approval of the Treasury”.

(7) In section 72 (accounts of loans to the Scottish Ministers)—
   (a) the existing provision becomes subsection (1),
   (b) in the closing words of that provision, after “Parliament” insert “and send copies of each to the Scottish Ministers”, and
   (c) after that provision insert—
   “(2) The Scottish Ministers must lay copies of the certified account and the Comptroller and Auditor General’s report before the Scottish Parliament.”.

(8) In section 80G (supplemental powers to modify enactments), in each of subsections (1), (1A), (1B), (2), and (4), for “Treasury” substitute “Scottish Ministers”.

(9) In Section A1 in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (fiscal, economic and monetary policy), in the Exceptions—
   (a) at the beginning insert—
   “Fiscal and economic policy in connection with anything within the legislative competence of the Scottish Parliament or the executive competence of the Scottish Government.”.
   (b) after the entry for local taxes insert—
   “Borrowing and lending by the Scottish Ministers.”.

(10) In paragraph 1 of Schedule 7 (procedure for subordinate legislation)—
   (a) in the table, in the entry for—
      (i) section 64(5), for “Type K” substitute “Type L”,
      (ii) section 67(3), for “Type E” substitute “Type L”,
      (iii) section 67A(2), for “Type E” substitute “Type L”,
      (iv) section 80B, for “Type A” substitute “Type L”,
      (v) section 80G, for “Type E” substitute “Type L”,
   (b) in the Notes, omit the note relating to the entry for section 80G.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would increase devolved responsibility for borrowing and lending.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

★ To move the following Clause—
“Taxes on income

In Section A1 in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (fiscal, economic and monetary policy) to the 1998 Act, in the Exceptions, after the entry for local taxes insert “Taxes on income.””

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause is intended to devolve income tax completely to Scotland.

---

CLAUSES 19 TO 30, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 3, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 3

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

★ Clause 19, page 21, line 39, leave out from “of” to the end of line 7 on page 22 and insert “a disabled person or person with a physical or mental impairment or health condition in respect of effects or needs arising from that disability, impairment or health condition.”

Member’s explanatory statement
The current definition of ‘disability benefit’ used in the Bill is restrictive and could place unnecessary limits on the kind of replacement benefit the Scottish Government has the power to introduce. It may not, for example, allow the Scottish Government to introduce a benefit to assist people with very low level disabilities or those for whom the effect of their disability is largely financial.

Ian Murray
Kate Green

Clause 19, page 22, leave out lines 6 and 7

Member’s explanatory statement
Removes the word “short-term” in the clause devolving disability benefit. It is not clear what “short-term” means in this context, how it will be defined or whom it may exclude from receiving the benefit.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Clause 19, page 22, line 45, leave out sub-paragraph (a).
Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 20, page 23, line 27, after “financial”, insert “or other”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

This amendment would enable the provision of assistance, in relation to benefits for maternity, funeral and heating expenses, in a form other than cash.

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 20, page 23, line 33, leave out “8” and insert “9”

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 20, page 23, line 34, leave out “8” and insert “9”

---

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 21, page 24, leave out lines 9 and 10

---

Mr Graham Allen

★ Clause 22, page 24, line 27, leave out from “who” to “appears” in line 32.

**Member’s explanatory statement**

The current Exception 6 would extend the power to provide discretionary housing payments only to those already in receipt of housing benefit. Those who lose entitlement to any housing benefit as a result of the under-occupancy charge are precluded from accessing discretionary housing payments. The amendment seeks to allow the Scottish Parliament to mitigate the impact of the bedroom tax.
Scotland Bill, continued

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 22, page 24, leave out lines 36 to 48

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would remove some of the restrictions, including those relating to sanctions, in relation to discretionary housing payments.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green
Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Clause 22, page 24, leave out lines 36 and 37

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green
Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Clause 23, page 25, leave out “short-term”

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 23, page 25, leave out lines 30 to 37

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would broaden when discretionary housing payments can be made by removing some restrictions including those relating to sanctions.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green
Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Clause 23, page 25, line 39, leave out “occasional”
Scotland Bill, continued

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

★ Clause 23, page 25, line 40, after “individuals”, insert “(a)”

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

★ Clause 23, page 25, line 45, at end add “or
(b) who are part of a family facing exceptional pressure.”

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 24, page 26, line 20, leave out from “unless” to end of line 25 and insert “they have consulted the Secretary of State”

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment would remove the requirement for the Scottish Government to obtain consent from a UK Secretary of State in relation to Universal Credit and the costs of claimants who rent accommodation.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 24, page 26, line 23, leave out paragraph (b) and insert—
“(b) they have consulted the Secretary of State as to when any change made by the regulations is to start to have effect.’

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 25, page 26, line 45, leave out from “unless” to end of line 5 on page 27 and
Scotland Bill, continued

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would remove the requirement for the Scottish Government to obtain consent from a UK Secretary of State in relation to persons to whom, and time when, Universal Credit is paid.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 25, page 27, line 1, after second “of”, insert “the delivery mechanism for”

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 25, page 27, line 3, leave out paragraph (b) and insert—
“(b) they have consulted the Secretary of State as to when any change made by the regulations is to start to have effect.’

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 26, page 27, line 22, leave out from beginning to “for” in line 23 and insert “Arrangements”

Member’s explanatory statement

Amendments 120, 121 and 122 make provision for the Scottish Parliament to have power to legislate on arrangements for employment support programmes.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 26, page 27, leave out lines 27 to 29 and insert—
“(b) assisting persons (including persons claiming reserved benefits) who are unemployed or at risk of long-term unemployment to select, obtain and retain employment”

Member’s explanatory statement

Amendments 120, 121 and 122 make provision for the Scottish Parliament to have power to legislate on arrangements for employment support programmes.
Committee of the whole House: 24 June 2015

Scotland Bill, continued

Ian Murray
Kate Green

Clause 26, page 27, line 29, leave out “where the assistance is for at least a year”

Member’s explanatory statement
This would allow the provision of employment programmes where assistance is for less than a year. The Scottish Government could develop support programmes for those who repeatedly move in and out of short periods of work, or admit people to the Work Programme early.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

☆ Clause 26, page 27, line 34, leave out “another person” and insert “a person other than the person making the arrangements”

Member’s explanatory statement
Amendments 120, 121 and 122 make provision for the Scottish Parliament to have power to legislate on arrangements for employment support programmes.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 26, page 27, line 36, after “person”, insert “in conjunction with the local authority”

Ian Murray
Kate Green

Clause 26, page 27, line 39, at end insert—
“(b) provision of support for disabled persons in the form of non-repayable payments to enable them to access employment, remain in employment, or move into self-employment or start a business.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment provides for the devolution of the Access-to-work scheme.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

Clause 26, page 27, line 41, at end insert “and
(d) temporary jobs paid at least the national minimum wage providing a route back into further work.”
To move the following Clause—

“Housing benefit

In Section F1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, in the Exceptions, after exception 8 (see section 23 above) insert—

“Exception 9

Housing benefit.”"

Member’s explanatory statement
This New Clause provides for the full devolution of Housing Benefit, allowing Scottish Ministers to abolish the Spare Room Subsidy in Scotland, and to provide £1.8 billion of investment in housing in Scotland.
Scotland Bill, continued

“reserved benefit” means a benefit which is to any extent a reserved matter.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This New Clause broadens the circumstances under which the Scottish Parliament can create new benefits, as recommended by the Smith Commission.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

NC39

☆ To move the following Clause—

“National Insurance
(1) Section F1 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 is amended as follows.
(2) In the illustrations, omit “National Insurance;”
(3) In the exceptions, at the beginning insert—
“National Insurance.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve National Insurance to the Scottish Parliament

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

NC40

☆ To move the following Clause—

“National Insurance: employers’ contributions
(1) Section F1 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 is amended as follows.
(2) In the illustrations, omit “National Insurance;”
(3) In the Exceptions, after exception 11 (see section (Benefits relating to children)) insert—

“Exception 12
National Insurance so far as relating to contributions payable by employers.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve employers’ National Insurance contributions to the Scottish Parliament.
To move the following Clause—

“Job search and support

In Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, omit Section H3 (job search and support).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve employment support programmes to the Scottish Parliament.

To move the following Clause—

“Working age benefits

In Section F1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, in the Exceptions, after exception 9 (see section 23A above) insert—

“Exception 10

Benefits entitlement to which, or the purposes of which, are the same as or similar to those of any of the following benefits—

(a) universal credit under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012,
(b) jobseeker’s allowance (whether contributions-based or income-based) under the Jobseekers Act 1995,
(c) employment and support allowance (whether contributory or income-related) under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2007,
(d) income support under section 124 of the Social Security and Benefits Act 1992,
(e) housing benefit under section 130 of that Act,
(f) child tax credit and working tax credit under the Tax Credits Act 2002.

The benefits referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) above are—

(a) in the case of income-based jobseeker’s allowance and income-related employment support allowance, those benefits as they existed on 28 April 2013 (the day before their abolition),
Committee of the whole House: 24 June 2015

Scotland Bill, continued

(b) in the case of the other benefits, those benefits as they existed on 28 May 2015 (the date of introduction into Parliament of the Bill for the Scotland Act 2015).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve working age benefits to the Scottish Parliament.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

To move the following Clause—

“Universal credit: powers to vary other elements

(1) A function of making regulations to which this section applies, so far as it is exercisable by the Secretary of State in or as regards Scotland, is exercisable by the Scottish Ministers concurrently with the Secretary of State.

(2) This section applies to—

(a) regulations under section 8(3)(a) of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (amount in respect of earned income) so far relating to the work allowance (that is, the amount of a claimant’s earned income that is to be disregarded in calculating the amounts to be deducted from the maximum amount in accordance with section 8(3) of that Act),

(b) regulations under section 10 of that Act (amount in respect of responsibility for children and young persons),

(c) regulations under section 12 of that Act (amounts in respect of other particular needs or circumstances) so far as relating to—

(i) the needs or circumstances referred to in subsection (2)(c) of that section (caring responsibilities for a severely disabled person), or

(ii) needs or circumstances of a claimant in paid work relating to childcare costs,

(d) regulations under any of sections 14 to 22, 24 and 25 of that Act (work-related requirements), and

(e) regulations under any of sections 26 to 28 of that Act (sanctions).

(3) The Scottish Ministers may not exercise the function of making regulations to which this section applies unless they have consulted the Secretary of State.

(4) The Secretary of State may not exercise the function of making regulations to which this section applies in or as regards Scotland unless he or she has consulted the Scottish Ministers.

(5) Where regulations are made by the Scottish Ministers by virtue of subsection (1)—

(a) section 43 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012 (regulations: procedure) does not apply, and
Scotland Bill, continued

(b) the regulations are subject to the negative procedure (see Part 2 of the Interpretation and Legislative Reform (Scotland) Act 2010).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would give the Scottish Parliament greater flexibility to make changes in Universal Credit.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

To move the following Clause—

“Benefits relating to children

In Section F1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, in the Exceptions, after exception 10 (see section (Working age benefits) above) insert—

“Exception 11

Benefits entitlement to which, or the purposes of which, are the same as or similar to those of any of the following benefits—

(a) guardian’s allowance under section 77 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992,

(b) child benefit under Part 9 of that Act.

The benefits referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) are those benefits as they existed on 28 May 2015 (the date of introduction into Parliament of the Bill for the Scotland Act 2015).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve benefits relating to children to the Scottish Parliament.

Ian Murray
Wayne David
Kate Green

To move the following Clause—
Scotland Bill, continued

“Childcare element of universal credit

In Section F1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, in Exceptions, after exception 6 (see section 22 above) insert—

“Exception 7
The subject-matter of regulations 31 to 34 of the Universal Credit Regulations 2013.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This will allow the Scottish Government to help parents and families in Scotland by devolving to the Scottish Parliament control over, and the power to vary, the childcare element of Universal Credit.

---

CLAUSES 31 TO 37, SCHEDULE 2, CLAUSES 38 TO 45, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 4, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 4

Mr Alistair Carmichael
Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 31, page 30, line 34, leave out “may” and insert “must”

Clause 31, page 30, line 36, leave out “Ministers” and insert “Parliament”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 31, page 30, line 37, at end insert—

“(1A) The Treasury and Scottish Ministers must agree a scheme transferring to the control of each of Shetland Islands Council, Orkney Islands Council and Comhairle nan Eilean Siar (“the island authorities”) on the transfer date all the existing Scottish functions and rights of the Commissioners relating to those parts of the Scottish zone surrounding each of the island authorities.

(1B) The exact extent of the parts of the Scottish zone to be transferred under subsection (1A) will be agreed by the Treasury and Scottish Ministers in consultation with the island authorities and in accordance with the principles contained within the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea articles 16, 74 and 84.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This Amendment would require the relevant functions of the Crown Estate in the Shetland Islands, Orkney and Na h-Eileanan Siar (the “Western Isles”) to be transferred to the councils for those areas. Articles 16, 74 and 84 of the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea set out principles for defining geographical extent in relation to the territorial sea, exclusive economic zones and the Continental shelf respectively.

Mr Jacob Rees-Mogg

★ Clause 31, page 31, line 22, at end insert—
Scotland Bill, continued

“( ) The scheme must not include any alteration to the Sovereign Grant Act 2011.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

The Sovereign Grant Act 2011 made provision for the honour and dignity of the Crown and the Royal Family and about allowances and pensions under the Civil List Acts of 1837 and 1952.

Mr Jacob Rees-Mogg

★ Clause 31, page 31, line 22, at end insert—

“( ) The scheme must not include any reduction in the pro rata payments due to Her Majesty under the Sovereign Grant Act 2011.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

This amendment is to ensure that Scotland continues to contribute its share towards the costs of the Monarchy.

Mr Jacob Rees-Mogg

★ Clause 31, page 31, line 22, at end insert—

“( ) The scheme must not include any permanent alienation of the rights of the Crown.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

This amendment protects the position of future Sovereigns in respect of the rights of the Crown.

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 31, page 32, line 25, leave out “C” and insert “A”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 31, page 32, line 31, leave out “then, instead of the type C procedure”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 31, page 32, line 31, leave out “I” and insert “A”

Ian Murray
Wayne David

☆ Clause 32, page 34, line 13, at end insert, “including a requirement for gender balance among the members of the Scottish Parliament and members of boards of Scottish public authorities.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

The Amendment would ensure continued progression towards achieving gender balance among members of the Scottish Parliament and on boards of Scottish public authorities.

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 33, page 35, leave out lines 18 and 19
Scotland Bill, continued

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 33, page 35, line 18, leave out sub-sub-paragraph (b)

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 33, page 35, leave out lines 24 and 25

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 33, page 35, leave out lines 26 to 30

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 33, page 37, line 17, at end insert—
“(7A) Scottish Ministers, in conjunction with the Advisory, Conciliation and Arbitration Service (ACAS) shall establish and oversee a process, involving Scottish businesses and trades unions, to end the current employment tribunal fee system in Scotland.”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 43, page 45, line 7, at end insert—
“(aa) in the list of subject-matter, leave out “(c) the Estate Agents Act 1979””

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 45, page 47, line 7, leave out “for which the maximum charge for use is more than £10”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 45, page 47, line 17, leave out “for which the maximum charge for use is more than £10”

Mr Alistair Carmichael

Clause 45, page 47, line 35, leave out subsection (6)
“Obstructive parking

(1) In section E1 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 (Road transport) after “Exceptions”, insert—

“The subject matter of sections 19 to 22 (Stopping on verges, etc, or in dangerous positions, etc.) of the Road Traffic Act 1988;

The subject-matter of section 41(5) (Regulation of construction, weight, equipment and use of vehicles) of the Road Traffic Act 1988 in so far as it relates to the making of regulations making it an offence to cause or permit a vehicle to stand on the road so as to cause any unnecessary obstruction of the road.”

(2) After section 51 of the Road Traffic Offenders Act 1988 (Fixed penalty offences) insert new section 51A—

“51A Offences under Road Traffic Act 1988

(1) Any offence in respect of a vehicle under regulations made by Scottish Ministers under section 41(5) (Regulation of construction, weight, equipment and use of vehicles) of the Road Traffic Act 1988 is a fixed penalty offence for the purposes of this Part of this Act if it is specified as such in those regulations, but subject to subsection (2) below.

(2) An offence under an enactment so specified is not a fixed penalty offence for those purposes if it is committed by causing or permitting a vehicle to be used by another person in contravention of any provision made or restriction or prohibition imposed by or under any enactment.”

(3) Before proposing a change in regulation of a subject matter falling under this section, Scottish Ministers shall—

(a) consult the Secretary of State, and

(b) publish and lay before the Scottish Parliament an assessment of the impact on road safety of any difference between the proposed change in Scotland and road traffic rules in other parts of the United Kingdom.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment is intended to ensure that offences in relation to parking on pavements can be enforced by the Scottish Parliament. Other offences would be unaffected. This amendment is based on Mark Lazarowicz’s Private Members’ Bill from the last Parliament, which was supported in principle by the then Secretary of State for Scotland.

Mr Alistair Carmichael

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Health and safety

In Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 (Employment), leave out Section H2 (Health and Safety).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new Clause would remove from the list of reserved matters in the 1998 Act (and so transfer
Mr Alistair Carmichael

Star To move the following Clause—

“Business associations

In Section C1 in Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998 (Business associations) at the end of the exceptions insert—

“(c) the law on partnerships and unincorporated associations,
(d) the creation of new forms of cooperative enterprise,
(e) the creation of new forms of mutual enterprise,
(f) the creation of economic interest groups where the European Economic Interest Group under regulation EEC 2137/85 is not available because the members do not come from more than one member state.”

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Star To move the following Clause—

“Employment and industrial relations

In Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, omit Section H1 (employment and industrial relations).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would devolve employment and industrial relations to the Scottish Parliament.

Angus Robertson
Mike Weir
Dr Eilidh Whiteford
Stewart Hosie
Michelle Thomson
Natalie McGarry

Star To move the following Clause—
“Health and safety
(2) The Health and Safety Executive is a cross-border public authority for the purposes of the 1998 Act.
(3) The 1998 Act applies in relation to the Health and Safety Executive in the same way as it applies in relation to cross-border public authorities specified in an Order in Council under section 88(5) of the 1998 Act.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve health and safety to the Scottish Parliament and designates the Health and Safety Executive as a cross-border public authority.

“Equal opportunities
In Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Scotland Act 1998, omit Section L2 (equal opportunities).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause would devolve equal opportunities to the Scottish Parliament.

CLAUSES 46 TO 55, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 5, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 5, CLAUSES 56 TO 58, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 6, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 6, CLAUSES 59 TO 64, NEW CLAUSES RELATING TO PART 7, NEW SCHEDULES RELATING TO PART 7, REMAINING PROCEEDINGS ON THE BILL

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Local authority’s power of general competence
(1) A local authority has power to do anything that individuals generally may do.
(2) Subsection (1) applies to things that an individual may do even though they are in nature, extent or otherwise—
   (a) unlike anything the authority may do apart from subsection (1), or
   (b) unlike anything that other public bodies may do.
(3) In this section “individual” means an individual with full capacity.
(4) Where subsection (1) confers power on the authority to do something, it confers power (subject to sections (Boundaries of the general power) to (Limits on doing
Scotland Bill, continued

things for commercial purposes in exercise of general power) to do it in any way whatever, including—

(a) power to do it anywhere in the United Kingdom or elsewhere,
(b) power to do it for a commercial purpose or otherwise for a charge, or without charge, and
(c) power to do it for, or otherwise than for, the benefit of the authority, its area or persons resident or present in its area.

(5) The generality of the power conferred by subsection (1) (“the general power”) is not limited by the existence of any other power of the authority which (to any extent) overlaps the general power.

(6) Any such other power is not limited by the existence of the general power (but see section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(2)).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This series of new Clauses seeks to introduce a general power of competence for Scottish local authorities, putting it beyond doubt that they may do anything that is not expressly prohibited by law. It seeks to go further than the power of wellbeing already afforded to Scottish local authorities. The proposals seek to give councils the capacity to do anything that an individual can do. Therefore, this would not enable a local authority to introduce a tax or wage war, but it would ensure that local government has the ability to use the power of general competence in the most sensible and constructive way for the benefit of the people and communities whom they serve.

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Boundaries of the general power

(1) If exercise of a pre-commencement power of a local authority is subject to restrictions, those restrictions apply also to exercise of the general power so far as it is overlapped by the pre-commencement power.

(2) The general power does not enable a local authority to do—

(a) anything which the authority is unable to do by virtue of a pre-commencement limitation, or
(b) anything which the authority is unable to do by virtue of a post-commencement limitation which is expressed to apply—

(i) to the general power,

(ii) to all of the authority’s powers, or

(iii) to all of the authority’s powers but with exceptions that do not include the general power.

(3) The general power does not confer power to make or alter—

(a) arrangements of a kind which may be made under sections 56 (arrangements for discharge of authority’s functions by committees, joint committees, officers etc.) or 62B (establishment of joint boards) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973,

(b) any other arrangements that authorise a person to exercise a function of a local authority.

(4) In this section—

“post-commencement limitation” means a prohibition, restriction or other limitation expressly imposed by a statutory provision that—

(a) is contained in an Act passed after the day on which this Act is passed or...
Scotland Bill, continued

(b) is contained in an instrument made under an Act and comes into force on or after the commencement of section (Local authority’s general power of competence),

“pre-commencement limitation” means a prohibition, restriction or other limitation expressly imposed by a statutory provision that—

(a) is contained in this Act, or in any other Act passed no later than the day on which this Act is passed, or

(b) is contained in an instrument made under an Act and comes into force before the commencement of section (Local authority’s general power of competence),

“pre-commencement power” means power conferred by a statutory provision that—

(a) is contained in this Act, or in any other Act passed no later than the day on which this Act is passed, or

(b) is contained in an instrument made under an Act and comes into force before the commencement of section (Local authority’s general power of competence).

Member’s explanatory statement

This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Limits on charging in exercise of general power

(1) Subsection (2) applies where—

(a) a local authority provides a service to a person otherwise than for a commercial purpose, and

(b) its providing the service to the person is done, or could be done, in exercise of the general power.

(2) The general power confers power to charge the person for providing the service to the person only if—

(a) the service is not one that a statutory provision requires the authority to provide to the person,

(b) the person has agreed to its being provided, and

(c) ignoring this section and section 1 of the Local Authorities (Goods and Services) Act 1970 (supply of goods and services by local authorities), the authority does not have power to charge for providing the service.

(3) The general power is subject to a duty to secure that, taking one financial year with another, the income from charges allowed by subsection (2) does not exceed the costs of provision.
(4) The duty under subsection (3) applies separately in relation to each kind of service.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“**Limits on doing things for commercial purpose in exercise of general power**

(1) The general power confers power on a local authority to do things for a commercial purpose only if they are things which the authority may, in exercise of the general power, do otherwise than for a commercial purpose.

(2) Where, in exercise of the general power, a local authority does things for a commercial purpose, the authority must do them through a company.

(3) A local authority may not, in exercise of the general power, do things for a commercial purpose in relation to a person if a statutory provision requires the authority to do those things in relation to the person.

(4) In this section “company” means—

(a) a company within the meaning given by section 1(1) of the Companies Act 2006, or

(b) a registered society within the meaning the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 or a society registered or deemed to be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act (Northern Ireland) 1969.”

**Member’s explanatory statement**

This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“**Powers to make supplementary provision**

(1) If the Scottish Ministers think that a statutory provision (whenever passed or made) prevents or restricts local authorities from exercising the general power, the Scottish Ministers may by regulations amend, repeal, revoke or disapply that provision.

(2) If the Scottish Ministers think that the general power is overlapped (to any extent) by another power then, for the purpose of removing or reducing that overlap, the Scottish Minister may by regulations amend, repeal, revoke or disapply any statutory provision (whenever passed or made).

(3) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make provision preventing local authorities from doing, in exercise of the general power, anything which is specified, or is of a description specified, in the regulations.
Scotland Bill, continued

(4) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations provide for the exercise of the general power by local authorities to be subject to conditions, whether generally or in relation to doing anything specified, or of a description specified, in the regulations.

(5) The power under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) may be exercised in relation to—
   (a) all local authorities,
   (b) particular local authorities, or
   (c) particular descriptions of local authority.

(6) The power under subsection (1) or (2) to amend or disapply a statutory provision includes power to amend or disapply a statutory provision for a particular period.

(7) Before making regulations under subsection (1), (2), (3) or (4) the Scottish Ministers must consult—
   (a) such local authorities,
   (b) such representatives of local government, and
   (c) such other persons (if any),
   as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Limits on power under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1)

(1) The Scottish Ministers may not make provision under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1) unless the Scottish Ministers consider that the conditions in subsection (2), where relevant, are satisfied in relation to that provision.

(2) Those conditions are that—
   (a) the effect of the provision is proportionate to the policy objective intended to be secured by the provision,
   (b) the provision, taken as a whole, strikes a fair balance between the public interest and the interests of any person adversely affected by it,
   (c) the provision does not remove any necessary protection,
   (d) the provision does not prevent any person from continuing to exercise any right or freedom which that person might reasonably expect to continue to exercise,
   (e) the provision is not of constitutional significance.

(3) Regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1) may not make provision for the delegation or transfer of any function of legislating.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3) a function of legislating is a function of legislating by order, rules, regulations or other subordinate instrument.
Scotland Bill, continued

(5) Regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1) may not make provision to abolish or vary any tax.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen

To move the following Clause—

“Procedure for regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)

(1) If, as a result of any consultation required by section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(7) with respect to proposed regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1), it appears to the Scottish Ministers that it is appropriate to change the whole or any part of the Scottish Ministers’ proposals, the Scottish Ministers must undertake such further consultation with respect to the changes as the Scottish Ministers consider appropriate.

(2) If, after the conclusion of the consultation required by section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(7) and subsection (1), the Scottish Ministers consider it appropriate to proceed with the making of regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1), the Scottish Ministers must, when laying a draft of the regulations, also lay before the Scottish Parliament an explanatory document explaining the proposals and giving details of—

(a) the Scottish Ministers’ reasons for considering that the conditions in section (Limits on power under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1))(2), where relevant, are satisfied in relation to the proposals,

(b) any consultation undertaken under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(7) and subsection (1),

(c) any representations received as a result of the consultation, and

(d) the changes (if any) made as a result of those representations.

(3) If provision under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(2) is included in draft regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(1) laid in the circumstances described in subsection (2), the explanatory document laid with the draft regulations must also explain the proposals under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(2) and give details of any consultation undertaken under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(7) with respect to those proposals.

(4) Section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(7) does not apply to regulations under section (Powers to make supplemental provision)(3) or (4) which are made only for the purpose of amending earlier such regulations—

(a) so as to extend the earlier regulations, or any provision of the earlier regulations, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or
Scotland Bill, continued

(b) so that the earlier regulations, or any provision of the earlier regulations, ceases to apply to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen
To move the following Clause—

“Local authority’s general power of competence: interpretation

In this Part—

“the general power” means the power conferred by section (Local authority’s general power of competence)(1),

“statutory provision” means a provision of an Act or of an instrument made under an Act.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new Clause is linked to the new Clause on a local authority power of general competence (NC12).

Mr Graham Allen
To move the following Clause—

“Competences of local government in Scotland

(1) The First Minster must, after consultation with representatives from local government in Scotland, publish a list of competences of local government in Scotland.

(2) After the list has been published, the First Minster may not publish any amended list of competences of local government in Scotland without first obtaining consent from

(a) the Scottish Parliament, with two-thirds of its membership voting in favour of the amended list, and

(b) the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This new clause entrenches the independence of local government in Scotland from interference by national government in Scotland.
“Scottish Government review of measures taken to promote gender equality in Scottish Parliament

Scottish Ministers shall, within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, publish and lay before the Scottish Parliament a comprehensive review of the measures which the Scottish Government is taking to further and to promote gender equality in the membership of the Scottish Parliament and on the boards of Scottish public authorities.”

*Member’s explanatory statement*

This New Clause requires Scottish Ministers to publish a review of the measures they are taking to promote gender equality among members of the Scottish Parliament and on boards of Scottish public authorities.

“Commission on social and economic rights

(1) The Secretary of State shall appoint a commission on social and economic rights.

(2) The Secretary of State shall invite the Presiding Officers or Speakers of the House of Commons, House of Lords, National Assembly of Wales, Northern Ireland Assembly and the Scottish Parliament each to nominate no more than three persons to the commission on social and economic rights.

(3) The commission on social and economic rights must report on—

   (a) the practicality of making the Scottish Parliament and Scottish Government subject to the rights contained in the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; and

   (b) the consequences of Scottish devolution for the attainment of economic and social rights throughout the United Kingdom.

(4) The Secretary of State may by regulations determine the role, composition, organisation and powers of the commission on social and economic rights.”

*Member’s explanatory statement*

The purpose of this New Clause is to create a commission to consider whether economic and social rights could be made justiciable in Scotland, and the prospects for achieving fuller attainment of economic and social rights throughout the United Kingdom.
“Office of Wellbeing

(1) Scottish Ministers shall appoint an independent Office of Wellbeing to monitor and report on the wellbeing impacts of fiscal and macro-economic policy in Scotland, with a particular focus on inequalities of wellbeing.

(2) The First Minister must publish at least once a year a wellbeing statement setting out the relevant social, economic and environmental policies of Scottish Ministers and their intended effects on the wellbeing of the people of Scotland.

(3) The Office of Wellbeing may commission independent research.

(4) The Office of Wellbeing must report at least once a year on progress being made against the wellbeing statement made by the First Minister and may report from time to time on any other relevant matter.

(5) The costs of the Office of Wellbeing shall be borne by the Scottish Parliament.”

Member’s explanatory statement
This Clause establishes an independent Office of Wellbeing, akin to the Office for Budget Responsibility, to ensure that expert consideration is given to the interplay between the economic, fiscal and macro-economic policies of the Scottish and United Kingdom Governments and their environmental, economic and social effects.

---

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 63, page 67, line 24, leave out paragraph (a)

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment provides that section 1 will not come into force on the day on which the Act is passed, in order to link the commencement of Part 1 of the Act (Constitutional arrangements) with the work of the Constitutional Convention, outlined in New Clause NC2 which would be required to report by 31 March 2016.

---

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 63, page 67, line 26, at end insert—

“(1A) Part 1 comes into force within one month of the publication of the report of the Constitutional Convention appointed under section (Constitutional Convention).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment provides that Part 1 of the Act (Constitutional arrangements) comes into force after publication of the report of the Constitutional Convention, as outlined in New Clause NC2, which would be required to report by 31 March 2016.

---

Ian Murray
Wayne David

Clause 63, page 67, line 30, leave out subsection (3) and insert—

“(3) Part 2 of the Bill comes into force at the end of 2 months beginning with the publication of the report of the Independent Commission on Full Fiscal Autonomy appointed under section (Independent Commission on Full Fiscal Autonomy).”

Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment provides that Part 2 (Tax) will not come into force at the end of two months beginning with the day on which the Act is passed, in order to link the commencement of the tax
Scotland Bill, continued

provisions of the Act with the work of the Independent Commission on Full Fiscal Autonomy, appointed under New Clause NC1, which would be required to report by 31 March 2016.

Mr Graham Allen

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Subsidiarity

That Subsidiarity as defined by the Maastricht Treaty 1992 Article 5(3) shall apply to the functions of national and local government in Scotland.”

*Member’s explanatory statement*

This extends protection of Scottish Local Government’s independence by protecting its subsidiarity behind a European Treaty applicable to the United Kingdom.

ORDER OF THE HOUSE [8 JUNE 2015]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Scotland Bill:

**Committal**

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Committee of the whole House.

**Proceedings in Committee**

2. Proceedings in Committee of the whole House shall be completed in four days.

3. The proceedings shall be taken on the days shown in the first column of the following Table and in the order so shown.

4. The proceedings shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the times specified in the second column of the Table.

**TABLE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proceedings</th>
<th>Time for conclusion of proceedings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clauses 1 to 11, new Clauses relating to Part 1, new Schedules relating to Part 1</td>
<td>The moment of interruption on the first day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clauses 12 to 17, Schedule 1, Clause 18, new Clauses relating to Part 2, new Schedules relating to Part 2</td>
<td>The moment of interruption on the second day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Scotland Bill, continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proceedings</th>
<th>Time for conclusion of proceedings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clauses 19 to 30, new Clauses relating to Part 3, new Schedules relating to Part 3</td>
<td>The moment of interruption on the third day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clauses 31 to 37, Schedule 2, Clauses 38 to 45, new Clauses relating to Part 4, new Schedules relating to Part 4</td>
<td>Three hours after the commencement of proceedings on the Bill on the fourth day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clauses 46 to 55, new Clauses relating to Part 5, Clauses 56 to 58, new Clauses relating to Part 6, new Schedules relating to Part 6, Clauses 59 to 64, new Clauses relating to Part 7, new Schedules relating to Part 7, remaining proceedings on the Bill</td>
<td>The moment of interruption on the fourth day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consideration and Third Reading

5. Any proceedings on Consideration shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which those proceedings are commenced.

6. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.

Programming committee

7. Standing Order No 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings in Committee of the whole House, to any proceedings on Consideration or to proceedings on Third Reading.

Other proceedings

8. Any other proceedings on the Bill (including any proceedings on consideration of Lords Amendments or on any further messages from the Lords) may be programmed.

NOTICES WITHDRAWN

The following Notices were withdrawn on 18 June:

Amendment 14

The following Notices were withdrawn on 23 June:

Amendments 11, 15, 34, 35, 91 and NC4

The following Notices were withdrawn on 24 June:

NCs 36, 37, 38, 42