



House of Commons

NOTICES OF AMENDMENTS

given up to and including

Tuesday 25 October 2016

New Amendments handed in are marked thus ★

☆ *Amendments which will comply with the required notice period at their next appearance*

PUBLIC BILL COMMITTEE

DIGITAL ECONOMY BILL

NOTE

This document includes all amendments remaining before the Committee and includes any withdrawn amendments at the end. The amendments have been arranged in accordance with the Order of the Committee [11 October 2016, as amended on 18 October 2016 and 20 October 2016].

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

107

- Clause 38, page 36, line 12, leave out from “that” to end of subsection and insert—
- “(a) the authority or civil registration official to whom it is disclosed (the “recipient”) requires the information to enable the recipient to exercise one or more of the recipient’s functions and,
 - (b) the data subjects whose information is being disclosed have given valid consent under data protection legislation.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would remove bulk sharing while allowing certificates to be shared to support electronic government services.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

97

Clause 38, page 36, line 15, at end insert—

“(2A) An authority or civil registration official requiring the information must specify the reasons for requiring the information to be disclosed.

(2AA) Information disclosed under this section shall not be shared with any other public or private body beyond those specified in subsection (1).”

Matt Hancock

119

Clause 38, page 37, line 35, at end insert—

“() The code of practice must be consistent with the code of practice issued under section 52B (data-sharing code) of the Data Protection Act 1998 (as altered or replaced from time to time).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires a code of practice issued under section 19AC of the Registration Service Act 1953 by the Registrar General and relating to the disclosure of information under section 19AA of that Act to be consistent with the data-sharing code of practice issued by the Information Commissioner under the Data Protection Act 1998.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

190

☆ Clause 40, page 39, line 21, leave out “have regard, in particular, to” and insert “must comply with”

Matt Hancock

120

Clause 41, page 40, line 5, at end insert—

“(ba) for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour,”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment and amendment 123 create a further exception to the bar on using information disclosed under Chapter 3 of Part 5 of the Bill for a purpose other than that for which it was disclosed. The amendments allow use for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour.

Matt Hancock

121

Clause 41, page 40, line 6, leave out “(whether or not in the United Kingdom)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that a criminal investigation for the purposes of clause 41(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to a criminal investigation covers an investigation overseas in any event.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

122

Clause 41, page 40, line 8, leave out “and whether or not in the United Kingdom”
Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that legal proceedings for the purposes of clause 41 may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to legal proceedings covers proceedings overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

123

Clause 41, page 40, line 11, at end insert—

“() In subsection (2)(ba) “anti-social behaviour” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (see section 2 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 120.

Matt Hancock

124

Clause 42, page 41, line 4, at end insert—

“(da) for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour,”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment and amendment 127 create a further exception to the bar on the further disclosure of information disclosed under Chapter 3 of Part 5 of the Bill, allowing disclosure for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour.

Matt Hancock

125

Clause 42, page 41, line 5, leave out “(whether or not in the United Kingdom)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that a criminal investigation for the purposes of clause 42(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to a criminal investigation covers an investigation overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

126

Clause 42, page 41, line 8, leave out “and whether or not in the United Kingdom”
Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that legal proceedings for the purposes of clause 42(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to legal proceedings covers proceedings overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

127

Clause 42, page 41, line 12, at end insert—

“() In subsection (2)(da) “anti-social behaviour” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (see section 2 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 124.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

128

Clause 42, page 41, line 13, leave out subsections (3) and (4) insert—

“() A person commits an offence if—

- (a) the person discloses personal information in contravention of subsection (1), and
- (b) at the time that the person makes the disclosure, the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether the disclosure does so.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment applies to the disclosure of personal information in contravention of subsection (1) of clause 42. It has the effect that it is an offence to do so only if the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether it does so.

Matt Hancock

129

Clause 44, page 42, line 7, at end insert—

“() The code of practice must be consistent with the code of practice issued under section 52B (data-sharing code) of the Data Protection Act 1998 (as altered or replaced from time to time).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires a code of practice issued under clause 44 by the relevant Minister and relating to the disclosure of information under clause 40 to be consistent with the data-sharing code of practice issued by the Information Commissioner under the Data Protection Act 1998.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

191

☆ Clause 44, page 42, line 8, leave out “have regard to” and insert “comply with”

Matt Hancock

130

Clause 45, page 43, line 10, at end insert—

“() The relevant Minister may only make regulations under subsection (5)—

- (a) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Scotland, with the consent of the Scottish Ministers;
- (b) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Wales, with the consent of the Welsh Ministers;
- (c) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Northern Ireland, with the consent of the Department of Finance in Northern Ireland.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires the relevant Minister to obtain the consent of the Scottish Ministers, Welsh Ministers or Department of Finance before making regulations which, following a review

Digital Economy Bill, continued

under clause 45, amend or repeal Chapter 3 of Part 5 and make provision relating to Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland respectively.

Matt Hancock

131

Clause 49, page 46, line 43, at end insert—

“(ba) for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour,”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment and amendment 134 create a further exception to the bar on using information disclosed under Chapter 4 of Part 5 of the Bill for a purpose other than that for which it was disclosed. The amendments allows use for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour.

Matt Hancock

132

Clause 49, page 46, line 44, leave out “(whether or not in the United Kingdom)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that a criminal investigation for the purposes of clause 49(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to a criminal investigation covers an investigation overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

133

Clause 49, page 46, line 46, leave out “and whether or not in the United Kingdom”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that legal proceedings for the purposes of clause 49(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to legal proceedings covers proceedings overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

134

Clause 49, page 47, line 6, at end insert—

“() In subsection (2)(ba) “anti-social behaviour” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (see section 2 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 131.

Matt Hancock

135

Clause 50, page 47, line 44, at end insert—

“(da) for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour,”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment and amendment 138 create a further exception to the bar on the further disclosure

Digital Economy Bill, continued

of information disclosed under Chapter 4 of Part 5 of the Bill, allowing disclosure for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour.

Matt Hancock

136

Clause 50, page 48, line 1, leave out “(whether or not in the United Kingdom)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that a criminal investigation for the purposes of clause 50(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to a criminal investigation covers an investigation overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

137

Clause 50, page 48, line 4, leave out “and whether or not in the United Kingdom”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that legal proceedings for the purposes of clause 50(2) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to legal proceedings covers proceedings overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

138

Clause 50, page 48, line 11, at end insert—

“() In subsection (2)(da) “anti-social behaviour” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (see section 2 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 135.

Matt Hancock

139

Clause 50, page 48, line 12, leave out subsections (3) and (4) insert—

“() A person commits an offence if—

- (a) the person discloses personal information in contravention of subsection (1), and
- (b) at the time that the person makes the disclosure, the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether the disclosure does so.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment applies to the disclosure of personal information in contravention of subsection (1) of clause 50. It has the effect that it is an offence to do so only if the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether it does so.

Matt Hancock

140

Clause 52, page 49, line 7, at end insert—

“() The code of practice must be consistent with the code of practice issued under section 52B (data-sharing code) of the Data Protection Act 1998 (as altered or replaced from time to time).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires a code of practice issued under clause 52 by the relevant Minister and

Digital Economy Bill, continued

relating to the disclosure of information under clause 48 to be consistent with the data-sharing code of practice issued by the Information Commissioner under the Data Protection Act 1998.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

☆ Clause 52, page 49, line 8, leave out “have regard to” and insert “comply with” 192

Matt Hancock

Clause 53, page 50, line 10, at end insert— 141
 “() The relevant Minister may only make regulations under subsection (5)—
 (a) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Scotland, with the consent of the Scottish Ministers;
 (b) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Wales, with the consent of the Welsh Ministers;
 (c) in a case where the regulations include provision relating to Northern Ireland, with the consent of the Department of Finance in Northern Ireland.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires the relevant Minister to obtain the consent of the Scottish Ministers, Welsh Ministers or Department of Finance before making regulations which, following a review under clause 53, amend or repeal Chapter 4 of Part 5 and make provision relating to Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland respectively.

Matt Hancock

Clause 56, page 52, line 23, at end insert— 142
 “(3A) For the purposes of the first condition the information may be processed by—
 (a) the public authority,
 (b) a person other than the public authority, or
 (c) both the public authority and a person other than the public authority,
 (subject to the following provisions of this Part).
 (3B) Personal information may be disclosed for the purpose of processing it for disclosure under subsection (1)—
 (a) by a public authority to a person involved in processing the information for that purpose;
 (b) by one such person to another such person.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment and amendments 143, 144, 146 to 149, 151 to 153, 159, 160 and 162 to 166 relate to the processing of information for disclosure under clause 56 so as to remove identifying features. They make it clear that a person other than the public authority which is the source of the information may be involved in processing that information.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

- 143**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 31, after “person”, insert “, other than the public authority,”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

- 144**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 32, leave out “this section” and insert “subsection (1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

- 145**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 35, at end insert—
 “() the public authority, if the public authority is involved in processing the information for disclosure under subsection (1);”
Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment has the effect that a public authority which processes information for disclosure under clause 56 must be accredited for that purpose under clause 61.

Matt Hancock

- 146**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 37, leave out “this section” and insert “subsection (1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

- 147**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 38, leave out “this section” and insert “subsection (1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

- 148**
- Clause 56, page 52, line 41, leave out “this section” and insert “subsection (1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

- 149**
- Clause 56, page 53, line 1, leave out subsection (9)
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.
-

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- Matt Hancock 150
- Clause 57, page 53, line 24, at end insert—
- “() In its application to a public authority with functions relating to the provision of health services or adult social care, section 56 does not authorise the disclosure of information held by the authority in connection with such functions.”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- This amendment and amendments 168 to 170 ensure that Chapter 5 of Part 5 applies to a public authority with functions relating to the provision of health services or adult social care and other functions, but that in such a case the powers to disclose in the Chapter only apply to information held in connection with the other functions.*
- Matt Hancock 151
- Clause 57, page 53, line 28, leave out “56” and insert “56(1)”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.*
-
- Matt Hancock 152
- Clause 58, page 53, line 38, leave out “56(9)” and insert “56(3B)”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.*
- Matt Hancock 153
- Clause 58, page 54, line 2, at end insert “(including section 56(3B))”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.*
- Matt Hancock 154
- Clause 58, page 54, line 6, at end insert—
- “(da) which is made for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour,”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- This amendment and amendment 157 create a further exception to the bar on the further disclosure of information which is disclosed under clause 56 (so that it can be processed for disclosure under that section), allowing disclosure for the prevention or detection of crime or the prevention of anti-social behaviour.*
- Matt Hancock 155
- Clause 58, page 54, line 7, leave out “(whether or not in the United Kingdom)”
- Member’s explanatory statement**
- This amendment removes the provision stating that a criminal investigation for the purposes of clause 58(3) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to a criminal investigation covers an investigation overseas in any event.*

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

156

Clause 58, page 54, line 10, leave out “and whether or not in the United Kingdom”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment removes the provision stating that legal proceedings for the purposes of clause 58(3) may be within or outside the United Kingdom. This is for consistency and on the basis that a reference to legal proceedings covers proceedings overseas in any event.

Matt Hancock

157

Clause 58, page 54, line 11, at end insert—

“() In subsection (3)(da) “anti-social behaviour” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (see section 2 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 154.

Matt Hancock

158

Clause 58, page 54, line 21, leave out subsections (5) and (6) insert—

“() A person commits an offence if—

- (a) the person discloses personal information in contravention of subsection (2), and
- (b) at the time that the person makes the disclosure, the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether the disclosure does so.

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment applies to the disclosure of personal information in contravention of subsection (2) of clause 58. It has the effect that it is an offence to do so only if the person knows that the disclosure contravenes that subsection or is reckless as to whether it does so.

Matt Hancock

159

Clause 58, page 54, line 39, leave out “56(9)” and insert “56(3B)”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Matt Hancock

160

Clause 59, page 54, line 43, leave out “56(9)” and insert “56(3B)”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- Matt Hancock 161
- Clause 60, page 55, line 19, at end insert—
 “() The code of practice must be consistent with the code of practice issued under section 52B (data-sharing code) of the Data Protection Act 1998 (as altered or replaced from time to time).”
Member’s explanatory statement
This amendment requires a code of practice issued under clause 60 by the relevant Minister and relating to the disclosure of information under clause 56 to be consistent with the data-sharing code of practice issued by the Information Commissioner under the Data Protection Act 1998.
- Louise Haigh
 Kevin Brennan 193
- ☆ Clause 60, page 55, line 20, leave out “have regard to” and insert “comply with”
- Matt Hancock 162
- Clause 60, page 55, line 24, leave out “56” and insert “56(1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.
-
- Matt Hancock 163
- Clause 61, page 56, line 7, leave out “56” and insert “subsection (1) of section 56”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.
- Matt Hancock 164
- Clause 61, page 56, line 9, leave out “section” and insert “subsection”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.
- Matt Hancock 165
- Clause 61, page 56, line 11, leave out “section” and insert “subsection”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.
- Matt Hancock 166
- Clause 61, page 56, line 23, leave out “56” and insert “56(1)”
Member’s explanatory statement
See the explanatory statement for amendment 142.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

Matt Hancock

167

Clause 61, page 56, line 38, at end insert—

“(6A) The Statistics Board—

- (a) may from time to time revise conditions or grounds published under this section, and
- (b) if it does so, must publish the conditions or grounds as revised.

(6B) Subsection (6) applies in relation to the publication of conditions or grounds under subsection (6A) as it applies in relation to the publication of conditions or grounds under subsection (2).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment enables the Statistics Board to revise the conditions and grounds it establishes for the accreditation and withdrawal of accreditation of people and research for the purposes of information sharing under Chapter 5 of Part 5 of the Bill.

Matt Hancock

168

Clause 63, page 57, line 18, leave out subsection (2) and insert—

“(2) A person is not a public authority for the purposes of this Chapter if the person—

- (a) only has functions relating to the provision of health services,
- (b) only has functions relating to the provision of adult social care, or
- (c) only has functions within paragraph (a) and paragraph (b).

(2A) The following are to be disregarded in determining whether subsection (2) applies to a person—

- (a) any power (however expressed) to do things which are incidental to the carrying out of another function of that person;
- (b) any function which the person exercises or may exercise on behalf of another person.”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 150.

Matt Hancock

169

Clause 63, page 57, line 21, leave out “subsection (2)(a)” and insert “this Chapter”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 150.

Matt Hancock

170

Clause 63, page 57, line 30, leave out “subsection (2)(b)” and insert “this Chapter”

Member’s explanatory statement

See the explanatory statement for amendment 150.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

171

Clause 67, page 60, line 37, at end insert—

“() a subsidiary undertaking of the Bank of England within the meaning of the Companies Acts (see sections 1161 and 1162 of the Companies Act 2006),”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment means that the provisions in new section 45B of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 about access to information by the Statistics Board will apply to subsidiaries of the Bank of England as well as to the Bank itself.

Matt Hancock

172

Clause 67, page 61, leave out lines 39 to 43 and insert “the public authority—

() is a part of the Scottish Administration, or

() is a Scottish public authority with mixed functions or no reserved functions (within the meaning of the Scotland Act 1998).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment modifies the requirement for a request for information under new section 45B of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and any response to be laid before the Scottish Parliament so that it applies to a request to public authority which is a part of the Scottish Administration or a Scottish public authority with mixed or no reserved functions.

Matt Hancock

173

Clause 67, page 61, line 45, leave out from beginning to end of line 3 on page 62 and insert “the public authority is a Wales public authority as defined by section 157A of the Government of Wales Act 2006.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment modifies the requirement for a request for information under new section 45B of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and any response to be laid before the National Assembly for Wales so that it applies to a request to a Wales public authority.

Matt Hancock

174

Clause 67, page 62, line 13, at end insert—

“() Until the coming into force of section 12 of the Bank of England and Financial Services Act 2016 subsection (1)(b) has effect as if the words in brackets were omitted.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment makes provision about the reference in new section 45B(1)(b) to the Bank of England in the exercise of its functions as the Prudential Regulation Authority in the period before the coming into force of section 12 of the Bank of England and Financial Services Act 2016. Until that section comes into force the Authority will remain a subsidiary of the Bank and so will be covered by the reference in amendment 171.

Matt Hancock

175

Clause 67, page 62, line 41, leave out from “authority” to end of line 3 on page 63 and insert “which is a Scottish public authority with mixed functions or no reserved functions (within the meaning of the Scotland Act 1998).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment modifies the requirement to obtain the consent of the Scottish Ministers before

Digital Economy Bill, continued

giving a notice under new section 45C of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 so that it applies to a notice given to a Scottish public authority with mixed or no reserved functions.

Matt Hancock

176

Clause 67, page 63, line 5, leave out from “authority” to end of line 10 and insert “which is a Wales public authority as defined by section 157A of the Government of Wales Act 2006.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment modifies the requirement to obtain the consent of the Welsh Ministers before giving a notice under new section 45C of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 so that it applies to a notice given to a Wales public authority.

Matt Hancock

188

Clause 67, page 65, line 3, at end insert—

“() The statement must be consistent with the code of practice issued under section 52B (data-sharing code) of the Data Protection Act 1998 (as altered or replaced from time to time).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment requires a statement issued under section 45E of the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 by the Statistics Board and relating to the exercise of its functions under sections 45B, 45C and 45D of that Act to be consistent with the data-sharing code of practice issued by the Information Commissioner under the Data Protection Act 1998.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

194

☆ Clause 67, page 66, line 15, leave out “have regard to” and insert “comply with”

Matt Hancock

177

Clause 72, page 70, line 15, after “135”, insert “of the Communications Act 2003”.

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment makes it clear that the Act amended by clause 72 is the Communications Act 2003.

Matt Hancock

178

Clause 76, page 74, line 24, at end insert—

“() In subsection (4)(a) after “concession” insert “provided for by the regulations”.”

Member’s explanatory statement

Section 365A(4) inserted by clause 76(6) gives the BBC power, where they determine that a TV licence fee concession is to apply, to provide how entitlement to the concession may be established. This amendment makes a consequential amendment to the Secretary of State’s power to make similar provision.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Matt Hancock

179

Clause 76, page 74, line 26, after “section” insert “or section 365A”

Member’s explanatory statement

This extends the definition of “concession” given in section 365(5) of the Communications Act 2003 to section 365A inserted by clause 76(6).

Matt Hancock

180

Clause 76, page 74, leave out lines 28 and 29 and insert—

“(5A) Regulations under this section may not provide for a concession that requires the person to whom the TV licence is issued, or another person, to be of or above a specified age, unless—

- (a) the age specified is below 65, and
- (b) the requirement is not satisfied if the person concerned is 65 or over at the end of the month in which the licence is issued.

(5B) Subsection (5A) does not apply to—

- (a) the concession provided for by regulation 3(d) of and Schedule 4 to the Communications (Television Licensing) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/692) (accommodation for residential care), or
- (b) a concession in substantially the same form.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment allows the Secretary of State to continue the existing concession in relation to accommodation for residential care, including its age-related element, after May 2020, but after that date any other age-related concession would be a decision for the BBC (see amendment 181).

Matt Hancock

181

Clause 76, page 74, line 33, leave out from “apply” to end of line 39 and insert—

“(1A) Any concession under this section must include a requirement that the person to whom the TV licence is issued, or another person, is of or above a specified age, which must be 65 or higher, at or before the end of the month in which the licence is issued.

(1B) A determination under this section—

- (a) may in particular provide for a concession to apply, subject to subsection (1A), in circumstances where a concession has ceased to have effect by virtue of section 365(5A), but
- (b) may not provide for a concession to apply in the same circumstances as a concession within section 365(5B).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amends the power of the BBC from June 2020 to determine age-related concessions for people over 65, to make clear that it extends to any such concessions previously provided for by the Secretary of State, with the exception of the current residential care concession (see amendment 180).

 Louise Haigh
 Kevin Brennan

195

☆ Clause 77, page 75, line 22, leave out “direct marketing” and insert “any form of marketing, including direct marketing, or customer engagement”

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

196

- ☆ Clause 77, page 75, line 27, leave out “direct marketing” and insert “marketing and customer engagement”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

197

- ☆ Clause 77, page 75, line 40, leave out subsection (4) and insert—
- “(4) In this section—
- “customer engagement” means the interactions initiated between a business and an individual or group of individuals for marketing and other business purposes;
- “direct marketing” means the processing and use of personal information for marketing purposes;
- “marketing” means the business processes through which goods and services are moved from being concepts to things that customers and potential customers want.”
-

Nigel Adams

64

- Clause 82, page 80, line 2, at end insert—
- “(a) section 28;”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment, together with Amendment 63, are probing amendments to identify a timeframe for the repeal of section 73 of the Copyright, Design and Patents Act 1988 as it is not clear when the repeal will come into force. The amendments would mean that repeal of section 73 of the CPDA would come into force as soon as the Bill receives Royal Assent.

Matt Hancock

182

- Clause 82, page 80, line 3, at end insert—
- “() section (*Power to apply settlement finality regime to payment institutions*);”

Member’s explanatory statement

This provides for new clause NC29 to come into force on royal assent. By convention regulations made under the section inserted by that clause would not be made so as to come into force earlier than two months after royal assent.

Matt Hancock

183

- Clause 82, page 80, line 14, leave out “section” and insert “sections (*Suspension of radio licences for inciting crime or disorder*) and”

Member’s explanatory statement

This provides for new clause NC28 to come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.

Digital Economy Bill, continuedKevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

94

Clause 82, page 80, line 14, at end insert—
“(h) section 28.”**Member’s explanatory statement***This amendment would mean that repeal of section 73 of the Copyright Designs and Patents Act of 1988 would come into force two months after the Royal Assent of the Bill.*

Matt Hancock

184

Clause 82, page 80, line 14, at end insert—

“() section (*Bank of England oversight of payment systems*) and Schedule (*Bank of England oversight of payment systems*).”**Member’s explanatory statement***The amendment provides for the new clause and Schedule about the Bank of England’s oversight of payment systems (NC30 and NS2) to come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.*

Claire Perry

81

Clause 82, page 80, line 18, at end insert—

“(4A) Part 3 will come into force at the end of the period of one year beginning on the day on which the Act is passed.”

Member’s explanatory statement*This amendment ensures that Part 3 will be implemented by ensuring the Part comes into effect a year to the day the Act is passed, rather than on the day the Secretary of State determines through regulations.*Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

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☆ Clause 82, page 80, line 18, at end insert “and only after the codes of practice required under sections 35, 44, 52 and 60 have been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.”

Matt Hancock

185

Clause 83, page 80, line 31, at end insert—

“() Section (*Qualifications in information technology: payment of tuition fees*) extends to England and Wales only.”**Member’s explanatory statement***This amendment is consequential on NC26.*

Digital Economy Bill, continued*NEW CLAUSES*

Matt Hancock

NC26

To move the following Clause—

“Qualifications in information technology: payment of tuition fees

- (1) The Apprenticeships, Skills, Children and Learning Act 2009 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 88(1) (qualifications for persons aged 19 or over: payment of tuition fees), for “1(a) or (b)” substitute “1(a), (b) or (ba)”.
- (3) In paragraph 1 of Schedule 5 (qualifications for persons aged 19 or over), after paragraph (b) insert—
 - “(ba) a specified qualification in making use of information technology;”.
- (4) After paragraph 5 of that Schedule insert—

“Power to specify qualification in information technology

- 5A The level of attainment demonstrated by a specified qualification in making use of information technology must be the level which, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, is the minimum required in that respect by persons aged 19 or over in order to be able to operate effectively in day-to-day life.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This clause creates an obligation on the Secretary of State to ensure that courses of study for qualifications in information technology are free of charge for persons in England aged 19 or over. The qualifications will be specified in regulations under Schedule 5 to the Apprenticeships, Skills, Children and Learning Act 2009.

Matt Hancock

NC27

To move the following Clause—

“Digital additional services: seriously harmful extrinsic material

After section 24 of the Broadcasting Act 1996 (digital additional services) insert—

“24A Duty to prevent access to seriously harmful extrinsic material

- (1) In carrying out their functions, OFCOM must do all that they consider appropriate to prevent digital additional services from enabling members of the public to access seriously harmful extrinsic material.
- (2) “Seriously harmful extrinsic material”, in relation to a digital additional service, means material that—
 - (a) is not included in the service, and
 - (b) appears to OFCOM—
 - (i) to have the potential to cause serious harm, or

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (ii) to be likely to encourage or incite the commission of crime or lead to disorder.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require OFCOM to seek to prevent digital television additional services enabling access to seriously harmful content that does not form part of the service, for instance by linking to content streamed from the internet. OFCOM could do this by imposing licence conditions in relation to such services.

Matt Hancock

NC28

To move the following Clause—

“Suspension of radio licences for inciting crime or disorder

- (1) In Chapter 2 of Part 3 of the Broadcasting Act 1990 (sound broadcasting services), for section 111B (power to suspend licence to provide satellite service) substitute—

“111B Suspension of licences for inciting crime or disorder

- (1) OFCOM must serve a notice under subsection (2) on the holder of a licence granted under this Chapter if they are satisfied that—
- (a) the licence holder has included in the licensed service one or more programmes containing material likely to encourage or incite the commission of crime or to lead to disorder,
 - (b) in doing so the licence holder has failed to comply with a condition included in the licence in compliance with section 263 of the Communications Act 2003, and
 - (c) the failure would justify the revocation of the licence.
- (2) A notice under this subsection must—
- (a) state that OFCOM are satisfied as mentioned in subsection (1),
 - (b) specify the respects in which, in their opinion, the licence holder has failed to comply with the condition mentioned there,
 - (c) state that OFCOM may revoke the licence after the end of the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the notice is served on the licence holder, and
 - (d) inform the licence holder of the right to make representations to OFCOM in that period about the matters that appear to OFCOM to provide grounds for revoking the licence.
- (3) The effect of a notice under subsection (2) is to suspend the licence from the time when the notice is served on the licence holder until either—
- (a) the revocation of the licence takes effect, or
 - (b) OFCOM decide not to revoke the licence.
- (4) If, after considering any representations made to them by the licence holder in the 21 day period mentioned in subsection (2)(c), OFCOM are satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest to revoke the licence, they must serve on the licence holder a notice revoking the licence.
- (5) The revocation of a licence by a notice under subsection (4) takes effect from whatever time is specified in the notice.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (6) That time must not be earlier than the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the notice under subsection (4) is served on the licence holder.
- (7) Section 111 does not apply to the revocation of a licence under this section.”
- (2) In section 62(10) of the Broadcasting Act 1996 (application of sections 109 and 111 of the 1990 Act to digital sound programme services) for the words from “section 109” to “1990 Act” substitute “sections 109, 111 and 111B of the 1990 Act (enforcement)”.
- (3) In section 250(3) of the Communications Act 2003 (application of sections 109 to 111A of the 1990 Act to radio licensable content services) for “111A” substitute “111B”.

Member’s explanatory statement

This new Clause gives OFCOM power to suspend immediately, and subsequently revoke, the licence of any licensed radio service if material is included that is likely to encourage or incite crime or lead to disorder. It replaces a power applying only to satellite and cable services.

Matt Hancock

NC29

To move the following Clause—

“Power to apply settlement finality regime to payment institutions

In Part 24 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (insolvency) after section 379 insert—

*“Settlement finality***“379A Power to apply settlement finality regime to payment institutions**

- (1) The Treasury may by regulations made by statutory instrument provide for the application to payment institutions, as participants in payment or securities settlement systems, of provision in subordinate legislation—
 - (a) modifying the law of insolvency or related law in relation to such systems, or
 - (b) relating to the securing of rights and obligations.
- (2) “Payment institution” means—
 - (a) an authorised payment institution or small payment institution within the meaning of the Payment Services Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/209), or
 - (b) a person whose head office, registered office or place of residence, as the case may be, is outside the United Kingdom and whose functions correspond to those of an institution within paragraph (a).
- (3) “Payment or securities settlement system” means arrangements between a number of participants for or in connection with the clearing or execution of instructions by participants relating to any of the following—
 - (a) the placing of money at the disposal of a recipient;

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (b) the assumption or discharge of a payment obligation;
 - (c) the transfer of the title to, or an interest in, securities.
- (4) “Subordinate legislation” has the same meaning as in the Interpretation Act 1978.
- (5) Regulations under this section may—
- (a) make consequential, supplemental or transitional provision;
 - (b) amend subordinate legislation.
- (6) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

Member’s explanatory statement

The inserted section enables the Treasury to apply a settlement finality regime to payment institutions. The current settlement finality regime for payment systems and securities settlement systems is in the Financial Markets and Insolvency (Settlement Finality) Regulations 1999 (S.I 1999/2979).

Matt Hancock

NC30

To move the following Clause—

“Bank of England oversight of payment systems

Schedule (*Bank of England oversight of payment systems*) extends Part 5 of the Banking Act 2009 (Bank of England oversight of inter-bank payment systems) to other payment systems; and makes consequential provision.”

Member’s explanatory statement

The new clause introduces new Schedule NS2 which extends the Bank of England’s oversight of payment systems, by removing the current restriction that limits the Bank’s oversight to systems for payments between financial institutions.

Calum Kerr
Drew Hendry

NC1

To move the following Clause—

“Strategic review of sharing telecommunications infrastructure

- (1) Within six months of this Act coming into force, the Secretary of State shall commission a strategic review of the sharing of telecommunications infrastructure and shall lay the report of the review before each House of Parliament.
 - (2) The review under subsection (1) shall consider measures to maximise the sharing of telecommunications infrastructure by telecommunications service providers.”
- _____

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

Calum Kerr
Drew Hendry

NC2

To move the following Clause—

“Ability of end-user to cancel telephone contract in event of lack of signal at residence

A telecommunications service provider must allow an end-user to cancel a contract relating to a hand-held mobile telephone if, at any point during the contract term, the mobile telephone is consistently unable to obtain a signal when located at the end-user’s main residence.”

Nigel Adams
Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC3

To move the following Clause—

“Power to provide for a code of practice related to copyright infringement

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for a search engine to be required to adopt a code of practice concerning copyright infringement that complies with criteria specified in the regulations.
- (2) The regulations may provide that if a search engine fails to adopt such a code of practice, any code of practice that is approved for the purposes of that search engine by the Secretary of State, or by a person designated by the Secretary of State, has effect as a code of practice adopted by the search engine.
- (3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—
 - (a) for the investigation and determination of disputes about a search engine’s compliance with its code of practice,
 - (b) for the appointment of a regulator to review and report to the Secretary of State on—
 - (i) the codes of practice adopted by search engines, and
 - (ii) compliance with the codes of practice;
 - (c) for the consequences of a failure by a specified search engine to adopt or comply with a code of practice including financial penalties or other sanctions.
- (4) Regulations made under this section—
 - (a) may make provision that applies only in respect of search engines of a particular description, or only in respect of activities of a particular description;
 - (b) may make incidental, supplementary or consequential provision;
 - (c) shall be made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This would amend the Bill to present an opportunity for the Government to fulfil its manifesto

Digital Economy Bill, continued

commitment to reduce copyright infringement and ensure search engines do not link to the worst-offending sites. There is an absence of a specific provision in the Bill to achieve this.

Thangam Debbonaire

NC5

To move the following Clause—

“Internet pornography: requirement to prevent publication of material involving persons subject to force etc

- (1) It is an offence for a person to make available on the internet pornographic material on a commercial basis to persons in the United Kingdom if they know or ought to know that the production of the pornographic material involved exploited persons.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, exploited persons are persons who have been induced or encouraged to appear in the pornographic material as a result of exploitative conduct.
- (3) Exploitative conduct means, but is not limited to—
 - (a) the use of force, threats (whether or not relating to violence) or any other form of coercion, or
 - (b) any form of deception.
- (4) It is irrelevant where in the world the exploitative conduct takes place.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, making pornographic material available on the internet on a commercial basis has the same meaning as section 15(2).
- (6) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) shall be liable, on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale or both.”

Member’s explanatory statement

The purpose of this new clause is to make it an offence to make available pornographic material on a commercial basis where it could reasonably be known that persons have been induced to appear in the material by coercion, threats, force, deception, or by any other exploitative conduct.

Claire Perry

NC6

To move the following Clause—

“Requirement to cease services to non-complying persons

- (1) Where the age-verification regulator has given notice to a payment-services provider or ancillary service provider under section 22(1), the payment-services provider or ancillary service provider must cease the service provided to the person making pornographic material available in the United Kingdom.
- (2) A payment-services provider or ancillary service provider who fails to comply with a requirement imposed by subsection (1) commits an offence, subject to subsection (3).
- (3) No offence is committed under subsection (2) if the payment-services provider or ancillary service provider took all reasonable steps and exercised all due diligence to ensure that the requirement would be complied with.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (4) A payment-services provider or ancillary service provider guilty of an offence under subsection (2) is liable, on summary conviction, to a fine.
- (5) In this section “payment-services provider” and “ancillary service provider” have the same meaning as in section 22.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause requires payment and ancillary services to block payments or cease services made to pornography websites that do not offer age-verification if they have received a notice of non-compliance under section 22(1). This provision would only apply to websites outside of the UK. This would enhance the enforcement mechanisms that are available under the Bill.

Claire Perry

NC7

To move the following Clause—

“On-demand programme services: requirement to prevent persons under the age of 18 accessing pornographic material with an 18 classification certificate

Section 368E of the Communication Act 2003 (harmful material) is amended as follows—

- (a) in subsection (5)—
- (i) after subsection (a) insert—
- “(aa) a video work in respect of which the video works authority has issued an 18 classification certificate, and that it is reasonable to assume from its nature was produced solely or principally for the purposes of sexual arousal,”;
- (ii) after subsection (b) insert—
- “(ba) material that was included in a video work to which paragraph (aa) applies, if it is reasonable to assume from the nature of the material—
- (i) that it was produced solely or principally for the purposes of sexual arousal, and
- (ii) that its inclusion was among the reasons why the certificate was an 18 certificate,
- “(bb) any other material if it is reasonable to assume from its nature—
- (i) that it was produced solely or principally for the purposes of sexual arousal, and
- (ii) that any classification certificate issued for a video work including it would be an 18 certificate.”
- (b) in subsection (7) after “section” insert—
- ““18 certificate” means a classification certificate which—
- (a) contains, pursuant to section 7(2)(b) of the Video Recordings Act 1984, a statement that the video work is suitable for viewing only by persons who have attained the age of 18 and that no video recording containing

Digital Economy Bill, continued

that work is to be supplied to any person who has not attained that age, and

- (b) does not contain the statement mentioned in section 7(2)(c) of that Act that no video recording containing the video work is to be supplied other than in a licensed sex shop;””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause requires the extension of measures for UK based video on demand programming to protect children from 18 material as well as R18 material.

Claire Perry

NC8

To move the following Clause—

“Duty to provide a service that excludes adult-only content

- (1) This section applies to internet service providers who supply an internet access service to subscribers.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), “subscribers” includes—
 - (a) domestic subscribers;
 - (b) schools; and
 - (c) organisations that allow a person to use an internet access service in a public place.

For the purposes of the conditions in subsections (3) and (4), if the subscriber is a school or organisation a responsible person within the school or organisation shall be regarded as the subscriber.
- (3) A provider to whom subsection (1) applies must provide to subscribers an internet access service which excludes adult-only content unless all of the conditions listed in subsection (4) have been fulfilled.
- (4) The conditions are—
 - (a) the subscriber “opts in” to subscribe to a service that includes online adult-only content;
 - (b) the subscriber is aged 18 or over; and
 - (c) the provider of the service has an age verification scheme which meets the standards set out by OFCOM in subsection (4) and which has been used to confirm that the subscriber is aged 18 or over before a user is able to access adult-only content.
- (5) It shall be the duty of OFCOM, to set, and from time to time to review and revise, standards for the—
 - (a) filtering of adult content in line with the standards set out in Section 319 of the Communications Act 2003;
 - (b) age verification policies to be used under subsection (4) before an user is able to access adult content; and
 - (c) filtering of content by age or subject category by providers of internet access services.
- (6) The standards set out by OFCOM under subsection (5) must be contained in one of more codes.
- (7) Before setting standards under subsection (5), OFCOM must publish, in such a manner as they think fit, a draft of the proposed code containing those standards.
- (8) After publishing the draft code and before setting the standards, OFCOM must consult relevant persons and organisations.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (9) It shall be the duty of OFCOM to establish procedures for the handling and resolution of complaints in a timely manner about the observance of standards set under subsection (5), including complaints about incorrect filtering of content.
- (10) OFCOM may designate any body corporate to carry out its duties under this section in whole or in part.
- (11) OFCOM may not designate a body under subsection (10) unless, as respects that designation, they are satisfied that the body—
- (a) is a fit and proper body to be designated;
 - (b) has consented to being designated;
 - (c) has access to financial resources that are adequate to ensure the effective performance of its functions under this section; and
 - (d) is sufficiently independent of providers of internet access services.
- (12) It shall be a defence to any claims, whether civil or criminal, for a provider to whom subsection (1) applies to prove that at the relevant time they were—
- (a) following the standards and code set out in subsection (5); and
 - (b) acting in good faith.
- (13) Nothing in this section prevents any providers to whom subsection (1) applies from providing additional levels of filtering of content.
- (14) In this section—
- “adult-only content” means material that contains offensive and harmful material from which persons under the age of 18 are protected;
 - “age verification scheme” is a scheme to establish the age of the subscriber;
 - “internet access service” and “internet service provider” have the same meaning as in section 124N of the Communications Act 2003 (interpretation);
 - “material from which persons under the age of 18 are protected” means material specified in the OFCOM standards under section 2;
 - “OFCOM” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Communications Act 2003;
 - “offensive and harmful material” has the same meaning as in section 3 of the Communications Act 2003 (general duties of OFCOM); and
 - “subscriber” means a person who receives the service under an agreement between the person and the provider of the service.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause places a statutory requirement on internet service providers to limit access to adult content by persons under 18. It would give Ofcom a role in determining the age verification scheme and how material should be filtered. It would ensure that ISPs were able to continue providing family friendly filtering once the net neutrality rules come into force in December 2016.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC9

To move the following Clause—

“Review of broadband delivery UK

- (1) The Secretary of State shall commission an independent evaluation of the delivery of superfast broadband by Broadband Delivery UK.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (2) The evaluation under subsection (1) shall consider—
 - (a) The financial impact on customers of a single provider delivering superfast broadband;
 - (b) Value-for-money for the taxpayer, and
 - (c) Competition in the delivery of superfast broadband.
- (3) The Secretary of State shall lay the report of the review before each House of Parliament by 1 July 2018.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC10

To move the following Clause—

“Procurement process

- (1) The Secretary of State must ensure an open procurement process is held in respect of the allocation of the universal service order.
- (2) (2)The Secretary of State must appoint a body to undertake an alternative dispute resolution role to arbitrate in instances of disagreement over designation.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC11

To move the following Clause—

“Power to make regulations about blocking injunctions preventing access to locations on the internet

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about the granting by a court of a blocking injunction in respect of a location on the internet which the court is satisfied has been, is being or is likely to be used for or in connection with an activity that is contravening, or has contravened, section 15(1) of this Act.
- (2) “Blocking injunction” means an injunction that requires an internet service provider to prevent its service being used to gain access to a location on the internet.
- (3) Regulations introduced under subsection (1) above may, in particular—
 - (a) make provision about the type of locations against which a blocking injunction should be granted;
 - (b) make provision about the circumstances in which an application can be made for a blocking injunction;
 - (c) outline the type of circumstances in which the court will grant a blocking injunction;
 - (d) specify the type of evidence, and other factors, which the court must take into account in determining whether or not to grant a blocking injunction;
 - (e) (e)make provision about the notice, and type of notice, including the form and means, by which a person must receive notice of an application for a blocking injunction made against them; and

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (f) make provision about any other such matters as the Secretary of State considers are necessary in relation to the granting of a blocking injunction by the court.
- (4) Regulations under this subsection must be made by statutory instrument.
- (5) (5)A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (6) In this Part—
 “Internet service provider” has the same meaning as in section 16 of the Digital Economy Act 2010.
 In the application of this Part to Scotland
 “injunction” means interdict.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new Clause empowers the Secretary of State to introduce regulations in relation to the granting of a backstop blocking injunction by a court. The injunction would require an internet service provider to prevent access to a site or sites which do not comply with the age-verification requirements. This would only be used where the other enforcement powers (principally fines) had not been effective in ensuring that sites put in place effective age-verification.

Louise Haigh
 Kevin Brennan

NC12

To move the following Clause—

“Code of practice by age verification regulator

- (1) The age verification regulator must issue a code of practice giving practical guidance as to the requirements of any provision under this Part of the Act.
- (2) The following persons must, in exercising their functions under this Part and in the design and delivery of their products and services, adhere to the code of practice, and ensure that the safety and wellbeing of children is paramount—
 - (a) relevant persons;
 - (b) internet service providers;
 - (c) ancillary service providers;
 - (d) payment-service providers; and
 - (e) any such other persons to whom the code of practice applies.
- (3) Any code of practice issued by the age verification regulator under subsection (1) above must include standards in relation to the following—
 - (a) how content is managed on a service, including the control of access to online content that is inappropriate for children, and the support provided by the service for child safety protection tools and solutions;
 - (b) the assistance available for parents to limit their child’s exposure to potentially inappropriate content and contact;
 - (c) how the persons specified in subsection (2) above shall deal with abuse and misuse, including the provision of clear and simple processes for the reporting and moderation of content or conduct which may be illegal, harmful, offensive or inappropriate, and for the review of such reports;
 - (d) the action which must be taken in response to child sexual abuse content or illegal contact, including but not limited to, the co-operation with the appropriate law enforcement authorities;

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- (e) the action to be taken by the persons specified in subsection (2) above to comply with existing data protection and advertising rules and privacy rights that address the specific needs and requirements of children; and
 - (f) the provision of appropriate information, and the undertaking of relevant activities, to raise awareness of the safer use of connected devices and online services in order to safeguard children, and to promote their health and wellbeing.
- (4) The age verification regulator may from time to time revise and re-issue the code of practice.
- (5) Before issuing or reissuing the code of practice the age verification regulator must consult—
- (a) the Relevant Minister;
 - (b) the Information Commissioner;
 - (c) the Scottish Ministers;
 - (d) the Welsh Ministers;
 - (e) the Northern Ireland Executive Committee;
 - (f) the persons specified in subsection (2) above;
 - (g) children;
 - (h) organisations and agencies working for and on behalf of children; and
 - (i) such other persons as the age verification regulator considers appropriate.
- (6) As soon as is reasonably practicable after issuing or reissuing the code of practice the age verification regulator must lay a copy of it before—
- (a) Parliament,
 - (b) the Scottish Parliament,
 - (c) the National Assembly for Wales, and
 - (d) the Northern Ireland Assembly.
- (7) The age verification regulator must—
- (a) publish any code of practice issued under subsection (1) above; and
 - (b) when it revises such a code, publish—
 - (i) a notice to that effect, and
 - (ii) a copy of the revised code; and
 - (c) when it withdraws such a code, publish a notice to that effect.
- (8) The Secretary of State may by regulations make consequential provision in connection with the effective enforcement of the minimum standards in subsection (3).
- (9) Regulations under subsection (8)—
- (a) must be made by statutory instrument;
 - (b) may amend, repeal, revoke or otherwise modify the application of this Act;
 - (c) may make different provision for different purposes;
 - (d) may include incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.
- (10) A statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (8) (whether alone or with other provisions) which amend, repeal or modify the application of primary legislation may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.
- (11) In this Part—
- “ancillary service provider” has the meaning given by section 22(6);
 - “child” means an individual who is less than 18 years old.
 - “Information Commissioner” has the meaning given by section 18 of the

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Freedom of Information Act 2000

“Internet service provider” has the same meaning as in section 16 of the Digital Economy Act 2010.

“Northern Ireland Executive Committee” has the meaning given by section 20 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998

“payment-service providers” has the meaning given by section 22(5)

“relevant Minister” has the meaning given by section 47(1)

“relevant persons” has the meaning given by section 19(3)

“Scottish Ministers” has the meaning given by section 44(2) of the Scotland Act 1998

“Welsh Ministers” has the meaning given by section 45 of the Government of Wales Act 2006.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new Clause gives the power to the age verification regulator to introduce a code of practice for internet content providers. The code of practice would be based on existing industry and regulatory minimum standards (such as the BBFC classification system) and require providers to ensure that the safety and wellbeing of children is paramount in the design and delivery of their products and services.

Nigel Adams
Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC13

To move the following Clause—

“Offence to use digital ticket purchasing software to purchase excessive number of tickets

- (1) A person commits an offence if he or she utilizes digital ticket purchasing software to purchase tickets over and above the number permitted in the condition of sale.
- (2) A person commits an offence if he or she knowingly resells or offers to resell a ticket that the person knows, or could reasonably suspect, was obtained using digital ticket purchasing software and was acting in the course of a business.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) a person shall be treated as acting in the course of a business if he or she does anything as a result of which he makes a profit or aims to make a profit.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable on summary conviction to—
 - (a) imprisonment for a period not exceeding 51 weeks,
 - (b) a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale, or
 - (c) both.
- (5) In this section—
 - (a) “digital ticket purchasing software” means any machine, device, computer programme or computer software that, on its own or with human assistance, bypasses security measures or access control systems on a retail ticket purchasing platform that assist in implementing a limit on the number of tickets that can be purchased, to purchase tickets.
 - (b) “retail ticket purchasing platform” shall mean a retail ticket purchasing website, application, phone system, or other technology platform used to sell tickets.”

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (6) Subsections (1) and (2) shall apply in respect of anything done whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause creates an offence to use digital ticket purchasing software to purchase tickets for an event over and above the number permitted in the condition of sale. It also creates an offence to knowingly resell tickets using such software.

Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC14

To move the following Clause—

“Digital broadcasting and protection of listed sporting events

Within 12 months of this Act coming into force, the Secretary of State shall commission an evaluation of the impact of developments in digital broadcasting on the protection of listed sporting events for public service broadcasters, and shall lay the report of the evaluation before each House of Parliament.”

Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC15

To move the following Clause—

“Storage of uploaded works

- (1) The Electronic Commerce (EC Directive) Regulations 2002 is amended as follows.
- (2) After Regulation 19 (a)(ii) insert—
 - “(iii) does not play an active role in the storage of information including by optimising the presentation of the uploaded works or promoting them.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause clarifies circumstances when a digital service is deemed an active provider of copyright protected content.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC16

To move the following Clause—

“E-book lending

In section 43(2) of the Digital Economy Act 2010, leave out from “limited time” to “and loan.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause aims to extend public lending rights to remote offsite e-book lending.

Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC17

To move the following Clause—

“PSB prominence

- (1) The Communications Act 2003 is amended as follows.
- (2) At the end of section 310(1) add “that satisfy the qualification criteria to be set by OFCOM in the code.”
- (3) In section 310(2) leave out “OFCOM consider appropriate” and insert “required by OFCOM”.
- (4) In section 310(4)(a) after “programmes” insert “, including on-demand programme services,”.
- (5) In section 310(5)(a) after “service” insert “, including on-demand programme service,”.
- (6) In section 310(8)(a) after “services” insert “, including on-demand programme services,”.
- (7) In section 310(8)(b) after “services” insert “, including on-demand programme services.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would modernise the PSB prominence regime – as recommended by Ofcom in its 2015 PSB Review. Provisions in the Communications Act 2003 currently only apply to traditional public service TV channels on traditional TV channel menus (‘EPGs’). This proposal would extend the law to on-demand services such as catch-up TV and to the connected TV on-demand menus where such services are found.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC18

To move the following Clause—

“Approval of Age-verification providers

- (1) Age-verification providers must be approved by the age-verification regulator.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

- (2) In this section an “age-verification provider” means a person who appears to the age-verification regulator to provide, in the course of a business, a service used by a person to ensure that pornographic material is not normally accessible by persons under the age of 18.
- (3) The age-verification regulator must publish a code of practice to be approved by the Secretary of State and laid before Parliament.
- (4) The code will include provisions to ensure that age-verification providers—
 - (a) perform a Data Protection Impact Assessment and make this publicly available,
 - (b) take full and appropriate measures to ensure the accuracy, security and confidentiality of the data of their users,
 - (c) minimise the processing of personal information to that which is necessary for the purposes of age-verification,
 - (d) do not disclose the identity of individuals verifying their age to persons making pornography available on the internet,
 - (e) take full and appropriate measures to ensure that their services do not enable persons making pornography available on the internet to identify users of their sites or services across differing sites or services,
 - (f) do not create security risks for third parties or adversely impact security systems or cyber security,
 - (g) comply with a set standard of accuracy in verifying the age of users.
- (5) Age-verification Providers must comply with the code of practice.
- (6) To the extent that a term of a contract purports to prevent or restrict the doing of any act required to comply with the Code, that term is unenforceable.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC19

To move the following Clause—

“Personal data breaches

- (1) The Data Protection Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 24 insert—

“24A Personal data breaches: notification to the Commissioner

- (1) In this section, section 24B and section 24C, “personal data breach” means unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data or accidental loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal data.
- (2) Subject to subsections (3), (4)(c) and (4)(d), if a personal data breach occurs, the data controller in respect of the personal data concerned in that breach shall, without undue delay, notify the breach to the Commissioner.
- (3) The notification referred to in subsection (2) is not required to the extent that the personal data concerned in the personal data breach are exempt from the seventh data protection principle.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

- (4) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
 - (a) prescribe matters which a notification under subsection (2) must contain;
 - (b) prescribe the period within which, following detection of a personal data breach, a notification under subsection (2) must be given;
 - (c) provide that subsection (2) shall not apply to certain data controllers;
 - (d) provide that subsection (2) shall not apply to personal data breaches of a particular description or descriptions.

24B Personal data breaches: notification to the data subject

- (1) Subject to subsections (2), (3), (4), (6)(b) and (6)(c), if a personal data breach is likely to adversely affect the personal data or privacy of a data subject, the data controller in respect of the personal data concerned in that breach shall also, without undue delay, notify the breach to the data subject concerned, insofar as it is reasonably practicable to do so.
- (2) The notification referred to in subsection (1) is not required to the extent that the personal data concerned in the personal data breach are exempt from the seventh data protection principle.
- (3) The notification referred to in subsection (1) is not required to the extent that the personal data concerned in the personal data breach are exempt from section 7(1).
- (4) The notification referred to in subsection (1) is not required if the data controller has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner—
 - (a) that the data controller has implemented appropriate measures which render the data unintelligible to any person who is not authorised to access it, and
 - (b) that those measures were applied to the data concerned in that personal data breach.
- (5) If the data controller has not notified the data subject in compliance with subsection (1), the Commissioner may, having considered the likely adverse effects of the personal data breach, require the data controller to do so.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
 - (a) prescribe matters which a notification under subsection (1) must contain;
 - (b) provide that subsection (1) shall not apply to certain data controllers;
 - (c) provide that subsection (1) shall not apply to personal data breaches of a particular description or descriptions.

24C Personal data breaches: audit

- (1) Data controllers shall maintain an inventory of personal data breaches comprising—
 - (a) the facts surrounding the breach,
 - (b) the effects of that breach, and
 - (c) remedial action taken

Digital Economy Bill, continued

which shall be sufficient to enable the Commissioner to verify compliance with the provisions of sections 24A and 24B. The inventory shall only include information necessary for this purpose.

- (2) The Commissioner may audit the compliance of data controllers with the provisions of sections 24A, 24B and 24C(1).
- (3) In section 40 (Enforcement notices)—
 - (a) in subsection (1)—
 - (i) after “data protection principles,” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”;
 - (ii) for “principle or principles” substitute “principle, principles, section or sections”;
 - (b) in subsection 6(a) after “principles” insert “or the section or sections”.
- (4) In section 41 (Cancellation of enforcement notice)—
 - (a) in subsection (1) after “principles” insert “or the section or sections”;
 - (b) in subsection (2) after “principles” insert “or the section or sections”.
- (5) In section 41A (Assessment notices)—
 - (a) in subsection (1) after “data protection principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”;
 - (b) in subsection (10)(b) after “data protection principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”.
- (6) In section 41C (Code of practice about assessment notices)—
 - (a) in subsection (4)(a) after “principles” insert “and sections 24A, 24B and 24C”;
 - (b) in subsection (4)(b) after “principles” insert “or sections”.
- (7) In section 43 (Information notices)—
 - (a) in subsection 43(1)—
 - (i) after “data protection principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”;
 - (ii) after “the principles” insert “or those sections”;
 - (b) in subsection 43(2)(b) after “principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”.
- (8) In section 55A (Power of Commissioner to impose monetary penalty)—
 - (a) after subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) The Commissioner may also serve a data controller with a monetary penalty notice if the Commissioner is satisfied that there has been a serious contravention of section 24A, 24B or 24C by the data controller.”;
 - (b) in subsection (3A) after “subsection (1)” insert “or (1A)”;
 - (c) in subsection (4) omit “determined by the Commissioner and”;
 - (d) in subsection (5)—
 - (i) after “The amount” insert “specified in a monetary penalty notice served under subsection (1) shall be”;
 - (ii) after “Commissioner” insert “and”;

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (e) after subsection (5) insert—
- “(5A) The amount specified in a monetary penalty notice served under subsection (1A) shall be £1,000.
- (5B) The Secretary of State may by regulations amend subsection (5A) to change the amount specified therein.”
- (9) In section 55B (Monetary penalty notices: procedural rights)—
- (a) in subsection (3)(a) omit “and”;
- (b) after subsection (3)(a) insert—
- “(aa) specify the provision of this Act of which the Commissioner is satisfied there has been a serious contravention, and”;
- (c) after subsection (3) insert—
- “(3A) A data controller may discharge liability for a monetary penalty in respect of a contravention of section 24A, 24B or 24C if he pays to the Commissioner the amount of £800 before the time within which the data controller may make representations to the Commissioner has expired.
- (3B) A notice of intent served in respect of a contravention of section 24A, 24B or 24C must include a statement informing the data controller of the opportunity to discharge liability for the monetary penalty.
- (3C) The Secretary of State may by regulations amend subsection (3A) to change the amount specified therein, save that the amount specified in subsection (3A) must be less than the amount specified in section 55A(5A).”;
- (d) in subsection (5) after “served” insert “under section 55A(1)”;
- (e) after subsection (5) insert—
- “(5A) A person on whom a monetary penalty notice is served under section 55A(1A) may appeal to the Tribunal against the issue of the monetary penalty notice.”
- (10) In section 55C(2)(b) (Guidance about monetary penalty notices) at the end insert “specified in a monetary penalty notice served under section 55A(1)”.
- (11) In section 67 (Orders, regulations and rules)—
- (a) in subsection (4)—
- (i) after “order” insert “or regulations”;
- (ii) after “section 22(1),” insert “section 24A(4)(c) or (d), 24B(6)(b) or (c),”;
- (b) in subsection (5)—
- (i) after subsection (c) insert “(ca) regulations under section 24A(4)(a) or (b) or section 24B(6)(a),”;
- (ii) for “(ca) regulations under section 55A(5) or (7) or 55B(3)(b),” substitute “(cb) regulations under section 55A(5), (5B) or (7) or 55B(3)(b) or (3C),”.
- (12) In section 71 (Index of defined expressions) after “personal data |section 1(1)” insert “personal data breach |section 24A(1)”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (13) In paragraph 1 of Schedule 9—
- (a) after paragraph 1(1)(a) insert—
 - “(aa) that a data controller has contravened or is contravening any provision of section 24A, 24B or 24C, or”;
 - (b) in paragraph 1(1B) after “principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”;
 - (c) in paragraph (3)(d)(ii) after “principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C”;
 - (d) in paragraph (3)(f) after “principles” insert “or section 24A, 24B or 24C.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to create a general obligation on data controllers to notify the Information Commissioner and data subjects in the event of a breach of personal data security. The proposed obligation is similar to that imposed on electronic communication service providers by the Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2003.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC20

To move the following Clause—

“Strategic review of mobile network coverage

- (1) Within six months of this Act coming into force, the Secretary of State shall commission a strategic review of mobile network coverage and shall lay the report of the review before each House of Parliament.
- (2) The review under subsection (1) shall consider measures to ensure universal mobile network coverage for residences and businesses across all telecommunications providers.
- (3) The review under subsection (1) shall also consider measures to ensure savings made by telecommunication providers under sections (4), (5) and (6) of this Act are reinvested into expanding network coverage.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC21

To move the following Clause—

“Code of practice: accessibility to on-demand audiovisual services for people with disabilities affecting hearing and/or sight

- (1) The Secretary of State shall by regulations establish a code of practice for the augmentation of on-demand audiovisual programme services to require providers of such services to accompany designated output with designated levels of—
 - (a) subtitling,
 - (b) signing, or
 - (c) audio-description.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

- (2) The code shall require minimum levels of provision of one or more type of audiovisual augmentation.
- (3) The code shall make provisions about the meeting of obligations established, including by allocating relevant responsibilities between—
 - (a) broadcasters,
 - (b) platform operators, and
 - (c) any other provider or purveyor of programmes or programme services.
- (4) The Secretary of State shall, before making regulations under subsection (1), conduct a public consultation to inform the Secretary of State’s determination of the elements of the code.
- (5) The Secretary of State may delegate such duties and powers conferred under this section to an appropriate designated authority or agency as the Secretary of State thinks appropriate.
- (6) For the purpose of subsection (1) a service is an on-demand audiovisual programme if it falls within the definition given in Section 368A (Meaning of “on-demand programme service”) of the Communications Act 2003 (as inserted by the Audiovisual Media Service Regulations 2009).”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC22

To move the following Clause—

“Right of access to information about digital identity

- (1) An individual is entitled to be informed by any digital service whether a digital identity which that digital service has created about that individual is being used by or on behalf of that digital service.
- (2) An individual under subsection (1) is entitled—
 - (a) to be given by the digital service a description of—
 - (i) the digital identity about that individual,
 - (ii) the purposes for which the digital identity is being or has been used, and
 - (iii) the recipients or classes of recipients to whom the digital identity has been or may be disclosed,
 - (b) to have communicated to them by the digital service in an intelligible form—
 - (i) the information constituting any digital identity of which that individual is the subject, and
 - (ii) any information available to the digital service as to the source of that identity, and
 - (iii) the information available to the digital service as to how the digital identity has been used, and
 - (c) where the processing by automatic means of a digital identity about that individual for the purpose of evaluating their performance at work, their creditworthiness, their reliability or conduct, or any insurance risks attached to them, has constituted or is likely to constitute the sole basis for any decision significantly affecting them, to be informed by the digital service of the reasons the digital service reached that decision.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

- (3) In this section—
- (a) “digital service” means an internet-based service provided to the public by a public authority or commercial organisation,
 - (b) “digital identity” means the collection of information from various internet sources generated by a person’s online activity, including but not limited to birth date, online search activities and purchasing history.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC23

To move the following Clause—

“OFCOM review of digital applications used to facilitate intermediary employment

- (1) OFCOM must carry out a review of the market of digital applications used to facilitate intermediary employment.
- (2) The review shall examine the adequacy of regulation of the market and provide recommendations for increased regulatory powers by OFCOM in this area.
- (3) The Secretary of State must lay a report of the review before each House of Parliament within six months of this Act coming into force.
- (4) OFCOM may carry out future reviews of the market and the Secretary of State is required to lay a report of any future review before each House of Parliament.”

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC24

To move the following Clause—

“Employers in the digital economy

Where a business provides a digital service in which they act as an intermediary between labour suppliers and consumers where that service retains significant control over the service providers the labour suppliers shall be defined as employees of that business, as defined in section 230 of the Employment Rights Act 1996.”

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC31

To move the following Clause—

“Review of information disclosure and data ownership

- (1) The Secretary of State must commission an independent review of information disclosure and data ownership under Chapter 1 of Part 5 of this Act.
- (2) In conducting the review, the designated independent reviewer must consult—
 - (a) specialists in data sharing,
 - (b) people and organisations who campaign for the rights of citizens to privacy and control regarding their personal information, and
 - (c) any other persons and organisations the review considers appropriate.
- (3) The Secretary of State must lay a report of the review before each House of Parliament within six months of this Act coming into force.
- (4) The Secretary of State may not make an order under section 82(4) bringing the provisions of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of this Act into force until each House of Parliament has passed a resolution approving the findings of the review mentioned in subsection (3).”

Calum Kerr
Drew Hendry

NC32

To move the following Clause—

“OFCOM power to enforce structural separation of BT Openreach

After section 49C of the Communications Act 2003 insert—

- “(49D) OFCOM has the power to enforce the structural separation of BT Openreach, should OFCOM consider this necessary.””

Kevin Brennan
Louise Haigh

NC33

To move the following Clause—

“Pre-loaded IPTV boxes

- (1) The Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 107(1)(d)(ii) after “offers” insert “, advertises”.
- (3) After section 107(1)(d)(iv) insert—
 - “(v) installs, maintains or replaces, or
 - (vi) otherwise promotes by means of commercial communications, or”
- (4) In section 107(1)(e) after “article” insert “, device, product or component”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (5) In section 107(1)(e) after “work” insert “or which is, and which he knows or has reason to believe is, primarily designed, produced, adapted or otherwise used in a manner described in this section whether alone or in conjunction with another article, device, product, component, or service supplied by or with the knowledge of the same person for the purpose of enabling or facilitating the infringement of copyright”.

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause allows the Government to fulfil its commitment in the IPO’s Enforcement Strategy to ensure that UK business and rights holders have the necessary legal means to protect their IP. It brings in language to cover the supply of IPTV boxes clearly being marketed or sold for the purpose of enabling or facilitating copyright infringement, recognising that many devices may not, themselves, infringe copyright, but are supplied in conjunction with information which enables users to infringe copyright.

Calum Kerr
Drew Hendry

NC34

- ☆ To move the following Clause—

“Power of Information Commissioner to take action on unsolicited communications

- (1) The Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2003 (S.I.2003/2426) are amended as follows.
- (2) In Regulation 31(1), between “sections 55A to 55E” and “of the Data Protection Act 1998” insert “and section 61”.
- (3) In Schedule 1, after paragraph 8B insert—
- “8C In subsections (1) and (3) of section 61—
- (a) for “an offence under this Act” there shall be substituted “a contravention of the Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2000”;
- (b) for “guilty of that offence” there shall be substituted “liable for that contravention”; and
- (c) for “proceeded against and published accordingly” there shall be substituted “served with a notice, proceeded against of punished accordingly”.

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to allow the Information Commissioner’s Office to take action against company directors for breaches not only of the Data Protection Act 1998, but of the 2003 EU regulations on unsolicited communications.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC35

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Public register of data disclosures

- (1) No disclosure by a public authority under Part 5 shall be lawful unless detailed by an entry in a public register.
- (2) Any entry made in a public register under subsection (1) shall be disclosed to another person only for the purposes set out in this Part.
- (3) Each entry in the register must contain, or include information on—
 - (a) the uniform resource locator of the entry,
 - (b) the purpose of the disclosure,
 - (c) the specific data to be disclosed,
 - (d) the data controllers and data processors involved in the sharing of the data,
 - (e) any exchange of letters between the data controllers on the disclosure,
 - (f) any other information deemed relevant.
- (4) In this section, “uniform resource locator” means a standardised naming convention for entries made in a public register.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC36

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Bill caps for all mobile phone contracts

- (1) A telecommunications service provider supplying a contract relating to a hand-held mobile telephone must, at the time of entering into such a contract, allow the end-user the opportunity to place a financial cap on the monthly bill under that contract.
 - (2) A telecommunications service provider under subsection (1) must not begin to supply a contracted service to an end-user unless the end-user has either—
 - (a) requested the monthly cap be put in place and agreed the amount of that cap, or
 - (b) decided, on a durable medium, not to put a monthly cap in place.
 - (3) The end-user should bear no cost for the supply of any service above the cap if the provider has—
 - (a) failed to impose a cap agreed under subsection (2)(a),
 - (b) introduce, or amend, a cap following the end-user’s instructions under subsection (2)(b), or
 - (c) removed the cap without the end-user’s instructions or has removed it without obtaining the consumer’s express consent on a durable medium under subsection (2).”
-

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC37

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Duty to provide free wifi on rail services

- (1) The Railways Act 1993 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 26 insert—

“(26D) In deciding whether to select the person who is to be the franchisee under a franchise agreement by means of an invitation to tender and whom so to select, the appropriate franchising authority must stipulate a requirement for franchisees to provide free wifi for passengers.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause requires the Secretary of State to stipulate in the “franchise agreement” a requirement for franchisees to provide free wifi for passengers.

Louise Haigh
Kevin Brennan

NC38

☆ To move the following Clause—

“Responsibility for policy and funding of TV licence fee concessions

After section 365(5) of the Communications Act 2003 insert—

- “(5A) It shall be the responsibility of the Secretary of State to—
- (a) specify the conditions under which concessions are entitled, and
 - (b) provide the BBC with necessary funding to cover the cost of concessions,

and this responsibility shall not be delegated to any other body.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to enshrine in statute that it should be the responsibility of the Government to set the entitlement for any concessions and to cover the cost of such concession. This new clause will ensure the entitlement and cost of over-75s TV licences remain with the Government. It would need to be agreed with Clause 76 not standing part of the Bill.

Digital Economy Bill, continued*NEW SCHEDULES*

Matt Hancock

NS1

To move the following Schedule—

“SCHEDULE

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS CODE: CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

PART 1

GENERAL PROVISION

Interpretation

1 In this Part—

“the commencement date” means the day on which Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 comes into force;

“enactment” includes—

- (a) an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978,
- (b) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales,
- (c) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, an Act of the Scottish Parliament, and
- (d) an enactment comprised in, or in an instrument made under, Northern Ireland legislation;

“the existing code” means Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984;

“the new code” means Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003.

References to the code or provisions of the code

- 2 (1) In any enactment passed or made before the commencement date, unless the context requires otherwise—
 - (a) a reference to the existing code is to be read as a reference to the new code;
 - (b) a reference to a provision of the existing code listed in column 1 of the table is to be read as a reference to the provision of the new code in the corresponding entry in column 2.
- (2) This paragraph does not affect the amendments made by Part 2 of this Schedule or the power to make amendments by regulations under section 6.
- (3) This paragraph does not affect section 17(2) of the Interpretation Act 1978 (effect of repeal and re-enactment) in relation to any reference to a provision of the existing code not listed in the table.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

Table

<i>Existing code</i>	<i>New code</i>
Paragraph 9	Part 8
Paragraph 21	Part 6
Paragraph 23	Part 10
Paragraph 29	Paragraph 17

References to a conduit system

- 3 In any enactment passed or made before the commencement date, unless the context requires otherwise—
- (a) a reference to a conduit system, where it is defined by reference to the existing code, is to be read as a reference to an infrastructure system as defined by paragraph 7(1) of the new code, and;
 - (b) a reference to provision of such a system is to be read in accordance with paragraph 7(2) of the new code (reference to provision includes establishing or maintaining).

PART 2

AMENDMENTS OF PARTICULAR ENACTMENTS

Landlord and Tenant Act 1954 (c. 56)

- 4 In section 43 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1954 (tenancies to which provisions on security of tenure for business etc tenants do not apply) after subsection (3) insert—
- “(4) This Part does not apply to a tenancy—
- (a) the primary purpose of which is to grant code rights within the meaning of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code), and
 - (b) which is granted after that Schedule comes into force.”

Opencast Coal Act 1958 (c. 69)

- 5 (1) Section 45 of the Opencast Coal Act 1958 (provisions as to telegraphic lines) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In section (4) for “Paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “Paragraph 103(2) of the electronic communications code”.

Land Drainage (Scotland) Act 1958 (c. 24)

- 6 In section 17 of the Land Drainage Act (Scotland) Act 1958 (application of paragraph 23 of the code) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*
Pipe-lines Act 1962 (c. 58)

- 7 In section 40(2) of the Pipe-lines Act 1962 (avoidance of interference with lines) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Harbours Act 1964 (c. 40)

- 8 In section 53 of the Harbours Act 1964 (application of paragraph 23 of the code) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Fair Trading Act 1973 (c. 41)

- 9 In section 137(3)(f) of the Fair Trading Act 1973 (general interpretation: services covered) for “paragraph 29 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “paragraph 17 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Highways Act 1980 (c. 66)

- 10 The Highways Act 1980 is amended as follows.
- 11 In section 177(12) (restriction of construction over highways: application of paragraph 23 of code) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- 12 (1) Section 334 (savings relating to electronic communications apparatus) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (8) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In subsection (9) for “the said paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10 of the electronic communications code”.
- (4) In subsection (11)—
- (a) for “Sub-paragraph (8) of paragraph 23” substitute “Paragraph 68”;
- (b) for “that paragraph” substitute “Part 10 of the code”.
- (5) In subsection (12) for “1(2)” substitute “103(2)”.
- (6) In subsection (13) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of electronic communications apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of electronic communications apparatus)”.

Roads (Scotland) Act 1984 (c. 54)

- 13 The Roads (Scotland) Act 1984 is amended as follows.
- 14 (1) Section 50 (planting of trees etc by roads authority) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (3) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In subsection (4)—
- (a) for “sub-paragraph (8) of paragraph 23” substitute “Paragraph 68”
- (b) for “that paragraph” substitute “Part 10 of the code”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- 15 (1) Section 75 (bridges over and tunnels under navigable waterways) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (9) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In subsection (10)—
- (a) for “sub-paragraph (8) of paragraph 23” substitute “paragraph 68”
- (b) for “that paragraph” substitute “Part 10 of the code”.
- 16 (1) Section 132 (saving for operators of telecommunications code systems) is amended as follows.
- (2) In the heading for “telecommunications code systems” substitute “electronic communications code networks”.
- (3) In subsection (4) for “paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “paragraph 103(2) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (4) In subsection (5) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of electronic communications apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of electronic communications apparatus)”.

Housing Act 1985 (c. 68)

- 17 Section 298 of the Housing Act 1985 (telecommunications apparatus) is amended as follows.
- 18 For the heading substitute “Electronic communications apparatus”.
- 19 In subsection (2) for “paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 6 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- 20 In subsection (3) for “paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.

Food and Environment Protection Act 1985 (c. 48)

- 21 The Food and Environment Protection Act 1985 is amended as follows.
- 22 In section 8A (electronic communications apparatus: operations in tidal waters etc) for the words from “paragraph 11” to “1984” substitute “Part 9 of Schedule 3A of the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- 23 In section 9(8) (defence to operating without licence under Part 2)—
- (a) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A of the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”;
- (b) omit the words from “In this subsection” to the end.

Airports Act 1986 (c. 31)

- 24 The Airports Act 1986 is amended as follows.
- 25 (1) Section 62 (electronic communications apparatus) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A of the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In subsection (4) for “Paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.
- (4) In subsection (5)—
- (a) for “Sub-Paragraph (8) of paragraph 23” substitute “Paragraph 68”;

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- (b) for “that paragraph” substitute “Part 10 of the code”.
- (5) In subsection (6) for “1(2)” substitute “103(2)”
- (6) In subsection (7) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of apparatus)”.

Landlord and Tenant Act 1987 (c. 31)

- 26 In section 4(2) of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1987 (disposals which are not relevant disposals for purposes of tenants’ right of first refusal) after paragraph (da) insert—
- “(db) the conferral of a code right under Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code);”.

Road Traffic (Driver Licensing and Information Systems) Act 1989 (c. 22)

- 27 In paragraph 4 of Schedule 4 to the Road Traffic (Driver Licensing and Information Systems) Act 1989 (application of paragraph 23 of code to licence holders) for “Paragraph 23 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Electricity Act 1989 (c. 29)

- 28 In paragraph 1(6) of Schedule 16 to the Electricity Act 1989 (application of paragraph 23) for “Paragraph 23 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (c. 8)

- 29 (1) Section 256 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (electronic communications apparatus: orders by the Secretary of State) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (5) for “Paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “Paragraph 103(2) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
 - (3) In subsection (6) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of electronic communications apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of electronic communications apparatus)”.

Water Industry Act 1991 (c. 56)

- 30 In paragraph 4 of Schedule 13 to the Water Industry Act 1991—
- (a) for “paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”;
 - (b) for “Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003”;
 - (c) in the heading, for “telecommunication systems” substitute “electronic communications networks”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued*Water Resources Act 1991 (c. 57)*

- 31 In Schedule 22 to the Water Resources Act 1991 (protection of particular undertakings)—
- (a) in paragraph 5 for “Paragraph 23 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”;
 - (b) for the italic heading before paragraph 5 substitute “Protection for electronic communications networks”.

Electricity (Northern Ireland) Order 1992 (S.I. 1992/231)

- 32 In paragraph 3(2) of Schedule 4 to the Electricity (Northern Ireland) Order 1992 (application of paragraph 23) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993 (c. 42)

- 33 In paragraph 16 of Schedule 2 to the Cardiff Bay Barrage Act 1993 (application of paragraph 23) for “Paragraph 23 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Roads (Northern Ireland) Order 1993 (S.I. 1993/3160)

- 34 (1) Schedule 9 to the Roads (Northern Ireland) Order 1993 (saving provisions) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 2(2) for “Paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “Paragraph 103(2) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
 - (3) In paragraph 2(3) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restrictions on removal of apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of apparatus)”.
 - (4) In paragraph 3 for “Paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.

Airports (Northern Ireland) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/426)

- 35 (1) Article 12 of the Airports (Northern Ireland) Order 1994 (provisions as to electronic communications apparatus) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph (1) for “Paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
 - (3) In paragraph (3A) for “Paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.
 - (4) In paragraph (4)—
 - (a) for “Sub-paragraph (8) of paragraph 23” substitute “Paragraph 68”;
 - (b) for “that paragraph” substitute “Part 10 of the code”.
 - (5) In paragraph (5) for “1(2)” substitute “103(2)”.
 - (6) In paragraph (6) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of apparatus)”.
 - (7) Omit paragraph (7).

Digital Economy Bill, continued*Landlord and Tenant (Covenants) Act 1995 (c. 30)*

36 In section 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Covenants) Act 1995 (tenant released from covenants on assignment of tenancy), after subsection (4) insert—

“(5) This section is subject to paragraph 15(4) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (which places conditions on the release of an operator from liability under an agreement granting code rights under the electronic communications code).”

Gas Act 1995 (c. 45)

37 In paragraph 2(7) of Schedule 4 to the Gas Act 1995 (application of paragraph 23 to public gas transporters) for “Paragraph 23 of Schedule 2 to the Telecommunications Act 1984” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 (c. 61)

- 38 (1) Part 4 of Schedule 15 to the Channel Tunnel Rail Link Act 1996 (protection of telecommunications operators) is amended as follows.
- (2) For the heading substitute “Protection of electronic communications code operators”.
- (3) In paragraph 2(1) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 6 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (4) In paragraph 2(2) for “Paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.
- (5) In paragraph 3 for “paragraph 9” substitute “Part 8”.
- (6) In paragraph 4(1) for “paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.

Gas (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (S.I. 1996/275)

- 39 (1) Schedule 3 to the Gas (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (other powers etc of licence holders) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(1) omit the following definitions—
- (a) “public telecommunications operator”;
- (b) “telecommunication apparatus” and “electronic communications network”;
- (c) “telecommunications code”.
- (3) In paragraph 3(2) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

Business Tenancies (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (SI 1996/725 (NI 5))

40 In Article 4(1) of the Business Tenancies (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 (tenancies to which the Order does not apply) after paragraph (k) insert—

“(l) a tenancy the primary purpose of which is to grant code rights within the meaning of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code), where the tenancy is granted after that Schedule comes into force.”

Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (c. 8)

- 41 (1) Section 212 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 (electronic communications apparatus) is amended as follows.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- (2) In subsection (7) for “Paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “Paragraph 103(2) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In subsection (8) for “Paragraph 21 of the electronic communications code (restriction on removal of electronic communications apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of apparatus)”.

Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40)

- 42 The Enterprise Act 2002 is amended as follows.
- 43 In section 128(5) (mergers: references to supply of services) for the words from “(within” to the end substitute “(within the meaning of paragraph 17 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)) for sharing the use of electronic communications apparatus.”
- 44 In section 234(5) (enforcement of consumer legislation: references to supply of services) for the words from “(within” to the end substitute “(within the meaning of paragraph 17 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)) for sharing the use of electronic communications apparatus.”

Communications Act 2003 (c. 21)

- 45 The Communications Act 2003 is amended as follows.
- 46 (1) Section 394 (service of notifications and other documents) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2) omit paragraph (d).
 - (3) After subsection (10) insert—

“(11) In its application to Schedule 3A this section is subject to paragraph 87 of that Schedule.”
- 47 (1) Section 402 (power of Secretary of State to make orders and regulations) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2) after paragraph (a) insert—

“(aa) regulations under paragraph 91 of Schedule 3A which amend, repeal or modify the application of primary legislation,”.
 - (3) After subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) A statutory instrument containing (whether alone or with other provisions) regulations under paragraph 91 of Schedule 3A which amend, repeal or modify the application of primary legislation, may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.”
 - (4) After subsection (3) insert—

“(4) In this section “primary legislation” means—

 - (a) an Act of Parliament,
 - (b) a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales,
 - (c) an Act of the Scottish Parliament, or
 - (d) Northern Ireland legislation.”
- 48 Schedule 3 is repealed.

Digital Economy Bill, continued*Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2003 (asp 2)*

- 49 (1) Schedule 1 to the Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2003 (path orders) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 12 for “Paragraph 1(2) of the electronic communications code” substitute “Paragraph 103(2) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.
- (3) In paragraph 13 for “Paragraph 21 of that code (restriction on removal of apparatus)” substitute “Part 6 of the electronic communications code (rights to require removal of apparatus)”.

Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 (c. 17)

- 50 The Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 is amended as follows.
- 51 In section 2(3) (objects of the Homes and Communities Agency: interpretation) in paragraph (a) of the definition of “infrastructure” for “telecommunications” substitute “electronic communications”.
- 52 In section 57(1) (interpretation of Part 1) omit the definition of “conduit system” and insert in the appropriate place—
- ““infrastructure system” has the meaning given by paragraph 7(1) of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code), and a reference to providing such a system is to be read in accordance with paragraph 7(2) of the code (reference to provision includes establishing or maintaining).”.
- 53 In the table in section 58 (index of defined expressions in Part 1) omit the entry for “conduit system (and providing such a system)” and insert in the appropriate place—

“Infrastructure system (and providing such a system)	Section 57(1)”.
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Crossrail Act 2008 (c. 18)

- 54 (1) Part 4 of Schedule 17 to the Crossrail Act 2008 (protective provisions) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 1(2) for the definition of “electronic communications code” substitute—
- ““electronic communications code” means the code set out in Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003;”.
- (3) In paragraph 2(1) for “paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.
- (4) In paragraph 2(2) for “Paragraphs 21 and 23” substitute “Parts 6 and 10”.
- (5) In paragraph 3 for “paragraph 9” substitute “Part 8”.
- (6) In paragraph 4(1) for “paragraph 23” substitute “Part 10”.

Marine (Scotland) Act 2010 (asp 5)

- 55 The Marine (Scotland) Act 2010 is amended as follows.
- 56 In section 36(1) (electronic communications apparatus) for the words from “paragraph 11” to “apparatus” substitute “Part 9 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code) (works in connection with electronic communications apparatus).”.
- 57 (1) Section 41 (defence to offences: electronic communications: emergency works) is amended as follows.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

(2) In subsection (1) for “paragraph 23 of the electronic communications code” substitute “Part 10 of Schedule 3A to the Communications Act 2003 (the electronic communications code)”.

(3) Omit subsection (2).”

Member’s explanatory statement

The new Schedule replaces Schedule 3 to the Bill and contains the amendments in that Schedule with other amendments consequential on the replacement of the electronic communications code.

Matt Hancock

NS2

To move the following Schedule—

“BANK OF ENGLAND OVERSIGHT OF PAYMENT SYSTEMS

PART 1

EXTENSION OF BANK OF ENGLAND OVERSIGHT OF PAYMENT SYSTEMS

- 1 The Banking Act 2009 is amended as follows.
- 2 In the heading to Part 5 (inter-bank payment systems) omit “Inter-bank”.
- 3 In section 181 (overview) for “payments between financial institutions” substitute “transferring money”.
- 4 (1) Section 182 (interpretation: “inter-bank payment system”) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1)—
 - (a) omit “inter-bank”;
 - (b) omit the words from “between financial institutions” to the end.
 - (3) After subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) But “payment system” does not include any arrangements for the physical movement of cash.”
 - (4) Omit subsections (2) and (3).
 - (5) In subsection (5) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
 - (6) In the heading omit “inter-bank”.
- 5 In section 183 (interpretation: other expressions), in paragraph (a) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
- 6 (1) Section 184 (recognition order) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (1) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
 - (3) In subsection (2) omit “inter-bank”.
 - (4) In subsection (3) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a payment”.
- 7 In section 185 (recognition criteria), in subsection (1) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
- 8 In section 186A (amendment of recognition order), in subsections (2)(b) and (4), omit “inter-bank”.
- 9 In section 187 (de-recognition), in subsections (2), (3)(b) and (5), omit “inter-bank”.
- 10 In section 188 (principles), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 11 In section 189 (codes of practice) omit “inter-bank”.
- 12 In section 190 (system rules), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

- 13 In section 191 (directions), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 14 In section 192 (role of FCA and PRA), in subsections (2)(a) and (b) and (3), omit “inter-bank”.
- 15 In section 193 (inspection), in subsections (1) and (2), omit “inter-bank”.
- 16 In section 194 (inspection: warrant), in subsection (1)(a) omit “inter-bank”.
- 17 In section 195 (independent report), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 18 In section 196 (compliance failure) omit “inter-bank”.
- 19 In section 197 (publication), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 20 In section 198 (penalty), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 21 In section 199 (closure), in subsection (2) omit “inter-bank”.
- 22 In section 200 (management disqualification), in subsections (1) and (2), omit “inter-bank”.
- 23 In section 201 (warning), in subsection (1) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
- 24 In section 202A (injunctions), in subsections (2)(a) and (3)(a), omit “inter-bank”.
- 25 In section 203 (fees), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 26 In section 204 (information), in subsections (1A), (2) and (4)(c), omit “inter-bank”.
- 27 In section 205 (pretending to be recognised), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 28 In section 206A (services forming part of recognised inter-bank payment system), in subsections (1), (2) and (7)(a) and in the heading, omit “inter-bank”.
- 29 In section 259 (statutory instruments), in the Table in subsection (3)—
- (a) in the heading for the entries in Part 5, omit “Inter-bank”;
 - (b) in the entry for section 206A, in the second column omit “inter-bank”.
- 30 In section 261 (index of defined terms), in the Table—
- (a) omit the entry for “Inter-bank payment system”;
 - (b) at the appropriate place insert—

“Payment system | 182”

PART 2

CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Financial Services Act 2012

- 31 The Financial Services Act 2012 is amended as follows.
- 32 (1) Section 68 (cases in which Treasury may arrange independent enquiries) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (3), in paragraphs (a) and (b)(ii), omit “inter-bank”.
 - (3) In subsection (5), in the definition of “recognised inter-bank payment system”—
 - (a) omit the first “inter-bank”;
 - (b) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
- 33 In section 85 (relevant functions in relation to complaints scheme), in subsection (3)(a) omit “inter-bank”.
- 34 In section 110 (payment to Treasury of penalties received by Bank of England), in subsection (5)(d) omit “inter-bank”.

Digital Economy Bill, continued*Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013*

- 35 The Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013 is amended as follows.
- 36 In section 45 (procedure), in subsection (1)(a) omit “inter-bank”.
- 37 In section 46 (amendment of designation order), in subsection (2)(a) omit “inter-bank”.
- 38 In section 47 (revocation of designation orders), in subsection (3)(a) omit “inter-bank”.
- 39 In section 98 (duty of regulators to ensure co-ordinated exercise of functions), in subsection (5)(b) omit “inter-bank”.
- 40 In section 110 (interpretation), in subsection (1), in the definition of “recognised inter-bank payment system”—
- (a) omit the first “inter-bank”;
 - (b) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”.
- 41 In section 112 (interpretation: infrastructure companies), in subsections (2)(a), (4)(b) and (5), omit “inter-bank”.
- 42 In section 113 (interpretation: other expressions), in subsection (1)—
- (a) in the definition of “operator” omit “inter-bank”;
 - (b) in the definition of “recognised inter-bank payment system”—
 - (i) omit the first “inter-bank”;
 - (ii) for “an inter-bank” substitute “a”;
 - (c) in the definition of “the relevant system”, in paragraphs (a) and (c), omit “inter-bank”.
- 43 In section 115 (objective of FMI administration), in subsection (1) omit “inter-bank”.
- 44 In section 120 (power to direct FMI administrator), in subsection (8) omit “inter-bank”.
- 45 In section 127 (interpretation of Part 6), in subsection (1), in the definition of “operator” and in the definition of “recognised inter-bank payment system”, omit “inter-bank”.

Member’s explanatory statement

This is the Schedule introduced by new clause NC30.

Matt Hancock

186

Title, line 8, after “functions;” insert “to make provision about qualifications in information technology;”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on new clause NC26.

Matt Hancock

187

Title, line 8, after “functions;” insert “to make provision about payment systems and securities settlement systems;”

Member’s explanatory statement

The amendment is consequential on new clauses NC29 and NC30 and new Schedule NS2.

Digital Economy Bill, continued

ORDER OF THE HOUSE [13 SEPTEMBER 2016, AS AMENDED ON 18 OCTOBER 2016]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Digital Economy Bill:

Committal

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Public Bill Committee.

Proceedings in Public Bill Committee

2. Proceedings in the Public Bill Committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion on Tuesday 1 November 2016.
3. The Public Bill Committee shall have leave to sit twice on the first day on which it meets.

Proceedings on Consideration and up to and including Third Reading

4. Proceedings on Consideration and any proceedings in legislative grand committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which proceedings on Consideration are commenced.
5. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.
6. Standing Order No. 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings on Consideration and up to and including Third Reading.

Other proceedings

7. Any other proceedings on the Bill (including any proceedings on consideration of Lords Amendments or on any further messages from the Lords) may be programmed.

ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE [11 OCTOBER 2016, AS AMENDED ON 18 OCTOBER 2016 AND 20 OCTOBER 2016]

That—

- (1) the Committee shall (in addition to its first meeting at 9.25am on Tuesday 11 October) meet—
 - (a) at 2.00pm on Tuesday 11 October;
 - (b) at 11.30am on Thursday 13 October;
 - (c) at 9.25am on Tuesday 18 October;
 - (d) at 11.30am and 2.00pm on Thursday 20 October;
 - (e) at 9.25am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 25 October;
 - (f) at 11.30am and 2.00pm on Thursday 27 October;
 - (g) at 9.25 am on Tuesday 1 November;
- (2) the Committee shall hear oral evidence in accordance with the following Table:

Digital Economy Bill, *continued***TABLE**

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Witness</i>
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 10.00am	BT/EE TalkTalk Three
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 10.30am	Sky Virgin Vodafone
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 11.00am	Which? Countryside Alliance
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 11.25am	Open Data Institute The Co-operative Group
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 2.45pm	The British Board of Film Classification NSPCC
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 3.00pm	Dr Edgar Whitley, London School of Economics Wireless Infrastructure Group
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 4.00pm	Big Brother Watch Open Rights Group
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 4.30pm	ProjectsbyIF Open Corporates TUC
Tuesday 11 October	Until no later than 5.00pm	Professor Sir Charles Bean, London School of Economics The Royal Statistical Society
Thursday 13 October	Until no later than 12.00pm	StepChange Citizens Advice Dr Jerry Fishenden
Thursday 13 October	Until no later than 12.30pm	OFCOM
Thursday 13 October	Until no later than 1.00pm	The Information Commissioner's Office

- (3) proceedings on consideration of the Bill in Committee shall be taken in the following order: Clauses 1 to 4; Schedules 1 to 3; Clauses 5 to 84; new Clauses; new Schedules; remaining proceedings on the Bill;
- (4) the proceedings shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at 11.25 am on Tuesday 1 November.

Digital Economy Bill, *continued*

NOTICES WITHDRAWN

The following Notices were withdrawn on Monday 17 October:

NC4

The following Notices were withdrawn on Tuesday 18 October:

NC25
