



House of Commons

NOTICES OF AMENDMENTS

given up to and including

Wednesday 3 June 2020

New Amendments handed in are marked thus ★

☆ *Amendments which will comply with the required notice period at their next appearance*

PUBLIC BILL COMMITTEE

IMMIGRATION AND SOCIAL SECURITY CO-ORDINATION (EU WITHDRAWAL) BILL

NOTE

This document includes all amendments tabled to date and includes any withdrawn amendments at the end. The amendments have been arranged in the order in which they relate to the Bill.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

2

Clause 4, page 2, line 34, leave out “appropriate” and insert “necessary”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that the Secretary of State may only make regulations which are necessary rather than those which the Minister considers appropriate.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

3

Clause 4, page 2, line 34, leave out “, or in connection with,”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would narrow the scope of the powers provided to the Secretary of State in Clause 4, as recommended by the House of Lords Delegated Powers and Regulatory Reform Committee in connection with the equivalent Bill introduced in the last session of Parliament.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, continued

Nadia Whittome

10

Clause 4, page 3, line 5, at end insert—

“(4A) Regulations under subsection (1) must designate occupations for which individuals affected by the provisions in this Bill are exempt from any minimum salary threshold that is set for work visa applications.

(4B) Occupations designated under subsection (4A) must include any occupation in the social care sector.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would require immigration policy made under this Act to exempt shortage occupations from having any minimum salary threshold, and require social care workers to be included in this exemption.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

4

Clause 4, page 3, line 6, leave out subsection (5).

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would narrow the scope of the powers provided to the Secretary of State in Clause 4, as recommended by the House of Lords Delegated Powers and Regulatory Reform Committee in connection with the equivalent Bill introduced in the last session of Parliament.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

5

Clause 4, page 3, line 9, leave out subsection (6).

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would narrow the scope of the powers provided to the Secretary of State in Clause 4, as recommended by the House of Lords Delegated Powers and Regulatory Reform Committee.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

6

Clause 4, page 3, line 14, leave out “other”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 5.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

9

Clause 4, page 3, line 14, leave out from “(1)” to “is”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment, along with Amendment 8 will ensure that all regulations made under Clause 4(1) are subject to the affirmative procedure.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

8

Clause 4, page 3, line 18, leave out subsection (8)

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment, along with Amendment 9 will ensure that all regulations made under Clause 4(1) are subject to the affirmative procedure.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

1

Clause 4, page 3, line 28, at end insert—

- “(11) Regulations made under subsection (1) must make provision for admission of EEA nationals as spouses, partners and children of UK citizens and settled persons.
- (12) Regulations made under subsection (1) may require that the EEA nationals entering as spouses, partners and children of UK citizens and settled persons can be “maintained and accommodated without recourse to public funds” but in deciding whether that test is met, account must be taken of the prospective earnings of the EEA nationals seeking entry, as well as an third party support that may be available.
- (13) Regulations made under subsection (1) must not include any test of financial circumstances beyond that set out in subsection (12)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that UK nationals and settled persons can be joined in future by EU spouses and partners and children without application of the financial thresholds and criteria that apply to non-EEA spouses, partners and children.

Mr David Davis
Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry
Caroline Lucas
Gavin Robinson
Ms Harriet Harman

Christine Jardine
Sir Edward Davey
Wendy Chamberlain
Richard Burgon
Richard Fuller
Stella Creasy

Daisy Cooper
Wera Hobhouse
Munira Wilson
Tim Farron
Mr Steve Baker

Layla Moran
Sarah Olney
Jamie Stone
Mr Andrew Mitchell
Nadia Whittome

NC1

To move the following Clause—

“Time limit on immigration detention

- (1) For the purpose of this section, a person (“P”) is defined as—
- (a) any person who, immediately before the commencement of Schedule 1, was—
- (i) residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016;
- (ii) residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with a right conferred by or under any of the other instruments which is repealed by Schedule 1; or
- (iii) otherwise residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with any right derived from European Union law which continues, by virtue of section 4 of the EU Withdrawal Act 2018, to be recognised and available in domestic law after exit day;
- (b) and any other person.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (2) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) as defined in subsection (1) under a relevant detention power for a period of more than 28 days from the relevant time.
- (3) If “P” remains detained under a relevant detention power at the expiry of the period of 28 days then—
 - (a) the Secretary of State shall release P forthwith; and
 - (b) the Secretary of State may not re—detain P under a relevant detention power thereafter, unless the Secretary of State is satisfied that there has been a material change of circumstances since “P’s” release and that the criteria in section [Initial detention: criteria and duration] are met.
- (4) In this Act, “relevant detention power” means a power to detain under—
 - (a) paragraph 16(2) of Schedule 2 to the Immigration Act 1971 (detention of persons liable to examination or removal);
 - (b) paragraph 2(1), (2) or (3) of Schedule 3 to that Act (detention pending deportation);
 - (c) section 62 of the Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (detention of persons liable to examination or removal); or
 - (d) section 36(1) of UK Borders Act 2007 (detention pending deportation).
- (5) In this Act, “relevant time” means the time at which “P” is first detained under a relevant detention power.
- (6) This section does not apply to a person in respect of whom the Secretary of State has certified that the decision to detain is or was taken in the interests of national security.”

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller
 Stella Creasy

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC2

To move the following Clause—

“Initial detention: criteria and duration

- (1) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) to whom section [Time limit on immigration detention] applies, under a relevant detention power other than for the purposes of examination, unless the Secretary of State is satisfied that—
 - (a) “P” can be shortly removed from the United Kingdom;
 - (b) detention is strictly necessary to affect the “P”’s deportation or removal from the United Kingdom; and
 - (c) the detention of “P” is in all circumstances proportionate.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (2) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) who section [Time limit on immigration detention] applies to under a relevant detention power for a period of more than 96 hours from the relevant time, unless—
 - (a) “P” has been refused bail at an initial bail hearing in accordance with subsection (5)(b) of section [Bail hearings]; or
 - (b) the Secretary of State has arranged a reference to the Tribunal for consideration of whether to grant immigration bail to “P” in accordance with subsection (2)(c) of clause [Bail hearings] and that hearing has not yet taken place.
- (3) Nothing in subsection (2) shall authorise the Secretary of State to detain “P” under a relevant detention power if such detention would, apart from this section, be unlawful.
- (4) In this section, “Tribunal” means the First-Tier Tribunal.
- (5) In this section, “relevant detention power” has the meaning given in section [Time limit on immigration detention].”

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller
 Stella Creasy

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC3

To move the following Clause—

“Bail hearings

- (1) This section applies to any person (“P”) to whom section [Time limit on immigration detention] applies and who is detained under a relevant detention power.
- (2) Before the expiry of a period of 96 hours from the relevant time, the Secretary of State must—
 - (a) release “P”;
 - (b) grant immigration bail to “P” under paragraph 1 of Schedule 10 to the Immigration Act 2016; or
 - (c) arrange a reference to the Tribunal for consideration of whether to grant immigration bail to “P”.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), when the Secretary of State arranges a reference to the Tribunal under subsection (2)(c), the Tribunal must hold an oral hearing (“an initial bail hearing”) which must commence within 24 hours of the time at which the reference is made.
- (4) If the period of 24 hours in subsection (3) ends on a Saturday, Sunday or Bank holiday, the Tribunal must hold an initial bail hearing on the next working day.
- (5) At the initial bail hearing, the Tribunal must—

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (a) grant immigration bail to “P” under paragraph 1 of Schedule 10 to the Immigration Act 2016; or
 - (b) refuse to grant immigration bail to “P”.
- (6) Subject to subsection (7), the Tribunal must grant immigration bail to “P” at a bail hearing unless it is satisfied that the Secretary of State has established that the criteria in subsection 1 of section [Initial detention: criteria and duration] are met and that, in addition—
- (a) directions have been given for “P’s” removal from the United Kingdom and such removal is to take place within 14 days;
 - (b) a travel document is available for the purposes of “P’s” removal or deportation; and
 - (c) there are no outstanding legal barriers to removal.
- (7) Subsection (6) does not apply if the Tribunal is satisfied that the Secretary of State has established that the criteria in subsection 1 of section [Initial detention: criteria and duration] above are met and that there are very exceptional circumstances which justify maintaining detention.
- (8) In subsection (6) above, “a bail hearing” includes—
- (a) an initial bail hearing under subsection (2) above; and
 - (b) the hearing of an application for immigration bail under paragraph 1(3) of Schedule 10 of the Immigration Act 2016.
- (9) In this section, “Tribunal” means the First-Tier Tribunal.
- (10) The Secretary of State shall provide to “P” or “P’s” legal representative, not more than 24 hours after the relevant time, copies of all documents in the Secretary of State’s possession which are relevant to the decision to detain.
- (11) At the initial bail hearing, the Tribunal shall not consider any documents relied upon by the Secretary of State which were not provided to “P” or “P’s” legal representative in accordance with subsection (10), unless—
- (a) “P” consents to the documents being considered; or
 - (b) in the opinion of the Tribunal there is a good reason why the documents were not provided to “P” or to “P’s” legal representative in accordance with subsection (10).
- (12) The Immigration Act 2016 is amended as follows—
- (a) After paragraph 12(4) of schedule 10 insert—
 - “(4A) Sub-paragraph (2) above does not apply if the refusal of bail by the First-tier Tribunal took place at an initial bail hearing within the meaning of section [Bail hearings for EEA and Swiss nationals] of the Immigration and Social Security Coordination (EU Withdrawal) Act 2019.”
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Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller
 Stella Creasy

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC4

To move the following Clause—

“Commencement of detention provisions

- (1) Sections [Time limit on immigration detention] (save for subsection (1)(b)), [Initial detention: criteria and duration] and [Bail hearings] come into force six months after the day on which this Act is passed.
- (2) Subsection (1)(b) of section [Time limit on immigration detention] comes into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint.”

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC5

To move the following Clause—

“Time limit on immigration detention for EEA and Swiss nationals

- (1) For the purpose of this section, a person (“P”) is defined as—
 - (a) any person who, immediately before the commencement of Schedule 1, was—
 - (i) residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016;
 - (ii) residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with a right conferred by or under any of the other instruments which is repealed by Schedule 1; or
 - (iii) otherwise residing in the United Kingdom in accordance with any right derived from European Union law which continues, by virtue of section 4 of the EU Withdrawal Act 2018, to be recognised and available in domestic law after exit day;

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (2) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) as defined in subsection (1) under a relevant detention power for a period of more than 28 days from the relevant time.
- (3) If “P” remains detained under a relevant detention power at the expiry of the period of 28 days then—
 - (a) the Secretary of State shall release P forthwith; and
 - (b) the Secretary of State may not re—detain P under a relevant detention power thereafter, unless the Secretary of State is satisfied that there has been a material change of circumstances since “P’s” release and that the criteria in section [Initial detention: criteria and duration (No. 2)] are met.
- (4) In this Act, “relevant detention power” means a power to detain under—
 - (a) paragraph 16(2) of Schedule 2 to the Immigration Act 1971 (detention of persons liable to examination or removal);
 - (b) paragraph 2(1), (2) or (3) of Schedule 3 to that Act (detention pending deportation);
 - (c) section 62 of the Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002 (detention of persons liable to examination or removal); or
 - (d) section 36(1) of UK Borders Act 2007 (detention pending deportation).
- (5) In this Act, “relevant time” means the time at which “P” is first detained under a relevant detention power.
- (6) This section does not apply to a person in respect of whom the Secretary of State has certified that the decision to detain is or was taken in the interests of national security.”

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
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 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
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 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC6

To move the following Clause—

“Initial detention: criteria and duration (No. 2)

- (1) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) to whom section [Time limit on immigration detention for EEA and Swiss nationals] applies, under a relevant detention power other than for the purposes of examination, unless the Secretary of State is satisfied that—
 - (a) “P” can be shortly removed from the United Kingdom;
 - (b) detention is strictly necessary to affect “P”’s deportation or removal from the United Kingdom; and
 - (c) the detention of “P” is in all circumstances proportionate.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (2) The Secretary of State may not detain any person (“P”) who section [Time limit on detention for EEA and Swiss nationals] applies to under a relevant detention power for a period of more than 96 hours from the relevant time, unless—
 - (a) “P” has been refused bail at an initial bail hearing in accordance with subsection (5)(b) of section [Bail hearings (No. 2)]; or
 - (b) the Secretary of State has arranged a reference to the Tribunal for consideration of whether to grant immigration bail to “P” in accordance with subsection (2)(c) of section [Bail hearings (No. 2)] and that hearing has not yet taken place.
- (3) Nothing in subsection (2) shall authorise the Secretary of State to detain “P” under a relevant detention power if such detention would, apart from this section, be unlawful.
- (4) In this section, “Tribunal” means the First-Tier Tribunal.
- (5) In this section, “relevant detention power” has the meaning given in section [Time limit on detention for EEA and Swiss nationals].”

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC7

To move the following Clause—

“Bail hearings (No. 2)

- (1) This section applies to any person (“P”) to whom section [Time limit on immigration detention for EEA and Swiss nationals] applies and who is detained under a relevant detention power.
- (2) Before the expiry of a period of 96 hours from the relevant time, the Secretary of State must—
 - (a) release “P”;
 - (b) grant immigration bail to “P” under paragraph 1 of Schedule 10 to the Immigration Act 2016; or
 - (c) arrange a reference to the Tribunal for consideration of whether to grant immigration bail to “P”.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), when the Secretary of State arranges a reference to the Tribunal under subsection (2)(c), the Tribunal must hold an oral hearing (“an initial bail hearing”) which must commence within 24 hours of the time at which the reference is made.
- (4) If the period of 24 hours in subsection (3) ends on a Saturday, Sunday or Bank holiday, the Tribunal must hold an initial bail hearing on the next working day.
- (5) At the initial bail hearing, the Tribunal must—

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (a) grant immigration bail to “P” under paragraph 1 of Schedule 10 to the Immigration Act 2016; or
 - (b) refuse to grant immigration bail to “P”.
 - (6) Subject to subsection (7), the Tribunal must grant immigration bail to “P” at a bail hearing unless it is satisfied that the Secretary of State has established that the criteria in subsection 1 of section [Initial detention: criteria and duration (No. 2)] are met and that, in addition—
 - (a) directions have been given for “P’s” removal from the United Kingdom and such removal is to take place within 14 days;
 - (b) a travel document is available for the purposes of “P’s” removal or deportation; and
 - (c) there are no outstanding legal barriers to removal.
 - (7) Subsection (6) does not apply if the Tribunal is satisfied that the Secretary of State has established that the criteria in subsection 1 of section [Initial detention: criteria and duration (No. 2)] above are met and that there are very exceptional circumstances which justify maintaining detention.
 - (8) In subsection (6) above, “a bail hearing” includes—
 - (a) an initial bail hearing under subsection (2) above; and
 - (b) the hearing of an application for immigration bail under paragraph 1(3) of Schedule 10 of the Immigration Act 2016.
 - (9) In this section, “Tribunal” means the First-Tier Tribunal.
 - (10) The Secretary of State shall provide to “P” or “P’s” legal representative, not more than 24 hours after the relevant time, copies of all documents in the Secretary of State’s possession which are relevant to the decision to detain.
 - (11) At the initial bail hearing, the Tribunal shall not consider any documents relied upon by the Secretary of State which were not provided to “P” or “P’s” legal representative in accordance with subsection (10), unless—
 - (a) “P” consents to the documents being considered; or
 - (b) in the opinion of the Tribunal there is a good reason why the documents were not provided to “P” or to “P’s” legal representative in accordance with subsection (10).
 - (12) The Immigration Act 2016 is amended as follows—
 - (a) After paragraph 12(4) of schedule 10 insert—
 - “(4A) Sub-paragraph (2) above does not apply if the refusal of bail by the First-tier Tribunal took place at an initial bail hearing within the meaning of section [Bail hearings (No. 2)] of the Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Act 2019.”.
-

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, continued

Mr David Davis
 Stuart C McDonald
 Joanna Cherry
 Ms Harriet Harman
 Christine Jardine
 Daisy Cooper

Layla Moran
 Sarah Olney
 Jamie Stone
 Mr Andrew Mitchell
 Nadia Whittome

Sir Edward Davey
 Wendy Chamberlain
 Richard Burgon
 Richard Fuller

Wera Hobhouse
 Munira Wilson
 Tim Farron
 Mr Steve Baker

NC8

To move the following Clause—

“Commencement of detention provisions (No. 2)

- (1) Sections [Time limit on immigration detention for EEA and Swiss Nationals], [Initial detention: criteria and duration (No. 2)] and [Bail hearings (No. 2)] come into force six months after the day on which this Act is passed.”

Liz Saville Roberts
 Hywel Williams
 Ben Lake
 Jonathan Edwards

NC9

To move the following Clause—

“Report on the impact to EEA and Swiss nationals

- (1) This Act shall not come into effect until a Minister of the Crown has laid a report before each House of Parliament setting out the impact of the Act on EEA and Swiss nationals in the UK.
- (2) A report under subsection (1) must consider—
- (a) the impact on EEA and Swiss nationals of having no recourse to public funds under Immigration Rules;
 - (b) the impact of NHS charging for EEA and Swiss nationals;
 - (c) the impact of granting citizenship to all EEA and Swiss health and social care workers working in the UK during the Covid-19 pandemic;
 - (d) the impact of amending the Immigration and Nationality (Fees) Regulations 2018 to remove all fees for applications, processes and services for EEA and Swiss nationals; and
 - (e) the merits of the devolution of powers over immigration from the EEA area and Switzerland to (i) Senedd Cymru; (ii) the Scottish Parliament; and (iii) the Northern Ireland Assembly.
- (3) A Minister of the Crown must, not later than six months after the report has been laid before Parliament, make a motion in the House of Commons in relation to the report.
- (4) In this section, “health and social care workers” includes doctors, nurses, midwives, paramedics, social workers, care workers, and other frontline health and social care staff required to maintain the UK’s health and social care sector.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would ensure that before this Act coming into force, Parliament would have a

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, continued

chance to discuss how EEA and Swiss nationals will be affected by its provisions, including no recourse to public funds conditions, NHS charging, the possibility of granting British citizenship to non-British health and social care workers, removing citizenship application fees and the potential devolution of immigration policy of EEA and Swiss nationals to Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC10

To move the following Clause—

“Extension of registration for EU Settlement Scheme

- (1) The EU Settlement Scheme deadline shall be extended by a period of six months unless a motion not to extend the deadline is debated and approved by both Houses of Parliament.
- (2) Any motion not to extend, referred to in subsection (1), must be debated and approved no later than three months before the deadline.
- (3) In this section, “the EU Settlement Scheme Deadline” means the deadline for applying for settled or pre-settled status under the Immigration Rules.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would ensure the EU settlement scheme was not closed to new applications until Parliament has approved its closure.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC11

To move the following Clause—

“Application after the EU Settlement Scheme deadline

- (1) An application to the EU Settlement Scheme after the EU settlement scheme deadline must still be decided in accordance with appendix EU of the Immigration Rules, unless reasons of public policy, public security, or public health apply in accordance with Regulation 27 of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016 (as they have effect at the date of application or as they had effect immediately before they were revoked).
- (2) In this section—
“an application to the EU Settlement Scheme” means an application for pre-settled or settled status under appendix EU of the Immigration Rules;

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, continued

“the EU Settlement Scheme Deadline” means the deadline for applying for settled or pre-settled status under appendix EU of the Immigration Rules.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would ensure that late applications to the EU settlement scheme will still be considered, unless reasons of public policy, public security or public health apply.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry
Tim Farron

NC12

To move the following Clause—

“Immigration health charge

No immigration health charge introduced under section 38 of the Immigration Act 2014 may be imposed on an individual who is an EEA or Swiss national.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would prevent EEA or Swiss nationals paying the immigration health charge.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC13

To move the following Clause—

“Registration as a British citizen by EEA and Swiss nationals

- (1) No person, who has at any time exercised any of the rights for which Schedule 1 makes provision to end, may be charged a fee to register as a British citizen that is higher than the cost to the Secretary of State of exercising the function of registration.
- (2) No child of a person who has at any time exercised any of the rights for which Schedule 1 makes provision to end may be charged a fee to register as a British citizen if that child is receiving the assistance of a local authority.
- (3) No child of a person who has at any time exercised any of the rights for which Schedule 1 makes provision to end may be charged a fee to register as a British citizen that the child or the child’s parent, guardian or carer is unable to afford.
- (4) The Secretary of State must take steps to raise awareness of people to whom subsection (1) applies of their rights under the British Nationality Act 1981 to register as British citizens.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would mean that nobody whose right of free movement was removed by the Bill could be charged a fee for registering as a British citizen that was greater than the cost of the registration process and would abolish the fee for some children.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC14

To move the following Clause—

“Legal Aid for EEA and Swiss nationals

- (1) The Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 is amended in accordance with subsection (2).
- (2) In Schedule 1, paragraph 30, after sub-paragraph (d), insert—
 - “(e) the Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Act 2020.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would allow individuals to seek legal aid in order to obtain advice on the right to enter and remain under this Act.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC15

To move the following Clause—

“Illegal working: EEA and Swiss nationals

Section 24B of the Immigration Act 1971 does not apply to any work undertaken by an EEA or Swiss nationals.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would limit the offence of illegal working so that it did not apply to EEA or Swiss nationals.

Stuart C McDonald
Joanna Cherry

NC16

To move the following Clause—

“Immigration Rules Advisory Committee for Immigration Rules for EEA and Swiss nationals

- (1) The Secretary of State must establish an Immigration Rules Advisory Committee to consider relevant Immigration Rules.
- (2) In this section “relevant Immigration Rules” mean Immigration Rules that apply to persons whose right of free movement is ended by section 1 and schedule 1 of this Act.
- (3) The function of the Immigration Rules Advisory Committee shall be to give advice and assistance to the Secretary of State in connection with the discharge of his functions under this Act and in particular in relation to the making of relevant Immigration Rules.
- (4) The constitution of the Immigration Rules Advisory Committee shall be set out in regulations.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (5) The Secretary of State shall furnish the Immigration Rules Advisory Committee with such information as the Committee may reasonably require for the proper discharge of its functions.
- (6) No relevant Immigration Rules may be made by the Secretary of State, until the Immigration Rules Advisory Committee is established.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require an advisory committee to be established in order to provide advice on immigration rules for EEA and Swiss nationals.

Yvette Cooper
Caroline Nokes
Mr Clive Betts
Tim Loughton
Stuart C McDonald
Dame Diana Johnson

Andrew Gwynne

Ms Diane Abbott

NC17

To move the following Clause—

“Visa extensions for NHS, health and care staff during Covid-19 pandemic

- (1) Where—
- (a) a person (“P”) meets either the condition in subsection (2) or the condition in subsection (3); and
 - (b) P’s leave in the United Kingdom would otherwise expire prior to 1 January 2021
- then P’s leave is extended until 12 months after the date on which P’s leave would otherwise expire without any further fee or charge being incurred.
- (2) The condition in this subsection is that the individual is a health and care professional, or a social worker, or employed in another frontline health and care role.
- (3) The condition in this subsection is that the individual is a family member of a person meeting the condition in subsection (2).
- (4) In this section—
- “health and care professional” is a person within the class of persons who are nurses or other health and care professionals, or medical professionals within the meaning of the regulations referred to in sections 2 to 5 of the Coronavirus Act 2020;
- “social worker” is a person within the class of persons who are social workers within the meaning of the regulations referred to in sections 6 to 7 of the Coronavirus Act 2020;
- “employed in another frontline health and care role” means a person employed in a role conferring eligibility for the NHS and Social Care Coronavirus Life Assurance Scheme 2020.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would put the Government’s policy of visa extensions on a statutory footing, and

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, continued

ensure that it includes all health and social care workers and other frontline employees including cleaners and porters.

Brendan O’Hara
Neil Gray
Kirsten Oswald
Chris Stephens
Amy Callaghan
Dr Philippa Whitford

Carol Monaghan

David Linden

NC18

To move the following Clause—

“Duty to commission an independent evaluation: health and social care sectors

- (1) The Secretary of State shall commission an independent evaluation of the matters under subsection (5) and shall lay the report of the evaluation before each House of Parliament.
- (2) The Secretary of State must appoint an independent person to undertake the evaluation (“the independent evaluator”).
- (3) In this section, “independent person” means a person who is independent of Her Majesty’s Government.
- (4) No person may be appointed under subsection (2) unless their appointment has been consented to by—
 - (a) the relevant Scottish Ministers;
 - (b) the relevant Welsh Ministers; and
 - (c) the relevant Northern Ireland departments.
- (5) The evaluation under subsection (1) shall consider an assessment of the effects of this Act on—
 - (a) the health and social care workforce;
 - (b) the efficiency and effectiveness of the health and social care sectors;
 - (c) the adequacy of public funding for the health and social care sectors; and
 - (d) such other relevant matters as the independent evaluator sees fit.
- (6) In undertaking the evaluation, the independent evaluator must consult—
 - (a) the Secretary of State;
 - (b) the relevant Scottish Ministers;
 - (c) the relevant Welsh Ministers;
 - (d) the relevant Northern Ireland departments;
 - (e) providers of health and social care services;
 - (f) persons requiring health and social care services;
 - (g) representatives of persons requiring health and social care services; and
 - (h) such other relevant persons as the independent evaluator sees fit.
- (7) The independent evaluator must prepare a report on the evaluation for the Secretary of State.
- (8) The Secretary of State must lay that report before Parliament no later than one year after this Act is passed.

Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill, *continued*

- (9) A Minister of the Crown must, not later than six months after the report has been laid before Parliament, make arrangements for—
- (a) a motion relating to the report to be debated and voted upon by the House of Commons; and
 - (b) a motion relating to the report to be debated and voted upon by the House of Lords.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require an independent evaluation of the impact of the Act upon the health and social care sectors across the UK to be produced and laid before Parliament. It would require that the devolved nations are consulted as well as other interested parties.

ORDER OF THE HOUSE [18 MAY 2020]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Immigration and Social Security Co-ordination (EU Withdrawal) Bill:

Committal

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Public Bill Committee.

Proceedings in Public Bill Committee

2. Proceedings in the Public Bill Committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion on Thursday 25 June 2020.
3. The Public Bill Committee shall have leave to sit twice on the first day on which it meets.

Proceedings on Consideration and up to and including Third Reading

4. Proceedings on Consideration and any proceedings in legislative grand committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which proceedings on Consideration are commenced.
5. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.
6. Standing Order No. 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings on Consideration and up to and including Third Reading.

Other proceedings

7. Any other proceedings on the Bill may be programmed
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NOTICES WITHDRAWN

The following Notices were withdrawn on 1 June 2020:

Amendment 7
