

# Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill

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## EXPLANATORY NOTES

Explanatory notes to the Bill, prepared by the Ministry of Justice and the Home Office, are published separately as Bill 129-EN.

## EUROPEAN CONVENTION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Secretary Robert Buckland has made the following statement under section 19(1)(a) of the Human Rights Act 1998:

In my view the provisions of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill are compatible with the Convention rights.

# Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill

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**B I L L**  
TO

Make provision about the sentencing of offenders convicted of terrorism offences, of offences with a terrorist connection or of certain other offences; to make other provision in relation to terrorism; and for connected purposes.

**B**E IT ENACTED by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament

2 *Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Part 1 — Sentencing of terrorist and certain other*  
assembled, and by the authority of the same,  
as follows:—

## **PART 1**

### SENTENCING OF TERRORIST AND CERTAIN OTHER OFFENDERS

#### *Offences to be sentenced as terrorist offences*

- 1 Offences aggravated by terrorist connection** 5
- (1) The Sentencing Code is amended as set out in subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) In section 69 (offences aggravated by terrorist connection)— 10
- (a) in subsection (1), for the words from “specified” to the end substitute “within subsection (4) or (5)”;
- (b) after subsection (3) insert—
- “(4) An offence is within this subsection if it— 15
- (a) was committed on or after the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, 20
- (b) is punishable on indictment with imprisonment for more than 2 years, and

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- (c) is not specified in Schedule A1.
- (5) An offence is within this subsection if it—
  - (a) was committed before the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, and 5
  - (b) is specified in Schedule 1. 10
- (6) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsections (4) and (5) to have been committed on the last of those days.” 15
- (3) Before Schedule 1, insert, as Schedule A1, the Schedule set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to this Act. 20
- (4) The Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) is amended as follows.
- (5) In section 30 (offences aggravated by terrorist connection: Northern Ireland)— 25
  - (a) in subsection (1), for the words from “specified” to the end substitute “within subsection (5A) or (5B)”;

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(b) after subsection (5) insert—

“(5A) An offence is within this subsection if it—

(a) was committed on or after the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, 5

(b) is punishable on indictment with imprisonment for more than 2 years (or would be so punishable in the case of an offender aged at least 21), and 10

(c) is not specified in Schedule 1A. 15

(5B) An offence is within this subsection if it—

(a) was committed—

(i) on or after 12 April 2019 (being the date on which section 8 of the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019, which extended this section to Northern Ireland, came into force), but 20

(ii) before the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing 25

Act 2020 came into force,  
and

(b) is specified in Schedule 2.

(5C) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsections (5A) and (5B) to have been committed on the last of those days.”;

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(c) omit subsection (6).

(6) In section 31 (offences aggravated by terrorist connection: Scotland)—

(a) in subsection (1), for the words from “specified” to “considered)” substitute “within subsection (4A) or (4B)”;

15

(b) after subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) An offence is within this subsection if it—

20

(a) was committed on or after the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force,

25

(b) is punishable on indictment with imprisonment for more than 2 years (or would be so punishable in the case of an offender aged at least 21), and

30

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- (c) is not specified in Schedule 1A.
- (4B) An offence is within this subsection if it—
- (a) was committed— 5
- (i) on or after the relevant date, but
- (ii) before the day on which section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, and 10
- (b) is specified in Schedule 2.
- (4C) The relevant date for the purposes of subsection (4B)(a)(i) is— 15
- (a) 18 June 2009 (being the date on which this section came into force), in relation to any offence that is not mentioned in paragraph (b); 20
- (b) 12 April 2019 (being the date on which section 8 of the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019, which amended Schedule 2, came into force) in relation to any of the following offences under the law of Scotland— 25
- (i) assault by explosive device; 30

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- (ii) assault to severe injury;
- (iii) assault and poisoning;
- (iv) poisoning.

(4D) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsections (4A) to (4C) to have been committed on the last of those days.”; 5  
10

(c) omit subsection (5).

(7) After Schedule 1, insert, as Schedule 1A, the Schedule set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1 to this Act. 15

**2 Meaning of “serious terrorism offence”:  
England and Wales**

In the Sentencing Code—

(a) in section 306 (extended sentences: meaning of “specified offence” etc), in subsection (2), after the definition of “serious harm” insert— 20

““serious terrorism offence” means an offence that—

(a) is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 17A, or 25

(b) is specified in Part 2 of that Schedule and has been determined to have a



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terrorist connection under  
 section 69;”;

- (b) after Schedule 17, insert, as Schedule 17A, the Schedule set out in Schedule 2 to this Act.

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**3 Offences relevant for provisions of this Act relating to Northern Ireland**

- (1) The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)) is amended as follows.

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- (2) In Article 12 (interpretation of Chapter 3 of Part 2 (dangerous offenders and other terrorist offenders))—

- (a) in paragraph (3), before the definition of “life sentence” insert—

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“determination of terrorist connection”, in relation to an offence, means a determination by the court that the offence has a terrorist connection under section 30 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008;”;

20

- (b) after paragraph (5) insert—

“(6) Schedule 2A specifies certain terrorism offences and other offences which may be determined to have a terrorist connection for the purposes of various provisions

25

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of this Chapter and Chapter 4, and makes related provision.

(7) In this Chapter “serious terrorism offence” means—

(a) an offence within Part 2 of Schedule 2A (terrorism offences punishable with life imprisonment); or

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(b) an offence within Part 3 of that Schedule (offences with possible terrorist connection punishable with life imprisonment) in respect of which a determination of terrorist connection is made.”

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(3) After Schedule 2 insert, as Schedule 2A, the Schedule set out in Schedule 3 to this Act.

*Serious terrorism sentences*

**4 Serious terrorism sentence for adults aged under 21: England and Wales**

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After section 268 of the Sentencing Code insert—

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*“Serious terrorism sentence*

**268A Serious terrorism sentence of  
detention in a young offender  
institution**

A serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution is a sentence of detention in a young offender institution the term of which is equal to the aggregate of— 5

- (a) the appropriate custodial term (see section 268C), and 10
- (b) a further period (the “extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence.

**268B Serious terrorism sentence:  
circumstances in which required** 15

(1) Subsection (2) applies where a court is dealing with an offender for a serious terrorism offence (see section 306(2)) where— 20

(a) the offence was committed on or after the day on which section 4 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, 25

(b) the offender was aged 18 or over when the offence was committed,

(c) the offender is aged under 21 when convicted of the offence,

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- (d) the court is of the opinion that there is a significant risk to members of the public of serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other specified offences (see section 308), 5
  - (e) the court does not impose a sentence of custody for life, and 10
  - (f) the risk of multiple deaths condition is met.
- (2) The court must impose a serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution under section 268A unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which— 15
  - (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and 20
  - (b) justify not doing so.
- (3) The risk of multiple deaths condition is that the court is of the opinion that—
  - (a) either— 25
    - (i) the serious terrorism offence, or
    - (ii) the combination of the offence and one or more offences associated with it,

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- was very likely to result in or contribute to (whether directly or indirectly) the deaths of at least two people as a result of an act of terrorism (within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Act 2000), and 5
- (b) the offender was, or ought to have been, aware of that likelihood.
- (4) It is irrelevant for the purposes of determining whether the risk of multiple deaths condition is met whether or not any death actually occurred. 10
- (5) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1) to have been committed on the last of those days. 15  
20
- (6) The pre-sentence report requirements (see section 30) apply to the court in relation to forming the opinion mentioned in subsection (1)(d).
- 268C Term of serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution** 25
- (1) This section applies where the court dealing with an offender is required by

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section 268B to impose a serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution under section 268A.

- (2) The appropriate custodial term is— 5
  - (a) 14 years, or
  - (b) if longer, the term of detention in a young offender institution that would be imposed in respect of the offence in compliance with section 231(2) (length of discretionary custodial sentences) if the court did not impose a serious terrorism sentence (or an extended sentence or a sentence under section 265). 10
  
- (3) The extension period must be a period of such length as the court considers necessary for the purpose of protecting members of the public from serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other specified offences. 15

This is subject to subsection (4). 20
  
- (4) The extension period must— 25
  - (a) be at least 7 years, and
  - (b) not exceed 25 years.”

## **5 Serious terrorism sentence for adults aged 21 or over: England and Wales**

After section 282 of the Sentencing Code insert—

*“Serious terrorism sentence* 5

### **282A Serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment: persons 21 or over**

A serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment is a sentence of imprisonment the term of which is equal to the aggregate of— 10

- (a) the appropriate custodial term (see section 282C), and
- (b) a further period (the “extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence. 15

### **282B Serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment: circumstances in which required**

(1) Subsection (2) applies where a court is dealing with an offender for a serious terrorism offence (see section 306(2)) where— 20

- (a) the offence was committed on or after the day on which section 5 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, 25

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- (b) the offender was aged 18 or over when the offence was committed,
  - (c) the offender is aged 21 or over when convicted of the offence,
  - (d) the court is of the opinion that there is a significant risk to members of the public of serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other specified offences (see section 308), 5
  - (e) the court does not impose a sentence of imprisonment for life, and 10
  - (f) the risk of multiple deaths condition is met. 15
- (2) The court must impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 282A unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which— 20
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and
  - (b) justify not doing so. 25
- (3) The risk of multiple deaths condition is that the court is of the opinion that—
- (a) either— 30
    - (i) the serious terrorism offence, or



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- (ii) the combination of the offence and one or more offences associated with it,  
was very likely to result in or contribute to (whether directly or indirectly) the deaths of at least two people as a result of an act of terrorism (within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Act 2000), and
- (b) the offender was, or ought to have been, aware of that likelihood.
- (4) It is irrelevant for the purposes of determining whether the risk of multiple deaths condition is met whether or not any death actually occurred.
- (5) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1) to have been committed on the last of those days.
- (6) The pre-sentence report requirements (see section 30) apply to the court in relation to forming the opinion mentioned in subsection (1)(d).

**282C Term of serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment**

- (1) This section applies where the court dealing with an offender is required by section 282B to impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 282A. 5
  
- (2) The appropriate custodial term is—
  - (a) 14 years, or
  - (b) if longer, the term of imprisonment that would be imposed in respect of the offence in compliance with section 231(2) (length of discretionary custodial sentences) if the court did not impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment (or an extended sentence or a sentence under section 278). 1015
  
- (3) The extension period must be a period of such length as the court considers necessary for the purpose of protecting members of the public from serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other specified offences. 20  
This is subject to subsection (4). 25
  
- (4) The extension period must—

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- (a) be at least 7 years, and
- (b) not exceed 25 years.”

## **6 Serious terrorism sentence: Scotland**

- (1) After section 205 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 insert— 5

### **“205ZA Serious terrorism sentence**

- (1) This section applies where—
- (a) a person is convicted on indictment of a serious terrorism offence,
  - (b) the offence was committed on or after the day on which section 6 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force, 10
  - (c) the offender was aged 18 or over when the offence was committed, 15
  - (d) the court is of the opinion that there is a significant risk to members of the public of serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other terrorism offences to which section 210A applies, 20
  - (e) the court does not impose a sentence of imprisonment for life or a sentence of detention for life in a young offenders institution, and 25

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- (f) the risk of multiple deaths condition is met.
- (2) Where the offender is 21 years of age or over, the court must impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which—
  - (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and
  - (b) justify not doing so.
- (3) The risk of multiple deaths condition is that the court is of the opinion that—
  - (a) either—
    - (i) the serious terrorism offence, or
    - (ii) the combination of the offence and one or more offences associated with it,was very likely to result in or contribute to (whether directly or indirectly) the deaths of at least two people as a result of an act of terrorism (within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Act 2000), and
  - (b) the offender was, or ought to have been, aware of that likelihood.

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- (4) It is irrelevant for the purposes of determining whether the risk of multiple deaths condition is met whether or not any death actually occurred.
- (5) A serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment is a sentence of imprisonment the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
- (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period (“the extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence under Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.
- (6) Where the offender is under 21 years of age, the court must impose a serious terrorism sentence of detention unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which—
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and
  - (b) justify not doing so.
- (7) A serious terrorism sentence of detention is a sentence of detention in a young offenders institution the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
- (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period (“the extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence under Part 1

of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.

- (8) The appropriate custodial term is—
- (a) 14 years, or
  - (b) if longer, the term of imprisonment or, as the case may be, detention that would be imposed in respect of the offence if the court did not impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment or, as the case may be, a serious terrorism sentence of detention (or a sentence under section 205ZC or an extended sentence under section 210A).
- (9) The extension period must be a period of such length as the court considers necessary for the purpose of protecting members of the public from serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or other terrorism offences to which section 210A applies (but subject to subsection (10)).
- (10) The extension period must—
- (a) be at least 7 years, and
  - (b) not exceed 25 years.

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- (11) Before forming an opinion for the purposes of subsection (1)(d), the court must—
- (a) consider a report by a relevant officer of a local authority about the offender and the offender’s circumstances, and 5
  - (b) if the court thinks it necessary, hear that officer.
- (12) In this section— 10
- “local authority” and “relevant officer” have the meanings given by section 27 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993; 15
  - “serious terrorism offence” means an offence that—
    - (a) is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 5ZA, or
    - (b) is specified in Part 2 of that Schedule and has been proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008.” 20 25
- (2) After Schedule 5 to that Act insert, as Schedule 5ZA, the Schedule set out in Schedule 4 to this Act.

**7 Serious terrorism sentence: Northern Ireland**

In the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)), after Article 13 insert—

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**“13A Serious terrorism sentence**

(1) This Article applies where—

(a) a person is convicted on indictment of a serious terrorism offence;

(b) the offence was committed after the commencement of section 7 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020;

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(c) at the time when the offence was committed the offender was aged 18 or over;

15

(d) the court is of the opinion that there is a significant risk to members of the public of serious harm occasioned by the commission by the offender of further serious terrorism offences or specified offences;

20

(e) the court does not impose a life sentence or an indeterminate custodial sentence; and

25

(f) the risk of multiple deaths condition is met.



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- (2) The court shall impose a serious terrorism sentence, unless the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which—
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender; and 5
  - (b) justify not doing so.
- (3) The risk of multiple deaths condition is that the court is of the opinion that—
- (a) either— 10
    - (i) the offence referred to in paragraph (1)(a); or
    - (ii) the combination of that offence and one or more offences associated with it, 15

was very likely to result in or contribute to (whether directly or indirectly) the deaths of at least two people as a result of an act of terrorism (within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Act 2000); and 20
  - (b) the offender was, or ought to have been, aware of that likelihood.
- (4) It is irrelevant for the purposes of determining whether the risk of multiple deaths condition is met whether or not any death actually occurred. 25

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- (5) Where the offender is aged 21 or over, a serious terrorism sentence is a sentence of imprisonment the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
- (a) the appropriate custodial term; and 5
  - (b) a further period (“the extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence.
- (6) Where the offender is under the age of 21, a serious terrorism sentence is a sentence of detention at such place and under such conditions as the Department of Justice may direct for a term which is equal to the aggregate of— 10
- (a) the appropriate custodial term; and 15
  - (b) a further period (“the extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence.
- (7) A person detained pursuant to the directions of the Department of Justice under paragraph (6) shall while so detained be in legal custody. 20
- (8) In paragraphs (5)(a) and (6)(a), “the appropriate custodial term” means (subject to paragraphs (9) and (10))— 25
- (a) a term of 14 years; or
  - (b) if longer, the term that would (apart from this Article and Articles 14 and 15A) be imposed in 30

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compliance with Article 7 (length of  
custodial sentences).

- (9) The court may, to the extent that it considers appropriate in order to take into account a guilty plea in accordance with Article 33(1) of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 1996, specify an appropriate custodial term of less than 14 years but no less than 11 years and 73 days. 5
- (10) The court may specify a lesser period than that otherwise required by paragraph (8) or (9) if the court is of the opinion that it is appropriate to do so on taking account of matters under section 73(2) of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (assistance given or offered to investigator or prosecutor). 10
- (11) The extension period under paragraph (5)(b) or (6)(b)— 15
- (a) must be at least seven years and must not exceed 25 years; and
- (b) subject to those limits, is to be of such length as the court considers necessary for the purpose of protecting members of the public from the risk of harm referred to in paragraph (1)(d). 20
- 25

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(12) A court which imposes a serious terrorism sentence shall not make an order under section 18 of the Treatment of Offenders Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (suspended sentences) in relation to that sentence.

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(13) Remission shall not be granted under prison rules to the offender in respect of a sentence imposed under this Article.”

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*Serious terrorism sentences: supplementary provision*

**8 Reduction in appropriate custodial term for guilty pleas: England and Wales**

In section 73 of the Sentencing Code (reduction in sentences for guilty pleas), after subsection (2) insert—

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“(2A) If the court imposes a serious terrorism sentence in relation to the offence, nothing in section 268C(2) or, as the case may be, 282C(2) prevents the court, after taking into account any matter referred to in subsection (2), from imposing as the appropriate custodial term a term of any length which is not less than 80 per cent of the term which would otherwise be required.”

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## **9 Reduction in appropriate custodial term for guilty pleas: Scotland**

In section 196 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (sentence following guilty plea), after subsection (1A) insert—

“(1B) Subsection (1C) applies where—

(a) the court is imposing on an offender—

(i) a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 205ZA(2),

(ii) a serious terrorism sentence of detention under section 205ZA(6),

(iii) a sentence of imprisonment for life to which section 205ZB applies, or

(iv) a sentence of detention for life to which section 205ZB applies, and

(b) the offender has pled guilty to the offence for which the offender is being sentenced.

(1C) The court may, after taking into account the matters mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1), impose as the appropriate custodial term or, as the case may be, specify as the punishment part, a term of any length which is not less than 80

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per cent of the term which would otherwise be required.”

**10 Reduction in appropriate custodial term for assistance to prosecution: England and Wales**

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In section 74 of the Sentencing Code (reduction in sentence for assistance to prosecution), after subsection (4) insert—

“(4A) Nothing in section 268C(2) or 282C(2) (minimum appropriate custodial term for serious terrorism sentences) affects the court’s power under subsection (2) so far it relates to determining the appropriate custodial term.”

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*Life or indeterminate sentences for serious terrorism offences*

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**11 Minimum term order for serious terrorism offenders: England and Wales**

In section 323 of the Sentencing Code (minimum term order: other life sentences) after subsection (2) insert—

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“(3) Subsection (2) is subject to the requirement that the minimum term in a serious terrorism case must be at least 14 years.

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This is subject to subsections (5) and (6).

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- (4) A “serious terrorism case” is a case where, but for the fact that the court passes a life sentence, the court would be required by section 268B(2) or 282B(2) to impose a serious terrorism sentence (assuming for this purpose that the court is not of the opinion mentioned in section 268B(2) or 282B(2)). 5
- (5) The minimum term may be less than 14 years if the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which— 10
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and 15
- (b) justify a lesser period.
- (6) The minimum term may be less than 14 years if the court considers it appropriate, taking into account— 20
- (a) the matters mentioned in subsection (2)(c), and 20
- (b) the effect that the following would, if the court had sentenced the offender under section 268B(2) or 282B(2), have had in relation to the appropriate custodial term for that sentence— 25
- (i) section 73 (reductions for guilty pleas), and

(ii) section 74 (reductions for assistance to the prosecution).”

**12 Minimum punishment part for serious terrorism offenders: Scotland**

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After section 205ZA of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (inserted by section 6) insert—

**“205ZB Minimum punishment part where life sentence imposed for serious terrorism offence**

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(1) This section applies where—

- (a) section 205ZA(1)(a) to (d) and (f) applies in relation to a person, and
- (b) the court imposes a sentence of imprisonment for life or a sentence of detention for life in a young offenders institution on the person.

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(2) In making under section 2(3) of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 an order mentioned in section 2(2) of that Act in respect of the offender, the court must specify a punishment part of at least 14 years (but subject to subsection (3) and section 196(1C) of this Act).

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(3) The punishment part may be less than 14 years if the court is of the opinion

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- that there are exceptional circumstances which—
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender, and
  - (b) justify a lesser period. 5
- (4) Before forming an opinion for the purposes of section 205ZA(1)(d) (by virtue of subsection (1)), the court must—
- (a) consider a report by a relevant officer of a local authority about the offender and the offender’s circumstances, and 10
  - (b) if the court thinks it necessary, hear that officer. 15
- (5) In this section, “local authority” and “relevant officer” have the meanings given by section 27 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.” 20

**13 Minimum tariff for serious terrorism offenders given life sentences: Northern Ireland**

- (1) The Life Sentences (Northern Ireland) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/2564 (N.I. 2)) is amended as follows. 25

*Part 1 — Sentencing of terrorist and certain other*

(2) In Article 5(2) (length of tariff), after “shall” insert “(subject to Article 5A (serious terrorism cases))”.

(3) After Article 5 insert—

**“5A Minimum tariff in serious terrorism cases** 5

(1) If the court makes an order under Article 5(1) in a serious terrorism case, the part of the sentence specified in the order must be at least 14 years. 10

This is subject to paragraphs (2) to (4).

(2) The court may, to the extent that it considers appropriate in order to take into account a guilty plea in accordance with Article 33(1) of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 1996, specify a period of less than 14 years but (subject to paragraphs (3) and (4)) no less than 11 years and 73 days. 15

(3) The court may specify a lesser period than that otherwise required by paragraph (1) or (2) if the court is of the opinion that it is appropriate to do so on taking account of matters under section 73(2) of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (assistance given or offered to investigator or prosecutor). 20

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- (4) The court may specify a lesser period than that otherwise required by paragraph (1) or (2) if the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which— 5
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender; and
- (b) justify the specification of a lesser period.
- (5) For the purposes of this Article, a “serious terrorism case” is a case where, if the court did not impose a life sentence or an indeterminate custodial sentence, it would be required by Article 13A of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 to impose a serious terrorism sentence (assuming for this purpose that the court was not of the opinion mentioned in paragraph (2) of that Article). 10  
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- (6) In paragraph (5), “indeterminate custodial sentence” means a sentence under Article 13(4) of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008.”

**14 Minimum custodial period for serious terrorism offenders given indeterminate custodial sentences: Northern Ireland** 25

- (1) Article 13 of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216

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(N.I. 1)) (life sentences and indeterminate custodial sentences) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (3)(b), after “being” insert “(subject to paragraphs (3A) to (3E))”.

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(3) After paragraph (3) insert—

“(3A) In a serious terrorism case, the period specified under paragraph (3)(b) must (subject to paragraphs (3C) to (3E)) be at least 14 years.

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(3B) A “serious terrorism case” is a case where, but for the fact that the court is required to impose an indeterminate custodial sentence, it would be required by Article 13A to impose a serious terrorism sentence (assuming for this purpose that the court was not of the opinion mentioned in paragraph (2) of that Article).

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(3C) The court may, to the extent that it considers appropriate in order to take into account a guilty plea in accordance with Article 33(1) of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 1996, specify a period of less than 14 years but (subject to paragraphs (3D) and (3E)) no less than 11 years and 73 days.

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- (3D) The court may specify a lesser period than that otherwise required by paragraph (3A) or (3C) if the court is of the opinion that it is appropriate to do so on taking account of matters under section 73(2) of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (assistance given or offered to investigator or prosecutor). 5
- (3E) The court may specify a lesser period than that otherwise required by paragraph (3A) or (3C) if the court is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances which— 10
- (a) relate to the offence or to the offender; and 15
- (b) justify the specification of a lesser period.”

*Extended sentences*

- 15 Additional offences attracting extended sentence: England and Wales** 20
- (1) Part 1 of Schedule 18 to the Sentencing Code (specified violent offences attracting extended sentence) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 5 (offences under the Explosive Substances Act 1883), at the end insert— 25

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“(d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives) in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

(3) After paragraph 11 insert—

*“Biological Weapons Act 1974*

11A An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons) in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

(4) In paragraph 13 (offences under the Aviation Security Act 1982), at the end insert—

“(e) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft) in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which

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section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

(5) After paragraph 13 insert—

*“Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983*

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13A An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983 in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force—

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(a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment);

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(b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).”

(6) In paragraph 19 (offences under the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990), at the end insert—

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“(g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety) in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and

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and

Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

(7) After paragraph 20 insert—

*“Chemical Weapons Act 1996*

- 20A An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996 in a case where the offender is convicted on or after the day on which section 15 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force—
- (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
  - (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons).”

**16 Increase in extension period for serious terrorism offenders aged under 18: England and Wales**

- (1) Section 256(4) of the Sentencing Code (limits on extension period in term of extended sentence of detention) is amended as follows. 20
- (2) In paragraph (b)—
- (a) in sub-paragraph (i), for “, or” substitute “(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies),”; 25



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- (b) in sub-paragraph (ii), at the end insert  
“(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies),  
or”;
- (c) after sub-paragraph (ii) insert—
- “(iii) 10 years in the case of a  
serious terrorism offence  
for which the sentence is  
imposed on or after the  
day on which section 16 of  
the Counter-Terrorism and  
Sentencing Act 2020  
comes into force.”
- (3) In the words after paragraph (b), for “and  
“specified terrorism offence”” substitute “,  
“specified terrorism offence” and “serious  
terrorism offence””.

**17 Increase in extension period for adult  
serious terrorism offenders aged under  
21: England and Wales**

- (1) Section 268(4) of the Sentencing Code  
(limits on extension period in term of  
extended sentence of detention in a young  
offender institution) is amended as follows. 20
- (2) In paragraph (b)—
- (a) in sub-paragraph (i), for “, or” substitute  
“(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies),”; 25
- (b) in sub-paragraph (ii), at the end insert  
“(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies),  
or”;

(c) after sub-paragraph (ii) insert—

“(iii) 10 years in the case of a serious terrorism offence for which the sentence is imposed on or after the day on which section 17 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

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(3) In the words after paragraph (b), for “and “specified terrorism offence”” substitute “, “specified terrorism offence” and “serious terrorism offence””.

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**18 Increase in extension period for serious terrorism offenders aged 21 or over: England and Wales**

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(1) Section 281(4) of the Sentencing Code (limits on extension period in term of extended sentence of imprisonment) is amended as follows.

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(2) In paragraph (b)—

(a) in sub-paragraph (i), for “, or” substitute “(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies),”;

(b) in sub-paragraph (ii), at the end insert “(unless sub-paragraph (iii) applies), or”;

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(c) after sub-paragraph (ii) insert—

“(iii) 10 years in the case of a serious terrorism offence

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for which the sentence is imposed on or after the day on which section 18 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force.”

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- (3) In the words after paragraph (b), for “and “specified terrorism offence”” substitute “, “specified terrorism offence” and “serious terrorism offence””.

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**19 Additional terrorism offences attracting extended sentence: Scotland**

- (1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.

- (2) In section 210A(10) (extended sentences for terrorist offenders etc: interpretation), for the definition of “terrorism offence” substitute—

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““terrorism offence” means an offence that—

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(a) is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 5ZC, or

(b) is specified in Part 2 of that Schedule and has been proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008;”.

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*Part 1 — Sentencing of terrorist and certain other*

- (3) After Schedule 5ZB to that Act (inserted by section 23) insert, as Schedule 5ZC, the Schedule set out in Schedule 5 to this Act.

**20 Extended custodial sentences for serious terrorism offenders: Northern Ireland**

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- (1) Article 14 of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)) (extended custodial sentences) is amended as follows.

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- (2) In paragraph (1)—

- (a) in sub-paragraph (a), for the words from “convicted” to the end (including the final “and”) substitute “—

- (i) convicted on indictment of a specified offence; or

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- (ii) convicted after the commencement of section 20 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 of any other offence that is a serious terrorism offence;”;

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- (b) after sub-paragraph (a) insert—

- “(aa) the offence was committed after the commencement of this Article; and”.

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- (3) In paragraph (8)—

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- (a) in sub-paragraph (a), for “; and” substitute “(unless sub-paragraph (c) applies);”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (b), at the end insert “(unless sub-paragraph (c) applies); and”;
- (c) after sub-paragraph (b) insert— 5
  - “(c) ten years in the case of a serious terrorism offence for which the offender is convicted after the commencement of section 20 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020.” 10

*Other custodial sentences for terrorist offenders*

**21 Offences attracting special custodial sentence for offenders of particular concern: England and Wales** 15

- (1) In the Sentencing Code, for Schedule 13 (offences attracting special custodial sentence for offenders of particular concern) substitute the Schedule set out in Schedule 6 to this Act.
- (2) The amendment made by subsection (1) does not apply where a person is convicted of an offence before the day on which this section comes into force. 20

**22 Special custodial sentence for certain terrorist offenders aged under 18 at time of offence: England and Wales** 25

- (1) The Sentencing Code is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 252 insert—

*“Special custodial sentence for terrorist offenders*

**“252A Required special sentence of detention for terrorist offenders of particular concern**

- (1) Subsections (3) to (5) apply where—
- (a) a person aged under 18 is convicted of an offence listed in Part 1 of Schedule 13 (offences involving or connected with terrorism), 5
  - (b) the offence was committed on or after the day on which section 22 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, 10
  - (c) the court does not impose either of the following for the offence (or for an offence associated with it)— 15
    - (i) a sentence of detention for life under section 250, or
    - (ii) an extended sentence of detention under section 254, and
  - (d) the court would, apart from this section, impose a custodial sentence (see, in particular, section 230(2)). 20
- (2) In determining for the purposes of subsection (1)(d) whether it would impose a custodial sentence, the court must disregard any restriction on its power to impose such a sentence by reference to the age of the offender. 25
- (3) The court must impose a sentence of detention under this section. 30

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- (4) The term of the sentence must be equal to the aggregate of—
- (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period of 1 year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence,
- and must not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment with which the offence is punishable in the case of a person aged 21 or over. 5
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4), the “appropriate custodial term” is the term that, in the opinion of the court, ensures that the sentence is appropriate. 10
- (6) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1) to have been committed on the last of those days.” 15
- (3) In section 265 (special sentence of detention in young offender institution for offenders of particular concern)— 20
- (a) in subsection (1)(b)—
    - (i) omit sub-paragraph (i) (including the final “and”); 25
    - (ii) in sub-paragraph (ii), after “aged” insert “at least 18 but”;
  - (b) after subsection (1) insert—
    - “(1A) But this section does not apply if—

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(a) the offender was aged under 18 when the offence was committed, and

(b) the offence—

(i) was committed before the day on which section 22 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, or

(ii) is listed in Part 2 of Schedule 13 (sexual offences).”

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(4) In section 278 (special sentence of imprisonment for offenders of particular concern)—

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(a) in subsection (1)(b), omit sub-paragraph (i) (including the final “and”);

(b) after subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) But this section does not apply if—

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(a) the offender was aged under 18 when the offence was committed, and

(b) the offence—

(i) was committed before the day on which section 22 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, or

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(ii) is listed in Part 2 of Schedule 13 (sexual offences).”

**23 Terrorism sentence with fixed licence period:  
Scotland**

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(1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows.



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- (2) After section 205ZB (inserted by section 12) insert—

**“205ZC Terrorism sentence with fixed licence period**

- (1) This section applies where— 5
- (a) a person is convicted of a terrorism offence on or after the day on which section 23 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force, and
  - (b) the court does not impose one of the following for the offence— 10
    - (i) a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 205ZA(2),
    - (ii) a serious terrorism sentence of detention under section 205ZA(6), 15
    - (iii) a sentence of imprisonment for life to which section 205ZB applies,
    - (iv) a sentence of detention for life to which section 205ZB applies,
    - (v) an extended sentence under section 210A, or 20
    - (vi) an order for lifelong restriction under section 210F.
- (2) But this section does not apply where— 25
- (a) the offender is under the age of 18 when convicted of the offence, and
  - (b) the offence was committed before the day on which section 23 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force. 30

*Part 1 — Sentencing of terrorist and certain other*

- (3) If the court decides to impose a sentence of imprisonment and the offender is 21 years of age or over, the court must impose a sentence of imprisonment the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
  - (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period of 1 year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence under Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.
- (4) If the offender is at least 16 years of age but under 21 (other than an offender falling within subsection (5) or (6)) and the court decides to impose a sentence of detention, the court must impose a sentence of detention in a young offenders institution the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
  - (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period of 1 year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence under Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.
- (5) If the offender is a child and the court decides to impose a sentence of detention under section 208, the court must impose a sentence the term of which is equal to the aggregate of—
  - (a) the appropriate custodial term, and
  - (b) a further period of 1 year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence under Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.

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- (6) If the offender is a child and the court decides to make an order under section 44(1), the court must make an order—
- (a) requiring the offender to be detained under that section in residential accommodation provided under Part 2 of the Children (Scotland) Act 1995 for the appropriate custodial term, and 5
  - (b) requiring the offender to be subject to a licence under Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 for a further period of 1 year. 10
- (7) The “appropriate custodial term” is the term that, in the opinion of the court, ensures that the sentence or, as the case may be, the order is appropriate. 15
- (8) The term of a sentence of imprisonment or, as the case may be, a sentence of detention, imposed under this section for an offence must not exceed the term that, at the time the offence was committed, was the maximum term permitted for the offence. 20
- (9) Where an order is made in relation to an offender under subsection (6), section 44(6) does not apply in relation to the offender. 25
- (10) In this section, “terrorism offence” means—
- (a) an offence that is specified in Schedule 5ZB, or
  - (b) any other offence that has been proved to have been aggravated by reason of having 30

a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008.”

- (3) After Schedule 5ZA (inserted by section 6) insert, as Schedule 5ZB, the Schedule set out in Schedule 7 to this Act.

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## **24 Terrorism sentence with fixed licence period: Northern Ireland**

In the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)), after Article 15 insert—

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### **“15A Terrorism sentence with fixed licence period**

(1) This Article applies where—

(a) a person is convicted after the commencement of section 24 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 of—

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(i) a serious terrorism offence;  
(ii) an offence within Part 4 of Schedule 2A (terrorism offences punishable with more than two years’ imprisonment);  
or

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(iii) any other offence in respect of which a determination of terrorist connection is made;

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(b) the court does not impose, in respect of the offence or any offence associated with it, a life sentence, an indeterminate custodial

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- sentence, a serious terrorism sentence or an extended custodial sentence; and
- (c) the court decides to impose a custodial sentence.
- (2) But this Article does not apply where— 5
- (a) the offender is under the age of 18 when convicted of the offence; and
- (b) the offence was committed before the commencement of section 24 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 10 2020.
- (3) The court shall impose on the offender a sentence under this Article.
- (4) Where the offender is aged 21 or over, a sentence under this Article is a sentence of imprisonment the term of which is equal to the aggregate of— 15
- (a) the appropriate custodial term; and
- (b) a further period of one year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence. 20
- (5) Where the offender is under the age of 21, a sentence under this Article is a sentence of detention at such place and under such conditions as the Department of Justice may direct for a term which is equal to the aggregate of— 25
- (a) the appropriate custodial term; and
- (b) a further period of one year for which the offender is to be subject to a licence.

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- (6) The term under paragraph (4) or (5) must not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment with which the offence is punishable (apart from Article 13).
- (7) In paragraphs (4)(a) and (5)(a), the “appropriate custodial term” means the term that, in the opinion of the court, ensures that the sentence is appropriate. 5
- (8) A person detained pursuant to the directions of the Department of Justice under paragraph (5) shall while so detained be in legal custody. 10
- (9) A court which imposes a sentence under this Article shall not make an order under section 18 of the Treatment of Offenders Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (suspended sentences) in relation to that sentence. 15
- (10) Remission shall not be granted under prison rules to the offender in respect of a sentence under this Article.”

*Sentencing for service offences*

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**25 Corresponding provision under service law**

Schedule 8 makes provision in relation to sentencing under service law that corresponds to certain provision made by this Part.

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*Maximum sentences*

**26 Increase in maximum sentences for certain terrorist offences**

- (1) In the Terrorism Act 2000—
- (a) in section 11(3)(a) (sentence on conviction on indictment for membership of proscribed organisation), for “ten” substitute “14”; 5
  - (b) in section 12(6)(a) (sentence on conviction on indictment for inviting or expressing support for proscribed organisation), for “ten” substitute “14”. 10
- (2) In the Terrorism Act 2006, in section 8(4)(a) (sentence on conviction on indictment for attendance at place used for terrorist training), for “10” substitute “14”. 15
- (3) An amendment made by this section has effect only in relation to an offence committed on or after the day on which this section comes into force.

**PART 2**

RELEASE OF TERRORIST OFFENDERS 20

*Removal or restriction of early release for terrorist prisoners*

**27 Removal of early release for dangerous terrorist prisoners: England and Wales**

- (1) The Criminal Justice Act 2003 is amended as follows. 25

- (2) In section 247A (restricted eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners) (as amended by Schedule 13)—
- (a) in subsection (2), for paragraph (a) substitute— 5
- “(a) it is specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 19ZA (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life or for more than two years),”;
- (b) after subsection (2) insert— 10
- “(2A) Subsections (3) to (5) apply unless the terrorist prisoner’s sentence was imposed—
- (a) under section 226A or 226B or under section 254, 266, 268A, 279 or 282A of the Sentencing Code (extended sentence or serious terrorism sentence for dangerous offenders), 15
- (b) on or after the day on which section 27 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force, and 20
- (c) in respect of an offence that—
- (i) is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 19ZA (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life), 25
- (ii) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, 30



- (iii) is specified in Part 3 of that Schedule (other offences punishable with imprisonment for life) and was determined to have a terrorist connection, or 5
- (iv) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, and was determined to have a terrorist connection.” 10

(3) For Schedule 19ZA substitute the Schedule set out in Schedule 9 to this Act.

## **28 Removal of early release for dangerous terrorist prisoners: Scotland**

(1) The Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 is amended as follows. 15

(2) In section 1AB (restricted eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners) (as amended by Schedule 13)—

(a) in subsection (2), for paragraph (a) substitute— 20

“(a) it is specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1A (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life or for more than two years),”; 25

(b) after subsection (2) insert—

“(2A) Subsections (3) to (5) apply unless the terrorist prisoner’s sentence was imposed—

- (a) under section 205ZA or 210A of the 1995 Act (serious terrorism sentence or extended sentence for dangerous offenders),
- (b) on or after the day on which section 28 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force, and 5
- (c) in respect of an offence that—
  - (i) is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 1A (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life), 10
  - (ii) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, 15
  - (iii) is specified in Part 3 of that Schedule (other offences punishable with imprisonment for life) and was determined to have a terrorist connection, or 20
  - (iv) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, and was determined to have a terrorist connection.” 25

(3) For Schedule 1A substitute the Schedule set out in Schedule 10 to this Act.

## **29 Further provision about release of terrorist prisoners: Scotland**

After section 26 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 insert—

### *“Terrorism sentences*

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#### **26ZA Terrorism sentences**

(1) This section applies to a person (other than a life prisoner) (a “terrorist prisoner”) who is serving a terrorism sentence.

(2) A terrorism sentence is a sentence of imprisonment imposed under—

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(a) section 205ZA of the 1995 Act (serious terrorism sentence), or

(b) section 205ZC of the 1995 Act (terrorism sentence with fixed licence period).

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(3) Subject to the provisions of this section, this Part applies in relation to a terrorism sentence as if any reference to a sentence or term of imprisonment were a reference to the appropriate custodial term of a terrorism sentence.

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(4) Where a terrorist prisoner is released on licence under this Part the licence remains in force until the end of the extension period (but subject to section 17).

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(5) Where, apart from this subsection, a terrorist prisoner would be released unconditionally at the end of the appropriate custodial term—

- (a) the prisoner must be released on licence, and
  - (b) the licence remains in force until the end of the extension period (but subject to section 17). 5
- (6) The extension period is to be taken to begin—
  - (a) for the purposes of subsection (4), on the day following the date on which, had there been no extension period, the prisoner would have ceased to be on licence in respect of the appropriate custodial term; 10
  - (b) for the purposes of subsection (5), on the day on which, apart from that subsection, the prisoner would have been released unconditionally at the end of the appropriate custodial term. 15
- (7) Where a terrorist prisoner is subject to two or more terrorism sentences, the extension period which is taken to begin in accordance with subsection (6) is the aggregate of the extension period of each of those sentences. 20
- (8) Subsection (7) is subject to—
  - (a) section 1A(1)(c), and
  - (b) in the case of a terrorism sentence imposed under section 205ZA of the 1995 Act, subsection (10) of that section and any direction by the court imposing the sentence. 25
- (9) For the purposes of sections 12(3) and 17(1), the question of whether a terrorist prisoner is a 30

long-term or short-term prisoner is to be determined by reference to the terrorism sentence.

- (10) In the application of this Part to a terrorism sentence— 5
- (a) references in sections 1A(1)(c) and 16(1)(a) to the date on which a prisoner would have served the prisoner’s sentence in full are to be read as if they were references to the date on which the terrorism sentence as originally imposed by the court would expire, and 10
- (b) the reference in section 17(5) to a prisoner being liable to be detained in pursuance of the prisoner’s sentence is to be read as if it were a reference to the prisoner being liable to be detained until the expiry of the extension period. 15
- (11) For the purposes of this section— 20
- “appropriate custodial term” means, in relation to a terrorism sentence imposed on a terrorist prisoner, the term determined as such by the court that imposes the sentence on the prisoner under section 205ZA or, as the case may be, 205ZC; 25
- “extension period” means—
- (a) in relation to a sentence of imprisonment imposed on a terrorist prisoner under section 205ZA, the period specified as such under that 30

section by the court that imposes the sentence on the prisoner;

- (b) in relation to a sentence of imprisonment imposed on a terrorist prisoner under section 205ZC, the period of 1 year specified as such under that section by the court that imposes the sentence on the prisoner.”

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**30 Restricted eligibility for early release of terrorist prisoners: Northern Ireland**

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- (1) In the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)), after Article 20 insert—

*“Terrorist prisoners*

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**20A Restricted eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners**

- (1) This Article applies to a fixed-term prisoner (a “terrorist prisoner”) who—

(a) is serving a sentence imposed (whether before or after the commencement date) in respect of an offence within paragraph (2); and

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(b) has not been released on licence before the commencement date.

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- (2) An offence is within this paragraph (whenever it was committed) if—

- (a) it is specified in Part 2, 4, 5 or 7 of Schedule 2A (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life or more than two years);
  - (b) it is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified; or
  - (c) it was determined to have a terrorist connection.
- 5
- (3) The Department of Justice shall release the terrorist prisoner on licence under this Article as soon as—
- (a) the prisoner has served the relevant part of the sentence; and
  - (b) the Parole Commissioners have directed the release of the prisoner under this Article.
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- (4) The Parole Commissioners shall not give a direction under paragraph (3) with respect to the terrorist prisoner unless—
- (a) the Department of Justice has referred the prisoner's case to them; and
  - (b) they are satisfied that it is no longer necessary for the protection of the public that the prisoner should be confined.
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- (5) The terrorist prisoner may require the Department of Justice to refer the prisoner's case to the Parole Commissioners at any time—

- (a) after the prisoner has served the relevant part of the sentence; and
- (b) where there has been a previous reference of the prisoner’s case to the Parole Commissioners, after the expiration of the period of 2 years beginning with the disposal of that reference or such shorter period as the Parole Commissioners may on the disposal of that reference determine;  
and in this paragraph “previous reference” means a reference under paragraph (4) or Article 28(4).  
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- (6) Where the Parole Commissioners do not direct the prisoner’s release under paragraph (3)(b), the Department of Justice shall refer the case to them again not later than the expiration of the period of 2 years beginning with the disposal of that reference.  
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- (7) In determining for the purpose of this Article whether a terrorist prisoner has served the relevant part of a sentence, no account shall be taken of any time during which the prisoner was unlawfully at large, unless the Department of Justice otherwise directs.  
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- (8) If the terrorist prisoner is serving a serious terrorism sentence, an extended custodial sentence or an Article 15A terrorism sentence, the Department of Justice shall release the terrorist prisoner on licence under this Article as soon as the prisoner has served the  
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appropriate custodial term unless the prisoner has previously been recalled under Article 28.

(9) For the purposes of this Article—

“appropriate custodial term”, in relation to a serious terrorism sentence, an extended custodial sentence or an Article 15A terrorism sentence, means the term determined as such by the court under Article 13A, 14 or 15A;

“commencement date” means the date on which section 30 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force;

“relevant part of the sentence” means—

(a) in relation to an extended custodial sentence or an Article 15A terrorism sentence, two-thirds of the appropriate custodial term;

(b) in relation to any other sentence, two-thirds of the term of the sentence.

(10) For the purposes of this Article, a reference of a terrorist prisoner’s case to the Parole Commissioners under Article 18 that was disposed of—

(a) before the commencement date; and

(b) at a time when the prisoner had served two-thirds of the appropriate custodial term,

is to be treated as if it was made (and disposed of) under this Article.”

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(2) The amendment made by subsection (1) does not affect any duty of the Department of Justice under Chapter 4 of Part 2 of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 to release a person whose release has been directed by the Parole Commissioners before this section comes into force.

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### **31 Removal of early release for dangerous terrorist prisoners: Northern Ireland**

In Article 20A of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)) (as inserted by section 30) (eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners), after paragraph (2) insert—

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“(2A) Paragraphs (3) to (7) apply unless the terrorist prisoner’s sentence—

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(a) is a serious terrorism sentence or an extended custodial sentence;

(b) was imposed after the commencement of section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020; and

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(c) was imposed in respect of an offence that—

(i) is specified in Part 2 or 5 of Schedule 2A (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life);

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(ii) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified;

- (iii) is specified in Part 3 or 6 of that Schedule (other offences punishable with life imprisonment) and was determined to have a terrorist connection; or 5
- (iv) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified and was determined to have a terrorist connection.”

*Polygraph conditions in licences for release* 10

### **32 Polygraph licence conditions for terrorist offenders: England and Wales**

- (1) The Offender Management Act 2007 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 28 (application of polygraph condition)— 15
  - (a) in subsection (1), at the end insert “(subject to regulations under section 35(1) of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 (power to limit use of terrorism-related polygraph conditions))”; 20
  - (b) in subsection (2), before “who” insert “or a relevant terrorist offence”;
  - (c) after subsection (4) insert—
    - “(4A) In this section “relevant terrorist offence” means— 25
      - (a) an offence that is specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 19ZA to the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (terrorism offences

- carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence),
  - (b) a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, or 5
  - (c) an offence that was determined to have a terrorist connection.
- (4B) In subsection (4A)—
- (a) in paragraph (b), “service offence” and “corresponding civil offence” have the same meaning as in the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (see section 95 of that Act); 10
  - (b) paragraph (c) is to be read in accordance with section 247A(7A) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (meaning of offences determined to have a terrorist connection).” 15
- (3) In section 29 (effect of polygraph condition)—
- (a) after subsection (7) insert— 20
    - “(7A) Rules under subsection (6) may make—
    - (a) different provision for different purposes or different areas;
    - (b) incidental, supplemental, consequential, saving or transitional provision.”; 25
  - (b) after subsection (8) insert—
    - “(9) Rules under subsection (6) do not apply to polygraph sessions to which regulations under section 35(2) of the Counter- 30

Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020  
(power to make regulations about conduct  
of terrorism-related polygraph sessions)  
apply.”

- 33 Polygraph licence conditions for terrorist offenders: Scotland** 5
- In the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993, after section 12AB insert—
- “12AC Polygraph conditions for certain terrorist offenders released on licence** 10
- (1) The Scottish Ministers may under section 12(1) (and in accordance with section 12(3)) specify a polygraph condition in the licence of a person to whom this section applies.
- (2) This section applies to a person who— 15
- (a) is aged at least 18 on the day of his or her release, and
- (b) is serving a sentence of imprisonment that— 20
- (i) is not for a term of less than twelve months, and
- (ii) was imposed in respect of a relevant terrorist offence.
- (3) A “relevant terrorist offence” is— 25
- (a) an offence that is specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1A (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence),

- (b) a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, or
- (c) an offence that was determined to have a terrorist connection.

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Paragraph (c) is to be read in accordance with section 1AB(5A) (meaning of offences determined to have a terrorist connection).

- (4) A polygraph condition is a condition which requires the released person—
  - (a) to participate in polygraph sessions conducted with a view to—
    - (i) monitoring the person's compliance with the other conditions of the person's licence, or
    - (ii) improving the way in which the person is managed during the person's release on licence,
  - (b) to participate in those polygraph sessions at such times as may be specified in instructions given by the appropriate officer, and
  - (c) while participating in a polygraph session, to comply with instructions given to the person by the polygraph operator.
- (5) The following may not be used in evidence against the released person in any proceedings for an offence—

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- (a) any statement made by the released person while participating in a polygraph session, or
- (b) any physiological reaction of the released person while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination. 5
- (6) This section is subject to provision made by or under section 35 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 (supplementary provision relating to the imposition and administration of terrorism-related polygraph conditions). 10
- (7) In this section—
- “appropriate officer” means the officer under whose supervision the released person is by virtue of section 12(2)(a); 15
- “polygraph examination” means a procedure in which—
- (a) the polygraph operator questions the released person;
- (b) the questions and the released person’s answers are recorded; and 20
- (c) physiological reactions of the released person while being questioned are measured and recorded;
- “polygraph operator” means the person 25  
conducting a polygraph session;
- “polygraph session” means a session during which the polygraph operator—

- (a) conducts one or more polygraph examinations of the released person; and
  - (b) interviews the released person in preparation for, or otherwise in connection with, any such examination; 5
- “service offence” and “corresponding civil offence” have the same meaning as in the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (see section 95 of that Act).” 10

### **34 Polygraph licence conditions for terrorist offenders: Northern Ireland**

- (1) In the Life Sentences (Northern Ireland) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/2564 (N.I. 2)), after Article 8 insert— 15

#### **“8A Polygraph conditions for certain terrorist offenders released on licence**

- (1) The Department of Justice may under Article 8(2) (and in accordance with Article 8(3)) specify a polygraph condition in the licence of a life prisoner to whom this Article applies. 20
- (2) This Article applies to a life prisoner who is—
  - (a) aged at least 18 on the day of the prisoner’s release; and 25
  - (b) serving a life sentence imposed in respect of a relevant terrorist offence.
- (3) A “relevant terrorist offence” is—



- (a) an offence that is specified in Part 2 or 5 of Schedule 2A to the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (terrorism offences punishable with imprisonment for life carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence); 5
- (b) a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified; or
- (c) an offence that was determined to have a terrorist connection. 10
- Sub-paragraph (c) is to be read in accordance with Article 16(3A) of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (meaning of offences determined to have a terrorist connection). 15
- (4) A polygraph condition is a condition which requires the released person—
- (a) to participate in polygraph sessions conducted with a view to— 20
- (i) monitoring the person's compliance with the other conditions of the person's licence; or
- (ii) improving the way in which the person is managed during the person's release on licence; 25
- (b) to participate in those polygraph sessions at such times as may be specified in instructions given by, or on behalf of, the Department of Justice; and 30

- (c) while participating in a polygraph session, to comply with instructions given to the person by the polygraph operator.
- (5) The following may not be used in evidence against the released person in any proceedings for an offence—
  - (a) any statement made by the released person while participating in a polygraph session; or
  - (b) any physiological reaction of the released person while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination.
- (6) This Article is subject to provision made by or under section 35 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 (supplementary provision relating to the imposition and administration of terrorism-related polygraph conditions).
- (7) In this Article—
  - “polygraph examination” means a procedure in which—
    - (a) the polygraph operator questions the released person;
    - (b) the questions and the released person’s answers are recorded; and
    - (c) physiological reactions of the released person while being questioned are measured and recorded;
  - “polygraph operator” means the person conducting a polygraph session;

“polygraph session” means a session during which the polygraph operator—

(a) conducts one or more polygraph examinations of the released person; and

(b) interviews the released person in preparation for, or otherwise in connection with, any such examination;

“service offence” and “corresponding civil offence” have the same meaning as in the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (see section 95 of that Act).”

(2) The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)) is amended as follows.

(3) In Article 24 (licence conditions), in paragraph (3)(b)—

(a) for “a kind prescribed for the purposes of this paragraph” substitute “either of the following kinds”;

(b) at the end insert “—

(i) a condition of a kind prescribed for the purposes of this paragraph; or

(ii) in the case of a person to whom Article 24A applies, a polygraph condition in accordance with that Article.”

(4) After that Article insert—

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**“24A Polygraph conditions for certain terrorist offenders released on licence**

- (1) This Article applies to a person who—
- (a) is serving a custodial sentence imposed in respect of an offence that—  
    - (i) is specified in Part 2, 4, 5 or 7 of Schedule 2A (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence);
    - (ii) is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified; or
    - (iii) was determined to have a terrorist connection; and
  - (b) is aged at least 18 on the day of the person’s release.
- (2) A polygraph condition (as permitted by Article 24(3)(b)(ii) in the case of a person to whom this Article applies) is a condition which requires the released person—
- (a) to participate in polygraph sessions conducted with a view to—  
    - (i) monitoring the person’s compliance with the other conditions of the person’s licence; or
    - (ii) improving the way in which the person is managed during the person’s release on licence;
  - (b) to participate in those polygraph sessions at such times as may be specified in

- instructions given by, or on behalf of, the Department of Justice; and
- (c) while participating in a polygraph session, to comply with instructions given to the person by the polygraph operator. 5
- (3) The following may not be used in evidence against the released person in any proceedings for an offence—
- (a) any statement made by the released person while participating in a polygraph session; or 10
- (b) any physiological reaction of the released person while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination.
- (4) Article 24(3)(b)(ii) and this Article are subject to provision made by or under section 35 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 (supplementary provision relating to the imposition and administration of terrorism-related polygraph conditions). 15  
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- (5) In this Article—
- “polygraph examination” means a procedure in which—
- (a) the polygraph operator questions the released person; 25
- (b) the questions and the released person’s answers are recorded; and
- (c) physiological reactions of the released person while being questioned are measured and recorded; 30

“polygraph operator” means the person conducting a polygraph session;

“polygraph session” means a session during which the polygraph operator—

(a) conducts one or more polygraph examinations of the released person; and

(b) interviews the released person in preparation for, or otherwise in connection with, any such examination.”

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### **35 Polygraph licence conditions in terrorism cases: supplementary provision**

(1) The Secretary of State may, by regulations, limit the power to include a terrorism-related polygraph condition in a release licence to certain descriptions of offender (which may be framed by reference to whatever matters the Secretary of State considers appropriate).

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(2) The Secretary of State may, by regulations, make provision relating to the conduct of polygraph sessions further to a terrorism-related polygraph condition.

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(3) Regulations under subsection (2) may, in particular—

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(a) require polygraph operators to be persons who satisfy such requirements as to qualifications, experience and other matters as are specified in the regulations;

- (b) make provision about the keeping of records of polygraph sessions;
  - (c) make provision about the preparation of reports on the results of polygraph sessions.
- (4) In this section “terrorism-related polygraph condition” means a condition included in a licence by virtue of—
- (a) sections 28 and 29 of the Offender Management Act 2007, as they apply to a person in relation to a “relevant terrorist offence” (within the meaning of section 28 of that Act),
  - (b) section 12AC of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993,
  - (c) Article 8A of the Life Sentences (Northern Ireland) Order 2001 (S.I. 2001/2564 (N.I. 2)), or
  - (d) Articles 24(3)(b)(ii) and 24A of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1)).
- (5) Subsections (6) and (7) apply in relation to a terrorism-related polygraph condition within subsection (4)(b) to (d) (corresponding provision being made for conditions within subsection (4)(a) by section 29 of the Offender Management Act 2007).
- (6) The person responsible for giving instructions about the times of polygraph sessions to the person who is subject to the condition must have

regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State.

- (7) The measurement and recording of the physiological reactions of a person while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination conducted further to the condition must be done by means of equipment of a type approved by the Secretary of State. 5
- (8) Regulations under subsection (1) or (2) may make— 10
- (a) different provision for different purposes or different areas;
  - (b) incidental, supplemental, consequential, saving or transitional provision.
- (9) Regulations under subsection (1) or (2) are to be made by statutory instrument; and an instrument containing such regulations is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament. 15
- (10) In this section— 20
- (a) “polygraph examination”, “polygraph operator” and “polygraph session” have the same meanings as in the provisions referred to in subsection (4);
  - (b) references (however expressed) to the inclusion of polygraph conditions in a licence are to the inclusion of such a condition whether in the licence as initially granted or by subsequent variation. 25



*Repatriated terrorist prisoners*

**36 Release on licence of terrorist prisoners repatriated to the United Kingdom**

Schedule 11 provides for the application of certain provision made by this Part and the Terrorist Offenders (Restriction of Early Release) Act 2020 to terrorist prisoners who are repatriated, or responsibility for whom is transferred, to the United Kingdom.

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**PART 3**

10

PREVENTION AND INVESTIGATION OF TERRORISM

*Terrorism prevention and investigation measures*

**37 TPIMs: condition as to involvement in terrorism-related activity**

In section 3 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (conditions for imposition of measures) in subsection (1), for “is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities,” substitute “has reasonable grounds for suspecting”.

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**38 TPIMs: extension of time limit**

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(1) The Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (the “2011 Act”) is amended in accordance with subsections (2) to (6).

(2) For the italic heading before section 5, substitute “Duration of measures”.

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- (3) In section 5 (two year limit for TPIM notices)—
  - (a) in subsection (3)(b), for “only one occasion” substitute “one or more occasions”;
  - (b) for the heading, substitute “Initial period and extension of TPIM notices”. 5
- (4) In section 12 (variation of measures), in subsection (9), for paragraphs (a) and (b) substitute “has expired or been revoked”.
- (5) In section 13 (revocation and revival of TPIM notice)— 10
  - (a) in subsection (6)(a), omit “without being extended under section 5(2)”;
  - (b) for subsection (7) substitute—
    - “(7) The power of revival maybe exercised whether or not the TPIM notice— 15
    - (a) has previously been revoked and revived, or
    - (b) has been extended under section 5(2).”
- (6) In section 14 (replacement of quashed TPIM notice), omit subsection (3). 20
- (7) The amendments made by this section do not apply in relation to—
  - (a) a TPIM notice served before the day on which this section comes into force, or 25
  - (b) a replacement TPIM notice served on or after that day in a case where—
    - (i) the overturned notice to which it relates was served before that day, and

(ii) the Secretary of State has not made a determination under section 14(6)(b) of the 2011 Act (certain provisions not to apply as if replacement notice was continuation of original notice) in relation to the replacement TPIM notice. 5

(8) In subsection (7)—

“TPIM notice” has the meaning given by section 2(1) of the 2011 Act;

“replacement TPIM notice” and “overturned notice” have the meanings given by section 14(7) of that Act. 10

### **39 TPIMs: variation of measures**

(1) The Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 is amended as follows. 15

(2) In section 12 (variation of measures)—

(a) after subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) The Secretary of State may by variation notice vary a relocation measure so as to substitute a different specified residence if the Secretary of State reasonably considers that— 20

(a) the variation is necessary for reasons connected with the efficient and effective use of resources in relation to the individual; and 25

(b) the relocation measure (as varied) remains necessary for purposes connected with preventing or

restricting the individual's involvement in terrorism-related activity.

(1B) A "relocation measure" is a measure under paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 1 which requires the individual to reside at a specified residence within paragraph 1(3)(b) of that Schedule (requirement to reside at premises specified by Secretary of State other than individual's own residence).";

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(b) in each of subsections (7), (8), (9) and (10), after "subsection (1)" insert "or (1A)";

(c) at the end insert—

"(11) Subsection (1A) does not limit the power under subsection (1)."

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(3) In section 16 (appeals)—

(a) in subsection (2), in the words before paragraph (a)—

(i) after "varies" insert "under section 12(1)(c)";

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(ii) omit "(see section 12(1)(c))";

(b) after subsection (2) insert—

"(2A) If the Secretary of State varies a relocation measure specified in a TPIM notice under section 12(1A)—

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(a) the individual may appeal to the court against the variation; and

(b) the function of the court on such an appeal is to review the Secretary of State's decisions that—

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(i) the variation was necessary for reasons connected with the efficient and effective use of resources in relation to the individual, and

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(ii) the relocation measure (as varied) remained, and continues to be, necessary for purposes connected with preventing or restricting involvement by the individual in terrorism-related activity.

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(2B) In subsection (2A) “relocation measure” has the meaning given by section 12(1B).”

(4) In section 21 (expiry and repeal of TPIM powers), in subsection (8), in the definition of “Secretary of State’s TPIM powers”, in paragraph (c) after “12(1)(c)” insert “or (1A)”.

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(5) In Schedule 5 (powers of entry etc), in paragraph 5(2), for paragraph (c) (but not the final “or”) substitute—

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“(c) a notice varying a TPIM notice under section 12(1) as mentioned in paragraph (c) of that subsection or under section 12(1A);”.

#### **40 TPIMs: extension of residence measure**

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In Schedule 1 to the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (measures)—

(a) in the heading before paragraph 1, omit “Overnight”, and

(b) in paragraph 1(2)(c) and (8)(a), omit “overnight”.

#### 41 TPIMs: polygraph measure

(1) In Schedule 1 to the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (measures), after paragraph 10 insert—

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##### *“Polygraph measure*

10ZA(1)The Secretary of State may impose a requirement for the individual—

(a) to participate in polygraph sessions conducted with a view to—

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(i) monitoring the individual’s compliance with other specified measures;

(ii) assessing whether any variation of the specified measures is necessary for purposes connected with preventing or restricting the individual’s involvement in terrorism-related activity,

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(b) to participate in those polygraph sessions at such times as may be specified in instructions given by the Secretary of State, and

(c) while participating in a polygraph session, to comply with instructions given to the individual by the polygraph operator.

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- (2) The Secretary of State may by regulations made by statutory instrument make provision relating to the conduct of polygraph sessions, which may include in particular—
- (a) provision requiring polygraph operators to be persons who satisfy such requirements as to qualifications, experience and other matters as are specified in the regulations; 5
  - (b) provision about the keeping of records of polygraph sessions; 10
  - (c) provision about the preparation of reports on the results of polygraph sessions.
- (3) The measurement and recording of the physiological reactions of an individual while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination must be done by means of equipment of a type approved by the Secretary of State. 15
- (4) The following may not be used in evidence against the individual in any proceedings for an offence— 20
- (a) any statement made by the individual while participating in a polygraph session; 25
  - (b) any physiological reaction of the individual while being questioned in the course of a polygraph examination.
- (5) Regulations under sub-paragraph (2) may make— 30

- (a) different provision for different purposes or different areas;
  - (b) incidental, supplemental, consequential, saving or transitional provision.
- (6) A statutory instrument containing regulations under sub-paragraph (2) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament. 5
- (7) In this paragraph—
- “polygraph examination” means a procedure in which— 10
    - (a) the polygraph operator questions the individual,
    - (b) the questions and the individual’s answers are recorded, and 15
    - (c) physiological reactions of the individual while being questioned are measured and recorded;
  - “polygraph operator” means the person conducting a polygraph session; 20
  - “polygraph session” means a session during which the polygraph operator—
    - (a) conducts one or more polygraph examinations of the individual, and
    - (b) interviews the individual in preparation for, or otherwise in connection with, any such examination.” 25



## 42 TPIMs: drug testing measure

In Schedule 1 to the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (measures), after paragraph 10ZA (inserted by section 41) insert—

*“Drug testing measure*

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10ZB(1)The Secretary of State may impose a requirement for the individual—

(a) to—

(i) attend such a testing place, at such times, and

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(ii) provide an authorised person at the testing place with such a permitted sample,

as the Secretary of State may by notice require for the purpose of ascertaining whether the individual has any specified Class A drug or specified Class B drug in their body, and

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(b) to comply with any directions given by an authorised person in relation to the provision of the permitted sample.

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(2) In this paragraph—

“authorised person” means—

(a) a constable, or

(b) a person prescribed, or of a description prescribed, by regulations made by the Secretary of State;

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“permitted sample” means—

- (a) a sample of hair other than pubic hair;
  - (b) a sample taken from a nail or from under a nail;
  - (c) a sample of urine;
  - (d) saliva; 5
  - (e) a swab taken from any part of a person's body except a person's genitals (including pubic hair) or a person's body orifice other than the mouth; 10
  - (f) a skin impression;
- “specified Class A drug” and “specified Class B drug” have the same meanings as in Part 3 of the Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (see section 70 of that Act); 15
- “testing place” means—
- (a) a police station, or
  - (b) a place prescribed, or of a description prescribed, by regulations made by the Secretary of State. 20
- (3) Regulations under sub-paragraph (2) are to be made by statutory instrument.
- (4) A statutory instrument containing regulations under sub-paragraph (2) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.” 25

### **43 TPIMs: provision of information**

- (1) Schedule 1 to the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (measures) is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph 7 (electronic communication device measure)—
- (a) in sub-paragraph (4), at the end insert—
- “(f) the disclosure to the Secretary of State of such details as may be specified of any electronic communication device possessed or used by the individual or any other person in the individual’s residence.”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (6)(c) and (d), after “designed or adapted” insert “, or capable of being adapted,”.
- (3) After paragraph 12 insert—
- “Provision of residence information measure*
- 12A(1)The Secretary of State may impose a requirement for the individual to disclose to the Secretary of State—
- (a) the address of the individual’s residence;
- (b) if the individual resides at multiple occupancy premises, such details as may be specified concerning where, in the premises, the individual’s residence is located;
- (c) such details as may be specified in relation to any change (or anticipated

change) in the matters referred to in paragraph (a) and (b).

(2) The Secretary of State may impose a requirement for the individual to comply with any other specified conditions in connection with the disclosure of information within subparagraph (1).

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(3) “Multiple occupancy premises” are premises at which two or more individuals who are not members of the same household reside.”

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*Notification requirements under Part 4 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008*

**44 Additional offences attracting notification requirements**

In section 41(1) of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (terrorism offences that attract notification requirements under Part 4 of that Act), after paragraph (e) insert—

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“(f) an offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notice imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures) dealt with on or after the day on which section 44 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force;

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(g) an offence under section 10(1) or (3) of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order or

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related obligation) dealt with on or after that day.”

*Serious crime prevention orders*

- |  |           |
|--|-----------|
| <b>45 Police powers to apply for serious crime prevention orders in terrorism cases</b>  | <b>5</b>  |
| Schedule 12 amends the Serious Crime Act 2007 to make provision conferring powers on chief officers of police to apply for serious crime prevention orders in terrorism-related cases. |           |
| <b>46 Serious crime prevention orders: review of operation of police powers</b>  | <b>10</b> |
| (1) The Secretary of State must—   |           |
| (a) review the operation of the amendments made by this Act to the Serious Crime Act 2007 (see Schedule 12), and   | 15        |
| (b) publish the outcome of the review in a report.   |           |
| (2) The report must be published before the end of the period of 3 years beginning with the day on which section 45 comes into force.  |           |
| (3) The Secretary of State must lay the report before Parliament.  | <b>20</b> |

*“Prevent” strategy*

**47 Persons vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism: timing of independent review**

- (1) In section 20 of the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019 (support for persons vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism)—
- (a) in subsection (8), omit the words from “, within the period” to “passed,”;
  - (b) in subsection (9), omit the words from “, within the period” to the end.
- (2) The amendments made by subsection (1) are to be treated as having had effect from the time when section 20 of the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019 came into force.

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**PART 4**

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GENERAL

**48 Consequential and related amendments**

Schedule 13 contains consequential and other related amendments.

**49 Power to state effect in Sentencing Act 2020 of commencement of amendments made by this Act**

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The power in section 419(1) of the Sentencing Act 2020 (power to state effect of commencement provisions) applies in relation to any amendment or repeal made by or under this Act of that Act as it

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applies in relation to an amendment or repeal made by Schedule 22 to that Act.

## **50 Power to make further consequential provision**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision in consequence of this Act. 5
- (2) The power conferred by subsection (1) includes power—
- (a) to amend, repeal or revoke any provision of primary legislation or subordinate legislation (including legislation passed or made on or before the last day of the Session in which this Act is passed); 10
  - (b) to make different provision for different purposes;
  - (c) to make transitional, transitory or saving provision. 15
- (3) Regulations under this section are to be made by statutory instrument.
- (4) A statutory instrument that contains (with or without other provision) regulations under this section which amend, repeal or revoke primary legislation may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament. 20
- (5) Any other statutory instrument that contains regulations under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament. 25
- (6) In this section—

“primary legislation” means—

- (a) an Act of Parliament;
- (b) an Act of the Scottish Parliament;
- (c) an Act or Measure of Senedd Cymru;
- (d) Northern Ireland legislation;

5

“subordinate legislation” means—

- (a) subordinate legislation within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978;
- (b) an instrument made under an Act of the Scottish Parliament;
- (c) an instrument made under an Act or Measure of Senedd Cymru;
- (d) an instrument made under Northern Ireland legislation.

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## **51 Extent**

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(1) A provision of this Act which amends, repeals or revokes an enactment has the same extent within the United Kingdom as the enactment amended, repealed or revoked.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), the other provisions of this Act extend to England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

20

(3) Section 21(2) extends to England and Wales only.

(4) Section 47(2) extends to England and Wales and Scotland.

25

(5) The power under section 39(6) of the Terrorism Act 2006 (extension to the Channel Islands or the Isle



of Man) may be exercised in relation to any amendments made to that Act by this Act.

- (6) The power under section 31(4) of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (extension to the Isle of Man) may be exercised in relation to any amendments made to that Act by this Act. 5

## **52 Commencement**

- (1) The following provisions come into force on the day after the day on which this Act is passed— 10
- (a) section 3 (and Schedule 3);
  - (b) section 21 (and Schedule 6);
  - (c) section 22;
  - (d) section 23 (and Schedule 7);
  - (e) section 24; 15
  - (f) section 30;
  - (g) section 47;
  - (h) sections 49 to 51, this section and section 53;
  - (i) the following provisions in Schedule 13 (and section 48 to the extent that it relates to those provisions)— 20
    - (i) Parts 3 and 4 of that Schedule;
    - (ii) paragraph 19;
    - (iii) paragraph 20 other than sub-paragraph (3); 25
    - (iv) paragraph 22;
    - (v) paragraph 24 other than sub-paragraph (4)(a);
    - (vi) paragraphs 26 to 30;

(vii) Part 9.

(2) The following provisions come into force at the end of the period of two months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed—

- (a) section 1 (and Schedule 1); 5
- (b) section 2 (and Schedule 2);
- (c) sections 4 and 5;
- (d) section 6 (and Schedule 4);
- (e) sections 7 to 18;
- (f) section 19 (and Schedule 5); 10
- (g) section 20;
- (h) section 26;
- (i) section 27 (and Schedule 9);
- (j) section 28 (and Schedule 10);
- (k) section 29; 15
- (l) section 31;
- (m) section 36 (and Schedule 11);
- (n) sections 37 to 44;
- (o) section 45 (and Schedule 12);
- (p) section 46; 20
- (q) the following provisions in Schedule 13 (and section 48 to the extent that it relates to those provisions)—
  - (i) Parts 1 and 2 of that Schedule;
  - (ii) paragraphs 20(3), 21, 23, 24(4)(a) and 25; 25
  - (iii) Parts 7 and 8.

(3) The following provisions of this Act come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by regulations appoint—

- (a) section 25 (and Schedule 8);
  - (b) sections 32 to 35.
- (4) Different days may be appointed for different purposes.
- (5) The Secretary of State may by regulations make transitional, transitory or saving provision in connection with the coming into force of any provision of this Act. 5
- (6) Regulations under this section are to be made by statutory instrument. 10

### **53 Short title**

This Act may be cited as the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020.

## SCHEDULES

### SCHEDULE 1

### Section 1

#### OFFENCES WHERE TERRORIST CONNECTION NOT REQUIRED TO BE CONSIDERED

#### PART 1

5

#### ENGLAND AND WALES; SERVICE OFFENCES

This is the Schedule to be inserted as Schedule  
A1 to the Sentencing Code—

#### “SCHEDULE A1

#### Section 69

#### OFFENCES WHERE TERRORIST CONNECTION NOT REQUIRED TO BE CONSIDERED

10

#### *Terrorism Act 2000*

1 An offence under any of the following  
provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—

(a) section 11 (membership of a proscribed  
organisation);

15

(b) section 12 (inviting or expressing  
support for a proscribed organisation);

(c) section 15 (fund-raising);

(d) section 16 (use of money or property for  
terrorist purposes);

20

(e) section 17 (involvement in terrorist  
funding arrangements);

(f) section 17A (insuring payments made in  
response to terrorist threats);

25

*Schedule 1 — Offences where terrorist connection not*

- (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);
- (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences); 5
- (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);
- (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism); 10
- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc); 15
- (l) section 54 (weapons training);
- (m) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);
- (n) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 20
- (o) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
- (p) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 25
- (q) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
- (r) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas). 30

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 1 — Offences where terrorist connection not*

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act*  
*2001*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substance or thing to cause harm or intimidate). | 5 |
|---|--|---|

*Terrorism Act 2006*

- |   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—           | 10 |
|   | (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);   |    |
|   | (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);                              |    |
|   | (c) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);  | 15 |
|   | (d) section 6 (training for terrorism);   |    |
|   | (e) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training);                    |    |
|   | (f) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material);               | 20 |
|   | (g) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc); | 25 |
|   | (h) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc).               |    |

*Counter-Terrorism Act 2008*

- 4 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc). 5

*Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures 2011*

- 5 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures). 10

*Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015*

- 6 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order). 15

*Inchoate offences*

- 7 An inchoate offence (see section 398) in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Schedule.” 20

PART 2

SCOTLAND AND NORTHERN IRELAND

This is the Schedule to be inserted as  
Schedule 1A to the Counter-Terrorism Act  
2008—

5

“SCHEDULE 1A Sections 30  
and 31

OFFENCES WHERE TERRORIST CONNECTION  
NOT REQUIRED TO BE CONSIDERED

*Terrorism Act 2000*

10

1 An offence under any of the  
following provisions of the Terrorism  
Act 2000—

(a) section 11 (membership of a  
proscribed organisation);

15

(b) section 12 (inviting or  
expressing support for a  
proscribed organisation);

(c) section 15 (fund-raising);

(d) section 16 (use of money or  
property for terrorist purposes);

20

(e) section 17 (involvement in  
terrorist funding arrangements);

(f) section 17A (insuring payments  
made in response to terrorist  
threats);

25



*Schedule 1 — Offences where terrorist connection not*

- (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);
- (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences); 5
- (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);
- (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism); 10
- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc); 15
- (l) section 54 (weapons training);
- (m) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);
- (n) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 20
- (o) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
- (p) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 25
- (q) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
- (r) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas: Northern Ireland); 30

(s) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas: Scotland).

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act*  
*2001*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substance or thing to cause harm or intimidate). | 5 |
|---|--|---|

*Terrorism Act 2006*

- |   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—           | 10 |
|   | (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);   |    |
|   | (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);                              | 15 |
|   | (c) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);  |    |
|   | (d) section 6 (training for terrorism);   |    |
|   | (e) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training);                    | 20 |
|   | (f) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material);               |    |
|   | (g) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc); | 25 |

<i>Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill</i>	106
<i>Schedule 1 — Offences where terrorist connection not</i>	
(h) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc).	
<i>Counter-Terrorism Act 2008</i>	
4 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc).	5
<i>Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures 2011</i>	10
5 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures).	15
<i>Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015</i>	
6 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order).	20
<i>Ancillary offences</i>	
7 An ancillary offence in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Schedule.”	25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 1 — Offences where terrorist connection not*

SCHEDULE 2                      Section 2

SERIOUS TERRORISM OFFENCES: ENGLAND AND  
 WALES

This is the Schedule to be inserted as  
 Schedule 17A to the Sentencing Code—

5

“SCHEDULE 17A Section 306

SERIOUS TERRORISM OFFENCES

PART 1

TERRORISM OFFENCES

*Terrorism Act 2000*

10

1 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—

- (a) section 54 (weapons training);
- (b) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);

15

(c) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas), other than an offence which is an offence by virtue of subsection (2)(c) of that section.

20

*Terrorism Act 2006*

2 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—

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Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and

- (a) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);
- (b) section 6 (training for terrorism);
- (c) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material); 5
- (d) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
- (e) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc). 10

*Inchoate offences*

- 3 An inchoate offence (see section 398) in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule. 15

PART 2

- OTHER OFFENCES (IN CASE WHERE DETERMINATION OF TERRORIST CONNECTION UNDER SECTION 69 IS MADE) 20

*Common law offences*

- 4 Manslaughter.
- 5 Kidnapping. 25
- 6 False imprisonment.

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and*  
*Offences against the Person Act 1861*

- 7 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Offences against the Person Act 1861—
- (a) section 4 (soliciting murder); 5
  - (b) section 18 (wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm);
  - (c) section 21 (attempting to choke, suffocate or strangle in order to commit or assist in the committing of an indictable offence); 10
  - (d) section 22 (using chloroform etc to commit or assist in the committing of any indictable offence); 15
  - (e) section 28 (causing bodily injury by explosives);
  - (f) section 29 (using explosives etc with intent to do grievous bodily harm); 20
  - (g) section 32 (endangering the safety of railway passengers).

*Explosive Substances Act 1883*

- 8 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Explosive Substances Act 1883— 25

Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and

- (a) section 2 (causing explosion likely to endanger life or property);
- (b) section 3 (attempt to cause explosion, or making or keeping explosive with intent to endanger life or property); 5
- (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 10
- (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives). 15

*Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929*

- 9 An offence under section 1 of the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929 (child destruction).

*Infanticide Act 1938* 20

- 10 An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act 1938 (infanticide).

*Firearms Act 1968*

- 11 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968— 25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*

*Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and*

- (a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life);
- (b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest); 5
- (c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act); 10
- (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).

*Theft Act 1968*

- 12 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1968— 15
  - (a) section 8 (robbery or assault with intent to rob);
  - (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary). 20

*Criminal Damage Act 1971*

- 13(1) An offence of arson under section 1 of the Criminal Damage Act 1971.
- (2) An offence under section 1(2) of that Act (destroying or damaging property) other than an offence of arson. 25



*Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and  
Biological Weapons Act 1974*

- 14 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 5

*Taking of Hostages Act 1982*

- 15 An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking). 10

*Aviation Security Act 1982*

- 16 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation Security Act 1982—
- (a) section 1 (hijacking); 15
  - (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft);
  - (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft); 20
  - (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft). 25

113 *Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and*  
*Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983*

- 17 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983—
- (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment); 5
  - (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).

*Criminal Justice Act 1988*

- 18 An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture). 10

*Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990*

- 19 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990— 15
- (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes);
  - (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);
  - (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms); 20
  - (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety);
  - (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation); 25
  - (f) section 13 (offences involving threats);

Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and

- (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety).

5

*Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994*

- 20 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system).

10

*Chemical Weapons Act 1996*

- 21 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996—
  - (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
  - (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons).

15

20

*International Criminal Court Act 2001*

- 22 An offence under section 51 or 52 of the International Criminal Court Act 2001 (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder.

25

115 *Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 2 — Serious terrorism offences: England and*  
*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act*  
*2001*

- 23 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001— 5
- (a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons);
  - (b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas). 10

*Modern Slavery Act 2015*

- 24 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Modern Slavery Act 2015— 15
- (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour);
  - (b) section 2 (human trafficking).

*Space Industry Act 2018*

- 25 An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018— 20
- (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);
  - (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft); 25

Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:

- (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
- (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports).

5

*Inchoate offences*

- 26 An inchoate offence (see section 398) in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.
- 27 An inchoate offence in relation to murder.”

10

SCHEDULE 3 Section 3

OFFENCES FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS ACT:  
NORTHERN IRELAND

15

This is the Schedule to be inserted as Schedule 2A to the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1))—

20

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

“SCHEDULE 2A Article 12(6)

OFFENCES SPECIFIED FOR VARIOUS  
PURPOSES OF THIS ORDER RELATING TO  
TERRORISM

PART 1

5

INTRODUCTION

1(1) In this Schedule—

(a) Part 2 specifies certain terrorism offences that are—

(i) offences under the law of Northern Ireland; and

10

(ii) punishable with imprisonment for life;

(b) Part 3 specifies certain offences that—

15

(i) are offences under the law of Northern Ireland;

(ii) are not terrorism offences (but are offences capable of being determined to have a terrorist connection); and

20

(iii) are punishable with imprisonment for life;

(c) Part 4 specifies certain terrorism offences that are—

25

(i) offences under the law of Northern Ireland; and

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- (ii) punishable with imprisonment for more than two years (but not for life);
- (d) Part 5 specifies certain terrorism offences that are— 5
  - (i) offences only under the law of a part of the United Kingdom other than Northern Ireland; and
  - (ii) punishable with imprisonment for life; 10
- (e) Part 6 specifies certain offences that—
  - (i) are offences only under the law of a part of the United Kingdom other than Northern Ireland; 15
  - (ii) are not terrorism offences (but are offences capable of being determined to have a terrorist connection); and 20
  - (iii) are punishable with imprisonment for life;
- (f) Part 7 specifies certain terrorism offences that are— 25
  - (i) offences only under the law of a part of the United Kingdom other than Northern Ireland; and

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- (ii) punishable with imprisonment for more than two years (but not for life).
- (2) An offence specified in Parts 2 to 4 includes, for the purposes of Articles 20A and 24A, that offence to the extent that it also forms part of the law of another part of the United Kingdom (and see also paragraph 15(2) of Schedule 1 to the Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 for provision relevant to the application of those Articles to offences under the law of another part of the United Kingdom). 5  
10
- (3) In this Schedule any reference to an offence includes— 15
  - (a) an ancillary offence in relation to that offence (unless the reference is specifically to an ancillary offence); and 20
  - (b) an abolished offence in relation to that offence.
- (4) In this Schedule— 25
  - (a) “ancillary offence”, in relation to an offence, has the same meaning as in the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (see section 94 of that Act);



*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

(b) “abolished offence”, in relation to an offence (“the current offence”), means an offence that was—

(i) abolished before the commencement of section 3 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020; and 5

(ii) would, if committed on the day on which the offender is or was convicted, have constituted the current offence. 10

PART 2 15

TERRORISM OFFENCES IN NORTHERN IRELAND PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

2 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000— 20

(a) section 54 (weapons training);  
(b) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);

(c) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas), other than an offence which is an offence by virtue of subsection (2)(c) of that section. 25

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- |   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—           |    |
|   | (a) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);  | 5  |
|   | (b) section 6 (training for terrorism);   |    |
|   | (c) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material);               |    |
|   | (d) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc); | 10 |
|   | (e) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc).               | 15 |

## PART 3

OTHER OFFENCES IN NORTHERN IRELAND  
PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

- |   |  |    |
|---|--|----|
| 4 | An ancillary offence in relation to murder, other than one which must (in the case of an offender aged 21 or over) be punished by imprisonment for life. | 20 |
| 5 | Manslaughter.  |    |
| 6 | Kidnapping.  | 25 |
| 7 | False imprisonment.  |    |
| 8 | Riot.  |    |

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- 9     Affray.
- 10    An offence under any of the following provisions of the Offences against the Person Act 1861—
- (a) section 4 (soliciting murder); 5
  - (b) section 18 (wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm);
  - (c) section 21 (attempting to choke, suffocate or strangle in order to commit or assist in the committing of an indictable offence); 10
  - (d) section 22 (using chloroform etc to commit or assist in the committing of any indictable offence); 15
  - (e) section 28 (causing bodily injury by explosives);
  - (f) section 29 (using explosives etc with intent to do grievous bodily harm); 20
  - (g) section 32 (endangering the safety of railway passengers).
- 11    An offence under any of the following provisions of the Explosive Substances Act 1883— 25
- (a) section 2 (causing explosion likely to endanger life or property);

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- (b) section 3 (attempt to cause explosion, or making or keeping explosive with intent to endanger life or property);
  - (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 5
  - (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives). 10
- 12 An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act (Northern Ireland) 1939 (infanticide). 15
- 13 An offence under section 25 of the Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland) 1945 (child destruction).
- 14 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act (Northern Ireland) 1969— 20
- (a) section 8 (robbery);
  - (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).
- 15 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 25

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- 16(1) An offence of arson under Article 3 of the Criminal Damage (Northern Ireland) Order 1977.
- (2) An offence under Article 3(2) of that Order (destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson. 5
- 17 An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking). 10
- 18 An offence under any of the following provision of the Aviation Security Act 1982—
- (a) section 1 (hijacking); 15
- (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft);
- (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft); 20
- (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft). 25
- 19 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983—

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment);
  - (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).
- 20 An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture). 5
- 21 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990—
- (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes); 10
  - (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);
  - (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms);
  - (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety); 15
  - (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation); 20
  - (f) section 13 (offences involving threats);
  - (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety). 25

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- 22 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system). 5
- 23 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996—
  - (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons); 10
  - (b) section 11 (premises or equipment for producing chemical weapons).
- 24 An offence under section 58 or 59 of the International Criminal Court Act 2001 (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder. 15
- 25 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001—
  - (a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons); 25
  - (b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas).

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- |    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
| 26 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms (Northern Ireland) Order 2004—   |    |
|    | (a) Article 58(1) (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life etc);   | 5  |
|    | (b) Article 59(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest);  |    |
|    | (c) Article 59(2) (possession of firearm while committing other offence);   | 10 |
|    | (d) Article 60 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).   |    |
| 27 | An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Criminal Justice and Support for Victims) Act (Northern Ireland) 2015— | 15 |
|    | (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour);   | 20 |
|    | (b) section 2 (human trafficking).  |    |
| 28 | An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018—  | 25 |
|    | (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);  |    |
|    | (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft);   | 30 |



Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:

- (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
- (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports).

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PART 4

TERRORISM OFFENCES IN NORTHERN IRELAND PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS (BUT NOT LIFE)

- 29 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—
  - (a) section 11 (membership of a proscribed organisation);
  - (b) section 12 (inviting or expressing support for a proscribed organisation);
  - (c) section 15 (fund-raising);
  - (d) section 16 (use of money or property for terrorist purposes);
  - (e) section 17 (involvement in terrorist funding arrangements);
  - (f) section 17A (insuring payments made in response to terrorist threats);
  - (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);

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*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- |  |    |
|--|----|
| (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences);  |    |
| (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);  | 5  |
| (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism);   | 10 |
| (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc);   |    |
| (l) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes);   | 15 |
| (m) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);   |    |
| (n) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc);  | 20 |
| (o) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);  |    |
| (p) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas), in the case of an offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 23 | 25 |

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

of the Offences against the  
Person Act 1861.

- |    |  |                      |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 30 | An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substance or thing to cause harm or intimidate).   | 5                    |
| 31 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—<br>(a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);<br>(b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);<br>(c) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training). | 10<br><br><br><br>15 |
| 32 | An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc).  |                      |
| 33 | An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures).  | 20<br><br><br><br>25 |
| 34 | An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order).  |                      |

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

PART 5

TERRORISM OFFENCES ONLY IN OTHER  
 PARTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM  
 PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 35 | An offence under either of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—   | 5  |
|    | (a) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas: England and Wales), other than an offence which is an offence by virtue of subsection (2)(c) of that section; | 10 |
|    | (b) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas: Scotland).  |    |

PART 6

15

OTHER OFFENCES ONLY IN OTHER PARTS OF  
 THE UNITED KINGDOM PUNISHABLE WITH  
 IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 36 | Culpable homicide (under the law of Scotland).           | 20 |
| 37 | Abduction (under the law of Scotland).                   |    |
| 38 | Assault by explosive device (under the law of Scotland). |    |
| 39 | Assault to severe injury (under the law of Scotland).    | 25 |

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

40	Assault and poisoning (under the law of Scotland).	
41	Poisoning (under the law of Scotland).	
42	Robbery (under the law of Scotland).	5
43	Assault with intent to rob (under the law of Scotland).	
44	Wilful fire-raising (under the law of Scotland).	10
45	Malicious mischief (under the law of Scotland).	
46	An offence under section 1 of the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929 (child destruction).	15
47	An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act 1938 (infanticide).	
48	An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968—	20
	(a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life);	
	(b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest);	25
	(c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or	

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

- being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act);
- (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent). 5
- 49 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1968—
- (a) section 8 (robbery or assault with intent to rob); 10
- (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).
- 50(1) An offence of arson under section 1 of the Criminal Damage Act 1971.
- (2) An offence under section 1(2) of that Act (destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson. 15
- 51 An offence under section 51 or 52 of the International Criminal Court Act 2001 (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences: England and Wales), other than one involving murder. 20
- 52 An offence under section 1 or 2 of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 13) (genocide, crimes against humanity, 25

*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*

war crimes and related offences),  
other than one involving murder.

- 53 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Modern Slavery Act 2015— 5
- (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour);
  - (b) section 2 (human trafficking).
- 54 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015 (asp 12)— 10
- (a) section 1 (human trafficking);
  - (b) section 4 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour). 15

PART 7

TERRORISM OFFENCES ONLY IN OTHER PARTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS (BUT NOT LIFE) 20

- 55 An offence under section 59 of the Terrorism Act 2000 (inciting terrorism overseas: England and Wales), in the case of an offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 25

135 *Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 3 — Offences for the purposes of this Act:*  
23 of the Offences against the  
Person Act 1861.”

SCHEDULE 4 Section 6

SERIOUS TERRORISM OFFENCES: SCOTLAND

This is the Schedule to be inserted as  
Schedule 5ZA to the Criminal Procedure  
(Scotland) Act 1995— 5

“SCHEDULE 5ZA Section  
205ZA

SERIOUS TERRORISM OFFENCES 10

PART 1

TERRORISM OFFENCES

*Terrorism Act 2000*

- 1 An offence under any of the  
following provisions of the Terrorism  
Act 2000— 15
- (a) section 54 (weapons training);
  - (b) section 56 (directing a terrorist  
organisation);
  - (c) section 61 (inciting terrorism  
overseas). 20



*Terrorism Act 2006*

- 2 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—
- (a) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts); 5
  - (b) section 6 (training for terrorism);
  - (c) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material); 10
  - (d) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
  - (e) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc). 15

*Ancillary offences*

- 3(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part (“a listed offence”). 20
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
  - (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence. 25
  - (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.

PART 2

OTHER OFFENCES (IN CASE WHERE  
 AGGRAVATED BY HAVING A TERRORIST  
 CONNECTION UNDER SECTION 31 OF THE  
 COUNTER-TERRORISM ACT 2008)

5

*Common law offences*

4 Culpable homicide.

5 Abduction.

6 Assault by explosive device.

7 Assault to severe injury.

10

8 Assault and poisoning.

9 Poisoning.

10 Robbery.

11 Assault with intent to rob.

12 Wilful fire-raising.

15

13 Malicious mischief.

*Explosive Substances Act 1883*

14 An offence under any of the  
 following provisions of the Explosive  
 Substances Act 1883—

20

(a) section 2 (causing explosion  
 likely to endanger life or  
 property);

(b) section 3 (attempt to cause  
 explosion, or making or keeping

25

## Schedule 4 — Serious terrorism offences: Scotland

- 
- explosive with intent to endanger life or property);
- (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 5
- (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives). 10

*Firearms Act 1968*

- 15 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968—
- (a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life); 15
- (b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest);
- (c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act); 20
- (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent). 25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 4 — Serious terrorism offences: Scotland*

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*Biological Weapons Act 1974*

- 16 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 5

*Taking of Hostages Act 1982*

- 17 An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking). 10

*Aviation Security Act 1982*

- 18 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation Security Act 1982—
- (a) section 1 (hijacking); 15
  - (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft);
  - (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft); 20
  - (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft). 25

*Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983*

19 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983—

- (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment);
- (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).

5

*Criminal Justice Act 1988*

20 An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture).

10

*Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990*

21 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990—

- (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes);
- (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);
- (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms);
- (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety);
- (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation);
- (f) section 13 (offences involving threats);

15

20

25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 4 — Serious terrorism offences: Scotland*

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- (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety). 5

*Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994*

- 22 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system). 10

*Chemical Weapons Act 1996*

- 23 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996— 15
- (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
- (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons). 20

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001*

- 24 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001— 25

Schedule 4 — Serious terrorism offences: Scotland

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(a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons);

(b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas).

5

*International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 13)*

25 An offence under section 1 or 2 of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder.

10

*Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015 (asp 12)*

15

26 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015—

(a) section 1 (human trafficking);

(b) section 4 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour).

20

*Space Industry Act 2018*

27 An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018—

25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 4 — Serious terrorism offences: Scotland*

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- (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);
- (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft); 5
- (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
- (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports). 10

*Ancillary offences*

- 28(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part (“a listed offence”). 15
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
- (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
- (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence. 20
- 29(1) An attempt to commit murder.
- (2) Conspiracy to commit murder.
- (3) Incitement to commit murder.” 25





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*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended*

- (f) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
- (g) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 5
- (h) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
- (i) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas). 10

*Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act*  
*2001*

- 2 An offence under section 113 of the Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substances to harm or intimidate). 15

*Terrorism Act 2006*

- 3 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006— 20
  - (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);
  - (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);
  - (c) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts); 25
  - (d) section 6 (training for terrorism);

Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended

- (e) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training);
- (f) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material); 5
- (g) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
- (h) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc). 10

*Ancillary offences*

- 4(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part (“a listed offence”). 15
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
- (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence. 20
- (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended*

PART 2

OTHER OFFENCES (IN CASE WHERE  
 AGGRAVATED BY HAVING A TERRORIST  
 CONNECTION UNDER SECTION 31 OF THE  
 COUNTER-TERRORISM ACT 2008)

5

*Common law offences*

5 Culpable homicide.

6 Abduction.

7 Assault by explosive device.

8 Assault to severe injury.

10

9 Assault and poisoning.

10 Poisoning.

11 Robbery.

12 Assault with intent to rob.

13 Wilful fire-raising.

15

14 Malicious mischief.

*Explosive Substances Act 1883*

15 An offence under any of the  
 following provisions of the Explosive  
 Substances Act 1883—

20

(a) section 2 (causing explosion  
 likely to endanger life or  
 property);

(b) section 3 (attempt to cause  
 explosion, or making or keeping

25

Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended

- explosive with intent to endanger life or property);
- (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 5
- (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives). 10

*Firearms Act 1968*

- 16 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968—
- (a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life); 15
- (b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest);
- (c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act); 20
- (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent). 25

149 *Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended*  
*Biological Weapons Act 1974*

- 17 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 5

*Taking of Hostages Act 1982*

- 18 An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking). 10

*Aviation Security Act 1982*

- 19 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation Security Act 1982—
- (a) section 1 (hijacking); 15
  - (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft);
  - (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft); 20
  - (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft). 25

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*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended  
Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983*

- 20 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983—
- (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment); 5
  - (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).

*Criminal Justice Act 1988*

- 21 An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture). 10

*Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990*

- 22 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990— 15
- (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes);
  - (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);
  - (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms); 20
  - (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety);
  - (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation); 25
  - (f) section 13 (offences involving threats);

*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended*

- (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety). 5

*Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994*

- 23 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system). 10

*Chemical Weapons Act 1996*

- 24 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996— 15
- (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
- (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons). 20

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001*

- 25 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001— 25



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<i>Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended</i>	
(a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons);	
(b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas).	5
 <i>International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 13)</i>	
26 An offence under section 1 or 2 of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder.	10
 <i>Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015 (asp 12)</i>	15
27 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015—	
(a) section 1 (human trafficking);	20
(b) section 4 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour).	
 <i>Space Industry Act 2018</i>	
28 An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018—	25

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*Schedule 5 — Terrorism offences attracting extended*

- (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);
- (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft); 5
- (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
- (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports). 10

*Ancillary offences*

- 29(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part (“a listed offence”). 15
  - (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
  - (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
  - (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence. 20
- 30(1) An attempt to commit murder.
- (2) Conspiracy to commit murder.
  - (3) Incitement to commit murder.” 25

SCHEDULE 6 Section 21

OFFENCES ATTRACTING SPECIAL CUSTODIAL  
SENTENCE FOR OFFENDERS OF PARTICULAR  
CONCERN: ENGLAND AND WALES

This is the Schedule to be substituted for 5  
Schedule 13 to the Sentencing Code—

“SCHEDULE 13 Sections  
252A, 265 and 278

SPECIAL SENTENCE FOR OFFENDERS OF 10  
PARTICULAR CONCERN: OFFENCES

PART 1

OFFENCES INVOLVING OR CONNECTED WITH  
TERRORISM

*Terrorism Act 2000*

- 1 An offence under any of the 15  
following provisions of the Terrorism  
Act 2000—
- (a) section 11 (membership of a  
proscribed organisation);
  - (b) section 12 (inviting or 20  
expressing support for a  
proscribed organisation);
  - (c) section 15 (fund-raising);
  - (d) section 16 (use of money or 25  
property for terrorist purposes);

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 6 — Offences attracting special custodial*

- (e) section 17 (involvement in terrorist funding arrangements);
- (f) section 17A (insuring payments made in response to terrorist threats); 5
- (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);
- (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences); 10
- (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);
- (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism); 15
- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc); 20
- (l) section 54 (weapons training);
- (m) section 56 (directing terrorist organisation);
- (n) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 25
- (o) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);

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*Schedule 6 — Offences attracting special custodial*

- (p) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc);
- (q) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area); 5
- (r) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas).

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act*  
*2001*

- 2 An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substance or thing to cause harm or intimidate). 10

*Terrorism Act 2006*

- 3 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006— 15
  - (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);
  - (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications); 20
  - (c) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);
  - (d) section 6 (training for terrorism);
  - (e) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training); 25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 6 — Offences attracting special custodial*

- (f) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material);
- (g) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
- (h) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc).

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*Counter-Terrorism Act 2008*

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- 4 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc).

*Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures 2011*

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- 5 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures).

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*Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015*

- 6 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order).

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*Inchoate offences*

- 7 An inchoate offence in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.

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*Abolished offences*

- 8(1) An abolished offence in relation to an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.

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- (2) “Abolished offence”, in relation to an offence (“the current offence”), means an offence that was—

(a) abolished before the relevant date, and

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(b) would, if committed on the day on which the offender is or was convicted, have constituted the current offence.

- (3) The relevant date is 13 April 2015, unless sub-paragraph (4) or (5) applies.

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- (4) If the current offence is within—

(a) sub-paragraph (a), (b), (o), (p) or (q) of paragraph 1,

25

(b) sub-paragraph (a), (b) or (e) of paragraph 3, or

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*Schedule 6 — Offences attracting special custodial*

(c) paragraph 7 by virtue of any provision referred to in paragraph (a) or (b),  
the relevant date is 12 April 2019.

- (5) If the current offence is within— 5
- (a) sub-paragraphs (c) to (k) of paragraph 1,
- (b) paragraph 4, 5 or 6, or
- (c) paragraph 7 by virtue of any provision referred to in 10  
paragraph (a) or (b),  
the relevant date is the date on which section 21 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force. 15

*Offences connection with terrorism*

- 9 An offence, other than one for which the sentence is fixed by law as life imprisonment, which is determined to have a terrorist connection under section 69. 20

PART 2

SEXUAL OFFENCES

*Sexual Offences Act 2003*

- 10 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Sexual Offences Act 2003— 25



- (a) section 5 (rape of a child under 13);
- (b) section 6 (assault of a child under 13 by penetration).

*Inchoate offences*

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- 11 An inchoate offence in relation to an offence specified paragraph 10.

*Abolished offences*

- 12(1) An abolished offence in relation to an offence specified in either of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.

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- (2) “Abolished offence”, in relation to an offence (“the current offence”), means an offence that was—

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- (a) abolished before 13 April 2015, and
- (b) would, if committed on the day on which the offender is or was convicted, have constituted the current offence.”

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- (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);
- (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences); 5
- (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);
- (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism); 10
- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc); 15
- (l) section 54 (weapons training);
- (m) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);
- (n) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 20
- (o) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
- (p) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 25
- (q) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
- (r) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas). 30

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 7 — Offences attracting terrorism sentence*

*Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act  
2001*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substances to harm or intimidate). | 5 |
|---|--|---|

*Terrorism Act 2006*

- |   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—           | 10 |
|   | (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);   |    |
|   | (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);                              |    |
|   | (c) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);  | 15 |
|   | (d) section 6 (training for terrorism);   |    |
|   | (e) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training);                    |    |
|   | (f) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material);               | 20 |
|   | (g) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc); | 25 |
|   | (h) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc).               |    |

*Counter-Terrorism Act 2008*

- 4 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc). 5

*Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011*

- 5 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures). 10

*Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015*

- 6 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order). 15

*Ancillary offences*

- 7(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part (“a listed offence”). 20
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence. 25

(3) Incitement to commit a listed offence.

(4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.

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*Abolished offences*

8 An offence that—

(a) was abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and

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(b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.”

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SCHEDULE 8 Section 25

CORRESPONDING PROVISION ABOUT SENTENCING  
UNDER SERVICE LAW

PART 1

20

SERIOUS TERRORISM SENTENCES ETC

1 The Armed Forces Act 2006 is amended as follows.

*Serious terrorism sentence for services offences*

2 After section 219 insert—

**“219ZA Serious terrorism sentence:  
offenders aged 18 or over**

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(1) This section applies where—

(a) a person is convicted by the Court Martial of a serious terrorism offence (see subsection (11));

(b) the offence was committed on or after the day on which paragraph 2 of Schedule 8 to the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force;

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(c) the offender was aged 18 or over when the offence was committed;

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(d) the court is of the required opinion (see section 223(1A));

(e) the court does not impose a sentence of custody for life or (as the case may be) a sentence of imprisonment for life; and

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(f) the risk of multiple deaths condition is met.

(2) The risk of multiple deaths condition is that the court is of the opinion that—

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(a) either—

(i) the serious terrorism offence,  
or

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*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

- (ii) the combination of the offence and one or more offences associated with it, was very likely to result in or contribute to (whether directly or indirectly) the deaths of at least two people as a result of an act of terrorism (within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Act 2000), and 5
- (b) the offender was, or ought to have been, aware of that likelihood. 10
- (3) It is irrelevant for the purposes of determining whether the risk of multiple deaths condition is met whether or not any deaths actually occurred. 15
- (4) Where the offender is under 21 when convicted of the serious terrorism offence, section 268B(2) of the Sentencing Code (duty to impose a serious terrorism sentence of detention in young offender institution under section 268A) applies in relation to the offender. 20
- (5) Section 268C of the Sentencing Code applies where a court is required to impose a serious terrorism sentence 25



under section 268A by virtue of this section.

- (6) In its application to an offender by virtue of subsection (5)—
- (a) section 268C(2)(b) of the Sentencing Code has effect as if—
- (i) for “section 231(2)” there were substituted “section 261(2) of the Armed Forces Act 2006”, and
- (ii) after “section 265” there were inserted “passed as a result of section 224A of that Act”, and
- (b) section 268C(3) of the Code has effect as if after “other specified offences” there were inserted “or further acts or omissions that would be serious terrorism offences or other specified offences if committed in England and Wales”.
- (7) Where the offender is 21 or over when convicted of the serious terrorism offence, section 282B(2) of the Sentencing Code (duty to impose serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 282A) applies in relation to the offender.

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*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

- (8) Section 282C of the Sentencing Code applies where a court is required to impose a serious terrorism sentence under section 282A by virtue of this section. 5
- (9) In its application to an offender by virtue of subsection (8)—
- (a) section 282C(2)(b) of the Sentencing Code has effect as if— 10
- (i) for “section 231(2)” there were substituted “section 261(2) of the Armed Forces Act 2006”, and
- (ii) after “section 278” there were inserted “passed as a result of section 224A of that Act”, and 15
- (b) section 282C(3) of the Code has effect as if, after “other specified offences” there were inserted “or further acts or omissions that would be serious terrorism offences or other specified offences if committed in England and Wales”. 20
- (10) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be 25 30

Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about

taken for the purposes of subsection (1) to have been committed on the last of those days.

(11) In this section “serious terrorism offence” means —

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(a) an offence under section 42 (criminal conduct) as respects which the corresponding offence under the law of England and Wales is specified in Part 1 of Schedule 17A to the Sentencing Code, or

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(b) an offence under that section—  
(i) as respects which the corresponding offence under the law of England and Wales is specified in Part 2 of that Schedule, and

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(ii) which has been determined to have a terrorist connection under section 69 of the Code as applied by section 238(6) of this Act.”

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*Reduction in appropriate custodial term for guilty plea*

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3 In section 239 (reduction in sentence for guilty plea), after subsection (3) insert—

“(3A) Subsection (3B) applies in the case of an offence the sentence for which, as

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

a result of section 219ZA(4) or (7) of this Act (serious terrorism sentences) falls to be imposed under section 268A or 282A of the Sentencing Code. 5

- (3B) Nothing in section 268C(2) or, as the case may be, 282C(2) of the Sentencing Code prevents the court, after taking into account any matter referred to in subsection (2) above, from imposing as the appropriate custodial term a term of any length which is not less than 80% of the term which would otherwise be required.” 10

*Minimum term orders for serious terrorism offenders in cases of service offences* 15

4 In section 261A (as inserted by the Sentencing Act 2020) (life sentences: further provision), in subsection (3)—

(a) the words from “subsection (2)(c)(i)” to the end become paragraph (a), 20

(b) at the end insert—

“(b) subsection (7) has effect as if, after “by section 268B(2) or 282B(2)” there were inserted “as a result of section 219ZA of the Armed Forces Act 2006”;

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(c) subsection (9)(b) has effect as if—

(i) after “section 268B(2) or 282B(2)” there were inserted “as a result of section 219ZA of the Armed Forces Act 2006”;

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(ii) for sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii) there were substituted—

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“(i) section 239 of that Act, and

(ii) section 304C of that Act”.

*Reduction in appropriate custodial term for assistance to prosecution*

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5 In section 304C (to be inserted by the Armed Forces Act 2016) (reduction in sentence), after subsection (5) insert—

“(5A) The power of a court to act under subsection (2) is not affected by section 268C(2) or 282C(2) of the Sentencing Code as applied by section 219ZA(5) or (8) of this Act (minimum appropriate custodial term for serious terrorism sentences) so far as the power relates to determining the appropriate custodial term.”

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*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

PART 2

OFFENCES ATTRACTING SPECIAL CUSTODIAL  
SENTENCE

- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| 6 | <p>In section 224A of the Armed Forces Act 2006 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (special custodial sentence for offenders of particular concern)—</p> <p>(a) in subsection (1)—</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(i) in paragraph (a), omit “under section 42 (criminal conduct)”;</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(ii) for paragraph (b) substitute—</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(b) the offence—</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">(i) is an offence under section 42 (criminal conduct) as respects which the corresponding offence under the law of England and Wales is listed in Schedule 13 to the Sentencing Code (except in paragraph 9 of that Schedule),</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">or</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">(ii) is an offence, other than one for which the sentence is fixed by law as life imprisonment, that is</p> | <p>5</p> <p>10</p> <p>15</p> <p>20</p> <p>25</p> <p>30</p> |
|---|--|--|

- determined to have a terrorist connection under section 69 of the Sentencing Code (as applied by section 238(6)),”; 5
- (b) omit subsection (4).

PART 3

SPECIAL CUSTODIAL SENTENCE FOR TERRORIST OFFENDERS OF PARTICULAR CONCERN AGED UNDER 18 AT TIME OF OFFENCE 10

7 The Armed Forces Act 2006 is amended as follows.

8(1) Section 224A (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (special custodial sentence for offenders of particular concern) is amended as follows. 15

(2) In the heading, at the end insert “aged 18 or over”.

(3) In subsection (1)— 20

(a) in paragraph (a), after “person” insert “aged 18 or over”;

(b) omit paragraph (c) (but not the final “and”).

(4) After subsection (1) insert— 25

“(1A) But this section does not apply if—

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*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

- (a) the offender was aged under 18 when the offence was committed, and
- (b) the offence—
  - (i) was committed before the day on which paragraph 8 of Schedule 8 to the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 came into force, or
  - (ii) is an offence under section 42 as respects which the corresponding offence under the law of England and Wales is listed in Part 2 of Schedule 13 to the Sentencing Code (sexual offences).”

9 After section 224A insert— 15

**“224B Special sentence of detention for terrorist offenders of particular concern aged under 18**

- (1) Subsections (3) and (4) apply where—
  - (a) a person aged under 18 is convicted by the Court Martial of an offence committed on or after day on which paragraph 9 of Schedule 8 to the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force,
  - (b) the offence—
    - (i) is an offence under section 42 (criminal conduct) as respects which the corresponding offence under the law of England and Wales is listed in Part 1 of Schedule 13 to the



- Sentencing Code (except in paragraph 9 of that Schedule) (terrorism offences), or
- (ii) is an offence, other than one for which the sentence is fixed by law as life imprisonment, that is determined to have a terrorist connection under section 69 of the Sentencing Code (as applied by section 238(6)), 5
- (c) the court does not impose either of the following for the offence (or for an offence associated with it)— 10
- (i) a sentence of detention for life under section 209, or
  - (ii) an extended sentence of detention under section 254 of the Sentencing Code (as applied by section 221A of this Act), and 15
- (d) the court would, apart from this section, impose a custodial sentence (see, in particular, section 260(2)). 20
- (2) In determining for the purposes of subsection (1)(d) whether it would impose a custodial sentence, the court must disregard any restriction on its power to impose such a sentence by reference to the age of the offender. 25
- (3) The court must impose a sentence of detention under this section.

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 8 — Corresponding provision about*

- (4) Subsections (4) and (5) of section 252A of the Sentencing Code apply in relation to the term of the sentence.
- (5) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1) to have been committed on the last of those days.” 5

SCHEDULE 9

Section 27 10

OFFENCES CARRYING RESTRICTED ELIGIBILITY OF  
TERRORIST PRISONERS FOR RELEASE ON LICENCE:  
ENGLAND AND WALES

This is the Schedule to be substituted for Schedule 19ZA to the Criminal Justice Act 2003— 15

“SCHEDULE 19ZA Section 247A

OFFENCES CARRYING RESTRICTED ELIGIBILITY OF  
TERRORIST PRISONERS FOR RELEASE ON LICENCE

PART 1

TERRORISM OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH 20  
IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

- 1 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—
- (a) section 54 (weapons training);
- (b) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation); 25

Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- (c) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas: England and Wales), other than an offence which is an offence by virtue of subsection (2)(c) of that section;
  - (d) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas: Northern Ireland), other than an offence which is an offence by virtue of subsection (2)(c) of that section; 5
  - (e) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas: Scotland). 10
- 2 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—
  - (a) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);
  - (b) section 6 (training for terrorism);
  - (c) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material); 15
  - (d) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
  - (e) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc). 20
- 3(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
- (3) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 25

*Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill*  
*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- (4) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
  - (5) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
- 4 An offence that was—
- (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and 5
  - (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule. 10

## PART 2

### TERRORISM OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS (BUT NOT LIFE) 15

- 5 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—
- (a) section 11 (membership of a proscribed organisation);
  - (b) section 12 (inviting or expressing support for a proscribed organisation); 20
  - (c) section 15 (fund-raising);
  - (d) section 16 (use of money or property for terrorist purposes);
  - (e) section 17 (involvement in terrorist funding arrangements); 25
  - (f) section 17A (insuring payments made in response to terrorist threats);

*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property);
- (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences); 5
- (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences);
- (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism); 10
- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc);
- (l) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 15
- (m) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
- (n) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 20
- (o) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
- (p) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas: England and Wales), in the case of an offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 23 of the Offences against the Person Act 1861; 25
- (q) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas: Northern Ireland), in the case of an 30

*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 23 of the Offences against the Person Act 1861. 5
- 6 An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substances to harm or intimidate).
- 7 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006— 10  
 (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);  
 (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);  
 (c) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training). 15
- 8 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc).
- 9 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures). 20
- 10 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order). 25
- 11(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).

Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
- (3) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 5
- (4) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
- (5) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
- 12 An offence that was— 10
  - (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and
  - (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule. 15

PART 3

OTHER OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE 20

- 13 Manslaughter.
- 14 Culpable homicide (under the law of Scotland).
- 15 Kidnapping.
- 16 False imprisonment. 25
- 17 Abduction (under the law of Scotland).

*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 18 | Assault by explosive device (under the law of Scotland).   |    |
| 19 | Assault to severe injury (under the law of Scotland).  |    |
| 20 | Assault and poisoning (under the law of Scotland).   | 5  |
| 21 | Poisoning (under the law of Scotland).   |    |
| 22 | Robbery (under the law of Scotland).   |    |
| 23 | Assault with intent to rob (under the law of Scotland).  | 10 |
| 24 | Wilful fire-raising (under the law of Scotland).   |    |
| 25 | Malicious mischief (under the law of Scotland).  |    |
| 26 | Riot (under the law of Northern Ireland).  | 15 |
| 27 | Affray (under the law of Northern Ireland).  |    |
| 28 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Offences against the Person Act 1861—  |    |
|    | (a) section 4 (soliciting murder);   | 20 |
|    | (b) section 18 (wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm);   |    |
|    | (c) section 21 (attempting to choke, suffocate or strangle in order to commit or assist in the committing of an indictable offence); | 25 |



Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- (d) section 22 (using chloroform etc to commit or assist in the committing of any indictable offence);
  - (e) section 28 (causing bodily injury by explosives); 5
  - (f) section 29 (using explosives etc with intent to do grievous bodily harm);
  - (g) section 32 (endangering the safety of railway passengers).
- 29 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Explosive Substances Act 1883— 10
- (a) section 2 (causing explosion likely to endanger life or property);
  - (b) section 3 (attempt to cause explosion, or making or keeping explosive with intent to endanger life or property); 15
  - (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 20
  - (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives).
- 30 An offence under section 1 of the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929 (child destruction). 25
- 31 An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act 1938 (infanticide).

*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 32 | An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act (Northern Ireland) 1939 (c. 5 (N.I.)) (infanticide).                             |    |
| 33 | An offence under section 25 of the Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland) 1945 (c. 15 (N.I.)) (child destruction).                | 5  |
| 34 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968—   |    |
|    | (a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life);   | 10 |
|    | (b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest);   |    |
|    | (c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act); | 15 |
|    | (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).  |    |
| 35 | An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1968—   | 20 |
|    | (a) section 8 (robbery or assault with intent to rob);   |    |
|    | (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).  |    |
| 36 | An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act (Northern Ireland) 1969 (c. 16 (N.I.))—                       | 25 |
|    | (a) section 8 (robbery);   |    |
|    | (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).  |    |

*Schedule 9 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- 37(1) An offence of arson under section 1 of the Criminal Damage Act 1971.
- (2) An offence under section 1(2) of that Act (destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson. 5
- 38 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 10
- 39(1) An offence of arson under Article 3 of the Criminal Damage (Northern Ireland) Order 1977 (S.I. 1977/426 (N.I. 4)).
- (2) An offence under Article 3(2) of that Order (destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson. 15
- 40 An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking).
- 41 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation Security Act 1982— 20
- (a) section 1 (hijacking);
- (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft); 25
- (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft);

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- (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft).
- 42 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983— 5
- (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment);
- (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).
- 43 An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture). 10
- 44 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990—
- (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes); 15
- (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);
- (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms);
- (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety); 20
- (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation);
- (f) section 13 (offences involving threats);
- (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety). 25

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- 45 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system).
- 46 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996— 5
- (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
  - (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons). 10
- 47 An offence under any of the following provisions of the International Criminal Court Act 2001, other than an offence involving murder— 15
- (a) section 51 (genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes: England and Wales);
  - (b) section 52 (conduct ancillary to genocide etc: England and Wales); 20
  - (c) section 58 (genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes: Northern Ireland);
  - (d) section 59 (conduct ancillary to genocide etc: Northern Ireland). 25
- 48 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001—
- (a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons); 30

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- (b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas).
- 49 An offence under section 1 or 2 of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 13) (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder. 5
- 50 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms (Northern Ireland) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/702 (N.I. 3))— 10
- (a) Article 58(1) (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life etc);
- (b) Article 59(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest); 15
- (c) Article 59(2) (possession of firearm while committing other offence);
- (d) Article 60 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).
- 51 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Modern Slavery Act 2015— 20
- (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour);
- (b) section 2 (human trafficking). 25
- 52 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015 (asp 12)—
- (a) section 1 (human trafficking);

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- (b) section 4 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour).
- 53 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Criminal Justice and Support for Victims) Act (Northern Ireland) 2015 (c. 2 (N.I.))—
  - (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour);
  - (b) section 2 (human trafficking). 10
- 54 An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018—
  - (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);
  - (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft); 15
  - (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
  - (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports). 20
- 55(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).
  - (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
  - (3) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 25

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- (4) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
  - (5) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
- 56(1) An attempt to commit murder.
- (2) Conspiracy to commit murder. 5
  - (3) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which murder is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 10
  - (4) Incitement to commit murder.
  - (5) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring murder.
- 57 An offence that was—
- (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and 15
  - (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.” 20



SCHEDULE 10 Section 28

OFFENCES CARRYING RESTRICTED ELIGIBILITY OF  
TERRORIST PRISONERS FOR RELEASE ON LICENCE:  
SCOTLAND

This is the Schedule to be substituted for 5  
Schedule 1A to the Prisoners and Criminal  
Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993—

“SCHEDULE 1A Section 1AB

OFFENCES CARRYING RESTRICTED ELIGIBILITY OF 10  
TERRORIST PRISONERS FOR RELEASE ON LICENCE

PART 1

TERRORISM OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH  
IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE

- 1 An offence under any of the following 15  
provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—
- (a) section 54 (weapons training);
  - (b) section 56 (directing a terrorist organisation);
  - (c) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas: 20  
England and Wales), other than an  
offence which is an offence by virtue of  
subsection (2)(c) of that section;
  - (d) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas: 25  
Northern Ireland), other than an offence  
which is an offence by virtue of  
subsection (2)(c) of that section;
  - (e) section 61 (inciting terrorism overseas:  
Scotland).

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- 2 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—
- (a) section 5 (preparation of terrorist acts);
  - (b) section 6 (training for terrorism);
  - (c) section 9 (making or possession of radioactive device or material); 5
  - (d) section 10 (misuse of radioactive device or material for terrorist purposes etc);
  - (e) section 11 (terrorist threats relating to radioactive devices etc). 10
- 3(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
  - (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence. 15
  - (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
  - (5) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 20
- 4 An offence that was—
- (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and 25
  - (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any

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of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.

PART 2

TERRORISM OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS (BUT NOT LIFE) 5

- 5 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2000—
- (a) section 11 (membership of a proscribed organisation); 10
  - (b) section 12 (inviting or expressing support for a proscribed organisation);
  - (c) section 15 (fund-raising);
  - (d) section 16 (use of money or property for terrorist purposes); 15
  - (e) section 17 (involvement in terrorist funding arrangements);
  - (f) section 17A (insuring payments made in response to terrorist threats);
  - (g) section 18 (laundering of terrorist property); 20
  - (h) section 19 (failure to disclose professional belief or suspicion about terrorist offences);
  - (i) section 21A (failure in regulated sectors to disclose knowledge or suspicion about terrorist offences); 25
  - (j) section 38B (failure to disclose information about acts of terrorism);

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- (k) section 39 (disclosure of information prejudicial to a terrorist investigation etc);
  - (l) section 57 (possession of article for terrorist purposes); 5
  - (m) section 58 (collection of information likely to be of use to a terrorist);
  - (n) section 58A (publishing information about members of the armed forces etc); 10
  - (o) section 58B (entering or remaining in a designated area);
  - (p) section 59 (inciting terrorism overseas: England and Wales), in the case of an offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 23 of the Offences against the Person Act 1861; 15
  - (q) section 60 (inciting terrorism overseas: Northern Ireland), in the case of an offence which is an offence by virtue of the reference in subsection (2)(c) of that section to an offence under section 23 of the Offences against the Person Act 1861. 20 25
- 6 An offence under section 113 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 (use of noxious substances to harm or intimidate). 30

Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- 7 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Terrorism Act 2006—
  - (a) section 1 (encouragement of terrorism);
  - (b) section 2 (dissemination of terrorist publications);
  - (c) section 8 (attendance at a place used for terrorist training).
- 8 An offence under section 54 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (breach of police notification requirements etc).
- 9 An offence under section 23 of the Terrorism Prevention and Investigation Measures Act 2011 (breach of notices imposing terrorism prevention and investigation measures).
- 10 An offence under section 10 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (breach of temporary exclusion order).
- 11(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).
  - (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
  - (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence.
  - (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
  - (5) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed.

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- 12 An offence that was—
- (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and
  - (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule. 5

PART 3

OTHER OFFENCES PUNISHABLE WITH IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE 10

- 13 Culpable homicide.
- 14 Manslaughter (under the law of England and Wales or Northern Ireland).
- 15 Abduction. 15
- 16 Assault by explosive device.
- 17 Assault to severe injury.
- 18 Assault and poisoning.
- 19 Poisoning.
- 20 Robbery. 20
- 21 Assault with intent to rob.
- 22 Wilful fire-raising.
- 23 Malicious mischief.
- 24 Kidnapping (under the law of England and Wales or Northern Ireland). 25

Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- 25 False imprisonment (under the law of England and Wales or Northern Ireland).
- 26 Riot (under the law of Northern Ireland).
- 27 Affray (under the law of Northern Ireland).
- 28 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Offences against the Person Act 1861—
  - (a) section 4 (soliciting murder);
  - (b) section 18 (wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm); 10
  - (c) section 21 (attempting to choke, suffocate or strangle in order to commit or assist in the committing of an indictable offence);
  - (d) section 22 (using chloroform etc to commit or assist in the committing of any indictable offence); 15
  - (e) section 28 (causing bodily injury by explosives);
  - (f) section 29 (using explosives etc with intent to do grievous bodily harm); 20
  - (g) section 32 (endangering the safety of railway passengers).
- 29 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Explosive Substances Act 1883—
  - (a) section 2 (causing explosion likely to endanger life or property); 25

*Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- (b) section 3 (attempt to cause explosion, or making or keeping explosive with intent to endanger life or property);
  - (c) section 4 (making or possession of explosive under suspicious circumstances); 5
  - (d) section 5 (punishment of accessories to offences of causing or attempting to cause explosions or making or possessing explosives). 10
- 30 An offence under section 1 of the Infant Life (Preservation) Act 1929 (child destruction).
- 31 An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act 1938 (infanticide).
- 32 An offence under section 1 of the Infanticide Act (Northern Ireland) 1939 (c. 5 (N.I.)) (infanticide). 15
- 33 An offence under section 25 of the Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland) 1945 (c. 15 (N.I.)) (child destruction). 20
- 34 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms Act 1968—
- (a) section 16 (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life);
  - (b) section 17(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest); 25
  - (c) section 17(2) (possession of firearm at time of committing or being arrested for offence specified in Schedule 1 to that Act); 30



*Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of*

- (d) section 18 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).
- 35 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act 1968—
  - (a) section 8 (robbery or assault with intent to rob); 5
  - (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).
- 36 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Theft Act (Northern Ireland) 1969 (c. 16 (N.I.))— 10
  - (a) section 8 (robbery);
  - (b) section 10 (aggravated burglary).
- 37(1) An offence of arson under section 1 of the Criminal Damage Act 1971.
- (2) An offence under section 1(2) of that Act 15  
(destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson.
- 38 An offence under section 1 of the Biological Weapons Act 1974 (developing certain biological agents and toxins or biological weapons). 20
- 39(1) An offence of arson under Article 3 of the Criminal Damage (Northern Ireland) Order 1977 (S.I. 1977/426 (N.I. 4)). 25
- (2) An offence under Article 3(2) of that Order (destruction or damage of property with intent or recklessness as to endangerment of life) other than an offence of arson.

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- |    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 40 | An offence under section 1 of the Taking of Hostages Act 1982 (hostage-taking).                  |    |
| 41 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation Security Act 1982—              | 5  |
|    | (a) section 1 (hijacking);   |    |
|    | (b) section 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering safety of aircraft);                          |    |
|    | (c) section 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of aircraft);                 | 10 |
|    | (d) section 6(2) (inducing or assisting commission of offences relating to safety of aircraft).  |    |
| 42 | An offence under either of the following provisions of the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983— | 15 |
|    | (a) section 1B (offences relating to damage to the environment);                                 |    |
|    | (b) section 2 (preparatory acts and threats).  |    |
| 43 | An offence under section 134 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (torture).                         | 20 |
| 44 | An offence under any of the following provisions of the Aviation and Maritime Security Act 1990— |    |
|    | (a) section 1 (endangering safety at aerodromes);  | 25 |
|    | (b) section 9 (hijacking of ships);  |    |
|    | (c) section 10 (seizing or exercising control of fixed platforms);                               |    |

## Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

- (d) section 11 (destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety);
  - (e) section 12 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safe navigation);
  - (f) section 13 (offences involving threats); 5
  - (g) section 14(4) (inducing or assisting the commission of offences relating to hijacking of ships, or destroying ships or fixed platforms or endangering their safety). 10
- 45 An offence under Part 2 of the Channel Tunnel (Security) Order 1994 (S.I. 1994/570) (offences relating to Channel Tunnel trains and the tunnel system).
- 46 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Chemical Weapons Act 1996— 15
- (a) section 2 (use etc of chemical weapons);
  - (b) section 11 (premises or equipment used for producing chemical weapons). 20
- 47 An offence under any of the following provisions of the International Criminal Court Act 2001, other than an offence involving murder— 25
- (a) section 51 (genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes: England and Wales);
  - (b) section 52 (conduct ancillary to genocide etc: England and Wales); 30

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- (c) section 58 (genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes: Northern Ireland);
- (d) section 59 (conduct ancillary to genocide etc: Northern Ireland). 5
- 48 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Anti-Terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001—
  - (a) section 47 (use etc of nuclear weapons); 10
  - (b) section 50 (assisting or inducing certain weapons-related acts overseas).
- 49 An offence under section 1 or 2 of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 13) (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and related offences), other than one involving murder. 15
- 50 An offence under any of the following provisions of the Firearms (Northern Ireland) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/702 (N.I. 3))— 20
  - (a) Article 58(1) (possession of firearm with intent to endanger life etc);
  - (b) Article 59(1) (use of firearm to resist arrest); 25
  - (c) Article 59(2) (possession of firearm while committing other offence);
  - (d) Article 60 (carrying a firearm with criminal intent).

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- 51 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Modern Slavery Act 2015—
  - (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour); 5
  - (b) section 2 (human trafficking).
- 52 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Scotland) Act 2015 (asp 12)—
  - (a) section 1 (human trafficking); 10
  - (b) section 4 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour).
- 53 An offence under either of the following provisions of the Human Trafficking and Exploitation (Criminal Justice and Support for Victims) Act (Northern Ireland) 2015 (c. 2 (N.I.))—
  - (a) section 1 (slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour); 15
  - (b) section 2 (human trafficking). 20
- 54 An offence under any of the following provisions of Schedule 4 to the Space Industry Act 2018—
  - (a) paragraph 1 (hijacking of spacecraft);
  - (b) paragraph 2 (destroying, damaging or endangering the safety of spacecraft); 25
  - (c) paragraph 3 (other acts endangering or likely to endanger safety of spacecraft);
  - (d) paragraph 4 (endangering safety at spaceports). 30

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- 55(1) An attempt to commit an offence specified in a preceding paragraph of this Part of this Schedule (“a listed offence”).
- (2) Conspiracy to commit a listed offence.
- (3) Incitement to commit a listed offence. 5
- (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of a listed offence.
- (5) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which a listed offence is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 10
- 56(1) An attempt to commit murder.
- (2) Conspiracy to commit murder.
- (3) Incitement to commit murder. 15
- (4) Aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring murder.
- (5) An offence under Part 2 of the Serious Crime Act 2007 in relation to which murder is the offence (or one of the offences) which the person intended or believed would be committed. 20
- 57 An offence that was—
- (a) abolished before the coming into force of this Schedule, and 25
- (b) if committed on the day on which this Schedule came into force, would have constituted an offence specified in any

Schedule 10 — Offences carrying restricted eligibility of

of the preceding paragraphs of this Part of this Schedule.”

SCHEDULE 11

Section 36

RELEASE ON LICENCE OF REPATRIATED TERRORIST PRISONERS

5

1 The Schedule to the Repatriation of Prisoners Act 1984 is amended as follows.

2 In paragraph 2 (application of early release provisions) as it applies in relation to prisoners repatriated to England and Wales, after sub-paragraph (3A) insert—

10

“(3B) If sub-paragraph (3D) or (3E) applies by virtue of an offence in relation to which a determinate sentence is to be served, Chapter 6 of Part 12 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within section 247A(2) of that Act (terrorist offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence).

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(3C) If sub-paragraph (3D) or (3E) applies by virtue of any offence, section 28 of the Offender Management Act 2007 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within subsection (4A) of that section (terrorist offences in relation to which polygraph conditions can be included in release licence).

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*Schedule 11 — Release on licence of repatriated*

- (3D) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served corresponds to an offence specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 19ZA to the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence). 5
- (3E) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that— 10
- (a) the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served (“the overseas offence”) corresponds to an offence under the law of England and Wales (“the corresponding offence”), 15
- (b) section 69 of the Sentencing Code or (as the case may be) section 30 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 would have applied to the corresponding offence if— 20
- (i) it had been committed at the same time as the overseas offence, and
- (ii) the prisoner had been convicted of and sentenced for it in England and Wales at the same time respectively as the conviction and sentencing for the overseas offence, and 25
- (c) findings made by the court before which the prisoner was tried or sentenced for the overseas offence would, had the 30



## Schedule 11 — Release on licence of repatriated

prisoner been tried and sentenced in England and Wales for the corresponding offence, have justified a determination under that section that the corresponding offence had a terrorist connection.

5

(3F) The Secretary of State may amend a warrant (whether issued before or after sub-paragraph (3B) or (3C) comes into force and whether or not the transfer it authorises has taken place) so as to specify the matters referred to in sub-paragraph (3D) or (3E)."

10

3(1) Paragraph 2 (application of early release provisions), as it applies in relation to certain prisoners repatriated to Scotland on or after 27 June 2003 in accordance with section 33(2) of the Criminal Justice (Scotland) Act 2003 (asp 7), is amended as follows.

15

(2) In sub-paragraph (1), after "(3)," insert "1AB(3),".

(3) In sub-paragraph (2), in the words before paragraph (a), after "licence)" insert ", or of section 1AB(3) of that Act in the case of a long-term prisoner to whom that section applies".

20

(4) After sub-paragraph (3) insert—

"(3A) If sub-paragraph (3C) or (3D) applies by virtue of an offence in relation to which a determinate sentence is to be served, Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within section 1AB(2)

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*Schedule 11 — Release on licence of repatriated*

of that Act (terrorist offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence).

- (3B) If sub-paragraph (3C) or (3D) applies by virtue of any offence, section 12AC of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within subsection (3) of that section (terrorist offences in relation to which polygraph conditions can be included in release licence). 5 10
- (3C) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served corresponds to an offence specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1A to the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence). 15
- (3D) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that— 20
- (a) the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served (“the overseas offence”) corresponds to an offence under the law of Scotland (“the corresponding offence”), 25
- (b) section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (sentences for offences aggravated by terrorist connection) would have been capable of applying in 30

relation to the corresponding offence  
if—

(i) it had been committed at the same  
time as the overseas offence, and

(ii) the prisoner had been convicted of  
and sentenced for it in Scotland at  
the same time respectively as the  
conviction and sentencing for the  
overseas offence, and

(c) findings made by the court before which  
the prisoner was tried or sentenced for  
the overseas offence would, had the  
prisoner been tried and sentenced in  
Scotland for the corresponding offence,  
have justified its being found proved for  
the purposes of that section that the  
corresponding offence was aggravated  
by reason of having a terrorist  
connection.

(3E) The Scottish Ministers may amend a  
warrant (whether issued before or after sub-  
paragraph (3A) or (3B) comes into force and  
whether or not the transfer it authorises has  
taken place) so as to specify the matters  
referred to in sub-paragraph (3C) or (3D)."

4(1) Paragraph 2 (application of early release  
provisions), as it applies in relation to prisoners  
repatriated to Scotland other than as mentioned in  
paragraph 3(1), is amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1A)(b), after "(3)," insert  
"1AB(3),".

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*Schedule 11 — Release on licence of repatriated*

(3) After sub-paragraph (2) insert—

- “(3) If sub-paragraph (5) applies by virtue of an offence in relation to which a determinate sentence is to be served, Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within section 1AB(2) of that Act (terrorist offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence). 5
- (4) If sub-paragraph (5) applies by virtue of any offence, section 12AC of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within subsection (3) of that section (terrorist offences in relation to which polygraph conditions can be included in release licence). 10 15
- (5) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served corresponds to an offence specified in Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1A to the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence). 20 25
- (6) The Scottish Ministers may amend a warrant (whether issued before or after sub-paragraph (3) or (4) comes into force and whether or not the transfer it authorises has 30

taken place) so as to specify the matters referred to in sub-paragraph (5).”

5 In paragraph 2A (application of early release provisions to prisoners repatriated to Northern Ireland), after sub-paragraph (4) insert— 5

“(4A) If sub-paragraph (4C) or (4D) applies by virtue of an offence in relation to which a determinate sentence is to be served, Chapter 4 of Part 2 of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within Article 20A(2) (terrorist offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence). 10

(4B) If sub-paragraph (4C) or (4D) applies by virtue of any offence, Article 8A of the Life Sentences (Northern Ireland) Order 2001 or (as the case may be) Article 24A of the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 applies to the prisoner as if that offence was within paragraph (3) or (as the case may be) paragraph (1)(a) of that Article (terrorist offences in relation to which polygraph conditions can be included in release licence of life prisoner). 15 20

(4C) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served corresponds to an offence specified in Part 2, 4, 5 or 7 of Schedule 2A to the Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) 25 30

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Order 2008 (terrorism offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence).

(4D) This sub-paragraph applies if the warrant specifies that—

- (a) the offence or any of the offences in relation to which a sentence is to be served (“the overseas offence”) corresponds to an offence under the law of Northern Ireland (“the corresponding offence”), 5  
10
- (b) section 30 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 would have applied to the corresponding offence if—
  - (i) it had been committed at the same time as the overseas offence, and 15
  - (ii) the prisoner had been convicted of and sentenced for it in Northern Ireland at the same time respectively as the conviction and sentencing for the overseas offence, and 20
- (c) findings made by the court before which the prisoner was tried or sentenced for the overseas offence would, had the prisoner been tried and sentenced in Northern Ireland for the corresponding offence, have justified a determination under that section that the corresponding offence had a terrorist connection. 25  
30

(4E) The Department of Justice may amend a warrant (whether issued before or after sub-paragraph (4A) or (4B) comes into force and whether or not the transfer it authorises has taken place) so as to specify the matters referred to in sub-paragraph (4C) or (4D).”

5

SCHEDULE 12

Section 45

SERIOUS CRIME PREVENTION ORDERS: POWER FOR  
POLICE TO APPLY IN TERRORISM-RELATED CASES

1 The Serious Crime Act 2007 is amended as follows.

10

2(1) Section 8 (authorities that can apply for a serious crime prevention order) is amended as follows.

(2) The existing text becomes subsection (1).

(3) In that subsection (1)—

15

(a) in paragraph (a)—

(i) omit the “or” before sub-paragraph (iii);

(ii) at the end of that sub-paragraph insert “or

(iv) subject to subsection (2), a chief officer of police;”;

20

(b) in paragraph (aa), for “, the Lord Advocate” substitute “—

(i) the Lord Advocate; or

(ii) subject to subsection (2), the chief officer of police;”.

25

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(c) in paragraph (b), for “, the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland” substitute “—

(i) the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland; or 5

(ii) subject to subsection (2), the chief officer of police.”

(4) After subsection (1) insert—

“(2) A chief officer of police may make an application for a serious crime prevention order only if— 10

(a) it is an application for an order under section 1 that is terrorism-related (see section 8A); 15

(b) the chief officer has consulted—

(i) the Director of Public Prosecutions, in the case of an order in England and Wales;

(ii) the Lord Advocate, in the case of an order in Scotland; or 20

(iii) the Director for Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland, in the case of an order in Northern Ireland; and

(c) in the case of an application by the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland, it is made to the Court of Session (and not to the sheriff). 25

(3) In this section “chief officer of police”—



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- (a) in relation to England and Wales, means the chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales;
- (b) in relation to Scotland, means the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland; 5
- (c) in relation to Northern Ireland, means the Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland.”

3 After section 8 insert— 10

**“8A Serious crime prevention orders that are terrorism-related**

- (1) For the purposes of this Part, a serious crime prevention order is “terrorism-related” if the trigger offence is within subsection (3). 15
- (2) The “trigger offence”, in relation to a serious crime prevention order, is the serious offence referred to in section 2(1) or (4), 2A(1) or (4) or (as the case may be) 3(1) or (4) pursuant to which the court is satisfied that the person who is the subject of the order has been involved in serious crime. 20
- (3) A trigger offence is within this subsection if—
  - (a) it falls within section 2(2)(a) or (5)(b)(i) by virtue of paragraph 2A of Schedule 1; 25
  - (b) it falls within section 2A(2)(a) or (5)(b)(i) by virtue of paragraph 16BA of Schedule 1;
  - (c) if falls within section 3(2)(a) or (5)(b)(i) by virtue of paragraph 18A of Schedule 1; or 30

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- (d) in the case of any other trigger offence (whether or not specified, or within a description specified, in Schedule 1), it appears to the court that the offence—
- (i) is, or takes place in the course of, an act of terrorism; or 5
  - (ii) is committed for the purposes of terrorism.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies where—
- (a) the court is considering whether a trigger offence is within subsection (3)(d); 10
  - (b) the court has, for the purposes of this Part, decided that a person has committed the trigger offence (see section 4(1)); and 15
  - (c) at the time at which the person was sentenced for the trigger offence, the offence was of a kind capable of being determined to have a terrorist connection. 20
- (5) The court—
- (a) must decide that the trigger offence is within subsection (3)(d) if the offence was determined to have a terrorist connection; and 25
  - (b) must not otherwise decide that the trigger offence is within subsection (3)(d).
- (6) For the purposes of this section, an offence was determined to have a terrorist connection if — 30

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(a) it was determined to have a terrorist connection under—

(i) section 69 of the Sentencing Code (in the case of an offender sentenced in England and Wales or for a service offence); or

5

(ii) section 30 or 32 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (in the case of an offender sentenced in Northern Ireland, or an offender sentenced in England and Wales, or for a service offence, before the Sentencing Code applied); or

10

(b) it has been proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of that Act (in the case of an offender sentenced in Scotland);

15

(and the reference in subsection (4)(c) to an offence being capable of being determined to have such a connection is to be read accordingly).

20

(7) In this section “terrorism” has the same meaning as in the Terrorism Act 2000 (see section 1 of that Act).”

25

4(1) Section 10(4) (definition of “relevant applicant authority”) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph (a)—

(a) omit the “and” before sub-paragraph (iii);

(b) at the end of that sub-paragraph insert—

30

“(iv) where the order was applied for by the chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales, the chief officer of police of any such police force;”. 5

(3) In paragraph (aa), for “, the Lord Advocate” substitute “—

(i) where the order was applied for by the Lord Advocate, the Lord Advocate; 10

(ii) where the order was applied for by the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland, the chief constable;”.

(4) In paragraph (b), for “, the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland” substitute “— 15

(i) where the order was applied for by the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland, the Director;

(ii) where the order was applied for by the Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland, the Chief Constable.” 20

5(1) Section 17 (variation of orders) is amended as follows. 25

(2) In subsection (3)(a), after “authority” insert “(but see subsection (7A))”.

(3) After subsection (7) insert—

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“(7A) Where the relevant applicant authority is the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland, an application for the variation of the order may only be made under this section to the Court of Session (and not to the sheriff).” 5

6(1) Section 18 (discharge of orders) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2)(a), after “authority” insert “(but see subsection (7))”. 10

(3) At the end insert—

“(7) Where the relevant applicant authority is the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland, an application for the discharge of the order may only be made under this section to the Court of Session (and not to the sheriff).” 15

7(1) Section 27 (powers to wind up companies etc: England and Wales) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) insert— 20

“(1A) The chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales may present a petition to the court for the winding up of a company, partnership or relevant body if—

(a) the company, partnership or relevant body has been convicted of an offence under section 25 in relation to a police-initiated serious crime prevention order; and 25

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(b) the chief officer of police concerned considers that it would be in the public interest for the company, partnership or (as the case may be) relevant body to be wound up.” 5

(3) In subsection (3), for “or the Director of the Serious Fraud Office” substitute “, the Director of the Serious Fraud Office or the chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales”.

(4) In subsection (12), after the definition of “partnership” (but before the final “and”) insert— 10  
 “police-initiated serious crime prevention order” means a serious crime prevention order that was made on the application of the chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales;”. 15

8(1) Section 27A (powers to wind up companies etc: Scotland) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) insert—

“(1A) The chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland may present a petition to the court for the winding up of a company or relevant body, or the dissolution of a partnership, if— 20  
 (a) the company, relevant body or partnership has been convicted of an offence under section 25 in relation to a serious crime prevention order that was made on the application of the chief constable; and 25

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(b) the chief constable considers that it would be in the public interest for the company or (as the case may be) relevant body to be wound up or the partnership to be dissolved.”

5

(3) In subsection (3), at the end insert “or the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland”.

9(1) Section 28 (powers to wind up companies etc: Northern Ireland) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) insert—

10

“(1A) The Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland may present a petition to the court for the winding up of a company, partnership or relevant body if—

(a) the company, partnership or relevant body has been convicted of an offence under section 25 in relation to a serious crime prevention order that was made on the application of the Chief Constable; and

15

(b) the Chief Constable considers that it would be in the public interest for the company, partnership or (as the case may be) relevant body to be wound up.”

20

(3) In subsection (3), at the end insert “or the Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland”.

25

10 In section 43 (index of defined expressions for Part 1), at the appropriate place insert—

““terrorism | section  
 -related” | 8A”.

11(1) Schedule 2 (functions of applicant authorities under Part 1) is amended as follows.

(2) After paragraph 15 insert—

5

*“Chief officers of police in England and Wales*

15A The functions of a chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales (referred to in this paragraph and paragraph 15B as a “chief officer”) are—

10

(a) to have the conduct of applications for serious crime prevention orders in England and Wales that are terrorism-related or for their variation or discharge;

15

(b) to appear on any application made under section 17 or 18 by another person for the variation or discharge of a serious crime prevention order in England and Wales that is terrorism-related;

20

(c) to have the conduct of, or (as the case may be) appear in, any other proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in England and Wales that are terrorism-related (whether proceedings on appeal, by virtue of section 27 or otherwise);

25



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- (d) to give advice in connection with any proceedings or possible proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in England and Wales that are terrorism-related; and 5
- (e) to do anything for the purposes of, or in connection with, the functions in paragraphs (a) to (d).

15B(1) A chief officer may, to such extent as they may decide, delegate the exercise of their functions under this Part to any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent. 10

(2) References in this Part to a chief officer are accordingly to be read, so far as necessary for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), as references to a chief officer or any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent. 15

*The chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland*

15C The functions of the chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland are— 20

- (a) to have the conduct of applications for serious crime prevention orders in Scotland that are terrorism-related and are made to the Court of Session, or for their variation or discharge; 25
- (b) to appear on any application made under section 17 or 18 by another person for the variation or discharge of

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- a serious crime prevention order in Scotland that is terrorism-related;
- (c) to have the conduct of, or (as the case may be) appear in, any other proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in Scotland that are terrorism-related (whether proceedings on appeal, by virtue of section 27A or otherwise); 5
- (d) to give advice in connection with any proceedings or possible proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in Scotland that are terrorism-related; and 10
- (e) to do anything for the purposes of, or in connection with, the functions in paragraphs (a) to (d). 15
- 15D(1) The chief constable of the Police Service of Scotland (“the chief constable”) may, to such extent as they may decide, delegate the exercise of their functions under this Part to any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent. 20
- (2) References in this Part to the chief constable are accordingly to be read, so far as necessary for the purposes of subparagraph (1), as references to the chief constable or any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent.” 25
- (3) After paragraph 20 insert— 30

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*“The Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland*

20A The functions of the Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland are—

- (a) to have the conduct of applications for serious crime prevention orders in Northern Ireland that are terrorism-related or for their variation or discharge; 5
- (b) to appear on any application made under section 17 or 18 by another person for the variation or discharge of a serious crime prevention order in Northern Ireland that is terrorism-related; 10 15
- (c) to have the conduct of, or (as the case may be) appear in, any other proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in Northern Ireland that are terrorism-related (whether proceedings on appeal, by virtue of section 28 or otherwise); 20
- (d) to give advice in connection with any proceedings or possible proceedings in connection with serious crime prevention orders in Northern Ireland that are terrorism-related; and 25
- (e) to do anything for the purposes of, or in connection with, the functions in paragraphs (a) to (d). 30

- 20B(1) The Chief Constable of the Police Service of Northern Ireland (“the Chief Constable”) may, to such extent as they may decide, delegate the exercise of their functions under this Part to any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent. 5
- (2) References in this Part to the Chief Constable are accordingly to be read, so far as necessary for the purposes of subparagraph (1), as references to the Chief Constable or any police officer of at least the rank of superintendent.” 10

## SCHEDULE 13

## Section 48

### CONSEQUENTIAL AND RELATED AMENDMENTS

#### PART 1

15

#### OFFENCES AGGRAVATED BY TERRORIST CONNECTION

#### *Terrorism Act 2000 (c. 11)*

- 1(1) The Terrorism Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 23A(4) (application of forfeiture provisions to offences with terrorist connection), in the words before paragraph (a), omit the words from “specified” to “considered”). 20
- (3) In Schedule 4 (forfeiture orders)—
- (a) in paragraph 1, in the definition of “relevant offence”, in paragraph (c), for the words from “specified” to the end substitute “within 25

- section 69(4) or (5) of the Sentencing Code (offences where terrorist connection to be treated as aggravating factor)”;
- (b) in paragraph 15, in the definition of “relevant offence”, in paragraph (c), for the words from “specified” to the end substitute “within section 31(4A) or (4B) of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (offences where terrorist connection to be treated as aggravating factor)”. 5 10

*Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (c. 28)*

2(1) The Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 is amended as follows.

- (2) Omit section 33 (power to amend Schedule 2).
- (3) In section 42 (application of notification provisions to offences with terrorist connection), omit subsection (4). 15
- (4) In Schedule 2 (offences aggravated by terrorist connection)—
- (a) in the heading, after “Offences” insert “committed before the commencement of section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020”; 20
- (b) in the entry relating to the Nuclear Material (Offences) Act 1983, in paragraph (c), omit “, so far as relating to an offence specified in this Schedule”. 25

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*Space Industry Act 2018 (c. 5)*

- 3 Paragraph 29 of Schedule 12 to the Space Industry Act 2018 (addition of offences to Schedule 2 to the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008) is repealed to the extent that it is not yet in force when section 1 of this Act comes into force. 5

*Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019 (c. 3)*

- 4 In section 25(2) of the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019 (transitional provision about amendments to do with offences aggravated by terrorist connection), omit “or 8”. 10

*Sentencing (Pre-consolidation Amendments) Act 2020*

- 5 In Schedule 2 to the Sentencing (Pre-consolidation Amendments) Act 2020, omit paragraph 132 (power to amend Schedule 2 to the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008). 15

*Sentencing Act 2020*

- 6(1) The Sentencing Act 2020 is amended as follows.
- (2) In the table in section 160(2) (list of forfeiture powers), in the entry for section 23A of the Terrorism Act 2000, in the second column, omit “specified in Schedule 1 to this Act”. 20
- (3) In Schedule 1 (offences aggravated by terrorist connection)—
- (a) in the heading, after “Offences” insert “committed before the commencement of 25

- section 1 of the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020”;
- (b) in paragraph 9(c), omit “, so far as relating to an offence specified in this Schedule”.
- (4) In Schedule 23, omit Part 1 (power to amend Schedule 1). 5

PART 2

SERIOUS TERRORISM SENTENCE: ENGLAND AND WALES

*Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)*

- 7(1) The Criminal Justice Act 2003 is amended as follows. 10
- (2) In section 237 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (meaning of “fixed-term prisoner”)—
- (a) in subsection (1)(b), for “266, 278 or 279” substitute “266 or 268A”; 15
- (b) in subsection (3), for “or 266” substitute “, 266 or 268A”.
- (3) In section 240ZA (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (time remanded in custody to count as time served), in subsection (11), for “or 266” substitute “, 266 or 268A”. 20
- (4) In section 247A (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (restricted eligibility for early release for terrorist prisoners)—
- (a) in subsection (6), for “278 or 279” substitute “268A, 278, 279 or 282A”; 25

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- (b) in subsection (8), in the definition of “the appropriate custodial term”, for “278 or 279” substitute “268A, 278, 279 or 282A”.
- (5) In section 250 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (licence conditions)— 5
- (a) in subsection (4)—
- (i) for “or 279” substitute “, 279 or 282A”;
- (ii) for “or 266” substitute “, 266 or 268A”;
- (b) in subsection (5A), before paragraph (a) insert— 10
- “(za) a prisoner serving a serious terrorism sentence imposed under section 268A or 282A of the Sentencing Code,”.
- (6) In section 255A (further release after recall)— 15
- (a) in subsection (2), after “extended sentence prisoner” insert “or a serious terrorism prisoner”;
- (b) after subsection (7) insert—
- “(7A) A “serious terrorism prisoner” is a prisoner serving a serious terrorism sentence imposed under section 268A or 282A of the Sentencing Code.” 20
- (7) In section 258 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (early release for fine defaulters etc), in subsection (3A), for “or 266” substitute “, 266 or 268A”. 25



- (8) In section 263 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (concurrent terms) in subsection (4), for “or 266” substitute “, 266 or 268A”.

*Offender Management Act 2007 (c. 21)*

- 8 In section 28(3) of the Offender Management Act 2007 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (custodial sentences where polygraph condition may be imposed on release on licence), in paragraph (a), after “279” insert “or 282A”. 5

*Sentencing Act 2020*

10

- 9(1) The Sentencing Act 2020 is amended as follows.

- (2) In section 166(5) (periods of extension of driving disqualification order where custodial sentence imposed)—

- (a) after entry 4 in the table insert—

15

“4A	a serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution	the term imposed pursuant to section 268C(2) (the appropriate custodial term)”;
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20

- (b) after entry 6 in the table insert—

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“6A	a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment	the term imposed pursuant to section 282C(2) (the appropriate custodial term)”.  5
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(3) In section 221 (overview of Part 10)—

(a) in subsection (3)(a)—

(i) omit the “and” at the end of sub-paragraph (ii);

(ii) at the end of sub-paragraph (iii) insert “and  
10

(iv) serious terrorism sentences,”.

(b) in subsection (4), after paragraph (c) (but before the final “and”) insert—  
15

“(ca) serious terrorism sentences,”.

(4) In section 231 (length of discretionary custodial sentences: general)—

(a) in the italic heading before subsection (3), for “mandatory sentences and extended sentences” substitute “certain sentences”;  
20

(b) after subsection (6) insert—

“(6A) Subsection (2) does not apply where the custodial sentence is a serious terrorism sentence, except as provided in sections 268C(2)(b) and 282C(2)(b) (determination of appropriate custodial period where longer than the 14-year minimum).”  
25

- (5) In section 263 (term of detention in a young offender institution), in subsection (4), at the end insert—
- “(c) section 268B (serious terrorism sentence).” 5
- (6) In section 265(1) (circumstances in which special custodial sentence for certain young adult offenders of particular concern is required), in paragraph (c)—
- (a) in the words before sub-paragraph (i), for “either” substitute “any”; 10
- (b) after sub-paragraph (i) (but before the final “or”) insert—
- “(ia) a serious terrorism sentence under section 268A,”. 15
- (7) In section 267(1) (availability of extended sentence of detention), after paragraph (d) (but before the final “and”) insert—
- “(da) the court is not required by section 268B to impose a serious terrorism sentence for the offence or for an offence associated with it,”. 20
- (8) In section 273 (custody for life for second listed offence)—
- (a) in subsection (4), after “266” insert “or 268A”; 25
- (b) after subsection (7) insert—
- “(7A) A serious terrorism sentence is relevant for the purposes of subsection (5)(b).”;
- (c) in subsection (12), at the end insert—
- ““serious terrorism sentence” means— 30

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- (a) a sentence imposed under section 268A (including one imposed as a result of section 219ZA of the Armed Forces Act 2006), or 5
- (b) an equivalent sentence imposed under the law of Scotland, Northern Ireland or a member State.”
- (9) In section 278 (special custodial sentence for offenders of particular concern), in subsection (1)(c)— 10
- (a) in the words before sub-paragraph (i), for “either” substitute “any”;
- (b) after sub-paragraph (i) (but before the final “or”) insert— 15
- “(ia) a serious terrorism sentence under section 282A,”.
- (10) In section 280(1) (availability of extended sentence of imprisonment), after paragraph (d) (but before the final “and”) insert— 20
- “(da) the court is not required by section 282B to impose a serious terrorism sentence for the offence or for an offence associated with it,”. 25
- (11) In section 283 (life sentence for second listed offence)—
- (a) in subsection (4), after “279” insert “or 282A”;
- (b) after subsection (7) insert—

- “(7A) A serious terrorism sentence is relevant for the purposes of subsection (5)(b).”;
- (c) in subsection (12), at the end insert—
- ““serious terrorism sentence” means—
- (a) a sentence imposed under section 282A (including one imposed as a result of section 219ZA of the Armed Forces Act 2006), or
- (b) an equivalent sentence imposed under the law of Scotland, Northern Ireland or a member State.”
- (12) In section 308 (assessment of dangerous), in subsection (1), after paragraph (a) insert—
- “(aa) section 268B or 282B (serious terrorism sentence);”
- (13) In section 329 (conversion of sentence of detention to sentence of imprisonment)—
- (a) in subsection (3) (as amended by Part 4 of this Schedule), for “(5)” substitute “(5A)”;
- (b) after subsection (5) insert—
- “(5A) If the relevant custodial sentence is a serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution, the offender is to be treated as if sentenced to a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment under section 282A.”;
- (c) in subsection (7), after paragraph (e) insert—

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“(ea) a serious terrorism sentence of detention in a young offender institution (see section 268A);”.

(14) In section 397(1) (interpretation), after the definition of “sentencing guidelines” insert— 5

“serious terrorism sentence” means a sentence under—

(a) section 268A (serious terrorism sentence of detention in young offender institution for adults aged under 21), or 10

(b) section 282A (serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment);”.

(15) In section 399 (mandatory sentences), after paragraph (b) (but before the final “or”) insert— 15

“(ba) the court is obliged by section 268B or 282B to impose a serious terrorism sentence,”.

### PART 3

OFFENCES ATTRACTING SPECIAL CUSTODIAL SENTENCE: 20  
ENGLAND AND WALES

#### *Sentencing Act 2020*

10(1) The Sentencing Act 2020 is amended as follows.

(2) In section 398 (ancillary or inchoate offences), in subsection (4), in the words after paragraph (b), for “9” substitute “8 or 12”. 25

(3) In Schedule 25 (amendments of Armed Forces Act 2006), omit paragraph 45(5).

PART 4

SENTENCE FOR OFFENDERS OF PARTICULAR CONCERN  
AGED UNDER 18 AT TIME OF OFFENCE: ENGLAND AND  
WALES

*Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43)* 5

11(1) The Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 is amended as follows.

(2) In section 24A(5)(b) (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (explanation of sentencing powers if offender aged under 18 pleads guilty)— 10  
(a) after “16” insert “, 16A”;  
(b) after “16(1)(c)” insert “, 16A(1)(c)”.

(3) In section 113(3) (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (no bail pending appeal for accused committed to Crown Court), after “16” insert “, 16A”. 15

*Mental Health Act 1983 (c. 20)*

12 In section 43(4) of the Mental Health Act 1983 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (modification of magistrates' court's powers of committal), for “or 16” substitute “, 16 or 16A”. 20

*Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (c. 37)*

13 In section 51A(3) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (conditions for sending offender aged under 18 to Crown Court for trial), after paragraph (b) insert— 25

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- “(ba) that the offence is such as is mentioned in section 252A(1)(a) of the Sentencing Code and the court considers that if he is found guilty of the offence it ought to be possible to sentence him under that section to a term of detention of more than two years;”.

*Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29)*

- 14 In section 70(5) of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (duty to state whether committal would have been made on grounds other than confiscation), after “16(2)” insert “or 16A(2)”.

*Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)*

- 15(1) The Criminal Justice Act 2003 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 237(1)(b) (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (offender sentenced to youth detention to count as fixed-term prisoner), after “250” insert “, 252A”.
- (3) In section 240ZA(11) (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (time remanded in custody to count towards term of youth detention), after “250,” insert “252A,”.
- (4) In section 247A (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners)—



- (a) in subsection (6), after “or under section” insert “252A,”;
  - (b) in subsection (8), in the definition of “the appropriate custodial term”, and in paragraph (a) of the definition of “the requisite custodial period”, after “or under section” insert “252A,”. 5
- (5) In section 250 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (licence conditions)—
- (a) in subsection (4), after “250,” insert “252A,”; 10
  - (b) in subsection (5A)(b), after “or under section” insert “252A,”.
- (6) In section 258(3A) (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (no duty to release fine defaulter or contemnor also serving term of youth detention), after “250” insert “, 252A”. 15
- (7) In section 264(6A) (custodial periods to be aggregated in case of consecutive terms served by terrorist prisoner), in paragraph (a), after “236A” insert “or section 252A of the Sentencing Code”. 20

*Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)*

- 16 In section 188(4) of the Armed Forces Act 2006 (as amended by the Sentencing Act 2020) (consecutive sentence may be passed on offender serving term of youth detention), in paragraph (b), after “250” insert “or 252A”. 25

*Offender Management Act 2007 (c. 21)*

17 In section 28(3) of the Offender Management Act 2007 (custodial sentences where polygraph condition may be imposed on release on licence)—

(a) omit the “or” before paragraph (f);

(b) at the end of that paragraph insert “or

(g) a sentence of detention under section 252A of the Sentencing Code.”

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*Sentencing Act 2020*

18(1) The Sentencing Act 2020 is amended as follows.

(2) After section 16 insert—

**“16A Committal for sentence of young offenders on summary trial of certain terrorist offences**

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(1) This section applies where—

(a) on summary trial of an offence within section 252A(1)(a) (terrorism offences attracting special sentence for offenders of particular concern), a person is convicted of the offence,

20

(b) the person is aged under 18 at the time of conviction, and

(c) the court is of the opinion that—

25

(i) the offence, or

- (ii) the combination of the offence and one or more offences associated with it,  
was such that the Crown Court should have power to deal with the offender by imposing a sentence of detention under section 252A for a term of more than two years. 5
- (2) The court may commit the offender in custody or on bail to the Crown Court for sentence in accordance with section 22(2). 10
- (3) For powers of the court, where it commits a person under subsection (2), also to commit in respect of other offences, see section 20.”
- (3) In section 17(4) (power to commit dangerous young offender for sentence not to affect other powers of committal), after “16” insert “, 16A”. 15
- (4) In section 19 (committal for sentence on indication of guilty plea by child with related offences)— 20
- (a) in subsection (1)(b), at the end insert “or section 252A(1)(a) (terrorism offences attracting special sentence for offenders of particular concern)”;
- (b) in subsection (2)(a), after “249(1)” insert “or within section 252A(1)(a)”;
- (c) in subsection (3)(b), after “16(2)” insert “, 16A(2)”. 25

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- (5) In section 22 (powers of Crown Court where offender aged under 18 committed for sentence)—
- (a) in the heading, after “16,” insert “16A,”;
- (b) in subsection (1), after paragraph (a) insert— 5  
     “(aa) section 16A(2) (committal for sentence of young offenders on summary trial of certain terrorist offences),”;
- (c) in subsection (4)(b), after “16(2)” insert “, 10  
     16A(2)”.
- (6) In section 166(5) (periods of extension of driving disqualification order where custodial sentence imposed), after entry 1 in the table insert—
- |     |  |   |    |
|-----|--|---|----|
| “1A | a sentence of detention under section 252A (special sentence of detention for terrorist offenders of particular concern) | two-thirds of the term imposed pursuant to section 252A(5) (the appropriate custodial term)”. | 15 |
|     |  |   | 20 |
- (7) In section 221(2) (kinds of custodial sentence dealt with by Chapter 2 of Part 10), after paragraph (b) insert— 25

- “(ba) special sentences of detention for terrorist offenders of particular concern (section 252A);”.
- (8) In section 225 (restriction on consecutive sentences for released prisoners), in subsection (3)(c), after sub-paragraph (i) insert— 5  
    “(ia) section 252A,”.
- (9) In section 226(2)(b) (sentences which may not be imposed on offender aged under 21 without representation), after “(or 254)” insert “, under section 252A”. 10
- (10) In section 234(1)(c) (sentences to be considered before detention and training order), after sub-paragraph (i) (but before the final “or”) insert— 15  
    “(ia) a sentence of detention under section 252A,”.
- (11) In section 241(6) (modification of order for release from detention and training order where offender subject to another sentence), in paragraph (b), after sub-paragraph (i) insert— 20  
    “(ia) a sentence of detention under section 252A,”.
- (12) In section 248(4) (meaning of “relevant sentence of detention”), after paragraph (a) insert— 25  
    “(aa) a sentence of detention under section 252A,”.
- (13) In section 249(1) (availability of sentence of detention under section 250), after “table” insert

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- “(but the court is not required to pass a sentence of detention under section 252A)”.
- (14) Before section 253, insert as an italic heading, “Sentences of detention passed during detention and training order”. 5
- (15) In section 253 (effect of sentence of detention where offender already subject to detention and training order), in subsection (1), after “250” insert “or 252A”.
- (16) In section 255(1)(a) (offences for which extended sentence of detention available), for subparagraph (ii) substitute— 10  
     “(ii) is one for which a sentence of detention is available under section 250 or 252A (see the table in section 249(1) and section 252A(1)(a) and (b)),”.
- (17) In section 260 (place and conditions of detention), in the heading and in subsection (1), after “250” insert “, 252A”. 20
- (18) In section 265 (special sentence of detention in young offender institution for offenders of particular concern), after subsection (3) insert—
- “(4) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1A) to have been committed on the last of those days.” 25

- (19) In section 278 (special sentence of imprisonment for offenders of particular concern), after subsection (3) insert—
- “(4) Where an offence is found to have been committed over a period of 2 or more days, or at some time during a period of 2 or more days, it must be taken for the purposes of subsection (1A) to have been committed on the last of those days.” 5
- (20) In section 311(3) (appropriate type of sentence where minimum sentence for firearms offence imposed), after “250” insert “or, in a case to which section 252A applies, under that section”. 10
- (21) In section 312 (minimum sentence for threatening with weapon or bladed article), after subsection (3) insert— 15
- “(4) This section is subject to section 252A.”
- (22) In section 315 (minimum sentence for repeat offence involving weapon or bladed article), after subsection (5) insert— 20
- “(6) This section is subject to section 252A.”
- (23) In section 325(5) (sentences where certain time on bail to count towards term), in paragraph (c), after “section 250” insert “, 252A”.
- (24) In section 327(2) (sentences where time in custody awaiting extradition to count towards term), in paragraph (c), after “section 250” insert “, 252A”. 25

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- (25) In section 329 (conversion of sentences of detention to imprisonment)—
- (a) in subsection (3), for “(4) and” substitute “(4) to”;
- (b) after subsection (4) insert— 5
- “(4A) If the relevant custodial sentence is—
- (a) a sentence of detention under section 252A, or
- (b) a sentence of detention in a young offender institution under section 265, 10
- the offender is to be treated as if sentenced to a sentence of imprisonment under section 278.”;
- (c) in subsection (7), after paragraph (a) insert— 15
- “(aa) a sentence of detention under section 252A;”.
- (26) In Schedule 27 (transitional provision and savings), in paragraph 15(2), before paragraph (a) insert— 20
- “(za) the reference in section 252A(1)(c)(i) to a sentence of detention for life under section 250 includes a reference to a sentence of detention for life under section 91 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000; 25
- (zb) the reference in section 252A(1)(c)(ii) to an extended sentence of detention under section 254 includes a reference to an extended sentence of detention 30



under section 226B of the Criminal Justice Act 2003;”.

PART 5

AMENDMENTS IN RELATION TO RELEASE: ENGLAND AND WALES

5

*Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (c. 6)*

19 In section 106A(6) of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (Parole Board directions when detention and training order to take effect on release from sentence of detention), after “under that section” insert “or paragraph”.

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*Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44)*

20(1)The Criminal Justice Act 2003 is amended as follows.

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(2) In section 247A (restricted eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners)—

(a) in subsection (2)—

(i) in the words before paragraph (a), for “whether it was committed before or after this section comes into force” substitute “whenever it was committed”;

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(ii) for paragraphs (b) and (c) substitute—

“(b) it is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, or

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(c) it was determined to have a terrorist connection.”;

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(b) after subsection (7) insert—

“(7A) For the purposes of this section, an offence was determined to have a terrorist connection if it was—

(a) determined to have a terrorist connection under— 5

(i) section 69 of the Sentencing Code (including as applied by section 238(6) of the Armed Forces Act 2006), 10

(ii) section 30 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (in the case of an offender sentenced in England and Wales before the Sentencing Code applied, or an offender sentenced in Northern Ireland but now subject to the provisions of this Chapter), or 15

(iii) section 32 of that Act (in the case of a person sentenced for a service offence before the Sentencing Code applied), or 20

(b) proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (in the case of an offender sentenced in Scotland but now subject to the provisions of this Chapter).”; 25

(c) in subsection (8), in the final definition, for “, 30  
“corresponding civil offence” and “service

- court” substitute “and “corresponding civil offence””;
- (d) in subsection (9) (transitional provision for pre-commencement referrals of terrorist prisoners), in paragraph (a), for “sentence” substitute “period”;
- (e) after subsection (10) insert—
- “(10A) In the case of a prisoner to whom this section applies as a result of the amendments made by paragraph 20 of Schedule 13 to the Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Act 2020, the references in subsections (9) and (10) to the date on which this section comes into force are to be read as references to the date on which that paragraph comes into force.”
- (3) In section 264(6A) (custodial periods to be aggregated in case of consecutive terms served by terrorist prisoner)—
- (a) before paragraph (a) insert—
- “(za) in relation to a sentence within subsection (2A) of that section, the whole of the “appropriate custodial term” within the meaning of that section (see subsection (8) of that section),”;
- (b) in paragraph (a), after “extended sentence” insert “(not being one to which paragraph (za) applies)”.

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- (4) In section 264AA(2) (as inserted by the Sentencing Act 2020) (Parole Board directions when detention and training order to take effect on release from sentence of detention), after “under that section” insert “or paragraph”. 5
- (5) In Schedule 19ZA (offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence), omit Part 2.

*Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (c. 10)*

- 21 In section 128 of the Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (power to alter test for discretionary release on licence)— 10
- (a) in subsection (2), in paragraphs (bb) and (c), after “terrorist prisoner” insert “eligible for discretionary release”; 15
- (b) in subsection (6)—
- (i) in the definitions of “extended sentence prisoner” and “section 236A prisoner”, for “a terrorist prisoner” substitute “one to whom section 247A of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 applies”; 20
- (ii) in the definition of “terrorist prisoner”—
- (a) after “terrorist prisoner” insert “eligible for discretionary release”; 25
- (b) after “247A” insert “(3) to (5)”. 25

PART 6

CONSEQUENTIAL AND RELATED AMENDMENTS: SCOTLAND

*Repatriation of Prisoners Act 1984 (c. 47)*

- 22 In section 2(4)(b)(ii) of the Repatriation of Prisoners Act 1984 (provision that may be included in direction varying order requiring certain prisoners to be detained), after “or (4),” insert “1AB”. 5

*Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (c. 45)*

- 23 In section 39(7B) of the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (rules for the management of prisons and other institutions: application in relation to extended sentence)— 10

(a) after “above to” insert—

“(a) a prisoner subject to a sentence under section 205ZA or 205ZC of the 1995 Act (sentences for terrorism offences), the reference to the prisoner’s sentence is to be construed as a reference to the appropriate custodial term of the sentence concerned, and 15 20

(b) ”;

(b) for “the 1995” substitute “that”.

*Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (c. 9)* 25

- 24(1)The Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 is amended as follows.

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- (2) In section 1AB (restricted eligibility for release on licence of terrorist prisoners)—
- (a) in subsection (2)—
- (i) in the words before paragraph (a), for “whether it was committed before or after this section comes into force” substitute “whenever it was committed”; 5
- (ii) for paragraphs (b) and (c) substitute—
- “(b) it is a service offence as respects which the corresponding civil offence is so specified, or 10
- (c) it was determined to have a terrorist connection.”;
- (b) after subsection (5) insert—
- “(5A) For the purposes of this section, an offence was determined to have a terrorist connection if it was— 15
- (a) proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008, or 20
- (b) determined to have a terrorist connection under—
- (i) section 30 or 32 of that Act, or
- (ii) section 69 of the Sentencing Code (including as applied by section 238(6) of the Armed Forces Act 2006), 25
- (in the case of an offender sentenced in England and Wales or Northern Ireland, or for a service offence, but 30

now subject to the provisions of this Part).”

(c) in subsection (6), for “, “corresponding civil offence” and “service court”” substitute “and “corresponding civil offence””.

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(3) In section 1A (application to persons serving more than one sentence), after subsection (2) insert—

“(3) Where a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment in respect of an offence within section 1AB(2) receives a sentence of imprisonment or other detention which is to take effect on the day after the day on which the prisoner would (but for the sentence so received) be entitled to be released from the term, nothing in this Part requires—

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15

(a) the Scottish Ministers to release the prisoner in respect of any such term unless and until they are required to release the prisoner in respect of the sentence so received, or

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(b) the Scottish Ministers or the Parole Board to consider the prisoner’s release in respect of any such term unless and until the Scottish Ministers are or the Parole Board is required to consider the prisoner’s release, or the Scottish Ministers are required to release the prisoner, in respect of the sentence so received.

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(4) Where a prisoner who is serving any term of imprisonment receives a sentence of

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imprisonment or other detention in respect of an offence within section 1AB(2) which is to take effect on the day after the day on which the prisoner would (but for the sentence so received) be entitled to be released from the term, nothing in this Part requires— 5

(a) the Scottish Ministers to release the prisoner in respect of any such term unless and until they are required to release the prisoner in respect of the sentence so received, or 10

(b) the Scottish Ministers or the Parole Board to consider the prisoner's release in respect of any such term unless and until the Scottish Ministers are or the Parole Board is required to consider the prisoner's release, or the Scottish Ministers are required to release the prisoner, in respect of the sentence so received." 15 20

(4) In section 2 (duty to release discretionary life prisoners)—

(a) in subsection (2)—

(i) in the opening words, after "being" insert ", subject to section 205ZB(2) of the 1995 Act,"; 25

(ii) in paragraph (c), after "appropriate" insert "(and except in the case of a prisoner to whom section 205ZB of the 1995 Act applies)"; 30



- (b) in subsection (6), for “subsection (7)” substitute “subsections (6B) and (7)”;
  - (c) after subsection (6A) insert—
    - “(6B) No requirement may be made under subsection (6) by a life prisoner who is also serving or liable to serve a sentence of imprisonment in respect of an offence within section 1AB(2) before the day on which the Scottish Ministers are required to refer the prisoner’s case to the Parole Board under section 1AB(3).”;
  - (d) in subsection (7), after “prisoner” insert “(other than a prisoner to whom subsection (6B) applies)”.
- (5) In section 5 (application of Part to fine defaulters and persons in contempt of court)—
- (a) in subsection (2), omit the words “Subject to subsection (2A),”;
  - (b) omit subsection (2A).
- (6) In section 9 (persons liable to removal from the United Kingdom), omit subsection (1A).
- (7) In section 27 (interpretation of Part 1 of the Act)—
- (a) in subsection (5), after “shall” insert “, subject to subsection (5A),”;
  - (b) after subsection (5) insert—
    - “(5A) Subsection (5) does not apply in any case where a sentence is passed on a person in respect of an offence within section 1AB(2).”

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- (8) In Schedule 1A (offences carrying restricted eligibility for release on licence), omit Part 2.

*Criminal Procedure (Scotland Act) 1995 (c. 46)*

25(1) The Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 is amended as follows. 5

- (2) In section 44(1) (detention of children), at the beginning insert “Subject to section 205ZC,”.

- (3) In section 207(2) (detention of young offenders), after “205(2) and (3)” insert “, 205ZA(6), 205ZC(4)”. 10

- (4) In section 208(1) (detention of children convicted on indictment), for “section 205” substitute “sections 205 and 205ZC(5)”.

- (5) In section 210A(1) (extended sentences for sex, violent and terrorist offenders)— 15

(a) omit “and” after paragraph (a);

(b) after paragraph (b) insert “and

“(c) is not required by section 205ZA to impose a serious terrorism sentence of imprisonment or a serious terrorism sentence of detention,”.

20

*Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (c. 43)*

26 In Schedule 1 to the Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (transfer of prisoners within the British Islands), in each of paragraphs 10(2)(a) and 11(2)(a), after “1AA,” insert “1AB,”. 25

*International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001*  
*(asp 13)*

- 27 In section 24(c) of the International Criminal Court (Scotland) Act 2001 (disapplication of transfer and release provisions of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 in relation to certain persons detained in Scotland), after “1AA,” insert “1AB,”. 5

*Extradition Act 2003 (c. 41)*

- 28 In each of the following provisions of the Extradition Act 2003 (which set out the circumstances in which a person is entitled to be released from detention for the purposes of the section), after “1AA” insert “, 1AB”— 10
- (a) section 59(11)(c), 15
- (b) section 132(11)(c), and
- (c) section 153B(10)(a)(iii).

*Custodial Sentences and Weapons (Scotland) Act 2007 (asp 17)*

- 29 In Schedule 6 to the Custodial Sentences and Weapons (Scotland) Act 2007 (transitory modifications of Part 1 of the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993), in paragraph 4, in the inserted section 9B, after subsection (6) insert— 20
- “(7) This section does not apply in relation to a person to whom section 1AB applies.” 25

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*Terrorist Offenders (Restriction of Early Release) Act 2020 (c. 3)*

- 30 In section 4 of the Terrorist Offenders (Restriction of Early Release) Act 2020 (disapplication of certain existing release provisions: Scotland), omit subsections (5) and (7). 5

PART 7

SERIOUS TERRORISM SENTENCE AND EXTENDED  
CUSTODIAL SENTENCE: NORTHERN IRELAND

*Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008* 10  
*(S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1))*

- 31(1) The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 is amended as follows.

- (2) In Article 3 (interpretation of Part 2 (sentencing)), in paragraph (1), after the definition of “serious harm” insert— 15

““serious terrorism sentence” has the meaning given by Article 13A;”.

- (3) In Article 4 (interpretation of Chapter 2 (custodial sentences))— 20

- (a) in paragraph (1) (as amended by Part 8 of this Schedule), in paragraph (c) of the definition of “custodial sentence”, after “13(4)(b),” insert “13A(6),”;

- (b) in paragraph (2), after sub-paragraph (a) insert— 25

“(aa) a sentence falls to be imposed under Article 13A if, because the court is of

the opinions mentioned in paragraph (1)(d) and (3) of that Article and is not of the opinion mentioned in paragraph (2) of that Article, the court is obliged to pass a sentence complying with that Article;”.

5

(4) In Article 5(1)(b) (sentences not subject to general restriction on imposing custody), in paragraph (i), for “or 14” substitute “, 13A or 14”.

(5) In Article 7(2) (as amended by Part 8 of this Schedule) (custodial term to be shortest commensurate with seriousness of offence), in paragraph (2), after “Articles” insert 13A,”.

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(6) In Article 8(1)(a) (as amended by Part 8 of this Schedule) (setting of custodial period), after “other than” insert “a serious terrorism sentence,”.

15

(7) In Article 9(2) (pre-sentence reports before forming opinion as to dangerousness), after “13(1)(b)” insert “, 13A(1)(d)”.

(8) In Article 13(3) (duty to impose indeterminate custodial sentence), in the words before paragraph (a), after “extended custodial sentence” insert “or a serious terrorism sentence”.

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(9) In Article 14 (extended custodial sentences)—  
(a) in paragraph (1)(b)—

25

(i) at the end of paragraph (i), for “; and” substitute “or serious terrorism offences;”;

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- (ii) in paragraph (ii), after “specified offence” insert “or serious terrorism offence”;
  - (iii) at the end of paragraph (ii) insert “; and
    - (iii) where the offence, or an offence associated with it, is a serious terrorism offence, that the case is not one in which the court is required by Article 13A to pass a serious terrorism sentence.”; 5
  - (b) in paragraphs (3)(b) and (5)(b), after “specified offences” insert “or serious terrorism offences”;
  - (c) in paragraph (10), for the words from “that is” to the end substitute “with which the offence is punishable (apart from Article 13)”. 10
- (10) In Article 15(1) (cases where assessment of dangerousness required)—
- (a) in sub-paragraph (a), after “specified offence” insert “or serious terrorism offence”; 15
  - (b) in sub-paragraph (b), after “13” insert “, 13A”. 20
- (11) In Article 16(2) (interpretation of Chapter 4 (release on licence)), in paragraph (c) of the definition of “custodial sentence” (as amended by Part 8 of this Schedule), after “13(4)(b),” insert “13A(6),”. 25
- (12) In Article 33(6) (custodial periods to be aggregated in case of consecutive sentences), in sub-paragraph (a)(i) (as amended by Part 8 of this Schedule)— 30

- (a) after “in relation to” insert “a serious terrorism sentence,”;
- (b) after “Article” insert “13A,”.

PART 8

TERRORISM SENTENCE WITH FIXED LICENCE PERIOD: 5  
NORTHERN IRELAND

*Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008*  
(S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1))

32(1)The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 is amended as follows. 10

(2) In Article 3 (interpretation of Part 2 (sentencing))—

(a) in paragraph (1), before the definition of “community sentence” insert—

““Article 15A terrorism sentence” means a sentence under Article 15A;” 15

(b) after paragraph (4) insert—

“(5) For the purposes of this Part, references to an offence punishable with imprisonment for a certain term are to be read as references to offences that are punishable with imprisonment for that term on conviction on indictment in the case of an offender aged 21 or over.” 20 25

(3) In Article 4 (interpretation of Chapter 2 (custodial sentences))—

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- (a) in paragraph (1), in paragraph (c) of the definition of “custodial sentence”, for “or 14(5)” substitute “, 14(5) or 15A(5)”;
- (b) in paragraph (2), after sub-paragraph (b) insert— 5
- “(ba) a sentence falls to be imposed under Article 15A if the court is obliged to pass a sentence complying with that Article;”.
- (4) In Article 7 (custodial term to be shortest commensurate with seriousness of offence)— 10
- (a) in paragraph (1), after sub-paragraph (c) (but before the final “or”) insert—
- “(ca) of detention under Article 15A(5);”;
- (b) in paragraph (2), for “Article 14” substitute “Articles 14 and 15A”. 15
- (5) In Article 8(1)(a) (setting of custodial period), after “extended custodial sentence” insert “or an Article 15A terrorism sentence”.
- (6) In the heading of Chapter 3 of Part 2, at the end insert “and other terrorist offenders”. 20
- (7) In Article 14 (extended custodial sentences), in paragraph (4)(a), after “this Article” insert “and Article 15A”.
- (8) In Article 16(2) (interpretation of Chapter 4 (release on licence)), in paragraph (c) of the definition of “custodial sentence”, for “or 14(5)” substitute “, 14(5) or 15A(5)”. 25



- (9) In Article 33(6) (custodial periods to be aggregated in case of consecutive sentences), in sub-paragraph (a)(i)—
- (a) after “extended sentence” insert “or an Article 15A terrorism sentence”;
  - (b) after “14” insert “or 15A”.

5

## PART 9

### RELEASE ON LICENCE: NORTHERN IRELAND

#### *Extradition Act 2003 (c. 41)*

- 33 In each of the following provisions of the Extradition Act 2003 (which set out the circumstances in which a person is entitled to be released from detention for the purposes of the section), for “or 18(8)” substitute “, 18(8) or 20A(8)”—
- (a) section 59(11)(d);
  - (b) section 132(11)(d);
  - (c) section 153B(10)(a)(iv).

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#### *Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1216 (N.I. 1))*

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- 34(1) The Criminal Justice (Northern Ireland) Order 2008 is amended as follows.
- (2) In Article 16 (interpretation of Chapter 4 of Part 2 (release on licence)), after paragraph (3) insert—
- “(3A) For the purposes of this Chapter, an offence was determined to have a terrorist connection if it was—

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- (a) determined to have a terrorist connection under—
- (i) section 30 or 32 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (in the case of an offender sentenced in Northern Ireland, or an offender sentenced in England and Wales or for a service offence before the Sentencing Code applied but now subject to the provisions of this Chapter), or 5
  - (ii) section 69 of the Sentencing Code (in the case of an offender sentenced in England and Wales or for a service offence but now subject to the provisions of this Chapter), or 10
- (b) proved to have been aggravated by reason of having a terrorist connection under section 31 of the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (in the case of an offender sentenced in Scotland but now subject to the provisions of this Chapter). 15
- (3B) In this Chapter “service offence” and “corresponding civil offence” have the same meanings as in the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008 (see section 95 of that Act). 20
- (3) In Article 17(1) (duty to release fixed-term prisoners not serving extended sentences), for “a prisoner serving an extended custodial sentence” substitute “one to whom Article 18 or 20A applies”. 25
- 30

(4) In Article 18 (duty to release prisoners serving indeterminate or extended sentences), after paragraph (1) insert—

“(1A) But this Article does not apply to a prisoner to whom Article 20A applies.”

5

(5) In Article 19 (power to release prisoners before required), in paragraph (3), for sub-paragraph (a) substitute—

“(a) Article 18 or 20A applies to the prisoner;”.

(6) In Article 20(3) (consultation with Parole Commissioners before release of certain prisoners), for the words from “serving” to the end of sub-paragraph (b) substitute “to whom Article 18 or 20A applies”.

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(7) In Article 23(1) (power of court to recommend licence conditions), for “or 19” substitute “, 19 or 20A”.

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(8) In Article 24(5) (requirement to consult Parole Commissioners about licence conditions), in the words before sub-paragraph (a), after “18” insert “or 20A”.

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(9) In Article 28 (recall of prisoners while on licence)—

(a) in paragraph (1), for “or 20” substitute “, 20 or 20A”;

25

(b) in paragraph (6)(a), after “extended custodial sentence” insert “and was not released under Article 20A”.

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*Schedule 13 — Consequential and related*

- (10) In Article 29 (further release after recall for certain prisoners), in paragraph (1)(a), after “extended custodial sentence” insert “or a prisoner to whom Article 20A applies”.

# Counter-Terrorism and Sentencing Bill

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## B I L L

To make provision about the sentencing of offenders convicted of terrorism offences, of offences with a terrorist connection or of certain other offences; to make other provision in relation to terrorism; and for connected purposes.

*Presented by  
Secretary Robert  
Buckland  
Supported by  
the Prime Minister,  
the Chancellor of the  
Exchequer,  
Secretary Priti Patel,*

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