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Report Stage: Thursday 9 December 2021

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## Local Government (Disqualification) Bill (Amendment Paper)

This document lists all amendments tabled to the Local Government (Disqualification) Bill. Any withdrawn amendments are listed at the end of the document. The amendments are arranged in the order in which it is expected they will be decided.

★ New Amendments.

New amendments: NC1 and NC2

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Sir Christopher Chope

NC1

★ To move the following Clause—

**“Members of local authorities: disqualification relating to drink and drug driving offences (England)**

In the Local Government Act 1972, after section 81 insert—

**“81A Disqualification relating to drink and drug driving offences etc (England)**

- (1) A person is disqualified for being elected or being a member of a local authority in England if the person is subject to—
  - (a) a conviction for driving or being in charge with alcohol concentration above prescribed limit contrary to section 5 of the Road Traffic Act 1988;
  - (b) a conviction for driving or being in charge with concentration of specified controlled drug above specified limit contrary to section 5A of the Road Traffic Act 1988.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) a person shall not be regarded as having a conviction until—
  - (a) the expiry of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal against the conviction, or
  - (b) if such an appeal is made, the date on which it is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails because it is not prosecuted.””

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Sir Christopher Chope

NC2

★ To move the following Clause—

**“Members of local authorities: disqualification relating to controlled drugs offences (England)**

In the Local Government Act 1972, after section 81 insert—

**“81A Disqualification relating to controlled drugs offences etc (England)**

- (1) A person is disqualified for being elected or being a member of a local authority in England if the person is subject to a conviction relating to controlled drugs contrary to the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971.
  - (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) a person shall not be regarded as having a conviction until—
    - (a) the expiry of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal against the conviction, or
    - (b) if such an appeal is made, the date on which it is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails because it is not prosecuted.””
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