
Report Stage: Wednesday 7 December 2022

Financial Services and Markets Bill, As Amended (Amendment Paper)

This document lists all amendments tabled to the Financial Services and Markets Bill. Any withdrawn amendments are listed at the end of the document. The amendments are arranged in the order in which it is expected they will be decided.

This document should be read alongside the Speaker's provisional selection and grouping, which sets out the order in which the amendments will be debated.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

NC17

To move the following Clause—

“Reporting requirements

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) After paragraph 11 of Schedule 1ZA insert—

“Other reports

- 5 11A (1) The Treasury may (subject to this paragraph) at any time by direction require the FCA to publish a report containing information about—
 - (a) any of the matters mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (ia) of paragraph 11(1);
 - (b) such other matters that the direction may specify.
- 10 (2) The Treasury may give a direction under this paragraph requiring information to be published only if the Treasury consider that—
 - (a) the information is reasonably necessary for the purpose of reviewing and scrutinising the discharge of the FCA's functions, and
 - (b) other available information is not sufficient to meet that purpose.
- 15 (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), the FCA must publish a report prepared under a direction given under this paragraph in such manner, and within such period, as the direction may require.
- (4) Nothing in this paragraph requires the inclusion in the report of any information whose publication would be against the public interest.
- (5) A direction under this paragraph may not—
 - (a) require a report to be published more than once in each quarter;
 - 20 (b) require the publication of information that is confidential information for the purposes of Part 23 (see section 348(2)).
- (6) The Treasury must consult the FCA before giving a direction under this paragraph.

- 25 (7) In exercising the power under this paragraph, the Treasury must have regard to the desirability of minimising any adverse effect that the preparation of the report required in accordance with the direction may have on the exercise by the FCA of any of its other functions.
- (8) The Treasury must—
 (a) lay before Parliament a copy of a direction given under this paragraph, and
 (b) publish the direction in such manner as the Treasury think fit.
- 30 (9) A direction under this paragraph may be varied or revoked by the giving of a further direction.”
 (3) After paragraph 21 of Schedule 1ZB insert—

“Other reports

- 35 21A (1) The Treasury may (subject to this paragraph) at any time by direction require the PRA to publish a report containing information about—
 (a) any of the matters mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (f) of paragraph 19(1);
 (b) such other matters that the direction may specify.
- 40 (2) The Treasury may give a direction under this paragraph requiring information to be published only if the Treasury consider that—
 (a) the information is reasonably necessary for the purpose of reviewing and scrutinising the discharge of the PRA’s functions, and
 (b) other available information is not sufficient to meet that purpose.
- 45 (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), the PRA must publish a report prepared under a direction given under this paragraph in such manner, and within such period, as the direction may require.
- (4) Nothing in this paragraph requires the inclusion in the report of any information whose publication would be against the public interest.
- (5) A direction under this paragraph may not—
 (a) require a report to be published more than once in each quarter;
 50 (b) require the publication of information that is confidential information for the purposes of Part 23 (see section 348(2)).
- (6) The Treasury must consult the PRA before giving a direction under this paragraph.
- 55 (7) In exercising the power under this paragraph, the Treasury must have regard to the desirability of minimising any adverse effect that the preparation of the report required in accordance with the direction may have on the exercise by the PRA of any of its other functions.
- (8) The Treasury must—
 (a) lay before Parliament a copy of a direction given under this paragraph, and
 (b) publish the direction in such manner as the Treasury think fit.
- 60 (9) A direction under this paragraph may be varied or revoked by the giving of a further direction.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause confers a power on the Treasury to require the FCA and the PRA to publish information at any time on any requested matters, in addition to the current requirement to provide an annual report to the Treasury (in the case of the FCA) or the Chancellor (in the case of the PRA).

As Amendments to The Chancellor of the Exchequer's proposed New Clause (Reporting requirements) (NC17):—

Sarah Olney (a)

Line 7, at end insert—

- “(aa) the effect of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 on financial stability, and potential risks to financial stability, in the UK;
- (ab) an assessment of the delivery of the FCA's objectives in the previous year;
- (ac) an assessment of measures which could improve the delivery of the FCA's objectives in the next year;”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would place additional requirements on the FCA and PRA to report on their objectives, including an assessment of financial stability and proposed future improvements.

Sarah Olney (b)

Line 36, at end insert—

- “(aa) the effect of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 on financial stability, and potential risks to financial stability, in the UK;
- (ab) an assessment of the delivery of the PRA's objectives in the previous year;
- (ac) an assessment of measures which could improve the delivery of the PRA's objectives in the next year;”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would place additional requirements on the FCA and PRA to report on their objectives, including an assessment of financial stability and proposed future improvements.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

NC18

To move the following Clause—

“Composition of Panels

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended in accordance with subsections (2) to (8).
- (2) After section 1M (FCA's general duty to consult) insert—

“1MA Composition of Panels

- (1) A person who receives remuneration from the FCA, the PRA, the Payment Systems Regulator, the Bank of England or the Treasury is

disqualified from being appointed as a member of a panel established under any of sections 1N to 1QA or 138IA.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in respect of a panel mentioned in that subsection if regulations made by the Treasury provide for it not to apply to that panel.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may make provision in respect of a panel—
 - (a) generally, or
 - (b) only in relation to such descriptions of persons or cases as the regulations may specify (but the power to make such regulations may not be exercised so as to specify persons by name)."
- (3) In section 1N (FCA Practitioner Panel), after subsection (5) insert—

"(6) Subsections (4) and (5) are subject to section 1MA."
- (4) In section 1O (Smaller Business Practitioner Panel), after subsection (6) insert—

"(6A) Subsections (5) and (6) are subject to section 1MA."
- (5) In section 1P (Markets Practitioner Panel), after subsection (6) insert—

"(7) Subsections (4) to (6) are subject to section 1MA."
- (6) In section 1Q (Consumer Panel), after subsection (4) insert—

"(4A) Subsection (4) is subject to section 1MA."
- (7) After section 2L (PRA's general duty to consult) insert—

"2LA Composition of Panels

- (1) A person who receives remuneration from the FCA, the PRA, the Payment Systems Regulator, the Bank of England or the Treasury is disqualified from being appointed as a member of a panel established under any of sections 2M, 2MA or 138JA.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply in respect of a panel mentioned in that subsection if regulations made by the Treasury provide for it not to apply to that panel.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may make provision in respect of a panel—
 - (a) generally, or
 - (b) only in relation to such descriptions of persons or cases as the regulations may specify (but the power to make such regulations may not be exercised so as to specify persons by name)."
- (8) In section 2M (the PRA Practitioner Panel), after subsection (5) insert—

"(6) Subsections (4) and (5) are subject to section 2LA."
- (9) In section 103 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013 (regulator's general duty to consult) after subsection (5) insert—

"(5A) A person who receives remuneration from the FCA, the PRA, the Payment Systems Regulator, the Bank of England or the Treasury is

disqualified from being appointed as a member of a panel established under subsection (3).

- (5B) Subsection (5A) does not apply in respect of a panel mentioned in that subsection if regulations made by the Treasury provide for it not to apply to that panel.
- (5C) Regulations under subsection (5B) may make provision in respect of a panel—
- (a) generally, or
 - (b) only in relation to such descriptions of persons or cases as the regulations may specify (but the power to make such regulations may not be exercised so as to specify persons by name)."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause disqualifies those who are paid by a regulator, the Bank of England or the Treasury from being appointed to a statutory advisory panel, subject to any exemptions the Treasury may set out in regulations.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

NC19

To move the following Clause—

"Consultation on rules

- (1) In section 138I of FSMA 2000 (consultation by the FCA), after subsection (4) insert—
- "(4A) The FCA must include, in the account mentioned in subsection (4), a list of the respondents who made the representations, where those respondents have consented to the publication of their names.
- (4B) The duty in subsection (4A) is not to be read as authorising or requiring such processing of personal data as would contravene the data protection legislation (but the duty is to be taken into account in determining whether particular processing of data would contravene that legislation).
- (4C) For the purposes of this section, the exemption relating to functions conferred on the FCA mentioned in paragraph 11 of Schedule 2 to the Data Protection Act 2018 (exemption from application of listed GDPR provisions) does not apply."
- (2) In section 138J of FSMA 2000 (consultation by the PRA), after subsection (4) insert—
- "(4A) The PRA must include, in the account mentioned in subsection (4), a list of the respondents who made the representations, where those respondents have consented to the publication of their names.
- (4B) The duty in subsection (4A) is not to be read as authorising or requiring such processing of personal data as would contravene the data protection legislation (but the duty is to be taken into account in determining whether particular processing of data would contravene that legislation).
- (4C) For the purposes of this section, the exemption relating to functions conferred on the PRA mentioned in paragraph 9 of Schedule 2 to the

Data Protection Act 2018 (exemption from application of listed GDPR provisions) does not apply.”

- (3) In section 104 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013 (consultation requirements), after subsection (5) insert—
- “(5A) The Payment Systems Regulator must include, in the account mentioned in subsection (5), a list of the respondents who made the representations, where those respondents have consented to the publication of their names.
- (5B) The duty in subsection (5A) is not to be read as authorising or requiring such processing of personal data as would contravene the data protection legislation (but the duty is to be taken into account in determining whether particular processing of data would contravene that legislation).
- (5C) In this section “data protection legislation” has the same meaning as in the Data Protection Act 2018 (see section 3 of that Act).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the FCA, the PRA, the Payment Systems Regulator and the Bank of England to publish the names of respondents to their consultations on proposed new rules, where those respondents have consented to such publication.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

NC20

To move the following Clause—

“Unauthorised co-ownership AIFs

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 261E (authorised contractual schemes: holding of units)—
- (a) before subsection (1) insert—
- “(A1) This section sets out requirements for the purposes of section 261D(1)(a) (authorisation orders).”;
- (b) in subsection (1) for “a contractual” substitute “the”.
- (3) After section 261Z5 insert—

“CHAPTER 3B

UNAUTHORISED CO-OWNERSHIP AIFs

261Z6 Power to make provision about unauthorised co-ownership AIFs

- (1) The Treasury may by regulations make provision about unauthorised co-ownership AIFs that corresponds or is similar to, or applies with modifications, any of sections 261M to 261O and section 261P(1) and

- (2) (rights and liabilities of participants in authorised co-ownership schemes).
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may make provision about unauthorised co-ownership AIFs generally, or about unauthorised co-ownership AIFs of a description specified in the regulations.
- (3) In this section “unauthorised co-ownership AIF” means a co-ownership scheme that—
- (a) is an AIF, and
 - (b) is not authorised for the purposes of this Act by an authorisation order in force under section 261D(1).”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would enable the Treasury to make provision about the rights and liabilities of participants in unauthorised co-ownership AIFs which is similar to that made in relation to authorised co-ownership schemes in Chapter 3A of Part 17 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Olivia Blake

NC1

To move the following Clause—

“National strategy on financial fraud

- (1) The Treasury must lay before the House of Commons a national strategy for the purpose of detecting, preventing and investigating fraud and associated financial crime within six months of the passing of this Act.
- (2) In preparing the strategy, the Treasury must consult—
 - (a) the Secretary of State for the Home Office,
 - (b) the National Economic Crime Centre,
 - (c) law enforcement bodies which the Treasury considers relevant to the strategy,
 - (d) relevant regulators,
 - (e) financial services stakeholders,
 - (f) digital platforms, telecommunications companies, financial technology companies, and social media companies.
- (3) The strategy must include arrangements for a data-sharing agreement involving—
 - (a) relevant law enforcement agencies,
 - (b) relevant regulators,
 - (c) financial services stakeholders,
 - (d) telecommunications stakeholders, and
 - (e) technology-based communication platforms,
 for the purposes of detecting, preventing and investigating fraud and associated financial crime and, in particular, tracking stolen money which may pass through mule bank accounts or platforms operated by other financial services stakeholders.

- (4) In this section “fraud and associated financial crime” includes, but is not limited to authorised push payment fraud, unauthorised facility takeover fraud, and online and offline identity fraud.
- (5) In this section, “financial services stakeholders” includes banks, building societies, credit unions, investment firms, Electric Money Institutions, virtual asset providers and exchanges, and payment system operators.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Treasury to publish a national strategy for the detection, prevention and investigation of fraud and associated financial crime, after having consulted relevant stakeholders. The strategy must include arrangements for a data sharing agreement between law enforcement agencies, regulators and others to track stolen money.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Claire Hanna
Olivia Blake

NC2

To move the following Clause—

“Local community access to essential in-person banking services

- (1) The Treasury and the FCA must jointly undertake a review of the state of access to essential in-person banking services for local communities in the United Kingdom, and jointly prepare a report on the outcome of the review.
- (2) “Essential in-person banking services” include services which are delivered face-to-face and which local communities require regular access to. These may include services provided in banks, banking hubs, or other service models.
- (3) The report mentioned in subsection (1) must be laid before the House of Commons as soon as practicable after the review has been undertaken.
- (4) The report mentioned in subsection (1) must propose a minimum level of access to essential in-person banking services which must be provided by banks and building societies in applicable local authority areas in the United Kingdom, for the purpose of ensuring local communities have adequate access to essential in-person banking services.
- (5) The applicable local authority areas mentioned in subsection (4) are local authority areas in which, in the opinion of the FCA, local communities have a particular need for the provision of essential in-person banking services.
- (6) In any applicable local authority area which, according to the results of the review undertaken under subsection (1) falls below the minimum level of access mentioned in subsection (4), the FCA may give directions for the purpose of ensuring essential in-person banking services meet the minimum level of access required by subsection (4).
- (7) A direction under subsection (6) may require a minimum level of provision of essential in-person banking services through mandating, for example—

- (a) a specified number of essential in-person banking services within a geographical area, or
- (b) essential in-person banking services to operate specific opening hours.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Treasury and FCA to conduct and publish a review of community need for, and access to, essential in-person banking services, and enable the FCA to ensure areas in need of essential in-person banking service have a minimum level of access to such services.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Olivia Blake

NC3

To move the following Clause—

“Essential banking services access policy statement

- (1) The Treasury must lay before the House of Commons an essential banking services access policy statement within six months of the passing of this Act.
- (2) An “essential banking services access policy statement” is a statement of the policies of His Majesty’s Government in relation to the provision of adequate levels of access to essential in-person banking services in the United Kingdom.
- (3) “Essential in-person banking services” include services which are delivered face-to-face, and may include those provided in banks, banking hubs, or other service models.
- (4) The policies mentioned in sub-section (2) may include those which relate to—
 - (a) ensuring adequate availability of essential in-person banking services;
 - (b) ensuring adequate provision of support for online banking training and internet access, for the purposes of ensuring access to online banking; and
 - (c) expectations of maximum geographical distances service users should be expected to travel to access essential in-person banking services in rural areas.
- (5) The FCA must have regard to the essential banking services access policy statement when fulfilling its functions.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Treasury to publish a policy statement setting out its policies in relation to the provision of essential in-person banking services, including policies relating to availability of essential in-person banking services, support for online banking, and maximum distances people can expect to travel to access services.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Olivia Blake

NC4

To move the following Clause—

“FCA duty to report on mutual and co-operative business models

- (1) The FCA must lay before Parliament a report as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed, and
 - (b) every subsequent 12-month period,on how it considers the specific needs of mutual and co-operative financial services providers and other relevant business models when discharging its regulatory functions.
- (2) The “specific needs” referred to in subsection (1) must include the needs of mutual and co-operative financial services providers to have a level playing field with financial services providers which are not mutuals or co-operatives.
- (3) The “mutual and co-operative financial services providers and other relevant business models” referred to in subsection (1) may include—
 - (a) credit unions,
 - (b) building societies,
 - (c) mutual banks,
 - (d) co-operative banks, and
 - (e) regional banks.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the FCA to report annually on how they have considered the specific needs of mutual and co-operative financial services.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Olivia Blake

NC5

To move the following Clause—

“PRA duty to report on mutual and co-operative business models

- (1) The FCA must lay before Parliament a report as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed, and
 - (b) every subsequent 12-month period,on how it considers the specific needs of mutual and co-operative financial services providers and other relevant business models when discharging its regulatory functions.

- (2) The “specific needs” referred to in subsection (1) must include the needs of mutual and co-operative financial services providers to have a level playing field with financial services providers which are not mutuals or co-operatives.
- (3) The “mutual and co-operative financial services providers and other relevant business models” referred to in subsection (1) may include—
 - (a) credit unions,
 - (b) building societies,
 - (c) mutual banks,
 - (d) co-operative banks, and
 - (e) regional banks.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require the FCA to report annually on how they have considered the specific needs of mutual and co-operative financial services.

Tulip Siddiq
John McDonnell
Olivia Blake

NC6

To move the following Clause—

“Updated Green Finance Strategy

- (1) The Treasury must lay before the House of Commons an updated Green Finance Strategy within three months of the passing of this Act.
- (2) The strategy must include—
 - (a) a Green Taxonomy, and
 - (b) Sustainability Disclosure Requirements.
- (3) In preparing the strategy, the Treasury must consult—
 - (a) financial services stakeholders,
 - (b) businesses in the wider economy,
 - (c) the Secretary of State for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy, and
 - (d) the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions.
- (4) In this section a “Green Taxonomy” means investment screening criteria which classify which activities can be defined as environmentally sustainable including, but not limited to—
 - (a) climate change mitigation and adaptation,
 - (b) sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources,
 - (c) transitions to a circular economy,
 - (d) pollution prevention and control, and
 - (e) protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems.
- (5) In this section “Sustainability Disclosure Requirements” are the requirements placed on companies, including listed issuers, asset managers and asset owners, to report on their sustainability risks, opportunities and impacts.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would require the Treasury to publish an updated Green Finance Strategy. This must include a Green Taxonomy and Sustainability Disclosure Requirements.

Siobhain McDonagh			NC7
David Mundell			
Emma Hardy			
Philip Davies			
Greg Smith			
Sir Greg Knight			
Douglas Ross	Danny Kruger	Sir John Hayes	
Dame Meg Hillier	Dame Angela Eagle	Rushanara Ali	
Martin Vickers	Sir Iain Duncan Smith	Sir Stephen Timms	
Hilary Benn	Paul Girvan	Mr Clive Betts	
Stephen Farry	Sarah Champion	Claire Hanna	
Stella Creasy	Bob Blackman	Chris Loder	
Kelly Tolhurst	Priti Patel	Wendy Chamberlain	
Ian Paisley	Paul Maynard	Ronnie Cowan	
Jamie Stone	Hywel Williams	Angus Brendan MacNeil	
Mr Gregory Campbell	Chris Bryant	Jonathan Edwards	
Christine Jardine	Helen Morgan	Caroline Lucas	
Julian Sturdy	Wera Hobhouse	Mohammad Yasin	
Henry Smith	Patrick Grady	Charlotte Nichols	
Kim Johnson	Peter Dowd	Mrs Emma Lewell-Buck	
Bell Ribeiro-Addy	Sammy Wilson	Derek Twigg	
Dame Margaret Hodge	Marsha De Cordova	Mick Whitley	
Julie Elliott	Taiwo Owatemi	Margaret Ferrier	
Mr Ben Bradshaw	Andy McDonald	Dr Dan Poulter	
Ms Marie Rimmer	Darren Jones	Scott Benton	
Patricia Gibson	Tahir Ali	Yvonne Fovargue	
Sarah Olney	Kevin Brennan	Liz Saville Roberts	
Kate Osamor	Alison Thewliss	Ben Lake	
Nadia Whittome	Andrew Selous	Daisy Cooper	
Valerie Vaz	Debbie Abrahams	Rob Roberts	
Anne Marie Morris	Kim Leadbeater	Nick Smith	
Tony Lloyd	Dr Rupa Huq	Zarah Sultana	

To move the following Clause—

“Access to cash: Guaranteed minimum provision

- (1) The Treasury must, by regulations, make provision to guarantee a minimum level of access to free of charge cash access services for consumers across the United Kingdom.
- (2) The minimum level of access referred to in subsection (1) must be included in the regulations.
- (3) Regulations under this section shall be made by statutory instrument, and may not be made unless a draft has been laid before and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.”

Olivia Blake
 Wera Hobhouse
 Caroline Lucas
 Beth Winter
 Dawn Butler
 Zarah Sultana
 Bell Ribeiro-Addy
 Claudia Webbe
 Kate Osborne
 Ms Diane Abbott
 Richard Burgon
 John McDonnell
 Margaret Ferrier
 Ben Lake
 Mick Whitley

Marsha De Cordova
 Ian Lavery
 Rebecca Long Bailey
 Nadia Whittome
 Apsana Begum
 Dame Margaret Hodge
 Claire Hanna
 Liz Saville Roberts
 Tony Lloyd

Sam Tarry
 Andy McDonald
 Jon Trickett
 Ian Byrne
 Ian Mearns
 Kim Johnson
 Hywel Williams
 Jonathan Edwards

NC8

To move the following Clause—

“Stewardship reporting requirements for occupational pension schemes

- (1) Section 36 of the Pensions Act 1995 (Choosing investments) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) after “(4)” insert “and, for relevant schemes, (4A)”.
- (3) After subsection (4), insert—
 - “(4A) The trustees of relevant schemes must publish information regarding their stewardship activities. In doing so they must have regard to, amongst other matters, the scheme’s—
 - (a) purpose, culture, values and strategy;
 - (b) governance structures and processes;
 - (c) conflicts of interest policy;
 - (d) engagement strategy, including escalation steps;
 - (e) aggregate statistics on total engagement activity;
 - (f) thematic engagement priorities; and
 - (g) engagement outcomes.”
- (4) After subsection (6), insert—
 - “(6A) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) a “relevant scheme” means a scheme with £5bn or more in relevant assets,
 - (b) “relevant assets” is to be calculated in accordance with methods and assumptions prescribed in regulations.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause raises the baseline standard of stewardship for large institutional investors beyond the minimum standards set by the UK’s implementation of the Shareholder Rights Directive, drawing on the Financial Reporting Council’s Stewardship Code and ShareAction’s Best Practice Engagement Reporting Template.

Olivia Blake
Wera Hobhouse
Caroline Lucas
Beth Winter
Bell Ribeiro-Addy
Claudia Webbe
Kate Osborne
Ms Diane Abbott
Richard Burgon
John McDonnell
Margaret Ferrier
Liz Saville Roberts
Tony Lloyd

Dawn Butler
Marsha De Cordova
Ian Lavery
Rebecca Long Bailey
Nadia Whittome
Apsana Begum
Dame Margaret Hodge
Hywel Williams
Jonathan Edwards

Zarah Sultana
Sam Tarry
Andy McDonald
Jon Trickett
Ian Byrne
Ian Mearns
Kim Johnson
Ben Lake
Mick Whitley

NC9

To move the following Clause—

“Stewardship reporting requirements for certain investors

- (1) The FCA may make rules requiring some or all of those managing investments to publish information on their stewardship activities. In doing so they must have regard to, amongst other matters—
 - (a) purpose, culture, values, business model and strategy;
 - (b) governance structures and processes;
 - (c) conflicts of interest policy;
 - (d) engagement strategy, including escalation steps;
 - (e) aggregate statistics on total engagement activity;
 - (f) thematic engagement priorities; and
 - (g) engagement outcomes.
- (2) The FCA may make rules to clarify the definition of “the most significant votes” in rule 3.4.6 of the systems and controls section of the FCA Handbook.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would enable the FCA to make rules raising the baseline standard of stewardship for large institutional investors beyond the minimum standards set by the UK’s implementation of the Shareholder Rights Directive, drawing on the Financial Reporting Council’s Stewardship Code and ShareAction’s Best Practice Engagement Reporting Template. It would also allow the FCA to define and monitor “significant votes”.

Nick Smith
Sir Geoffrey Clifton-Brown
Mr Clive Betts
Sarah Olney
Mr Jonathan Djanogly
Mr Jonathan Lord
Peter Dowd
Kate Osborne
Andy Slaughter
Chris Bryant
Marsha De Cordova
Chris Evans
Hywel Williams
Rehman Chishti

Siobhain McDonagh
Mr Ben Bradshaw
Tony Lloyd
Stephen Kinnock
Emma Hardy
Clive Efford
Ben Lake
Judith Cummins

Dame Meg Hillier
Kate Hollern
Jonathan Edwards
Margaret Ferrier
Ruth Jones
Claire Hanna
Liz Saville Roberts

NC10

To move the following Clause—

“Consumer Panel duty to report to Parliament

- (1) FSMA 2000, as amended by Section 6 of the Financial Services Act 2012 and Section 132 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013, is amended as follows.
- (2) At the end of section 1Q, insert—
 - “(7) The Consumer Panel must lay an annual report before Parliament evaluating the FCA’s fulfilment of its statutory duty to protect consumers, including comments on—
 - (a) the adequacy and appropriateness of the FCA’s use of its regulatory powers;
 - (b) the measures the FCA has taken to protect vulnerable consumers, including pensioners, people with disabilities, and people receiving forms of income support; and
 - (c) the FCA’s receptiveness to the recommendations of the Consumer Panel.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would introduce a further level of Parliamentary scrutiny of the work of the FCA to protect consumers by requiring the Financial Services Consumer Panel to lay an annual report before Parliament outlining its views on the FCA’s fulfilment of its statutory duty to protect consumers.

Harriett Baldwin
 Dame Meg Hillier
 Ian Paisley
 Paul Maynard
 Sir Bill Wiggin
 Sir Stephen Timms
 Mr Virendra Sharma
 Mr Robin Walker
 Rob Roberts
 Crispin Blunt

NC11

Danny Kruger
 Tim Loughton
 Fiona Bruce

Dame Caroline Dinenage
 Sir James Duddridge
 Mr John Baron

To move the following Clause—

“Personalised financial guidance: power to make regulations

- (1) The Treasury may by regulations make provision for UK citizens to access personalised financial guidance from appropriately regulated financial services firms, for the purposes of supporting them to make decisions which improve their financial sustainability.
- (2) The “UK citizens” referred to in sub-section (1) include, in particular, UK citizens who are unlikely to have access to financial advice (provided in accordance with Chapter 12 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001).
- (3) In this section, “personalised financial guidance” means a communication—
 - (a) that is made to a person in their capacity as an investor or potential investor, or in their capacity as agent for an investor or a potential investor;

- (b) which constitutes a recommendation to them to do any of the following (whether as principal or agent)—
 - (i) buy, sell, subscribe for, exchange, redeem, hold or underwrite a particular investment which is a security, structured deposit or a relevant investment; or
 - (ii) exercise or not exercise any right conferred by such an investment to buy, sell, subscribe for, exchange or redeem such an investment; and
- (c) that is—
 - (i) based on a consideration of the circumstances of that person; and
 - (ii) not explicitly presented as suitable for the person to whom it is made.
- (4) The provision that may be made by regulations under this section includes provisions—
 - (a) relating to the provision of financial advice;
 - (b) relating to suitability requirements under MiFID;
 - (c) conferring powers, or imposing duties, on a relevant regulator (including a power to make rules or other instruments).
- (5) The power to make regulations under this section includes power to modify legislation.
- (6) The power under subsection (5) includes power to modify the definition of “personalised financial guidance” in subsection (2).
- (7) Regulations made under this section, and which modify only the following kinds of legislation are subject to the negative procedure—
 - (a) EU tertiary legislation;
 - (b) subordinate legislation that was not subject to affirmative resolution on being made.
- (8) Regulations under this section to which subsection (7) does not apply are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- (9) Before making regulations under this section, the Treasury must consult the FCA.
- (10) In this section—

“legislation” means primary legislation, subordinate legislation and retained direct EU legislation;

“MiFID” means Regulation (EU) 2017/565 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organisational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive.”

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford

NC12

To move the following Clause—

“Requirement to publish regulatory performance information on new authorisations

- (1) The FCA and PRA must each lay before Parliament a report on their regulatory performance as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of six months beginning with the day on which this Act receives Royal Assent, and
 - (b) each subsequent quarter.
- (2) A report under this section must include analysis of data on—
 - (a) the number of new applications for authorisation made to each regulator during the reporting period, with a breakdown by authorisation type;
 - (b) the rates of approval for applications for authorisation by each regulator, with a breakdown by authorisation type;
 - (c) the average length of time taken from application to final authorisation decision by each regulator;
 - (d) the FCA or PRA’s assessment of the time and cost incurred by applicants to comply with information requirements for authorisation; and
 - (e) such other matters as the Treasury considers appropriate.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause requires both regulators to publish regular reports to Parliament on their regulatory performance for new applicants for regulation.

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford

NC13

To move the following Clause—

“Requirement to publish regulatory performance information on authorised firms

- (1) The FCA must lay before Parliament a report on its regulatory performance as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of six months beginning with the day on which this Act receives Royal Assent, and
 - (b) each subsequent quarter.
- (2) A report under this section must include the average length of time taken from the initial submission of an application for authorisation by an applicant to the issuing of a final decision by the FCA for each of the following regulatory responsibilities—
 - (a) approved persons;
 - (b) change in control;
 - (c) variation of permission;
 - (d) waivers and modifications that alter compliance obligations.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause requires the FCA to publish regular reports to Parliament on its regulatory performance for existing authorised entities and persons.

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford

NC14

To move the following Clause—

"Determination of applications

- (1) The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 61(2) insert—
 - "(2ZA) In determining the application, the regulator must—
 - (a) assign a new application to a case handler within five working days of the application being received;
 - (b) complete an initial application review within ten working days of allocation to a case handler; and
 - (c) make no requests for additional information after a period of fifteen working days from the receipt of the application.
 - (2ZZA) The regulators must publish, on an annual basis, monitoring data relating to—
 - (a) the proportion of cases which require escalation to sponsoring firms, including summary trend data on the reasons for escalation;
 - (b) the average time taken to assign a case handler; and
 - (c) the average number of days it takes to complete determination of an application."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would add to the regulators' authorisation KPIs outlined in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and require them to publish monitoring data related to the determination of authorisations.

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford
Miriam Cates
Danny Kruger
Chris Green

NC15

To move the following Clause—

"Regulators' duty to report on competitiveness and growth objective

- (1) The FCA and PRA must each lay before Parliament a report as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act receives Royal Assent, and

- (b) every subsequent 12-month period, on how they consider that they have facilitated the international competitiveness of the economy of the United Kingdom and its growth in the medium to long term.
- (2) Reports under this section must include analysis of data on the following—
 - (a) steps taken to simplify regulatory rulebooks and frameworks;
 - (b) the number of new market entrants to the UK;
 - (c) new regulations introduced in the previous twelve months;
 - (d) an assessment of the impact of the new regulations to UK competitiveness;
 - (e) comparative analysis of the number of new authorisations in the UK and other international jurisdictions in the previous twelve months;
 - (f) comparative analysis of product and service innovations introduced in the UK and other international jurisdictions in the previous twelve months; and
 - (g) such other matters as the Treasury may from time to time direct.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would require both the FCA and PRA to each publish an annual report setting out how they have facilitated international competitiveness and growth against a range of data and analysis requirements.

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford

NC16

To move the following Clause—

“Regulatory principles to be applied by both regulators: proportionality principle

- (1) The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 3B(1)(b), leave out from “benefits,” to end and insert “taking into consideration the nature of the service or product being delivered, the nature of risk to the consumer, whether the cost of implementation is proportionate to that level of risk and whether the burden or restriction enhances UK international competitiveness.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would amend the existing regulatory principle for both regulators and require them nature of and risk to the consumer, and the service or product being delivered, must be taken into account when imposing a new burden or restriction.

Caroline Lucas
Jonathan Edwards
Rachael Maskell
Zarah Sultana
John McDonnell
Wera Hobhouse
Nadia Whittome
Ben Lake

NC21

Claire Hanna
Liz Saville Roberts

Hywel Williams
Olivia Blake

To move the following Clause—

“Prudential capital requirements for specified financial institutions

- (1) Within six months of the passing of this Act, the Treasury must by regulations set prudential capital requirements for specified financial institutions.
- (2) Regulations under this section must require financial institutions to hold in reserve £1 for every £1 used to finance assets connected with fossil fuel activities, which is liable for potential loss due to the climate risk exposure of the assets.
- (3) In this section “fossil fuel activities” means the extraction, production, transportation, refining and marketing of crude oil, natural gas or thermal coal, as well as any fossil-fuel fired power plants, unless covered by an exemption.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would give the Treasury the power to make regulations requiring financial institutions to hold capital in reserve to reflect the climate risk exposure of assets connected with fossil fuel activities.

Emma Hardy
John McDonnell
Hywel Williams
Ben Lake
Liz Saville Roberts
Jonathan Edwards

NC22

To move the following Clause—

“FCA: Regard to financial inclusion in consumer protection objective

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1C (The consumer protection objective), after subsection (2)(c) insert—
 - “(ca) financial inclusion;”

Emma Hardy
John McDonnell
Claire Hanna
Hywel Williams
Ben Lake
Liz Saville Roberts
Jonathan Edwards

NC23

To move the following Clause—

“FCA duty to report on financial inclusion

- (1) The FCA must lay before Parliament a report, as soon as practicable after the end of—
 - (a) the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed, and
 - (b) every subsequent 12-month period, on financial inclusion in the UK.
- (2) A report under this section must include—
 - (a) an assessment of the state of financial inclusion in the UK;
 - (b) details of any measures the FCA has taken, or is planning to take, to improve financial inclusion in the UK;
 - (c) developments which the FCA considers could significantly impact on financial inclusion in the UK; and
 - (d) any recommendations to the Treasury which the FCA considers may promote financial inclusion in the UK.”

Chris Grayling
Steve Brine
Caroline Lucas
Chris Bryant
Sammy Wilson
Munira Wilson
Andrew Selous
Ben Lake

NC24

Mr Jonathan Lord
Liz Saville Roberts

Hywel Williams
Jonathan Edwards

To move the following Clause—

“Rules relating to forest risk commodities

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 19 (The general prohibition) insert—

“19A Specific requirements regarding forest risk commodities

- (1) A person must not carry on a regulated activity in the United Kingdom that may directly or indirectly support a commercial activity in relation to a forest risk commodity or a product derived from a forest risk commodity, unless relevant local laws were complied with in relation to that commodity.
- (2) A person that intends to carry on a regulated activity that may directly or indirectly support a commercial activity in relation to a forest risk commodity or a product derived from a forest risk commodity, shall

establish and implement a due diligence system in relation to that regulated activity.

- (3) In this section, “due diligence system” means a system for—
- (a) identifying and obtaining information about the commercial activities of any beneficiary of the regulated activity and of their group regarding the use of a forest risk commodity,
 - (b) assessing the risk that relevant local laws were not complied with in relation to that commodity, and
 - (c) mitigating that risk.
- (4) A person that carries on a regulated activity in the United Kingdom that directly or indirectly supports a commercial activity in relation to a forest risk commodity or a product derived from a forest risk commodity shall be subject to—
- (a) the reporting requirements under paragraph 4 of Schedule 17 of the Environment Act in relation to the due diligence system required under subsection (2) of this section, and
 - (b) Part 2 of Schedule 17 of the Environment Act as though they are a person to whom Part 1 of that Schedule applies.
- (5) Terms used in this section that are defined in Schedule 17 of the Environment Act shall have the meaning given to them in that Schedule.””

Caroline Lucas
Apsana Begum
Jonathan Edwards
Rachael Maskell
Zarah Sultana
Daisy Cooper
John McDonnell
Nadia Whittome
Ben Lake

Wera Hobhouse
Claire Hanna
Liz Saville Roberts

Wendy Chamberlain
Hywel Williams
Olivia Blake

NC25

To move the following Clause—

“Long term economic resilience and prosperity objective

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1B (FCA’s general duties)—
 - (a) in subsection (2) leave out “function well” and insert “deliver long term economic resilience and prosperity”;
 - (b) in subsection (3) for paragraph (c) substitute—
 - “(c) the climate safety objective (see section 1E);
 - (d) the nature protection objective (see section 1F).”
- (3) For section 1E (The competition objective) substitute—

“1E The climate safety objective

The climate safety objective is: facilitating the net UK carbon emissions target in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008, and the 1.5 degrees temperature goal of the Paris Agreement.

1F The nature objective

The nature objective is: facilitating alignment with halting and reversing biodiversity loss by 2030.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause would make the FCA’s strategic objective ensuring that the relevant markets deliver long term economic resilience and prosperity, remove the competition operational objective and introduce two new operational objectives; climate safety and nature protection.

Caroline Lucas
Apsana Begum
Jonathan Edwards
Rachael Maskell
Richard Burgon
Zarah Sultana
John McDonnell
Claire Hanna
Liz Saville Roberts

Wera Hobhouse
Hywel Williams
Olivia Blake

Nadia Whittome
Ben Lake

NC26

To move the following Clause—

“Prohibited regulated activity: new fossil fuel developments

- (1) A UK bank, or person acting on behalf of a UK bank, may not carry on a regulated activity where the carrying out of the activity would have the effect of providing financial investment in, or facilitating the financing of, new fossil fuel developments.
- (2) In this section—
 - (a) “new fossil fuel developments” includes—
 - (i) any activity, in the UK or elsewhere, which enables or contributes to the enabling of, the extraction, processing and distribution of fossil fuels, and
 - (ii) the construction, in the UK or elsewhere, of fossil fuel-powered electricity generation;
 - (b) “fossil fuels” has the same meaning as in section 32M (Interpretation of sections 32 to 32M) of the Electricity Act 1989;
 - (c) “UK bank” has the same meaning as in section 2 (Interpretation: “bank”) of the Banking Act 2009.
- (3) The FCA may impose sanctions against the relevant bank, where the prohibition in subsection (1) is contravened.
- (4) The sanctions mentioned in subsection (3) includes—
 - (a) the imposition of a penalty of such amount as the FCA considers appropriate;
 - (b) suspension of variable components of remuneration;
 - (c) suspension of dividend pay-outs;
 - (d) removal of access to central bank funding; and
 - (e) removal of permission to carry on regulated activities.
- (5) This section shall come into force on 31 December 2023.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would prohibit banks from conducting regulated activity which may enable new fossil fuel developments from December 2023 onwards, and give the FCA powers to impose certain sanctions for non-compliance.

Sally-Ann Hart
Andrew Lewer

NC27

To move the following Clause—

“Refusal to provide services for reasons connected with freedom of expression

- (1) No payment service provider providing a relevant service (the “provider”) may refuse to supply that service to any other person (the “customer”) in the United Kingdom if the reason for the refusal is significantly related to the customer exercising his or her right to freedom of expression.
- (2) Where a customer has prominently and publicly exercised his or her right to freedom of expression, it is to be presumed that any refusal by a provider to supply a relevant service was significantly related to the customer exercising his or her right to freedom of expression unless the provider can provide a substantial basis for believing there was an alternative good and proper reason for the refusal.
- (3) Where a customer has prominently and publicly exercised his or her right to freedom of expression and has been refused a relevant service by a provider on application by the customer, the FCA must within 5 working days issue an order to the provider immediately to recommence supply unless the FCA considers it clearly inappropriate to do so.
- (4) An order issued pursuant to subsection (3) must last until the FCA is satisfied that there was or there has subsequently arisen an alternative good and proper reason for the refusal.
- (5) Upon considering an application by the customer under subsection (3), where the FCA decides not to issue an order to the supplier, the FCA must give reasons in writing to the customer explaining its decision not to issue an order.
- (6) Where the FCA is satisfied that there has been a breach by a provider of the obligation in subsection (1) or the failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to subsection (3), the FCA may impose a penalty on the provider of such an amount as it considers appropriate. The FCA may, instead of imposing a penalty on a provider, publish a statement censuring the provider.
- (7) The FCA must within three months of the coming into force of this section prepare and arrange for publication of a statement of its policy with respect to—
 - (a) the circumstances the FCA will consider under subsection (3) in deciding whether it is clearly inappropriate to issue an order; and
 - (b) the imposition of penalties and statements of censure under subsection (6).
- (8) A breach by a provider of the obligation in subsection (1) and the failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to subsection (3) are actionable

at the suit of the customer, subject to the defences and other incidents applying to actions for breach of statutory duty.

- (9) In this section—
- (a) a “relevant service” means a service which is (in whole or in part) directed at users in the United Kingdom and constitutes—
 - (i) any service provided pursuant to any regulated activity; or
 - (ii) any service in relation to a payment system for the purposes of enabling the transfer of funds using the payment system as referred to in section 42(5) of the 2013 Act;

save for any service expressly excluded by regulations;
 - (b) a “payment service provider” has the same meaning as under section 42(5) of the 2013 Act;
 - (c) the right to freedom of expression has the same meaning as under Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights—
 - (i) save that it includes the right to campaign for or seek to protect the right to freedom of expression of others; and
 - (ii) save as excluded by regulations;
 - (d) “the 2013 Act” means the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013.
- (10) Regulations under this section may be made pursuant to the provisions of section 428 of FSMA 2000 save that—
- (a) before preparing regulations under this section, the Secretary of State must consult the FCA and such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate; and
 - (b) they must be adopted using the affirmative procedure before Parliament.”

Stella Creasy
 Rachael Maskell
 Matt Western
 Charlotte Nichols
 Claire Hanna
 Justin Madders
 Mick Whitley
 Mr Ben Bradshaw
 Nadia Whittome

Preet Kaur Gill

Kim Johnson

NC28

To move the following Clause—

“Regulation of buy-now-pay-later firms

- (1) Within 28 days of the passing of this Act, the Secretary of State must by regulations make provision for—
 - (a) buy-now-pay-later credit services, and
 - (b) other lending services that have non-interest-bearing elements to be regulated by the FCA.
- (2) These regulations must include measures which—

- (a) ensure all individuals accessing services mentioned in sub-section (1) have access to the Financial Services Ombudsman,
- (b) ensure that individuals applying for services mentioned in sub-section (1) are subject to credit checks prior to the service being approved, and
- (c) ensure that individuals accessing services mentioned in paragraph (1) are protected by Section 75 of the Consumer Credit Act."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would bring the non-interest-bearing elements of bring buy-now-pay-later lending and similar services under the regulatory ambit of the FCA, as proposed by the Government consultation carried out in 2022.

Emma Hardy

NC29

To move the following Clause—

"Cost benefit analyses to include assessments of economic crime risks

- (1) FSMA 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 138I(7), at end insert—
 - "(c) an assessment of economic crime risks posed by the proposed rules""

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would require cost-benefit analyses to include assessments of the risk of economic crime arising from the proposed rules.

Bob Blackman

NC30

To move the following Clause—

"Establishment of Financial Regulator's Supervision Council

- (1) The Secretary of State must, within six months of this Bill receiving Royal Assent, make provision for the establishment of a body to be known as the Financial Regulator's Supervision Council ("FRSC").
- (2) The role of the body established under subsection (1) is to provide independent scrutiny and oversight of the work of the FCA and its fulfilment of its duties and responsibilities, particularly its consumer protection objective.
- (3) The responsibilities of the body shall include, but not be limited to—
 - (a) overseeing the performance of the FCA from a consumer perspective, including undertaking annual appraisals and commissioning or undertaking periodic reviews as appropriate; and
 - (b) appointing, reviewing annually the performance of and, where appropriate, dismissing—

- (i) the Chair and Chief Executive of the FCA (jointly with HM Treasury);
 - (ii) the non-Executive Directors of the FCA appointed by the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy;
 - (iii) Members and Chair of the Financial Services Consumer Panel;
 - (iv) the Financial Regulators' Complaints Commissioner;
 - (v) the directors of the Financial Ombudsman Service and its Independent Assessor;
 - (vi) the directors of the Financial Services Compensation Scheme; and
 - (vii) such employees as the FRSC requires to perform its statutory role.
- (4) The body is to be funded by a 1% levy on the FCA's revenue.
- (5) Membership of the body shall be selected through open competition and must include individuals representing the interests of financial services consumer groups.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by regulations, following consultation with consumer groups, make further provision for the body's responsibilities, powers, constitution and membership.
- (7) Any reports published by the body must be laid before Parliament."

Bob Blackman

NC31

To move the following Clause—

"Regulators' duty of care

- (1) Individuals and organisations undertaking activities within the remit of the FCA and PRA shall owe a duty of care to consumers.
- (2) The "duty of care" means an obligation to act towards consumers with a reasonable level of watchfulness, attention, caution and prudence.
- (3) An individual or organisation in breach of this duty of care may be subject to legal claims for negligence."

Bob Blackman

NC32

To move the following Clause—

"Regulators' immunity from civil damages action

- (1) Relevant regulators may be the subject of civil damages actions in cases where—
 - (a) a consumer has suffered material financial loss,
 - (b) the loss has occurred since 1 December 2001,
 - (c) the activity in the course of which the consumer suffered material financial loss is within the remit of the relevant regulator, and

- (d) the relevant regulator was aware, or could reasonably be expected to have been aware, that the consumer would have been at risk of suffering financial loss and negligently failed to take sufficient action to prevent the consumer from suffering such loss.
- (2) Any recommendations made by the investigator appointed under section 84(1)(b) of the Financial Services Act 2012 following the upholding of a complaint made against a regulator by a consumer who has suffered financial loss, which may include the providing of material financial redress, shall be considered binding on the regulator.
- (3) The Limitation Act 1980 shall not apply in relation to any civil actions brought under this section until six years after this section has come into force."

Sarah Olney
Hywel Williams
Ben Lake
Liz Saville Roberts
Jonathan Edwards

NC33

To move the following Clause—

"Reporting requirement: Green agenda

- (1) Within six months of the passing of this Act, and every twelve months thereafter, the PRA and FCA must jointly lay before the House of Commons a report setting out their assessment of—
 - (a) the ways in which the PRA and FCA have incentivised and promoted green finance for the period covered by the report,
 - (b) the impact of the UK financial system in incentivising green investment for the period covered by the report, and
 - (c) the ways in which the PRA and FCA have supported the Secretary of State's ability to meet the duty set out in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "green finance" means financial products or services which aim to reduce emissions, and enhance sinks of greenhouse gases, and aim to reduce vulnerability of, and maintain and increase the resilience of, human and ecological systems to negative climate change impacts."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would place a requirement on the PRA and FCA to report on ways in which they have promoted and incentivised green finance and green investment.

Wera Hobhouse
Christine Jardine
Caroline Lucas
Hywel Williams
Ben Lake
Liz Saville Roberts
Jonathan Edwards

Helen Morgan

NC34

To move the following Clause—

“Investment duties of occupational pension schemes

- (1) Section 36 of the Pensions Act 1995 (Choosing investments) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) remove “(4)” and insert “(4A)”.
- (3) After subsection (4), insert—
 - “(4A) The trustees must act in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to be for the benefit of the beneficiaries as a whole and to be fair as between the beneficiaries, including as between present and future beneficiaries and in doing so have regard (amongst other matters) to—
 - (a) the likely consequences of any decision in the long term,
 - (b) the impact of their investments on society and the environment,
 - (c) environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities (including, but not limited to, climate change),
 - (d) the desirability of the trustees maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct,
 - (e) the need to act fairly as between beneficiaries and members of the scheme, and
 - (f) in relation to investments that provide money purchase benefits, the views of beneficiaries and members of the scheme.
 - (4B) The trustees shall publish a policy statement of its understanding of benefit as relevant to its beneficiaries and of how it has regard to the matters in subsection 4A(a) to (d). The Secretary of State may make regulations regarding such policy statements.
 - (4C) The trustees shall report to beneficiaries the performance of the portfolio in delivering the benefit as defined in the policy statement and shall do this at the same time as it reports on the financial performance of the portfolio.
 - (4D) A fiduciary investor shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that all of its delegates and advisers comply with this section.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment broadens the investment duties of trust-based pension schemes and FCA-
authorised personal pension providers to require specified investors to make investment
decisions in the “best interests” of beneficiaries.

Wera Hobhouse
Christine Jardine
Caroline Lucas
Helen Morgan

NC35

To move the following Clause—

“Investment duties of personal pension providers

- (1) The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is amended as follows.
- (2) After section 137FD insert—

“137FE FCA general rules: pension investment

- (1) The FCA must make general rules requiring managers of some or all relevant pension schemes to invest the assets in the best interests of members of the scheme and in the case of a potential conflict of interest, in the sole interest of members and survivors. In doing so they must have regard (amongst other matters) to—
 - (a) the likely consequences of any decision in the long term,
 - (b) the impact of their investments on society and the environment,
 - (c) the desirability of the managers maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct, and
 - (d) the need to act fairly as between members of the scheme.
- (2) The FCA may make general rules requiring managers of relevant pension schemes to report publicly on how they have met the requirement in sub-section (1)
- (3) In this section “relevant pension scheme” means—
 - (a) a personal pension scheme within the meaning of an order under section 22, or
 - (b) a stakeholder pension scheme within the meaning of such an order.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment broadens the investment duties of trust-based pension schemes and FCA-
authorised personal pension providers to require specified investors to make investment
decisions in the “best interests” of beneficiaries.

<p>Olivia Blake Beth Winter Dawn Butler Zarah Sultana Bell Ribeiro-Addy Marsha De Cordova Sam Tarry Andy McDonald Jon Trickett Ian Byrne Ian Mearns Margaret Ferrier Liz Saville Roberts Jonathan Edwards</p>	<p>Claudia Webbe Kate Osborne Ms Diane Abbott Richard Burgon Dame Margaret Hodge Hywel Williams Mick Whitley</p>	<p>Ian Lavery Rebecca Long Bailey Nadia Whittome Apsana Begum Kim Johnson Ben Lake Tony Lloyd</p>	<p>NC36</p>
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To move the following Clause—

“Duty to report fraud

- (1) Financial services providers must, upon the detection of fraudulent activity or suspected fraudulent activity, report such activity to a relevant investigating authority.
- (2) Financial services providers must publish an annual report which includes information on levels of identified fraudulent activity and steps taken, or planned to be taken, to reduce and prevent such or further fraudulent activity.”



<p>The Chancellor of the Exchequer</p> <p>Clause 6, page 5, line 9, leave out “restatement” and insert “excluded”</p> <p>Member’s explanatory statement See the explanatory statement for Amendment 10.</p>	<p>8</p>
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<p>The Chancellor of the Exchequer</p> <p>Clause 6, page 5, line 12, leave out from “specified,” to end of line 13 and insert “in relation to the making of rules by the regulator in regulations made by the Treasury for the purposes of this section.”</p> <p>Member’s explanatory statement This amendment is for drafting consistency with the new subsections being inserted by Amendment 10.</p>	<p>9</p>
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<p>The Chancellor of the Exchequer</p> <p>Clause 6, page 5, line 14, leave out subsection (2) and insert—</p>	<p>10</p>
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- “(2) A relevant requirement does not apply to the making of rules by a regulator if and to the extent that—
- (a) the proposed rules make excluded changes to provision of existing rules made by the regulator containing a retained EU obligation, and
 - (b) the retained EU obligation is specified, or falls within a description of obligations specified, in relation to the making of rules by the regulator in regulations made by the Treasury for the purposes of this section.
- (2A) A relevant requirement does not apply to the revocation of rules by a regulator if and to the extent that—
- (a) the rules being revoked make provision containing a retained EU obligation, and
 - (b) the rules are revoked without being replaced by other rules made by the regulator.
- (2B) For the purposes of subsection (1), rules make excluded provision in relation to provisions of legislation if, in the opinion of the regulator making the rules, the rules reproduce those provisions—
- (a) without any changes that are material, or
 - (b) with changes that are material but their effect is to reduce a regulatory burden without having any other effects that are material.
- (2C) For the purposes of subsection (2), rules make excluded changes to provision of existing rules if, in the opinion of the regulator making the rules—
- (a) the effect of the changes is to reduce a regulatory burden, and
 - (b) the changes have no other effects that are material.
- (2D) In this section references to a “regulatory burden” include (among other things) references to—
- (a) a financial cost;
 - (b) an administrative inconvenience;
 - (c) an obstacle to trade or innovation;
 - (d) an obstacle to efficiency, productivity or profitability.
- (2E) Where a relevant requirement does not apply to the making or revocation of rules by virtue of subsection (1), (2) or (2A), the requirement also does not apply to any rules that contain incidental, supplemental, consequential or transitional provision so far as made in connection with provision made by virtue of that subsection.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment broadens the circumstances in which consultation requirements in connection with the making or revocation of regulatory rules need not be complied with.

- “(4) Where a regulator makes or revokes rules without complying with a relevant requirement by virtue of subsection (1), (2) or (2A), the regulator must publish a statement which must—
- (a) in a case falling within subsection (1), list the provisions of legislation that have been restated by the rules;
 - (b) in a case falling with subsection (2), specify or describe the retained EU obligations in relation to which changes have been made by the rules;
 - (c) in a case falling within subsection (2A), specify or describe the retained EU obligations that have been removed by the revocation of the rules.
- (4A) Where the statement relates to the making of rules that include provision of a kind mentioned in subsection (2B)(b) or (2C)(a) and (b), the statement must—
- (a) if made by the FCA, include an explanation of the FCA’s reasons for believing that making the proposed rules is compatible with its duties under section 1B(1) and (5)(a) of FSMA 2000;
 - (b) if made by the PRA, include an explanation of the PRA’s reasons for believing that making the proposed rules is compatible with its duties under—
 - (i) section 2B(1) or, as the case requires, section 2C(1) or 2D(3) of FSMA 2000, and
 - (ii) section 2H of FSMA 2000;
 - (c) if made by the Bank of England, include an explanation of the Bank’s reasons for believing that making the proposed rules is compatible with the Bank’s financial stability objective under section 2A of the Bank of England Act 1998;
 - (d) if made by the Payment Systems Regulator, include an explanation of the Regulator’s reasons for believing that making the proposed rules is compatible with its duties under section 49 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment imposes a duty on the regulators to publish a statement about the making of any rules that are made without complying with consultation requirements under this clause.

Emma Hardy

19

Clause 29, page 41, line 12, at end insert “, and also to financial inclusion.

“(2A) For the purposes of this section, “financial inclusion” means the impact on those who might be prevented from accessing financial services as a

result of the new rules made by either regulator, or from accessing them on the same terms as existed before the making of the new rules.”

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

12

Clause 38, page 53, line 25, at end insert—

“(6A) Subsections (5) and (6) are subject to section 1MA.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that NC18 applies in the case of the Listing Authority Advisory Panel (which is a new panel required by clause 38 of the Bill).

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

13

Clause 39, page 54, line 7, at end insert—

“(6) Subsections (4) and (5) are subject to section 2LA.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that NC18 applies in the case of the Insurance Practitioner Panel (which is a new panel required by clause 39 of the Bill).

Richard Fuller
Craig Tracey
Vicky Ford

1

Clause 40, page 54, line 29, at end insert—

- “(c) be provided with any information or data that the Panel requires in order to fulfil its duties;
- (d) publish the agendas and minutes of meetings of the Panel; and
- (e) make publicly available its recommendations in full including, but not limited to, the evidence base and analysis it used to make its recommendations, the assessed costs and benefits of the FCA’s activities and the range of representations made by Panel members regarding those recommendations.”

Richard Fuller 2
 Craig Tracey
 Vicky Ford

Clause 40, page 54, line 36, at end insert “at least two of whom must be representatives of FCA authorised firms.”

Emma Hardy 21

Clause 40, page 54, line 38, at end insert “, at least three of whom must have experience and expertise in the field of economic crime, with one each drawn from the public, private and third sectors respectively”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would require the FCA’s Cost Benefit Analysis Panel to include individuals with expertise in economic crime.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer 14

Clause 40, page 54, line 38, at end insert—

“(8A) Subsections (7) and (8) are subject to section 1MA.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that NC18 applies in the case of the FCA Cost Benefit Analysis Panel (which is a new panel required by clause 40 of the Bill).

Richard Fuller 3
 Craig Tracey
 Vicky Ford

Clause 40, page 54, line 41, leave out from “must” to end of line 42 and insert “within 30 days of the receipt of representations made to it by the FCA Cost Benefit Analysis Panel, publish a response to such representations, including a statement of actions it will take as a result of the representations.”

Richard Fuller 4
 Craig Tracey
 Vicky Ford

Clause 40, page 55, line 20, at end insert—

- “(c) be provided with any information or data that the Panel requires in order to fulfil its duties;
- (d) publish the agendas and minutes of meetings of the Panel; and
- (e) make publicly available its recommendations in full including, but not limited to, the evidence base and analysis it used to make its recommendations, the assessed costs and benefits of the PRA’s activities and any dissenting representations made by Panel members regarding those recommendations.”

Richard Fuller 5
 Craig Tracey
 Vicky Ford

Clause 40, page 55, line 27, at end insert “at least two of whom must be representatives of PRA authorised firms”

Emma Hardy 22

Clause 40, page 55, line 29, at end insert “, at least three of whom must have experience and expertise in the field of economic crime, with one each drawn from the public, private and third sectors respectively”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would require the PRA’s Cost Benefit Analysis Panel to include individuals with expertise in economic crime.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer 15

Clause 40, page 55, line 29, at end insert—

“(8A) Subsections (7) and (8) are subject to section 2LA.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would ensure that NC18 applies in the case of the PRA Cost Benefit Analysis Panel (which is a new panel required by clause 40 of the Bill).

Richard Fuller 6
 Craig Tracey
 Vicky Ford

Clause 40, page 55, line 32, leave out from “must” to end of line 33 and insert “within 30 days of the receipt of representations made to it by the PRA Cost Benefit Analysis Panel, publish a response to such representations, including a statement of actions it will take as a result of the representations.”

The Chancellor of the Exchequer 16

Clause 45, page 67, line 39, at end insert—

“Other reports

33A Paragraph 21A of Schedule 1ZB (other reports by PRA) applies in relation to the Bank, but as if—

- (a) the reference in sub-paragraph (1)(a) to paragraphs (a) to (f) of paragraph 19(1) were a reference to those paragraphs as substituted in relation to the Bank under paragraph 33 of this Schedule;
- (b) the reference in sub-paragraph (1)(b) to such other matters were a references to such other matters so far as relating to the exercise of the Bank’s FMI functions;
- (c) the reference in sub-paragraph (5)(b) to section 348 were a reference to that section as it applies in relation to the Bank under paragraph 23 of this Schedule.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment confers a power on the Treasury to require the Bank of England to publish information at any time on any requested matters, in addition to the current requirement to provide an annual report to the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Paragraph 21A of schedule 1ZB to the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 is inserted by NC17.

Sarah Olney

7

Clause 64, page 78, line 20, at end insert—

“(5A) The relevant requirement referred to in subsection (5) must specify that reimbursement in qualifying cases cannot be refused on the basis that a victim, or victims, ought to have known that the payment order was executed subsequent to fraud or dishonesty.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would prevent reimbursement for victims of fraudulent or dishonest payments being refused on the basis that that they should have known the payment was fraudulent or dishonest.

Olivia Blake
 Beth Winter
 Dawn Butler
 Zarah Sultana
 Bell Ribeiro-Addy
 Marsha De Cordova
 Sam Tarry
 Andy McDonald
 Jon Trickett
 Ian Byrne
 Ian Mearns
 Kim Johnson
 Tony Lloyd

Claudia Webbe
 Kate Osborne
 Ms Diane Abbott
 Richard Burgon
 John McDonnell
 Margaret Ferrier

Ian Lavery
 Rebecca Long Bailey
 Nadia Whittome
 Apsana Begum
 Dame Margaret Hodge
 Mick Whitley

20

Clause 64, page 78, line 20, at end insert—

“(5A) The relevant requirement mentioned in subsection (5) must set out clearly that—

- (a) those to which the requirement applies have a duty to ensure that reimbursement is made in all qualifying cases, and
- (b) the penalty imposed by the Payment Systems Regulator, under section 73 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013, for failure to comply with that duty, will be not less than £100,000 in each instance of failure.”

<p>John McDonnell Richard Burgon Rebecca Long Bailey Ian Byrne Zarah Sultana Ian Mearns Apsana Begum Mick Whitley Bell Ribeiro-Addy Ben Lake Jonathan Edwards</p>	<p>Jon Trickett Dawn Butler Jeremy Corbyn Liz Saville Roberts Clive Lewis</p>	<p>23</p> <p>Ian Lavery Kate Osborne Hywel Williams Olivia Blake</p>
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Schedule 2, page 119, line 19, leave out sub-paragraphs (2) and (3)

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would maintain the regulator’s duty to establish appropriate position limits in commodity speculation, to ensure the effective functioning of commodity markets and prevent potentially risky speculation.

<p>John McDonnell Richard Burgon Rebecca Long Bailey Ian Byrne Zarah Sultana Ian Mearns Apsana Begum Mick Whitley Bell Ribeiro-Addy Ben Lake Jonathan Edwards</p>	<p>Jon Trickett Dawn Butler Jeremy Corbyn Liz Saville Roberts Clive Lewis</p>	<p>24</p> <p>Ian Lavery Kate Osborne Hywel Williams Olivia Blake</p>
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Schedule 2, page 119, line 24, leave out “that paragraph” and insert “paragraph (1)”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would maintain the regulator’s duty to establish appropriate position limits in commodity speculation, to ensure the effective functioning of commodity markets and prevent potentially risky speculation.

John McDonnell 25
 Richard Burgon
 Rebecca Long Bailey
 Ian Byrne
 Zarah Sultana
 Ian Mearns
 Apsana Begum
 Mick Whitley
 Bell Ribeiro-Addy
 Ben Lake
 Jonathan Edwards

Jon Trickett
 Dawn Butler
 Jeremy Corbyn
 Liz Saville Roberts
 Clive Lewis

Ian Lavery
 Kate Osborne
 Hywel Williams
 Olivia Blake

Schedule 2, page 119, line 32, leave out sub-paragraph (5)

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would maintain the regulator's duty to establish appropriate position limits in commodity speculation, to ensure the effective functioning of commodity markets and prevent potentially risky speculation.

John McDonnell 27
 Richard Burgon
 Rebecca Long Bailey
 Ian Byrne
 Zarah Sultana
 Ian Mearns
 Apsana Begum
 Mick Whitley
 Bell Ribeiro-Addy
 Clive Lewis

Jon Trickett
 Dawn Butler
 Jeremy Corbyn

Ian Lavery
 Kate Osborne
 Olivia Blake

Schedule 2, page 120, line 4, leave out paragraph 48

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would remove the proposed amendment to the FCA's power to intervene, to maintain transparency in commodity markets and reduce the scope of so-called "dark pools".

John McDonnell 26
 Richard Burgon
 Rebecca Long Bailey
 Ian Byrne
 Zarah Sultana
 Ian Mearns
 Apsana Begum
 Mick Whitley
 Bell Ribeiro-Addy
 Ben Lake
 Jonathan Edwards

Jon Trickett
 Dawn Butler
 Jeremy Corbyn
 Liz Saville Roberts
 Clive Lewis

Ian Lavery
 Kate Osborne
 Hywel Williams
 Olivia Blake

Schedule 2, page 120, line 10, leave out sub-paragraph (4)

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment would maintain the regulator's duty to establish appropriate position limits in

commodity speculation, to ensure the effective functioning of commodity markets and prevent potentially risky speculation.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

17

Schedule 6, page 141, line 25, at end insert—

““digital settlement asset exchange provider” has the meaning given by section 182(5B) of the Banking Act 2009;”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment adds a definition of digital settlement asset exchange provider to section 110 of the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013. Paragraph 4 of Schedule 6 to the Bill amends the Banking Act 2009 to insert new section 182(5B).

The Chancellor of the Exchequer

18

Schedule 7, page 149, line 30, at end insert—

“11A In Schedule 4, after paragraph 7 insert—

“Other reports

- 7A (1) The Treasury may (subject to this paragraph) at any time by direction require the Regulator to publish a report containing information about such matters as are specified in the direction.
- (2) The Treasury may give a direction under this paragraph requiring information to be published only if the Treasury consider that—
- (a) the information is reasonably necessary for the purpose of reviewing and scrutinising the discharge of the Regulator’s functions, and
 - (b) other available information is not sufficient to meet that purpose.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), the Regulator must publish a report prepared under a direction given under this paragraph in such manner, and within such period, as the direction may require.
- (4) Nothing in this paragraph requires the inclusion in the report of any information whose publication would be against the public interest.
- (5) A direction under this paragraph may not—
- (a) require a report to be published more than once in each quarter;
 - (b) require the publication of information that is confidential information as defined by section 91(2).

- (6) The Treasury must consult the Regulator before giving a direction under this paragraph.
- (7) In exercising the power under this paragraph, the Treasury must have regard to the desirability of minimising any adverse effect that the preparation of the report required in accordance with the direction may have on the exercise by the Regulator of any of its other functions.
- (8) The Treasury must—
- (a) lay before Parliament a copy of a direction given under this paragraph, and
 - (b) publish the direction in such manner as the Treasury think fit.
- (9) A direction under this paragraph may be varied or revoked by the giving of a further direction.””

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment confers a power on the Treasury to require the Payment Systems Regulator to publish information at any time on any requested matters, in addition to the current requirement to provide an annual report to the FCA.

Sarah Olney
Hywel Williams
Ben Lake
Liz Saville Roberts
Jonathan Edwards

28

Schedule 8, page 155, line 7, at end insert—

“(1A) When exercising its functions under this Part, the FCA may issue a direction to a designated person, for the purpose of establishing a banking hub.

(1B) A designated person must comply with a direction under subsection (1B).

(1C) A “banking hub” is a facility which—

- (a) provides cash access services,
- (b) is facilitated jointly by multiple providers of such services,
- (c) contains private consultation spaces at for users of cash access services, and
- (d) is established for the purpose of ensuring reasonable provision of cash access services where there would otherwise be a local deficiency of such provision.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This amendment would require designated persons to comply with direction given by the FCA for the purposes of establishing banking hubs.

Order of the House

[7 September 2022, as amended 22 September 2022]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Financial Services and Markets Bill:

Committal

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Public Bill Committee.

Proceedings in Public Bill Committee

2. Proceedings in the Public Bill Committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion on Thursday 3 November 2022.
3. The Public Bill Committee shall have leave to sit twice on the first day on which it meets.

Proceedings on Consideration and Third Reading

4. Proceedings on Consideration shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which proceedings on Consideration are commenced.
5. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.
6. Standing Order No. 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings on Consideration and up to and including Third Reading.

Other proceedings

7. Any other proceedings on the Bill may be programmed.
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