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Committee Stage: Friday 9 June 2023

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## Energy Bill [HL] (Amendment Paper)

This document lists all amendments tabled to the Energy Bill [HL]. Any withdrawn amendments are listed at the end of the document. The amendments are arranged in the order in which it is expected they will be decided.

☆ Amendments which will comply with the required notice period at their next appearance.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

101

Kerry McCarthy

Schedule 16, page 335, line 37, at end insert—

“(aa) their interests in systems that deliver heat efficiently;”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment defines consumers' interests expressly to include efficient heat delivery in order to ensure that regulation covers systems that are operational but are operating inefficiently to the detriment of customers.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

102

Kerry McCarthy

Clause 181, page 152, line 27, after “the Secretary of State” insert “or the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is to ensure that the Gas and Electricity Markets Authority may be designated as the regulator for heat network zones.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

115

Kerry McCarthy

Clause 181, page 152, line 30, at end insert—

“(5) The Heat Network Zones Authority shall be responsible to and regulated by the regulator.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment makes the regulator responsible for Heat Network Zones.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

160

Kerry McCarthy

☆ Clause 199, page 170, line 3, at end insert—

“(f) regulate or prohibit the provision of load control in relation to appliances that are provided by high risk vendors.”

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

161

Kerry McCarthy

☆ Clause 199, page 170, line 21, after “section” insert ““high risk vendors” means vendors of appliances that pose potential or actual security and resilience risks to energy networks,”

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**Andrew Bowie**

Gov 13

Page 172, line 14, leave out Clause 204

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes clause 204 (national warmer homes and businesses action plan), which was inserted at Report stage in the Lords.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

116

Kerry McCarthy

Clause 224, page 191, line 17, at end insert—

“(9) The Secretary of State may not issue directions to core fuel sector participants that are in contravention of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment sets in legislation the need for the Secretary of State to act in accordance with the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 when dealing with core fuel sector participants.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 22**

Clause 242, page 203, line 35, leave out from beginning to "financial" in line 1 on page 204 and insert "The Secretary of State may, with the consent of the Treasury, provide"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment ensures consistency with the approach taken in clauses 103 and 134 in relation to powers to provide financial assistance. It does not alter the substantive effect of clause 242(1).

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 135**

Clause 245, page 206, line 13, leave out from "wind" to end of line 18 and insert "activity" means—

- (a) the planning, construction, operation or decommissioning of offshore wind electricity infrastructure, or
- (b) the identification of an area for activity within paragraph (a) (whether or not any particular offshore wind electricity infrastructure is in contemplation)."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment widens the definition in clause 245 to cover the identification of an area for offshore wind development. The amendment also changes the definition to "relevant offshore wind activity".

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 136**

Clause 245, page 206, line 18, at end insert—

- "(2) In subsection (1), "offshore wind electricity infrastructure" means—
- (a) a generating station, in the UK marine area, that generates electricity from wind (an "offshore wind generating station"), or
  - (b) infrastructure, in the UK marine area, used or intended for use in connection with—
    - (i) an offshore wind generating station, or
    - (ii) the conveyance of electricity generated by an offshore wind generating station."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment defines "offshore wind electricity infrastructure" for the purposes of Amendment 135. It also makes it clear that offshore infrastructure for the conveyance of electricity generated from offshore wind (for example, a "bootstrap") is within that definition.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 137**

Clause 245, page 206, line 18, at end insert—

“(3) For the purposes of the reference in subsection (2)(b)(ii) to infrastructure used or intended for use in connection with the conveyance of electricity generated by an offshore wind generating station, it does not matter whether the infrastructure is also used or intended for use in connection with the conveyance of electricity generated from other sources.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment makes it clear that offshore infrastructure for the conveyance of electricity generated from sources other than wind is covered by new subsection (2)(b)(ii) for clause 245 (see Amendment 136), so long as it is also for the conveyance of electricity generated from offshore wind.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 138**

Clause 246, page 206, line 21, leave out “one or more relevant offshore wind projects” and insert “relevant offshore wind activities”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 139**

Clause 246, page 206, line 25, leave out “a project” and insert “an activity”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 140**

Clause 246, page 206, line 28, leave out “a project” and insert “an activity”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 141**

Clause 246, page 207, line 7, leave out “project or projects” and insert “activities”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 142**

Clause 247, page 207, line 36, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 143**

Clause 247, page 207, line 38, leave out "one or more relevant offshore wind projects" and insert "relevant offshore wind activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 144**

Clause 247, page 208, line 5, leave out "project" and insert "activity"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 145**

Clause 247, page 208, line 11, leave out "project" and insert "activity"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 146**

Clause 248, page 209, line 6, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 147**

Clause 248, page 209, line 9, leave out "a relevant offshore wind project" and insert "relevant offshore wind activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 148**

Clause 248, page 209, line 15, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 149**

Clause 248, page 209, line 18, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 150**

Clause 248, page 209, line 22, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 151**

Clause 248, page 209, line 24, leave out "project" does not include a project" and insert "activity" does not include an activity within section 245(a)"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment ensures that the Welsh Ministers have the power to make regulations under clause 248 in relation to activity in the Welsh inshore region relating to the identification of an area for offshore wind development.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 152**

Clause 248, page 210, line 4, leave out "a project" and insert "an activity"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 153**

Clause 248, page 212, line 3, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie****Gov 154**

Clause 249, page 212, line 21, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie****Gov 155**

Clause 249, page 212, line 24, leave out "projects" and insert "activities"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie****Gov 156**

Clause 250, page 214, line 34, leave out "project" and insert "activity"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 135.

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**Andrew Bowie****Gov 120**

Clause 257, page 223, line 15, leave out "or a licensed disposal site"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment corrects a minor and technical drafting error in new s.3A of the Nuclear Installations Act 1965: a licensed disposal site (as currently defined for the purposes of the new section) is not a nuclear installation (within the meaning given by s.26(1) of the Act) and so the carve out in subsection (3) is not necessary.

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**Andrew Bowie****Gov 121**

Clause 257, page 224, leave out lines 5 to 8

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment, consequential on Amendment 120, removes the unnecessary definition of "licensed disposal site" from new section 3A of the Nuclear Installations Act 1965.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 124**

Schedule 20, page 374, line 9, leave out sub-paragraph (4)

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment and the Minister's other amendments to Schedule 20 make minor and consequential changes to that Schedule to ensure accurate implementation of the CSC.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 125**

Schedule 20, page 375, line 7, leave out ", (3BA), (3BB), (3BC), (3BD) or (3BE)" and insert "or, in a case where the relevant reciprocating territory is also a CSC territory (as defined by section 16AA), (3BB)"

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the Minister's explanatory statement for Amendment 124.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 126**

Schedule 20, page 377, line 4, at end insert—

- "(c) a country mentioned in section 26(1B)(b),
- (d) an overseas territory mentioned in section 26(1B)(c) or (d), or
- (e) a relevant reciprocating territory."

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the Minister's explanatory statement for Amendment 124.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 132**

Schedule 20, page 378, line 11, at end insert "(as amended or supplemented from time to time)"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment ensures that the definition of "the CSC" in Schedule 20 is to the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage as amended or supplemented.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 127**

Schedule 20, page 379, line 13, leave out "In section 26 of the 1965 Act (interpretation)," and insert—

- "(1) Section 26 of the 1965 Act (interpretation) is amended as follows.
- (2)"



**Member's explanatory statement**

See the Minister's explanatory statement for Amendment 124.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 128**

Schedule 20, page 379, line 27, at end insert—

“(e) after the definition of “overseas territory” insert—

““the Paris Convention” means the Convention on Third Party Liability in the Field of Nuclear Energy of 29 July 1960, as amended by the Additional Protocol of 28 January 1964, by the Protocol of 16 November 1982 and by the Protocol of 12 February 2004;”.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment sets out a definition of the Paris Convention for the purposes of the amendments to the Nuclear Installations Act 1965 to which Amendment 129 relates.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 129**

Schedule 20, page 379, line 27, at end insert—

“( ) In subsection (1A)(a)—

- (a) in the opening words, for “a relevant international agreement” substitute “the Paris Convention”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (i)—
  - (i) for “relevant international agreement” (in each place it appears) substitute “Convention”;
  - (ii) for “agreement” (in the third place it appears) substitute “Convention”;
  - (iii) for “agreement’s” substitute “Convention’s”;
- (c) in sub-paragraph (ii), for “relevant international agreement” substitute “Convention”.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the Minister's explanatory statement for Amendment 124.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**162**

Kerry McCarthy

☆ Clause 260, page 230, line 23, at end insert—

“(d) the provision of the additional police services in question is within the competence and in accordance with the usual operational practices of the Civil Nuclear Constabulary”

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**Dr Alan Whitehead** 163  
Kerry McCarthy

☆ Clause 260, page 230, line 33, after “Secretary of State”, insert “or the Police Authority”

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**Dr Alan Whitehead** 103  
Kerry McCarthy

Clause 264, page 234, line 31, at end insert “, or on benefits in deferment or pensions in payment;”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment means that the Secretary of State may not put a cap on revaluation of benefits in deferment or pensions in payment.

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**Andrew Bowie** Gov 14

Page 238, line 5, leave out Clause 270

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes clause 270 (prohibition of new coal mines), which was inserted at Report stage in the Lords.

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**Andrew Bowie** Gov 122

Page 238, line 10, leave out Clause 271

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes clause 271. NC52 is intended to replace clause 271.

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**Andrew Bowie** Gov 15

Page 238, line 23, leave out Clause 272

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes clause 272 (community and smaller-scale electricity export guarantee scheme), which was inserted at Report stage in the Lords.

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**Andrew Bowie** Gov 16

Page 240, line 6, leave out Clause 273

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes clause 273 (community and smaller-scale electricity supplier services scheme), which was inserted at Report stage in the Lords.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 20**

Schedule 7, page 282, line 7, at end insert—

“(3A) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this paragraph is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment provides for a statutory instrument containing regulations made by the Treasury under paragraph 9 of Schedule 7 to be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Commons.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 18**

Clause 139, page 122, line 32, at end insert—

“(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to regulations under paragraph 9 of Schedule 7.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment excludes regulations made by the Treasury under paragraph 9 of Schedule 7 from the provision about negative procedure in Parliament made by clause 139. This is consequential on Amendment 20.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC8**

To move the following Clause—

**“Key definitions**

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of this Chapter.
- (2) “Carbon storage licence” means a licence granted, or having effect as if granted, by the OGA under section 18(1) of the Energy Act 2008 (and references to a “licensee” are to a person who holds such a licence).
- (3) “Exploration operator”, in relation to a carbon storage licence, means a person who is responsible for organising or supervising—
  - (a) the carrying on of exploration, within the area within which activities are authorised under the licence, with a view to, or in connection with, the carrying on of activities within section 17(2)(a) or (b) of the Energy Act 2008, or
  - (b) the establishment or maintenance in a controlled place (as defined in section 17 of the Energy Act 2008) of an installation for the purposes of such exploration.

- (4) "Carbon storage information" means information acquired or created by or on behalf of a licensee in the course of carrying out activities under the licensee's carbon storage licence.
- (5) "Carbon storage samples" means samples of substances acquired by or on behalf of a licensee in the course of carrying out activities under the licensee's carbon storage licence.
- (6) "Sanctionable requirement" means a requirement imposed on a person by or under a provision of this Chapter which, by virtue of the provision, is sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter."

#### Member's explanatory statement

NC8 to NC28 and NS1 and NS2 make provision about carbon storage information and samples, and the powers of the OGA, corresponding to the provision made by Chapters 3, 5 and 6 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2016 in respect of offshore petroleum. They are intended to form new Chapter 4A in Part 2. This new clause defines key terms for the purposes of the intended new Chapter.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC9

To move the following Clause—

#### **"Retention of information and samples**

- (1) Regulations made by the Secretary of State may require—
  - (a) specified licensees to retain specified carbon storage information;
  - (b) specified licensees to retain specified carbon storage samples.
- (2) "Specified" means specified, or of a description specified, in regulations under this section.
- (3) Regulations under this section may include provision about—
  - (a) the form or manner in which information or samples are to be retained;
  - (b) the period for which information or samples are to be retained;
  - (c) the event that triggers the commencement of that period.
- (4) Regulations under this section may provide for requirements imposed by the regulations to continue following a termination of rights under the licensee's carbon storage licence (whether by transfer, surrender, expiry or revocation and whether in relation to all or only part of the licence).
- (5) Regulations under this section may not impose requirements which have effect in relation to particular carbon storage information or particular carbon storage samples at any time when an information and samples plan dealing with the information or samples has effect.
- (6) Requirements imposed by regulations under this section are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.
- (7) Before making regulations under this section, the Secretary of State must consult each licensing authority that may under section 18(1) of the Energy

Act 2008 grant a licence in respect of the carrying on, in a place to which the regulations would apply, of activities within section 17(2) of that Act.

- (8) Regulations under this section are subject to the negative procedure.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), enables the Secretary of State to make regulations about the retention of information acquired or created, or samples acquired, by or on behalf of the holder of a carbon storage licence.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC10

To move the following Clause—

**“Preparation and agreement of information and samples plans**

- (1) The responsible person must prepare an information and samples plan in connection with any of the following (each “a licence event”)—
- (a) where a licensee is a company, a change in control of the company within the meaning of paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to the Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2221) (inserted by Schedule 6 to this Act);
  - (b) a change in the identity of—
    - (i) the exploration operator under a carbon storage licence, or
    - (ii) where a storage permit has been granted under a carbon storage licence, the operator in relation to the storage permit (within the meaning of regulation 1(3) of the Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc.) Regulations 2010);
  - (c) a transfer of rights under a carbon storage licence, whether in relation to all or part of the area in respect of which the licence was granted;
  - (d) a surrender of rights under a carbon storage licence in relation to all of the area in respect of which the licence was granted, or in relation to so much of that area in respect of which the licence continues to have effect;
  - (e) the expiry of a carbon storage licence;
  - (f) the termination of a carbon storage licence;
  - (g) the revocation of a storage permit.
- (2) “Responsible person”, in relation to a licence event, means the person who is or was, or the persons who are or were, the licensee in respect of the relevant licence immediately before the licence event.
- (3) “Relevant licence”, in relation to a licence event, means the carbon storage licence in respect of which the licence event occurs.
- (4) “Information and samples plan”, in relation to a licence event, means a plan dealing with what is to happen, following the event, to—
- (a) carbon storage information held by the responsible person before the event, and

- (b) carbon storage samples held by that person before the event.
- (5) The responsible person must agree the information and samples plan with the OGA—
  - (a) in the case of a licence event mentioned in subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (d) or (e), before the licence event takes place, or
  - (b) in the case of a licence event mentioned in subsection (1)(f) or (g), within a reasonable period after the termination of the carbon storage licence or revocation of the storage permit.
- (6) An information and samples plan has effect once it is agreed with the OGA.
- (7) If an information and samples plan is not agreed with the OGA as mentioned in subsection (5)(a) or (b), the OGA—
  - (a) may itself prepare an information and samples plan in connection with the licence event, and
  - (b) may require the responsible person to provide it with such information as the OGA may require to enable it to do so.
- (8) The OGA must inform the responsible person of the terms of any information and samples plan it prepares in connection with a licence event.
- (9) Where the OGA—
  - (a) prepares an information and samples plan in connection with a licence event, and
  - (b) informs the responsible person of the terms of the plan,
 the plan has effect as if it had been prepared by the responsible person and agreed with the OGA.
- (10) Where an information and samples plan has effect in connection with a licence event, the responsible person must comply with the plan.
- (11) The requirements imposed by subsection (5) and (10), or under subsection (7)(b), are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.”

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the preparation and agreement of plans dealing with what is to happen to carbon storage information and samples following certain events.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC11**

To move the following Clause—

#### **“Information and samples plans: supplementary**

- (1) Where an information and samples plan has effect in relation to a licence event, the OGA and the responsible person may agree changes to the plan.
- (2) Once changes are agreed, the plan has effect subject to those changes.
- (3) Where—

- (a) two or more persons are the responsible person in relation to a licence event, and
  - (b) those persons include a company that has, since the licence event, been dissolved,

the reference to the responsible person in subsection (1) does not include that company.
- (4) An information and samples plan, in relation to a licence event, may provide as appropriate for—
  - (a) the retention, by the responsible person, of any carbon storage information or carbon storage samples held by or on behalf of that person before the licence event,
  - (b) the transfer of any such information or samples to a new licensee, or
  - (c) appropriate storage of such information or samples.
- (5) Where an information and samples plan makes provision under subsection (4) for a person, other than the responsible person, to hold information or samples in accordance with the plan—
  - (a) the plan may, with the consent of that other person, impose requirements on that person in connection with the information and samples, and
  - (b) any such requirements are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.
- (6) An information and samples plan prepared by the OGA under section (*Preparation and agreement of information and samples plans*) may not include provision under subsection (4)(b) for the transfer of information or samples to another person without the consent of the responsible person.
- (7) An information and samples plan may provide for the storage of information or samples as mentioned in subsection (4)(c) to be the responsibility of the OGA.
- (8) Where a transfer of rights under a carbon storage licence relates to only part of the area in relation to which the licence was granted, the information and samples plan prepared in connection with the transfer is to relate to all carbon storage information and carbon storage samples held by the responsible person before the licence event, and not only information and samples in respect of that part of the area.
- (9) In this section, "licence event" and "responsible person" have the same meaning as in section (*Preparation and agreement of information and samples plans*).

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision supplementing the provision about information and samples plans made by NC10.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC12

To move the following Clause—

**“Information and samples coordinators**

- (1) A person within subsection (2) (a “relevant person”) must—
  - (a) appoint an individual to act as an information and samples coordinator, and
  - (b) notify the OGA of that individual’s name and contact details.
- (2) The following persons are within this subsection—
  - (a) a licensee, and
  - (b) an exploration operator under a carbon storage licence.
- (3) The information and samples coordinator is to be responsible for monitoring the relevant person’s compliance with its obligations under this Chapter.
- (4) A relevant person must comply with subsection (1) within a reasonable period after—
  - (a) the date on which this section comes into force, if the person is a relevant person on that date, or
  - (b) becoming a relevant person, in any other case.
- (5) The relevant person must notify the OGA of any change in the identity or contact details of the information and samples coordinator within a reasonable period of the change taking place.
- (6) The requirements imposed by this section are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision requiring licensees and exploration operators to appoint an individual (an information and samples coordinator) to be responsible for monitoring their compliance with obligations imposed by or under the intended new Chapter.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC13

To move the following Clause—

**“Power of OGA to require information and samples**

- (1) The OGA may by notice in writing, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions under Chapter 3 of Part 1 of the Energy Act 2008 (storage of carbon dioxide), require—
  - (a) a licensee to provide it with any carbon storage information, or a portion of any carbon storage sample, held by or on behalf of the licensee;
  - (b) a person who holds information or samples in accordance with an information and samples plan to provide it with any such information or a portion of any such sample.



- (2) The notice must specify—
  - (a) the form or manner in which the information or the portion of a sample must be provided;
  - (b) the time at which, or period within which, the information or the portion of a sample must be provided.
- (3) Information requested under subsection (1) may not include items subject to legal privilege.
- (4) Requirements imposed by a notice under this section are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.
- (5) Where a person provides information or a portion of a sample to the OGA in accordance with a notice under this section, any requirements imposed on the person in respect of that information or sample by regulations under section (*Retention of information and samples*) are unaffected.”

#### Member's explanatory statement

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the power of the OGA to require licensees and certain other persons to provide it with any carbon storage information or samples they hold (or that are held on their behalf).

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC14

To move the following Clause—

#### “Prohibition on disclosure of information or samples by OGA

- (1) Protected material must not be disclosed—
  - (a) by the OGA, or
  - (b) by a subsequent holder,
 except in accordance with section (*Power of Secretary of State to require information and samples*) or Schedule (*Permitted disclosures of material obtained by OGA*).
- (2) In this section and in Schedule (*Permitted disclosures of material obtained by OGA*)—
 

“protected material” means information or samples which have been obtained by the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) or (*Sanctions: information powers*);

“subsequent holder”, in relation to protected material, means a person holding protected material who has received it directly or indirectly from the OGA by virtue of a disclosure, or disclosures, in accordance with Schedule (*Permitted disclosures of material obtained by OGA*).
- (3) References to disclosing protected material include references to making the protected material available to other persons (where the protected material includes samples).”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision prohibiting the disclosure by the OGA of information and samples obtained under NC13 except in accordance with NS1 or with a requirement imposed by the Secretary of State under NC15.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC15

To move the following Clause—

**“Power of Secretary of State to require information and samples**

- (1) The Secretary of State may require the OGA to provide the Secretary of State with such information or samples held by or on behalf of the OGA as the Secretary of State may require for the purpose of—
  - (a) carrying out any function conferred by or under any Act,
  - (b) monitoring the OGA's performance of its functions, or
  - (c) any Parliamentary proceedings.
- (2) The Secretary of State may use information or samples acquired under subsection (1) (“acquired material”) only for the purpose for which it is provided.
- (3) Acquired material must not be disclosed—
  - (a) by the Secretary of State, or
  - (b) by a subsequent holder,except in accordance with this section.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3)(b), “subsequent holder”, in relation to acquired material, means a person who receives acquired material directly or indirectly from the Secretary of State by virtue of a disclosure, or disclosures, in accordance with this section.
- (5) Subsection (3) does not prohibit the Secretary of State from disclosing acquired material so far as necessary for the purpose for which it was provided.
- (6) Subsection (3) does not prohibit a disclosure of acquired material if—
  - (a) the disclosure is required by virtue of an obligation imposed by or under any Act, or
  - (b) the OGA consents to the disclosure and, where the acquired material in question was provided to the OGA by or on behalf of another person, confirms that that person also consents to the disclosure.
- (7) References in this section to disclosing acquired material include references to making the acquired material available to other persons (where the acquired material includes samples).”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision, corresponding to the provision made by section 11 of the

Energy Act 2016, about the power of the Secretary of State to require the provision of carbon storage information or samples held by or on behalf of the OGA .

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC16

To move the following Clause—

**“Power of OGA to give sanction notices**

- (1) If the OGA considers that a person has failed to comply with a sanctionable requirement imposed on the person, it may give the person a sanction notice in respect of that failure.
- (2) If the OGA considers that there has been a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement imposed jointly on two or more persons, it may give a sanction notice in respect of that failure—
  - (a) to one only of those persons (subject to section (*Revocation notices*)(2)),
  - (b) jointly to two or more of them, or
  - (c) jointly to all of them,but it may not give separate sanction notices to each of them in respect of the failure.
- (3) In this Chapter “sanction notice” means—
  - (a) an enforcement notice (see section (*Enforcement notices*)),
  - (b) a financial penalty notice (see section (*Financial penalty notices*)),
  - (c) a revocation notice (see section (*Revocation notices*)), or
  - (d) an operator removal notice (see section (*Operator removal notices*)).
- (4) Sanction notices, other than enforcement notices, may be given in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement even if, at the time the notice is given, the failure to comply has already been remedied.
- (5) Where the OGA gives a sanction notice to a person in respect of a particular failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement—
  - (a) it may, at the same time, give another type of sanction notice to the person in respect of that failure to comply;
  - (b) it may give subsequent sanction notices in respect of that failure only in accordance with section (*Subsequent sanction notices*) (subsequent sanction notices).
- (6) The OGA’s power to give sanction notices under this section is subject to section (*Duty of OGA to give sanction warning notices*) (duty of OGA to give sanction warning notices).
- (7) Where the OGA gives a sanction notice to a licensee in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement—
  - (a) the matter is to be dealt with in accordance with this Chapter, and
  - (b) any requirement under the licensee’s carbon storage licence to deal with the matter in a certain way (including by arbitration) does not apply in respect of that failure to comply.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the power of the OGA to give sanction notices to persons who have failed to comply with requirements imposed on them by or under the intended new Chapter.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC17

To move the following Clause—

**“Enforcement notices**

- (1) An enforcement notice is a notice which—
  - (a) specifies the sanctionable requirement in question,
  - (b) gives details of the failure to comply with the requirement, and
  - (c) informs the person or persons to whom the notice is given that the person or persons must comply with—
    - (i) the sanctionable requirement, and
    - (ii) any directions included in the notice as mentioned in subsection (2),before the end of the period specified in the notice.
- (2) The notice may include directions as to the measures to be taken for the purposes of compliance with the sanctionable requirement.
- (3) Requirements imposed by directions included in an enforcement notice as mentioned in subsection (2) are sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about enforcement notices (notices requiring a person to take measures for the purposes of complying with a requirement imposed by or under the new Chapter), which may be given by the OGA under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC18

To move the following Clause—

**“Financial penalty notices**

- (1) A financial penalty notice is a notice which—
  - (a) specifies the sanctionable requirement in question,
  - (b) gives details of the failure to comply with the requirement, and
  - (c) informs the person or persons to whom the notice is given that the person or persons must—
    - (i) comply with the sanctionable requirement before the end of a period specified in the notice, where it is appropriate to require such compliance and the failure to comply with the requirement

- has not already been remedied at the time the notice is given,  
and
- (ii) pay the OGA a financial penalty of the amount specified in the notice before the end of a period specified in the notice.
- (2) The period specified under subsection (1)(c)(ii) must not end earlier than the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the financial penalty notice is given.
- (3) The financial penalty payable under a financial penalty notice in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement (whether payable by one person, or jointly by two or more persons) must not exceed £1 million.
- (4) If a financial penalty notice is given jointly to two or more persons, those persons are jointly and severally liable to pay the financial penalty under it.
- (5) A financial penalty payable under a financial penalty notice is to be recoverable as a civil debt if it is not paid before the end of the period specified under subsection (1)(c)(ii).
- (6) The OGA must—
- (a) issue guidance as to the matters to which it will have regard when determining the amount of the financial penalty to be imposed by a financial penalty notice, and
  - (b) have regard to the guidance when determining the amount of the penalty in any particular case.
- (7) The OGA may from time to time review guidance issued under subsection (6)(a) and, if it considers appropriate, revise it.
- (8) Before issuing or revising guidance under this section, the OGA must consult such persons as it considers appropriate.
- (9) The OGA must—
- (a) lay any guidance issued under this section, and any revision of it, before each House of Parliament;
  - (b) publish any guidance issued under this section, and any revision of it, in such manner as the OGA considers appropriate.
- (10) The Secretary of State may by regulations subject to the affirmative procedure amend subsection (3) to change the amount specified to an amount not exceeding £5 million.
- (11) Money received by the OGA under a financial penalty notice must be paid into the Consolidated Fund.”

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about financial penalty notices (notices requiring a person to pay a financial penalty for failure to comply with a requirement imposed by or under the intended new Chapter), which may be given by the OGA under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC19

To move the following Clause—

**“Revocation notices**

- (1) A revocation notice may be given only in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement imposed on a licensee in that capacity.
- (2) Where two or more persons are the licensee in respect of a carbon storage licence, the revocation notice must be given jointly to all of those persons.
- (3) A revocation notice is a notice which—
  - (a) specifies the sanctionable requirement in question,
  - (b) gives details of the failure to comply with the requirement,
  - (c) informs the person or persons to whom the notice is given that—
    - (i) where no storage permit has been granted under the carbon storage licence, the licence is to be terminated, or
    - (ii) where a storage permit has been granted under the carbon storage licence, the permit is to be revoked,on the date specified in the notice (“the revocation date”).
- (4) The revocation date must not be earlier than the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the revocation notice is given.
- (5) A revocation notice may not be given in circumstances where the carbon storage licence to be terminated, or the storage permit to be revoked, in accordance with the notice is one which, on the date the notice is given, the OGA would not have the power to grant.
- (6) Where a carbon storage licence is terminated in accordance with a revocation notice—
  - (a) the rights granted to the licensee by the licence cease on the revocation date;
  - (b) the revocation does not affect any obligation or liability imposed on or incurred by the licensee under the terms and conditions of the licence;
  - (c) the terms and conditions of the licence apply as if the licence had been terminated in accordance with those terms and conditions, subject to section (*Power of OGA to give sanction notices*)(7)(b).
- (7) Where a storage permit is revoked in accordance with a revocation notice—
  - (a) the authorisation granted by the storage permit ceases on the revocation date;
  - (b) the revocation does not affect any obligation or liability imposed or incurred under the terms and conditions of the storage permit;
  - (c) the terms and conditions of the carbon storage licence apply as if the storage permit had been revoked in accordance with those terms and conditions, subject to section (*Power of OGA to give sanction notices*)(7)(b).”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about revocation notices (notices terminating a carbon storage licence, or a storage permit, where a licensee has failed to comply with a requirement imposed by or under the intended new Chapter), which may be given by the OGA under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC20

To move the following Clause—

**“Operator removal notices**

- (1) An operator removal notice may be given only in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement imposed on an exploration operator under a carbon storage licence in that capacity.
- (2) An operator removal notice is a notice which—
  - (a) specifies the sanctionable requirement,
  - (b) gives details of the failure to comply with the requirement, and
  - (c) informs the exploration operator to whom it is given that, with effect from a date specified in the notice (“the removal date”), the licensee under whose carbon storage licence the exploration operator operates (“the relevant licensee”) is to be required to remove the exploration operator (see subsection (4)).
- (3) The OGA must—
  - (a) give a copy of the operator removal notice to the relevant licensee, and
  - (b) require the relevant licensee to remove the exploration operator with effect from the removal date.
- (4) Where a licensee is required to remove an exploration operator from a specified date, the licensee must ensure that, with effect from that date, the exploration operator does not exercise any function of organising or supervising any of the activities referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of section (*Key definitions*)(3).
- (5) The removal date must not be earlier than the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the operator removal notice is given.
- (6) An operator removal notice may not be given in circumstances where the carbon storage licence under which the exploration operator operates is one which, on the date the notice is given, the OGA would not have the power to grant.
- (7) A requirement imposed on a licensee under subsection (3)(b) is sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about operator removal notices (notices requiring a licensee to remove an exploration operator who has failed to comply with a requirement imposed by or under the intended new Chapter), which may be given by the OGA under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC21

To move the following Clause—

**“Duty of OGA to give sanction warning notices**

- (1) This section applies where the OGA proposes to give a sanction notice in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement.
- (2) The OGA must give a sanction warning notice in respect of the sanctionable requirement to—
  - (a) the person or persons to whom it proposes to give a sanction notice, and
  - (b) where it proposes to give an operator removal notice, the relevant licensee (see section (*Operator removal notices*)(2)(c)).
- (3) A sanction warning notice, in respect of a sanctionable requirement, is a notice which—
  - (a) specifies the sanctionable requirement,
  - (b) informs the person or persons to whom it is given that the OGA proposes to give a sanction notice in respect of a failure to comply with the requirement,
  - (c) gives details of the failure to comply with the sanctionable requirement, and
  - (d) informs the person or persons to whom it is given that the person or persons may, within the period specified in the notice (“the representations period”), make representations to the OGA in relation to the matters dealt with in the notice.
- (4) The representations period must be such period as the OGA considers appropriate in the circumstances.
- (5) Subsections (6) and (7) apply where the OGA gives a sanction warning notice to a person or persons in respect of a sanctionable requirement.
- (6) The OGA must not give a sanction notice to the person or persons in respect of a failure to comply with the requirement until after the end of the representations period specified in the sanction warning notice.
- (7) Having regard to representations made during the representations period specified in the sanction warning notice, the OGA may decide—
  - (a) to give the person or persons a sanction notice in respect of the failure to comply with the requirement detailed in the sanction warning notice under subsection (3)(c),
  - (b) to give the person or persons a sanction notice in respect of a failure to comply with the requirement which differs from the failure detailed in the sanction warning notice under subsection (3)(c), or
  - (c) not to give the person or persons a sanction notice in respect of a failure to comply with the requirement.”



**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the duty of the OGA to give a sanction warning notice where it proposes to give a sanction notice under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC22

To move the following Clause—

**“Publication of details of sanctions**

- (1) The OGA may publish details of any sanction notice given in accordance with this Chapter.
- (2) But the OGA may not publish anything that, in its opinion—
  - (a) is commercially sensitive,
  - (b) is not in the public interest to publish, or
  - (c) is otherwise not appropriate for publication.
- (3) If, after details of a sanction notice are published by the OGA, the sanction notice is—
  - (a) cancelled on appeal, or
  - (b) withdrawn under section (*Withdrawal of sanction notices*),the OGA must publish details of the cancellation or withdrawal.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the publication by the OGA of details of sanctions notices given under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC23

To move the following Clause—

**“Subsequent sanction notices**

- (1) This section applies where the OGA gives a sanction notice in respect of a particular failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement (whether the notice is given alone or at the same time as another type of sanction notice).
- (2) If the sanction notice given is a revocation notice or an operator removal notice, no further sanction notices may be given in respect of the failure to comply.
- (3) If the sanction notice given is a financial penalty notice which does not require compliance with the sanctionable requirement, no further sanction notices may be given in respect of the failure to comply.
- (4) Subsection (5) applies if the sanction notice given is—
  - (a) an enforcement notice, or

- (b) a financial penalty notice which requires compliance with the sanctionable requirement.
- (5) No further sanction notices may be given in respect of the failure to comply before the end of the period specified under section (*Enforcement notices*)(1)(c) or (*Financial penalty notices*)(1)(c)(i), as the case may be (period for compliance with sanctionable requirement)."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision restricting the power of the OGA under NC16 to give more than one sanction notice in respect of the same failure.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC24**

To move the following Clause—

**"Withdrawal of sanction notices**

- (1) The OGA may, at any time after giving a sanction notice, withdraw the sanction notice.
- (2) If a sanction notice is withdrawn by the OGA—
  - (a) the notice ceases to have effect, and
  - (b) the OGA must notify the following persons of the withdrawal of the notice—
    - (i) the person or persons to whom the notice was given;
    - (ii) in the case of an operator removal notice, the licensee under whose carbon storage licence the exploration operator operates."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the withdrawal of sanction notices given by the OGA under NC16.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC25**

To move the following Clause—

**"Sanctions: information powers**

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of an investigation which—
  - (a) concerns whether a person has failed to comply with a sanctionable requirement, and
  - (b) is carried out by the OGA for the purpose of enabling it to decide whether to give the person a sanction notice, or on what terms a sanction notice should be given to the person.
- (2) The OGA may by notice in writing, for the purposes of that investigation, require the person to provide specified documents or other information.

- (3) "Specified" means specified, or of a description specified, in a notice under this section.
- (4) A requirement under subsection (2) applies only to the extent—
  - (a) that the documents requested are documents in the person's possession or control, or
  - (b) that the information requested is information in the person's possession or control.
- (5) A requirement imposed by a notice under subsection (2) is sanctionable in accordance with this Chapter.
- (6) The documents or information requested—
  - (a) may include documents or information held in any form (including in electronic form);
  - (b) may include documents or information that may be regarded as commercially sensitive;
  - (c) may not include items that are subject to legal privilege.
- (7) The notice must specify—
  - (a) to whom the information is to be provided;
  - (b) where it is to be provided;
  - (c) when it is to be provided;
  - (d) the form and manner in which it is to be provided."

#### Member's explanatory statement

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the power of the OGA to require the provision of information for the purposes of an investigation carried out to enable it to decide whether to give a person a sanction notice under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC26

To move the following Clause—

#### **"Appeals in connection with Chapter**

In Schedule (*Carbon storage information and samples: appeals*)—

- (a) Part 1 contains provision about appeals against decisions by the OGA relating to the preparation of an information and samples plan and appeals against the giving of a notice under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*), and
- (b) Part 2 contains provision about appeals against the imposition of sanction notices and appeals against the giving of a notice under section (*Sanctions: information powers*)."

#### Member's explanatory statement

This new clause introduces NS2, which contains provision about appeals in connection with the new Chapter intended to be formed by NC8 to NC28 (see the explanatory statement for NC8).

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC27

To move the following Clause—

**“Procedure for enforcement decisions**

- (1) The OGA—
  - (a) must determine the procedure that it proposes to follow in relation to enforcement decisions, and
  - (b) must issue a statement of its proposals.
- (2) The procedure mentioned in subsection (1)(a) must be designed to secure, among other things, that an enforcement decision is taken—
  - (a) by a person falling within subsection (3), or
  - (b) by two or more persons, each of whom falls within subsection (3).
- (3) A person falls within this subsection if the person was not directly involved in establishing the evidence on which the enforcement decision is based.
- (4) The statement mentioned in subsection (1)(b) must be published in whatever way appears to the OGA to be best calculated to bring the statement to the attention of the public.
- (5) When the OGA takes an enforcement decision, the OGA must follow its stated procedure.
- (6) If the OGA changes its procedure in a material way, it must publish a revised statement.
- (7) A failure of the OGA in a particular case to follow its procedure as set out in the latest published statement does not affect the validity of an enforcement decision taken in that case.
- (8) But subsection (7) does not prevent the Tribunal from taking into account any such failure in considering an appeal under paragraph 4 or 5 of Schedule (*Carbon storage information and samples: appeals*) in relation to a sanction notice.
- (9) In this section, “enforcement decision” means—
  - (a) a decision to give a sanction notice in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, or
  - (b) a decision as to the details of the sanction to be imposed by the notice.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, which is intended to form part of new Chapter 4A in Part 2 (see the explanatory statement for NC8), makes provision about the procedure for the taking of decisions by the OGA in relation to the giving of sanction notices under NC16.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC28

To move the following Clause—

**“Interpretation of Chapter**

In this Chapter—

“information and samples plan” has the meaning given in section (*Preparation and agreement of information and samples plans*);

“items subject to legal privilege”—

- (a) in England and Wales, has the same meaning as in the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (see section 10 of that Act);
- (b) in Scotland, has the meaning given by section 412 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002;
- (c) in Northern Ireland, has the same meaning as in the Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/1341 (NI 12));

“OGA” means the Oil and Gas Authority;

“protected material” has the meaning given in section (*Prohibition on disclosure of information or samples obtained by OGA*);

“sanction notice” has the meaning given in section (*Power of OGA to give sanction notices*);

“storage permit” has the same meaning as in the Storage of Carbon Dioxide (Licensing etc) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2221) (see regulation 1(3) of those Regulations);

“subsequent holder” has the meaning given in section (*Prohibition on disclosure of information or samples obtained by OGA*);

“Tribunal” means the First-tier tribunal.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause makes provision about the interpretation of the new Chapter intended to be formed by NC8 to NC28 (including NS1 and NS2): see the explanatory statement for NC8.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC29

To move the following Clause—

**“Designation of hydrogen transport counterparty**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by notice given to a person designate the person to be a counterparty for hydrogen transport revenue support contracts.
- (2) A “hydrogen transport revenue support contract” is a contract to which a hydrogen transport counterparty is a party and which was entered into by a hydrogen transport counterparty in pursuance of a direction given to it under section (*Direction to offer to contract with eligible hydrogen transport provider*)(1).

- (3) A person designated under subsection (1) is referred to in this Chapter as a “hydrogen transport counterparty”.
- (4) A designation may be made only with the consent of the person designated (except where that person is the Secretary of State).
- (5) The Secretary of State may exercise the power of designation so that more than one designation has effect under subsection (1), but only if the Secretary of State considers it necessary for the purposes of ensuring that—
  - (a) liabilities under a hydrogen transport revenue support contract are met,
  - (b) arrangements entered into for purposes connected to a hydrogen transport revenue support contract continue to operate, or
  - (c) directions given to a hydrogen transport counterparty continue to have effect.
- (6) As soon as reasonably practicable after a designation ceases to have effect, the Secretary of State must make one or more transfer schemes under section 82 to ensure the transfer of all rights and liabilities under any hydrogen transport revenue support contract to which the person who has ceased to be a hydrogen transport counterparty was a party.
- (7) In this Chapter “hydrogen transport provider” means a person who carries on (or is to carry on) in the United Kingdom activities of transporting hydrogen.
- (8) In subsection (7) the reference to carrying on activities in the United Kingdom includes carrying on activities in, above or below—
  - (a) the territorial sea adjacent to the United Kingdom;
  - (b) waters in a Renewable Energy Zone (within the meaning of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2004);
  - (c) waters in a Gas Importation and Storage Zone (within the meaning given by section 1 of the Energy Act 2008).
- (9) In subsection (7) “transporting hydrogen” includes transporting a compound, of which hydrogen is an element, which revenue support regulations specify as a qualifying compound for the purposes of this section.”

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause and NC30, NC31 and NC32 (which are intended to be inserted after clause 60) enable the Secretary of State to designate a counterparty and direct it to offer to contract with hydrogen transport providers or (as the case may be) with hydrogen storage providers.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC30**

To move the following Clause—

#### **“Direction to offer to contract with eligible hydrogen transport provider**

- (1) The Secretary of State may, in accordance with any provision made by revenue support regulations, direct a hydrogen transport counterparty to offer to contract with an eligible hydrogen transport provider specified in the direction, on terms specified in the direction.

- (2) Revenue support regulations may make further provision about a direction under this section and in particular about—
  - (a) the circumstances in which a direction may or must be given;
  - (b) the terms that may or must be specified in a direction.
- (3) Provision falling within subsection (2) may include provision for calculations or determinations to be made under the regulations, including by such persons, in accordance with such procedure and by reference to such matters and to the opinion of such persons, as may be specified in the regulations.
- (4) Revenue support regulations must make provision for determining the meaning of “eligible” in relation to a hydrogen transport provider.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the explanatory statement for NC29.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC31**

To move the following Clause—

**“Designation of hydrogen storage counterparty**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by notice given to a person designate the person to be a counterparty for hydrogen storage revenue support contracts.
- (2) A “hydrogen storage revenue support contract” is a contract to which a hydrogen storage counterparty is a party and which was entered into by a hydrogen storage counterparty in pursuance of a direction given to it under section (*Direction to offer to contract with eligible hydrogen storage provider*)(1).
- (3) A person designated under subsection (1) is referred to in this Chapter as a “hydrogen storage counterparty”.
- (4) A designation may be made only with the consent of the person designated (except where that person is the Secretary of State).
- (5) The Secretary of State may exercise the power of designation so that more than one designation has effect under subsection (1), but only if the Secretary of State considers it necessary for the purposes of ensuring that—
  - (a) liabilities under a hydrogen storage revenue support contract are met,
  - (b) arrangements entered into for purposes connected to a hydrogen storage revenue support contract continue to operate, or
  - (c) directions given to a hydrogen storage counterparty continue to have effect.
- (6) As soon as reasonably practicable after a designation ceases to have effect, the Secretary of State must make one or more transfer schemes under section 82 to ensure the transfer of all rights and liabilities under any hydrogen storage revenue support contract to which the person who has ceased to be a hydrogen storage counterparty was a party.

- (7) In this Chapter “hydrogen storage provider” means a person who carries on (or is to carry on) in the United Kingdom activities of storing hydrogen.
- (8) In subsection (7) the reference to carrying on activities in the United Kingdom includes carrying on activities in, above or below—
  - (a) the territorial sea adjacent to the United Kingdom;
  - (b) waters in a Renewable Energy Zone (within the meaning of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of the Energy Act 2004);
  - (c) waters in a Gas Importation and Storage Zone (within the meaning given by section 1 of the Energy Act 2008).
- (9) In subsection (7) “storing hydrogen” includes storing a compound, of which hydrogen is an element, which revenue support regulations specify as a qualifying compound for the purposes of this section.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the explanatory statement for NC29.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC32**

To move the following Clause—

**“Direction to offer to contract with eligible hydrogen storage provider**

- (1) The Secretary of State may, in accordance with any provision made by revenue support regulations, direct a hydrogen storage counterparty to offer to contract with an eligible hydrogen storage provider specified in the direction, on terms specified in the direction.
- (2) Revenue support regulations may make further provision about a direction under this section and in particular about—
  - (a) the circumstances in which a direction may or must be given;
  - (b) the terms that may or must be specified in a direction.
- (3) Provision falling within subsection (2) may include provision for calculations or determinations to be made under the regulations, including by such persons, in accordance with such procedure and by reference to such matters and to the opinion of such persons, as may be specified in the regulations.
- (4) Revenue support regulations must make provision for determining the meaning of “eligible” in relation to a hydrogen storage provider.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

See the explanatory statement for NC29.



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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC52

To move the following Clause—

**“Principal objectives of Secretary of State and GEMA**

- (1) Section 4AA of the Gas Act 1986 (principal objective and general duties of Secretary of State and GEMA) is amended as set out in subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) In subsection (1A)(a), for “the reduction of gas-supply emissions of targeted greenhouse gases” substitute “the Secretary of State’s compliance with the duties in sections 1 and 4(1)(b) of the Climate Change Act 2008 (net zero target for 2050 and five-year carbon budgets)”.
- (3) In subsection (5B), omit the definitions of “emissions”, “gas-supply emissions” and “targeted greenhouse gases”.
- (4) Section 3A of the Electricity Act 1989 (principal objective and general duties of Secretary of State and GEMA) is amended as set out in subsections (5) and (6).
- (5) In subsection (1A)(a), for “the reduction of electricity-supply emissions of targeted greenhouse gases” substitute “the Secretary of State’s compliance with the duties in sections 1 and 4(1)(b) of the Climate Change Act 2008 (net zero target for 2050 and five-year carbon budgets)”.
- (6) In subsection (5B), omit the definitions of “emissions”, “electricity-supply emissions” and “targeted greenhouse gases”.

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause is intended to replace clause 271. The intention is for it to appear at the start of Part 6. It is equivalent in substance to clause 271 but includes some drafting changes and consequential amendments.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC53

To move the following Clause—

**“Electricity support payments for energy-intensive industries**

- (1) The Secretary of State may make regulations requiring payments (“electricity support payments”) to be made to a person who carries out an energy-intensive activity, for the purpose of alleviating the impact on the person of electricity costs.
- (2) In subsection (1), “energy-intensive activity” means an activity (or description of activity) that is designated as such in the regulations.
- (3) The regulations may make provision—
  - (a) about the circumstances in which a person is eligible for electricity support payments;
  - (b) about how eligibility is to be considered and determined;

- (c) setting out a process for applying for electricity support payments, including provision about the form and content of applications;
  - (d) about the calculation of electricity support payments;
  - (e) requiring a person to provide information that is relevant to their eligibility for electricity support payments or to the calculation of any such payments;
  - (f) requiring a person who supplies electricity to another person to provide information that is relevant to the matters mentioned in paragraph (e) (whether to the person to whom the information relates or to another person specified in the regulations);
  - (g) about the sharing of information provided by virtue of paragraph (e) or (f);
  - (h) requiring past electricity support payments to be repaid (with or without interest) in circumstances specified in the regulations;
  - (i) about how amounts repaid by virtue of paragraph (h) are to be applied (including provision for amounts to be held in reserve or paid into the Consolidated Fund);
  - (j) for the enforcement of obligations imposed by or under the regulations (including provision about interest on late payments and imposing financial penalties);
  - (k) about the resolution of disputes, including provision about arbitration or appeals (which may in particular include provision for the person conducting an arbitration or determining an appeal to order the payment of costs or expenses or compensation).
- (4) Where by virtue of subsection (3)(j) the regulations provide for the imposition of a financial penalty, they must also provide for a right of appeal against the imposition of the penalty.
- (5) The regulations may—
- (a) appoint a person, with the person's consent, to carry out functions in connection with electricity support payments (a "support payment administrator");
  - (b) confer functions on the support payment administrator;
  - (c) require the support payment administrator to provide information or assistance to the Secretary of State, or to another person specified in the regulations, in relation to any functions so conferred.
- (6) Where—
- (a) the regulations impose a requirement on a regulated person (as defined by section 25(8) of the Electricity Act 1989),
  - (b) the requirement is enforceable by a support payment administrator, and
  - (c) the support payment administrator is the GEMA,
- the regulations may provide for the requirement to be enforceable by the GEMA as if it were a relevant requirement imposed on the person for the purposes of section 25 of that Act.
- (7) The regulations may provide for any sum—

- (a) that a person is required under the regulations to pay to the Secretary of State or to a support payment administrator, and
  - (b) that has not been paid by the date required,

to be recoverable from the person as a civil debt due to the Secretary of State or to the support payment administrator (as the case may be).
- (8) The regulations may make provision about the terms of a support payment administrator's appointment, including provision—
  - (a) for the support payment administrator to be remunerated, or compensated for costs that they incur;
  - (b) about how an appointment may be terminated by the Secretary of State or by the support payment administrator, and when termination takes effect.
- (9) If functions of a support payment administrator ("the outgoing administrator") are to be taken on by another support payment administrator or by the Secretary of State ("the successor"), the regulations may—
  - (a) require the outgoing administrator to take steps specified in the regulations to enable or facilitate the carrying out of those functions by the successor;
  - (b) provide for the transfer of any property, rights or liabilities from the outgoing administrator to the successor;
  - (c) provide for anything done by or in relation to the outgoing administrator in connection with any property, rights or liabilities to be treated as done, or to be continued, by or in relation to the successor.

"Property" in this subsection includes interests of any description.
- (10) Regulations under this section may confer a discretion on the Secretary of State or on a support payment administrator.
- (11) Regulations under this section are subject to the affirmative procedure."

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, intended to be inserted in Part 6, empowers the Secretary of State to make regulations setting up a scheme for helping energy-intensive industries with high electricity costs. It allows for a person to be appointed to administer the scheme.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov NC54**

To move the following Clause—

#### **"Levy to fund electricity support payments**

- (1) The Secretary of State may make regulations requiring the payment of a levy by electricity suppliers for the purpose of funding—
  - (a) the making of electricity support payments by virtue of section 1 (including expected future payments);
  - (b) any other costs arising by virtue of section 1 or this section (including expected future costs).

- (2) The regulations may make provision—
  - (a) about the calculation of the levy;
  - (b) requiring electricity suppliers to provide financial collateral in respect of their obligations to pay the levy, and about the form and terms of such collateral;
  - (c) for the issuing of notices to require the payment of the levy or the provision of collateral;
  - (d) for the provision of copies of such notices to persons specified in the regulations or for the publication of such notices;
  - (e) about how amounts of levy are to be applied once paid (including provision for amounts to be held in reserve or paid into the Consolidated Fund);
  - (f) for the recovery of unpaid amounts of levy in the event of the insolvency or default of an electricity supplier (including provision requiring amounts to be borne by other electricity suppliers in accordance with the regulations);
  - (g) requiring electricity suppliers or the GEMA to provide information that is needed to determine—
    - (i) what an electricity supplier's obligations are in relation to the levy, or
    - (ii) whether an electricity supplier has complied with those obligations;
  - (h) about the sharing of information provided by virtue of paragraph (g);
  - (i) for the enforcement of obligations imposed by or under the regulations (including provision about interest on late payments and imposing financial penalties);
  - (j) about the resolution of disputes, including provision about arbitration or appeals (which may in particular include provision for the person conducting an arbitration or determining an appeal to order the payment of costs or expenses or compensation).
- (3) Where by virtue of subsection (2)(i) the regulations provide for the imposition of a financial penalty, they must also provide for a right of appeal against the imposition of the penalty.
- (4) The regulations may—
  - (a) appoint a person, with the person's consent, to carry out functions in connection with the levy (a "levy administrator");
  - (b) confer functions on the levy administrator;
  - (c) require the levy administrator to provide information or assistance to the Secretary of State, or to another person specified in the regulations, in relation to any functions so conferred.
- (5) Where—
  - (a) the regulations impose a requirement on a regulated person (as defined by section 25(8) of the Electricity Act 1989),
  - (b) the requirement is enforceable by a levy administrator, and
  - (c) the levy administrator is the GEMA,

the regulations may provide for the requirement to be enforceable by the GEMA as if it were a relevant requirement imposed on the person for the purposes of section 25 of that Act.

- (6) The regulations may provide for any sum—
  - (a) that a person is required under the regulations to pay to the Secretary of State or to a levy administrator, and
  - (b) that has not been paid by the date required,to be recoverable from the person as a civil debt due to the Secretary of State or to the levy administrator (as the case may be).
- (7) The regulations may make provision about the terms of a levy administrator's appointment, including provision—
  - (a) for the levy administrator to be remunerated, or compensated for costs that they incur;
  - (b) about how an appointment may be terminated by the Secretary of State or by the levy administrator, and when termination takes effect.
- (8) If functions of a levy administrator ("the outgoing administrator") are to be taken on by another levy administrator or by the Secretary of State ("the successor"), the regulations may—
  - (a) require the outgoing administrator to take steps specified in the regulations to enable or facilitate the carrying out of those functions by the successor;
  - (b) provide for the transfer of any property, rights or liabilities from the outgoing administrator to the successor;
  - (c) provide for anything done by or in relation to the outgoing administrator in connection with any property, rights or liabilities to be treated as done, or to be continued, by or in relation to the successor."Property" in this subsection includes interests of any description.
- (9) Regulations under this section may confer a discretion on the Secretary of State or on a levy administrator.
- (10) Regulations under this section are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- (11) In this section, "electricity supplier" means the holder of a licence under section 6(1)(d) of the Electricity Act 1989."

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause, intended to be inserted in Part 6, empowers the Secretary of State to make regulations imposing a levy on electricity suppliers, to fund the scheme which may be set up by virtue of NC53. It allows for a person to be appointed to administer the levy.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NC55

To move the following Clause—

**“Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage:  
implementation power**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such provision as the Secretary of State considers appropriate—
  - (a) to implement the CSC, or
  - (b) otherwise for the purposes of dealing with any other matter arising out of, or related to, the CSC.
- (2) The provision that may be made by virtue of subsection (1) includes provision that is authorised by the CSC to be made in relation to a particular matter.
- (3) Regulations under this section may amend—
  - (a) Schedule 20,
  - (b) the Nuclear Installations Act 1965, or
  - (c) any other enactment having effect in relation to a matter to which the CSC relates.
- (4) In this section, “the CSC” means the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage (as amended or supplemented from time to time).
- (5) Regulations under this section are subject to the affirmative procedure.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause confers a power to make regulations in connection with the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage, including provision to implement the Convention. The regulations may in particular amend the Nuclear Installations Act 1965.

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Anne McLaughlin

NC1

Alan Brown  
Stephen Flynn  
Mhairi Black  
Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Smart meter roll-out for prepayment customers**

- (1) The Secretary of State must ensure that all legacy prepayment meters are replaced with smart meters, unless the customer objects in writing, before the end of 2025.
- (2) The Secretary of State must by regulations provide for an end to the practice of self-disconnections, such regulations to come into force within six months of the date on which this Act is passed.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may provide for, but are not limited to—

- (a) the introduction of a social tariff for prepayment customers,
- (b) the introduction of mechanisms to apply credit automatically if a prepayment customer runs out of credit, and
- (c) the introduction of a mechanism to transfer a prepayment customer to credit mode automatically if they run out of credit.”

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**Anne McLaughlin**

NC2

Alan Brown  
 Stephen Flynn  
 Mhairi Black  
 Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Restriction of the use of prepayment meters**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations restrict the installation of new prepayment meters for domestic energy use.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may set conditions for energy suppliers in relation to the installation of new prepayment meters, including—
  - (a) ensuring consumers have given full and informed consent to the installation of a prepayment meter after having been offered access to a recognised debt counselling agency;
  - (b) ensuring vulnerable consumers are not required to use prepayment meters;
  - (c) publishing a non-exhaustive list of circumstances in which a consumer is considered vulnerable, including financially vulnerable; and
  - (d) ensuring consumers have a clear, timetabled route back to standard meters once specified conditions are met.
- (3) In this section “installation of new prepayment meters” includes switching existing energy meters to a prepayment mode.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would allow the Secretary of State to restrict the use of prepayment meters, especially in relation to vulnerable consumers or where consumers are not aware they are being moved over to a prepayment mode.

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**Caroline Lucas**

NC3

To move the following Clause—

**“Prohibition of new oil and gas field developments and issuing of exploration and production licences**

Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must by regulations prohibit—

- (a) the approval of new oil and gas field developments, and

- (b) the release of new oil and gas exploration and production licences.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would prohibit the approval of new oil and gas field developments and the issuing of new oil and gas exploration and production licenses.

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Caroline Lucas

NC4

To move the following Clause—

**“Duty to phase down UK petroleum**

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must make regulations to amend section 9A of the Petroleum Act 1998.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) must—
  - (a) remove the “principal objective” of maximising the economic recovery of UK petroleum;
  - (b) define a new “principal objective”.
- (3) The new “principal objective” referred to in paragraph (2)(b) must provide for—
  - (a) delivery of a managed and orderly phase down of UK petroleum;
  - (b) advancement of the UK’s climate change commitments, including—
    - (i) the target for 2050 set out in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008, and
    - (ii) the commitment given by the Government of the United Kingdom in the Glasgow Climate Pact to pursue policies to limit global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius;
  - (c) facilitation of a just transition for oil and gas workers and communities.
- (4) Before making regulations under subsection (1) the Secretary of State must hold a public consultation which must include consultation with—
  - (a) the devolved administrations,
  - (b) relevant trade union and worker representatives,
  - (c) relevant representatives from academia,
  - (d) relevant climate and environmental organisations and representatives,
  - (e) relevant industry representatives of petroleum and renewable energy businesses supporting the transition away from fossil fuels, and
  - (f) offshore energy training bodies.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would amend the Petroleum Act 1998 to remove the principal objective of maximising the economic recovery of UK petroleum and replace it with a new principal objective to deliver a managed and orderly phase down of UK petroleum, advance the UK’s climate targets, and support a just transition for oil and gas workers.



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**Alan Brown**

**NC5**

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Net Zero compatibility test**

The Secretary of State must by regulations make provision, with effect from the date on which this Act is passed, for all future legislative Impact Assessments to include a “Net Zero compatibility test”.

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**Alan Brown**

**NC6**

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Just Transition Commission**

- (1) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must by regulations establish a body to be known as the “Just Transition Commission”.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) must provide for the purposes of the Just Transition Commission to include—
  - (a) the provision of scrutiny and advice on the ongoing development of just transition plans;
  - (b) the provision of advice on appropriate approaches to monitoring and evaluation; and
  - (c) consultation with such persons as the Secretary of State shall consider appropriate in relation to the delivery and likely impact of just transition planning.
- (3) The Just Transition Commission must produce and lay before Parliament an annual report of its work.”

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**Caroline Lucas**

**NC7**

To move the following Clause—

**“Requiring installation of solar panels on all new homes**

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must by regulations require—
  - (a) the installation of solar panels on the roofs of all new homes; and
  - (b) that new housing developments are planned in order to maximise solar gain.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may provide for exemptions in cases where the installation of solar panels on the roof of a new home is not appropriate.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would mandate the installation of solar panels on the roofs of all new homes and require new housing developments to be planned in order to maximise solar gain.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC33**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Purposes**

- (1) The principal purpose of this Act is to increase the resilience and reliability of energy systems across the UK, support the delivery of the UK’s climate change commitments and reform the UK’s energy system while minimising costs to consumers and protecting them from unfair pricing.
- (2) In performing functions under this Act, the relevant persons and bodies shall have regard to—
  - (a) the principal purpose set out in subsection (1);
  - (b) the Secretary of State’s duties under sections 1 and 4(1)(b) of the Climate Change Act 2008 (carbon targets and budgets) and international obligations contained within Article 2 of the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change;
  - (c) the desirability of reducing costs to consumers and alleviating fuel poverty; and
  - (d) the desirability of securing a diverse and viable long-term energy supply.
- (3) In this section “the relevant persons and bodies” means—
  - (a) the Secretary of State;
  - (b) any public authority.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause and NC34, NC35 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC34**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Strategy and policy statement**

- (1) The Secretary of State may designate a statement as the strategy and policy statement for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The strategy and policy statement is a statement prepared by the Secretary of State that sets out—

- (a) the strategic priorities, and other main considerations, of His Majesty's Government in formulating its energy policy for Great Britain ("strategic priorities");
  - (b) the particular outcomes to be achieved as a result of the implementation of that policy ("policy outcomes"); and
  - (c) the roles and responsibilities of persons (whether the Secretary of State, a relevant public authority or other persons) who are involved in implementing that policy or who have other functions that are affected by it.
- (3) The strategy and policy statement must have regard to the considerations listed in subsection (2) of section [Purposes].
- (4) The Secretary of State must publish the strategy and policy statement in such manner as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, energy policy "for Great Britain" includes such policy for—
  - (a) the territorial sea adjacent to Great Britain, and
  - (b) areas designated under section 1(7) of the Continental Shelf Act 1964.
- (6) A relevant public authority must have regard to the strategic priorities set out in the strategy and policy statement when carrying out regulatory functions.
- (7) The Secretary of State and a relevant public authority must carry out their respective regulatory functions in the manner which the Secretary of State or the relevant public authority (as the case may be) considers is best calculated to further the delivery of the policy outcomes.
- (8) A relevant public authority must give notice to the Secretary of State if at any time the relevant public authority concludes that a policy outcome contained in the strategy and policy statement is not realistically achievable.
- (9) A notice under subsection (8) must include—
  - (a) the grounds on which the conclusion was reached; and
  - (b) what (if anything) the relevant public authority is doing, or proposes to do, for the purpose of furthering the delivery of the outcome so far as reasonably practicable."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause and NC33, NC35 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

Kerry McCarthy

**NC35**

To move the following Clause—

**“Strategy and policy statement review**

- (1) The Secretary of State must review the strategy and policy statement if a period of 5 years has elapsed since the relevant time.
- (2) The “relevant time”, in relation to the strategy and policy statement, means—
  - (a) the time when the statement was first designated under section [*Strategy and policy statement*], or
  - (b) if later, the time when a review of the statement under this section last took place.
- (3) A review under subsection (1) must take place as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the 5 year period.
- (4) The Secretary of State may review the strategy and policy statement at any other time if—
  - (a) a Parliamentary general election has taken place since the relevant time;
  - (b) a relevant public authority has given notice to the Secretary of State under subsection (8) of section [*Strategy and policy statement*] since the relevant time;
  - (c) a significant change in the energy policy of His Majesty’s Government has occurred since the relevant time; or
  - (d) the Parliamentary approval requirement in relation to an amended statement was not met on the last review (see subsection (12)).
- (5) The Secretary of State may determine that a significant change in His Majesty’s Government’s energy policy has occurred for the purposes of subsection (4)(c) only if—
  - (a) the change was not anticipated at the relevant time, and
  - (b) if the change had been so anticipated, it appears to the Secretary of State likely that the statement would have been different in a material way.
- (6) On a review under this section the Secretary of State may—
  - (a) amend the statement (including by replacing the whole or part of the statement with new content),
  - (b) leave the statement as it is, or
  - (c) withdraw the statement’s designation as the strategy and policy statement.
- (7) The amendment of a statement under subsection (6)(a) has effect only if the Secretary of State designates the amended statement as the strategy and policy statement under section [*Strategy and policy statement*].
- (8) For the purposes of this section, corrections of clerical or typographical errors are not to be treated as amendments made to the statement.

- (9) The designation of a statement as the strategy and policy statement ceases to have effect upon a subsequent designation of an amended statement as the strategy and policy statement in accordance with subsection (7).
- (10) The Secretary of State must consult the following persons before proceeding under subsection (6)(b) or (c)—
- (a) a relevant public authority,
  - (b) the Scottish Ministers,
  - (c) the Welsh Ministers, and
  - (d) such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (11) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b), a review of a statement takes place—
- (a) in the case of a decision on the review to amend the statement under subsection (6)(a)—
    - (i) at the time when the amended statement is designated as the strategy and policy statement under the previous section, or
    - (ii) if the amended statement is not so designated, at the time when the amended statement was laid before Parliament for approval under subsection (7) of the next section;
  - (b) in the case of a decision on the review to leave the statement as it is under subsection (6)(b), at the time when that decision is taken.
- (12) For the purposes of subsection (4)(d), the Parliamentary approval requirement in relation to an amended statement was not met on the last review if—
- (a) on the last review of the strategy and policy statement to be held under this section, an amended statement was laid before Parliament for approval under subsection (7) of section [*Strategy and policy statement: procedural requirements*], but
  - (b) the amended statement was not designated because such approval was not given.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause and NC33, NC34 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC36

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Strategy and policy statement: procedural requirements**

- (1) This section sets out the requirements that must be satisfied in relation to a statement before the Secretary of State may designate it as the strategy and policy statement.
- (2) In this section references to a statement include references to a statement as amended following a review under subsection (6)(a) of section [*Strategy and policy statement review*].

- (3) The Secretary of State must first—
  - (a) prepare a draft of the statement, and
  - (b) issue the draft to the required consultees for the purpose of consulting them about it.
- (4) The “required consultees” are—
  - (a) the relevant public authority,
  - (b) the Scottish Ministers, and
  - (c) the Welsh Ministers.
- (5) The Secretary of State must then—
  - (a) make such revisions to the draft as the Secretary of State considers appropriate as a result of responses to the consultation under subsection (3)(b), and
  - (b) issue the revised draft for the purposes of further consultation about it to the required consultees and to such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (6) The Secretary of State must then—
  - (a) make any further revisions to the draft that the Secretary of State considers appropriate as a result of responses to the consultation under subsection (5)(b), and
  - (b) prepare a report summarising those responses and the changes (if any) that the Secretary of State has made to the draft as a result.
- (7) The Secretary of State must lay before Parliament—
  - (a) the statement as revised under subsection (6)(a), and
  - (b) the report prepared under subsection (6)(b).
- (8) The statement as laid under subsection (7)(a) must have been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament before the Secretary of State may designate it as the strategy and policy statement.
- (9) The requirement under subsection (3)(a) to prepare a draft of a statement may be satisfied by preparation carried out before, as well as preparation carried out after, the passing of this Act.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause and NC33, NC34 and NC35 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

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Dr Alan Whitehead

Kerry McCarthy

NC37

To move the following Clause—

**“Assurance of independence of system and distribution operators**

- (1) The Secretary of State must appoint a supervisory and advisory board of at least eight suitably qualified independent energy figures to assist the person designated as the ISOP under section 120.
- (2) The purpose of the board appointed under subsection (1) is to assure the independence of transmission and distribution system operators through independent oversight of and advice to the ISOP.
- (3) Energy UK and the Energy Networks Association must be consulted on the appointment of the board under subsection (1).
- (4) The Secretary of State may make provision of financial assistance to enable the board to carry out its functions.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause aims to ensure the independence of system and distribution operators.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC38**

Kerry McCarthy  
Dan Carden

To move the following Clause—

**“Restriction of the use of prepayment meters**

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations restrict the installation of new prepayment meters for domestic energy use.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may set conditions for energy suppliers in relation to the installation of new prepayment meters, including—
  - (a) ensuring consumers have given full and informed consent to the installation of a prepayment meter;
  - (b) making provision to ensure vulnerable consumers are not put onto prepayment meters.
- (3) In this section “installation of new prepayment meters” includes switching existing energy meters to a prepayment mode.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would allow the Secretary of State to restrict the use of prepayment meters, especially in relation to vulnerable consumers or where consumers are not aware they are being moved over to a prepayment mode.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC39**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Guarantee for consumer protection**

- (1) Within three months of the day on which this Act is passed, Ofgem must set out a new licence to operate for heat networks that guarantees equivalent protections for heat network customers compared when compared with electricity and gas customers.
- (2) Protections under subsection (1) must include but are not limited to—
  - (a) a price cap for heat network customers;
  - (b) a licence condition to “treat customers fairly”, analogous to Licence Condition 0 of the electricity and gas supplier licences; and
  - (c) a licence condition addressing “ability to pay”, analogous to Licence Condition 27A of the electricity and gas supplier licences.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would guarantee that heat network customers receive equal treatment to electricity and gas customers.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC40**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Designated load controller**

- (1) The Secretary of State may give a designated load controller direction only if the Secretary of State considers that—
  - (a) the direction is necessary in the interests of national security; and
  - (b) the requirement imposed by the direction are proportionate to what is sought to be achieved by the direction.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause ensures that load controllers undergo national security checks to establish the nature of connections to potentially hostile actors and the threats they may pose.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC41**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Energy performance regulations relating to existing premises**

- (1) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must make regulations—
  - (a) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/962) to require that, subject to



- subsection (2), all tenancies have an energy performance certificate (EPC) of at least Band C by 31 December 2028; and
- (b) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/595) to raise “the cost cap” to £10,000.
- (2) Exemptions to subsection (1) apply where—
- (a) the occupier of any premises whose permission is needed to carry out works refuses to give such permission;
  - (b) it is not technically feasible to improve the energy performance of the premises to the level of EPC Band C; and
  - (c) another exemption specified in the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 has been registered in the PRS Exemptions Register.
- (3) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must make regulations—
- (a) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/962) to enable Local Authorities to give notice to landlords that they wish to inspect a property, requesting permissions from landlords and any tenants in situ at the time to carry out an inspection at an agreed time;
  - (b) to expand the scope of the current PRS Exemptions Register and redesign it as a property compliance and exemptions database;
  - (c) to require a post-improvement EPC to be undertaken to demonstrate compliance;
  - (d) to require a valid EPC be in place at all times while a property is let; and
  - (e) to raise the maximum total of financial penalties to be imposed by a Local Authority on a landlord of a domestic PRS property in relation to the same breach and for the same property to £30,000 per property and per breach of the PRS Regulations.
- (4) The Secretary of State may make regulations to—
- (a) enable tenants in the private rented sector to request that energy performance improvements are carried out where a property is in breach of the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015; and
  - (b) make provision for a compensation mechanism where a tenant is paying higher energy bills as a result of a property not meeting the required standard.”

#### **Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause requires the Secretary of State to strengthen minimum energy efficiency standards in the private rented sector, expands the compliance regime available to local authorities, and gives the Secretary of State the power to create a compensation mechanism for tenants adversely affected by non-compliance. These measures are derived from the government's preferred policy option in the 2020 “Improving the energy performance of privately rented homes” consultation.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

NC42

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Review of the “Improving Energy Performance Certificates: action plan”**

- (1) Within 12 months of the date on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must conduct a review of the “Improving Energy Performance Certificates: action plan” that sets out how new technologies can improve the energy usage and efficiency of premises.
- (2) Such a review must include analysis of the energy efficiency benefits of energy optimisation technologies and bi-directional charging from vehicles to premises.
- (3) Where any energy efficiency benefits are identified by this review, the Secretary of State must make provision under section 207(1)(b) for recommendations to be made about the improvement of the energy efficiency and usage of new and existing premises.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause would oblige the Secretary of State to update its review of the EPC rating system; for this review to consider bi-directional charging; and for the Secretary of State to then use the existing power under section 207 to promote these improvements.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

NC43

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“North Sea Transition Authority**

- (1) Part 1 of the Energy Act 2016 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1(1) for “is renamed as the Oil and Gas authority” substitute “is renamed as the North Sea Transition authority”.
- (3) In Part 1 for all references to “the OGA” substitute “the North Sea Transition authority”.
- (4) In section 8(1) after “so far as is relevant” insert—

**“Ensuring the Transition to Net zero**

The need to ensure an effective transition from high carbon exploration production and exploitation of the North Sea basin to a low carbon exploitation of all North Sea basin resources compatible with the United Kingdom’s net zero commitments.””

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to place on the face of the Bill the de facto change in name of the Oil and Gas Authority to the North Sea Transition Authority and provides an additional matter for which the authority must have regard in line with its change of name.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

NC44

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Maximum economic recovery in the North Sea**

- (1) The Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit sections 9A to 9I.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause removes reference to Maximum Economic Recovery in the North Sea as placed into the Petroleum Act 1998 by section 41 of the Infrastructure Act 2015.

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**Alan Brown**

NC45

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Electricity Storage Capacity**

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must lay before Parliament a strategy for an increase in the provision of electricity storage facilities to enhance the resilience and flexibility of electricity supply and ensure fair pricing for electricity users.
- (2) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must cover all forms of electricity storage, including—
  - (a) battery,
  - (b) hydrogen,
  - (c) ammonia,
  - (d) adiabatic compressed air energy storage systems, and
  - (e) hydroelectric storage.
- (3) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must address considerations relating to—
  - (a) licensing,
  - (b) planning,
  - (c) regulation,
  - (d) subsidy, and
  - (e) taxation.

- (4) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must set out—
- (a) proposed pricing mechanisms for stored electricity, and
  - (b) provisions ensuring consumers pay a fair price for electricity.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to ensure the UK Government sets out a report to Parliament that demonstrates how it plans to meet the increased storage capacity that will be required with a future electricity network that is heavily reliant on renewable sources.

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**Alan Brown**

**NC46**

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Carbon capture, usage and storage: spending commitment**

Within one month of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must bring forward legislation that commits the United Kingdom Government to spending £20 billion on carbon capture, usage and storage over the 20 year period starting with the day on which that legislation is passed.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to require the Secretary of State to set out in legislation a commitment to spend £20 billion on CCUS over the next two decades.

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**Alan Brown**

**NC47**

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Timeline for track 2 carbon capture, use and storage projects**

Within one month of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must bring forward legislation that sets out the timeline for track 2 carbon capture, use and storage projects.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to require the UK Government to commit to a clear timeline for track 2 CCUS projects.

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**Alan Brown**

**NC48**

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

**“Pre-conditions for hydrogen grid conversion trials**

Before a hydrogen grid conversion trial may be conducted, the Secretary of State must—

- (a) consult with the relevant local authority or authorities, affected consumers and relevant statutory bodies, and have due regard to—
  - (i) the level of local consent from consumers and other people in the trial location who would be affected, or are likely to be affected, by such a trial;
  - (ii) disruption to infrastructure in the trial location;
  - (iii) the potential economic impact on the trial location;
  - (iv) the advice of the Environment Agency on the environmental impact, including the volume of hydrogen released, as part of the proposed trial;
  - (v) the advice of the Health and Safety Executive on the safety of the proposed trial; and
  - (vi) any further impact on the trial location that the Secretary of State considers relevant;
- (b) publish a response to the consultation referred to in paragraph (a), indicating the proportion of consumers who support or oppose the trial; and
- (c) ensure that all households taking part in the trial are not disadvantaged by their involvement.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause requires the Secretary of State to consult locally in relation to a proposed hydrogen grid conversion trial and to publish a response to the consultation.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

**NC49**

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Licences to search and bore for and get petroleum**

- (1) The Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) At end of section 3(1) insert “provided that no new licences to search and bore for and get petroleum will be issued after 1 January 2024.”.

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to ensure that no new licences be granted to search and bore for and get petroleum after 1st January 2024.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

NC50

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Hydraulic Onshore Fracturing**

- (1) The Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 4A(1) after “England and Wales” insert “after 1 January 2024 and”.

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new clause seeks to implement a sunset clause for issuing new fracking licences after 1 January 2024.

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**Dr Alan Whitehead**

NC51

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

**“Fusion energy facilities: nuclear site licensing**

The Secretary of State must consult on and establish a revised nuclear site licence regime for fusion energy which will not be subject to the full range of safeguards associated with the use of fissionable materials but must have regard to the residual radioactivity of the proceeds of fusion activity.”

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**Andrew Bowie**

Gov NS1

To move the following Schedule—

**“SCHEDULE**

Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*)

**PERMITTED DISCLOSURES OF MATERIAL OBTAINED BY OGA**

*Disclosure by OGA to specified persons*

- 1 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA which—
  - (a) is made to a person mentioned in column 1 of the table below,
  - (b) is made for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out of that person's functions, and
  - (c) is a disclosure of protected material obtained by the OGA under a provision mentioned in the corresponding entry of column 2 of the table.

<b>Column 1</b>	<b>Column 2</b>
A Minister of the Crown	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
His Majesty's Revenue and Customs	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
The Competition and Markets Authority	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
The Scottish Ministers	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )
The Welsh Ministers	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )
A Northern Ireland Department	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )
The Office for Budget Responsibility	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )
An enforcing authority	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
The Statistics Board	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
The GEMA	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> ) or ( <i>Sanctions: information powers</i> )
The Crown Estate	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )
A manager of the Crown Estate in Scotland	Section ( <i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i> )

(2) In the table—

“enforcing authority” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974 (see section 18(7)(a) of that Act);

“manager of the Crown Estate in Scotland” means a person who for the time being is discharging functions in relation to the management of any property, rights or interests to which section 90B(5) of the Scotland Act 1998 applies;

“Minister of the Crown” has the same meaning as in the Ministers of the Crown Act 1975.

- (3) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA which—
  - (a) is a disclosure of protected material obtained by it under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*),
  - (b) is made to the Natural Environment Research Council, or any other similar body carrying on geological activities, and
  - (c) is made for the purpose of enabling the body to prepare and publish reports and surveys of a general nature using information derived from the protected material.
- (4) A person to whom protected material is disclosed by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) or (3) may use the protected material only for the purpose mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(b) or (3)(c) (as the case may be).
- (5) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a person mentioned in sub-paragraph (4) from disclosing the protected material so far as necessary for the purpose mentioned in that sub-paragraph.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by regulations amend the table in sub-paragraph (1)—
  - (a) to remove a person from column 1,
  - (b) to add to column 1 a person to whom sub-paragraph (7) applies, or
  - (c) to add, remove or change entries in column 2.
- (7) This sub-paragraph applies to—
  - (a) persons holding office under the Crown;
  - (b) persons in the service or employment of the Crown;
  - (c) persons acting on behalf of the Crown;
  - (d) government departments;
  - (e) publicly owned companies as defined in section 6 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.
- (8) Regulations under sub-paragraph (6) are subject to the affirmative procedure.

*Disclosure required for returns and reports prepared by OGA*

- 2 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit the OGA from using protected material obtained by the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) for the purpose of—
  - (a) preparing such returns and reports as may be required under obligations imposed by or under any Act;
  - (b) preparing and publishing reports and surveys of a general nature using information derived from the protected material.
- (2) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit the OGA from disclosing protected material so far as necessary for those purposes.

*Disclosure in exercise of certain OGA powers*

- 3 Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material if it is made in the exercise of the OGA's powers under section (*Publication of details of sanctions*) (publication of details of sanctions).



*Disclosure after specified period*

- 4 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit protected material obtained by the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) from being—
- (a) published, or
  - (b) made available to the public (where the protected material includes samples),
- by the OGA or a subsequent holder at such time as may be specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (2) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) may include provision permitting protected material to be published, or made available to the public, immediately after it is provided to a person.
- (3) Before making regulations under sub-paragraph (1), the Secretary of State must consult such persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (4) Sub-paragraph (3) does not apply if the Secretary of State is satisfied that consultation is unnecessary having regard to consultation carried out by the OGA in relation to what time should be specified in regulations under sub-paragraph (1).
- (5) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- (6) In determining the time to be specified in respect of protected material in regulations under sub-paragraph (1), the Secretary of State must have regard to the following factors—
- (a) whether the specified time will allow owners of protected material a reasonable period of time to satisfy the main purpose for which they acquired or created the material;
  - (b) any potential benefits to the [carbon storage] industry of protected material being published or made available at the specified time;
  - (c) any potential risk that the specified time may discourage persons from acquiring or creating carbon storage information or carbon storage samples;
  - (d) any other factors the Secretary of State considers relevant.
- (7) In balancing the factors mentioned in sub-paragraph (6)(a) to (d), the Secretary of State must take into account the principal objectives of the Secretary of State set out in section 1(1).
- (8) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (6)(a), the owner of protected material is the person by whom, or on whose behalf, the protected material was provided to the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*).

*Disclosure with appropriate consent*

- 5 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material if it is made with the appropriate consent.
- (2) For this purpose a disclosure is made with the appropriate consent if—

- (a) in the case of disclosure by the OGA, the original owner consents to the disclosure;
  - (b) in the case of disclosure by a subsequent holder—
    - (i) the OGA consents to the disclosure, and
    - (ii) where the protected material in question was provided to the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*), the OGA confirms that the original owner of the material also consents to the disclosure.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2), the original owner of protected material provided to the OGA is the person by whom, or on whose behalf, the protected material was so provided.

*Disclosure required by legislation*

- 6 Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material required by virtue of an obligation imposed by or under this or any other Act.

*Disclosure for purpose of proceedings*

- 7 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA for the purposes of, or in connection with—
  - (a) civil proceedings, or
  - (b) arbitration proceedings.
- (2) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA for the purposes of, or in connection with—
  - (a) the investigation or prosecution of criminal offences, or
  - (b) the prevention of criminal activity.”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new schedule contains provision about permitted disclosures of material obtained by the OGA for the purposes of NC14.

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Andrew Bowie

Gov NS2

To move the following Schedule—

“SCHEDULE

Section (Appeals)

CARBON STORAGE INFORMATION AND SAMPLES: APPEALS

**PART 1**

APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION AND SAMPLES

*Appeals in relation to information and samples plans*

- 1 (1) A person affected by any decision of the OGA to which effect is given by the preparation of an information and samples plan may appeal against it to the Tribunal—
  - (a) on the ground that the decision was not within the powers of the OGA, or
  - (b) on the ground that the plan is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
  - (a) affirm, vary or quash the decision under appeal,
  - (b) remit the decision under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate, or
  - (c) substitute its own decision for the decision under appeal.

*Appeals against notices requiring provision of information or samples*

- 2 (1) A person affected by any decision of the OGA to which effect is given by the giving of a notice requiring the provision of information or samples under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) may appeal against it to the Tribunal—
  - (a) on the ground that the decision was not within the powers of the OGA, or
  - (b) on the ground that the length of time given to comply with the notice is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
  - (a) affirm, vary or quash the decision under appeal,
  - (b) remit the decision under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate, or
  - (c) substitute its own decision for the decision under appeal.

**PART 2**

## APPEALS RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONABLE REQUIREMENTS

*Appeals in relation to sanction notices*

- 3 (1) Where a sanction notice is given under section (*Power of OGA to give sanction notices*) in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, an appeal may be made—
  - (a) under paragraph 4 (on the ground that there was no such failure to comply);
  - (b) under paragraph 5 (against the sanction imposed by the notice).
- (2) Where an appeal is made in relation to a sanction notice, the notice ceases to have effect until a decision is made by the Tribunal to confirm, vary or cancel the notice.
- (3) Where, on an appeal made in relation to a sanction notice—
  - (a) the Tribunal makes a decision to confirm or vary the notice, and
  - (b) an appeal is or may be made in relation to that decision,the Tribunal, or the Upper Tribunal, may further suspend the effect of the notice pending a decision which disposes of proceedings on such an appeal.

*Appeals against finding of failure to comply*

- 4 (1) An appeal may be made to the Tribunal by the person, or by any of the persons, to whom a sanction notice is given in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, on the grounds that the person, or persons, did not fail to comply with the requirement.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph, the Tribunal may confirm or cancel the sanction notice.
- (3) Where sanction notices are given on more than one occasion in respect of the same failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement—
  - (a) an appeal under this paragraph may be made only in relation to the sanction notice, or any of the sanction notices, given on the first of those occasions, and
  - (b) appeals in relation to sanction notices given on subsequent occasions in respect of that failure to comply may be made only under paragraph 5.

*Appeals against sanction imposed*

- 5 (1) Where a sanction notice is given in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, a person mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) may appeal to the Tribunal against any of the decisions of the OGA mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) (as to the sanction imposed by the notice) on the grounds mentioned in sub-paragraph (4).
- (2) The persons who may appeal are—
  - (a) the person, or any of the persons, to whom the notice was given, and

- (b) in the case of an operator removal notice under section (*Operator removal notices*), the licensee under whose carbon storage licence the exploration operator operates.
- (3) The decisions against which an appeal may be made are—
- (a) where an enforcement notice has been given, the decision as to—
    - (i) the measures that are required to be taken for the purposes of compliance with the sanctionable requirement, or
    - (ii) the period for compliance with the sanctionable requirement;
  - (b) where a financial penalty notice has been given, the decision—
    - (i) to impose a financial penalty, or
    - (ii) as to the amount of the financial penalty imposed;
  - (c) where a revocation notice has been given, the decision to revoke the storage permit;
  - (d) where an operator removal notice has been given, the decision to require the removal of the exploration operator.
- (4) The grounds on which an appeal may be made are that the decision of the OGA—
- (a) was unreasonable, or
  - (b) was not within the powers of the OGA.
- (5) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision made in relation to an enforcement notice, the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm or quash the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(a)(i) (remedial action), or
  - (b) confirm or vary the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(a)(ii) (period for compliance),
- and confirm, vary or cancel the enforcement notice accordingly.
- (6) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision made in relation to a financial penalty notice, the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm or quash the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b)(i) (imposition of penalty), or
  - (b) confirm or vary the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b)(ii) (amount of penalty),
- and confirm, vary or cancel the financial penalty notice accordingly.
- (7) The Tribunal must have regard to any guidance issued by the OGA under section (*Financial penalty notices*)(6)(a) when deciding whether to confirm or vary a decision as to the amount of a financial penalty under sub-paragraph (6)(b).
- (8) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision to revoke a storage permit or to require the removal of an exploration operator the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm the decision,
  - (b) vary the decision by changing the revocation date or the removal date, as the case may be, or
  - (c) quash the decision,

and confirm, vary or cancel the sanction notice in question accordingly.

- (9) Where a decision is quashed under sub-paragraph (5)(a), (6)(a) or (8), the Tribunal may remit the decision to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate.

*Appeals against information requirements*

- 6 (1) A person to whom a notice is given under section (*Sanctions: information powers*) may appeal against it to the Tribunal on the grounds that—
- (a) the giving of the notice is not within the powers of the OGA, or
  - (b) the length of time given to comply with the notice is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm, vary or cancel the notice, or
  - (b) remit the matter under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate."

**Member's explanatory statement**

This new schedule contains provision about appeals in connection with the new Chapter intended to be formed by NC8 to NC28 (see the explanatory statement for NC8).

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 19**

Clause 275, page 241, line 35, after "State" insert ", the Treasury"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment provides for regulations made by the Treasury to be made by statutory instrument. This will affect regulations under paragraph 9 of Schedule 7.

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**Alan Brown**

**114**

Brendan O'Hara

Clause 275, page 242, line 31, at end insert—

- "(10A) The Secretary of State may not make regulations under this Act which would affect any matter within the competence of the Scottish Parliament unless the Secretary of State has first—
- (a) consulted the Scottish Ministers on a draft of the regulations; and
  - (b) obtained the consent of the Scottish Parliament to the regulations."

---

**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 123**

Clause 278, page 244, line 10, at end insert—

"(ea) section (*Principal objectives of Secretary of State and GEMA*);"

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment provides for NC52 to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 133**

Clause 278, page 244, line 12, at end insert—

*“(ga) sections (Electricity support payments for energy-intensive industries) and (Levy to fund electricity support payments);”*

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment provides for NC53 and NC54 to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 131**

Clause 278, page 244, line 16, at end insert—

*“(l) section (Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage: implementation power).”*

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment provides for NC55 to come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 17**

Clause 279, page 244, line 29, leave out subsection (2)

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment removes the privilege amendment inserted by the Lords.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 11**

Title, line 3, leave out “industrial”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 10.

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**Andrew Bowie**

**Gov 134**

Title, line 7, after “codes;” insert “about financial support for persons carrying on energy-intensive activities;”

**Member's explanatory statement**

This amendment is consequential on NC53 and NC54. It reflects those new clauses in the Bill's long title.

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**Order of the House**

[9 May 2023]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Energy Bill [Lords]:

**Committal**

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Public Bill Committee.

**Proceedings in Public Bill Committee**

2. Proceedings in the Public Bill Committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion on Thursday 29 June 2023.
3. The Public Bill Committee shall have leave to sit twice on the first day on which it meets.

**Consideration and Third Reading**

4. Proceedings on Consideration shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which those proceedings are commenced.
5. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.
6. Standing Order No. 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings on Consideration and Third Reading.

**Other proceedings**

7. Any other proceedings on the Bill may be programmed.
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**Order of the Committee**

[23 May 2023, as amended 25 May and 8 June 2023]

That—

1. the Committee shall (in addition to its first meeting at 9.25 am on Tuesday 23 May) meet—



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- (a) at 2.00 pm on Tuesday 23 May;
  - (b) at 11.30 am on Thursday 25 May;
  - (c) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 6 June;
  - (d) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 8 June;
  - (e) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 13 June;
  - (f) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 15 June;
  - (g) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 20 June;
  - (h) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 22 June;
  - (i) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 27 June;
  - (j) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 29 June;
2. the proceedings shall be taken in the following order: Clauses 1 to 16; Schedule 1; Clauses 17 to 21; Schedule 2; Clauses 22 to 32; Schedule 3; Clauses 33 to 52; Schedule 4; Clauses 53 and 54; Schedule 5; Clauses 55 to 98; Schedule 6; Clauses 99 to 131; Clauses 140 to 158; Schedule 10; Schedule 11; Clause 159; Schedule 12; Clause 160; Schedule 13; Clause 161; Schedule 14; Clauses 162 to 167; Schedule 15; Clauses 168 to 174; Schedule 16; Clauses 175 to 203; Schedule 17; Clauses 204 to 239; Schedule 18; Clauses 240 to 254; Schedule 19; Clauses 255 to 259; Schedule 20; Clauses 260 to 273; Clause 132; Schedule 7; Clause 133; Schedule 8; Clauses 134 to 137; Schedule 9; Clauses 138 and 139; new Clauses; new Schedules; Clauses 274 to 279; remaining proceedings on the Bill;
  3. the proceedings shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at 5.00 pm on Thursday 29 June.
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## Withdrawn Amendments

The following amendments were withdrawn on 25 May 2023:

85 and 92

The following amendments were withdrawn on 7 June 2023:

93 and 94