
Committee Stage: Friday 23 June 2023

Energy Bill [HL] (Amendment Paper)

This document lists all amendments tabled to the Energy Bill [HL]. Any withdrawn amendments are listed at the end of the document. The amendments are arranged in the order in which it is expected they will be decided.

[R] indicates that a member has declared a relevant interest.

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Anne McLaughlin

NC1

Alan Brown
Stephen Flynn
Mhairi Black
Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Smart meter roll-out for prepayment customers

- (1) The Secretary of State must ensure that all legacy prepayment meters are replaced with smart meters, unless the customer objects in writing, before the end of 2025.
- (2) The Secretary of State must by regulations provide for an end to the practice of self-disconnections, such regulations to come into force within six months of the date on which this Act is passed.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may provide for, but are not limited to—
 - (a) the introduction of a social tariff for prepayment customers,
 - (b) the introduction of mechanisms to apply credit automatically if a prepayment customer runs out of credit, and
 - (c) the introduction of a mechanism to transfer a prepayment customer to credit mode automatically if they run out of credit.”

Anne McLaughlin

NC2

Alan Brown
Stephen Flynn
Mhairi Black
Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Restriction of the use of prepayment meters

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations restrict the installation of new prepayment meters for domestic energy use.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may set conditions for energy suppliers in relation to the installation of new prepayment meters, including—
 - (a) ensuring consumers have given full and informed consent to the installation of a prepayment meter after having been offered access to a recognised debt counselling agency;
 - (b) ensuring vulnerable consumers are not required to use prepayment meters;
 - (c) publishing a non-exhaustive list of circumstances in which a consumer is considered vulnerable, including financially vulnerable; and
 - (d) ensuring consumers have a clear, timetabled route back to standard meters once specified conditions are met.
- (3) In this section “installation of new prepayment meters” includes switching existing energy meters to a prepayment mode.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would allow the Secretary of State to restrict the use of prepayment meters, especially in relation to vulnerable consumers or where consumers are not aware they are being moved over to a prepayment mode.

Caroline Lucas

NC3

To move the following Clause—

“Prohibition of new oil and gas field developments and issuing of exploration and production licences

Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must by regulations prohibit—

- (a) the approval of new oil and gas field developments, and
- (b) the release of new oil and gas exploration and production licences.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would prohibit the approval of new oil and gas field developments and the issuing of new oil and gas exploration and production licenses.

Caroline Lucas

NC4

To move the following Clause—

“Duty to phase down UK petroleum

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must make regulations to amend section 9A of the Petroleum Act 1998.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) must—
 - (a) remove the “principal objective” of maximising the economic recovery of UK petroleum;
 - (b) define a new “principal objective”.
- (3) The new “principal objective” referred to in paragraph (2)(b) must provide for—
 - (a) delivery of a managed and orderly phase down of UK petroleum;
 - (b) advancement of the UK’s climate change commitments, including—
 - (i) the target for 2050 set out in section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008, and
 - (ii) the commitment given by the Government of the United Kingdom in the Glasgow Climate Pact to pursue policies to limit global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius;
 - (c) facilitation of a just transition for oil and gas workers and communities.
- (4) Before making regulations under subsection (1) the Secretary of State must hold a public consultation which must include consultation with—
 - (a) the devolved administrations,
 - (b) relevant trade union and worker representatives,
 - (c) relevant representatives from academia,
 - (d) relevant climate and environmental organisations and representatives,
 - (e) relevant industry representatives of petroleum and renewable energy businesses supporting the transition away from fossil fuels, and
 - (f) offshore energy training bodies.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would amend the Petroleum Act 1998 to remove the principal objective of maximising the economic recovery of UK petroleum and replace it with a new principal objective to deliver a managed and orderly phase down of UK petroleum, advance the UK’s climate targets, and support a just transition for oil and gas workers.

Alan Brown

NC5

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Net Zero compatibility test

The Secretary of State must by regulations make provision, with effect from the date on which this Act is passed, for all future legislative Impact Assessments to include a “Net Zero compatibility test”.

Alan Brown

NC6

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Just Transition Commission

- (1) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must by regulations establish a body to be known as the “Just Transition Commission”.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) must provide for the purposes of the Just Transition Commission to include—
 - (a) the provision of scrutiny and advice on the ongoing development of just transition plans;
 - (b) the provision of advice on appropriate approaches to monitoring and evaluation; and
 - (c) consultation with such persons as the Secretary of State shall consider appropriate in relation to the delivery and likely impact of just transition planning.
- (3) The Just Transition Commission must produce and lay before Parliament an annual report of its work.”

Caroline Lucas

NC7

To move the following Clause—

“Requiring installation of solar panels on all new homes

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must by regulations require—
 - (a) the installation of solar panels on the roofs of all new homes; and
 - (b) that new housing developments are planned in order to maximise solar gain.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may provide for exemptions in cases where the installation of solar panels on the roof of a new home is not appropriate.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would mandate the installation of solar panels on the roofs of all new homes and require new housing developments to be planned in order to maximise solar gain.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC33

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Purposes

- (1) The principal purpose of this Act is to increase the resilience and reliability of energy systems across the UK, support the delivery of the UK’s climate change commitments and reform the UK’s energy system while minimising costs to consumers and protecting them from unfair pricing.
- (2) In performing functions under this Act, the relevant persons and bodies shall have regard to—
 - (a) the principal purpose set out in subsection (1);
 - (b) the Secretary of State’s duties under sections 1 and 4(1)(b) of the Climate Change Act 2008 (carbon targets and budgets) and international obligations contained within Article 2 of the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change;
 - (c) the desirability of reducing costs to consumers and alleviating fuel poverty; and
 - (d) the desirability of securing a diverse and viable long-term energy supply.
- (3) In this section “the relevant persons and bodies” means—
 - (a) the Secretary of State;
 - (b) any public authority.”

Member’s explanatory statement

This new clause and NC34, NC35 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC34

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Strategy and policy statement

- (1) The Secretary of State may designate a statement as the strategy and policy statement for the purposes of this Act.
- (2) The strategy and policy statement is a statement prepared by the Secretary of State that sets out—
 - (a) the strategic priorities, and other main considerations, of His Majesty’s Government in formulating its energy policy for Great Britain (“strategic priorities”);
 - (b) the particular outcomes to be achieved as a result of the implementation of that policy (“policy outcomes”); and

- (c) the roles and responsibilities of persons (whether the Secretary of State, a relevant public authority or other persons) who are involved in implementing that policy or who have other functions that are affected by it.
- (3) The strategy and policy statement must have regard to the considerations listed in subsection (2) of section [*Purposes*].
- (4) The Secretary of State must publish the strategy and policy statement in such manner as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, energy policy “for Great Britain” includes such policy for—
 - (a) the territorial sea adjacent to Great Britain, and
 - (b) areas designated under section 1(7) of the Continental Shelf Act 1964.
- (6) A relevant public authority must have regard to the strategic priorities set out in the strategy and policy statement when carrying out regulatory functions.
- (7) The Secretary of State and a relevant public authority must carry out their respective regulatory functions in the manner which the Secretary of State or the relevant public authority (as the case may be) considers is best calculated to further the delivery of the policy outcomes.
- (8) A relevant public authority must give notice to the Secretary of State if at any time the relevant public authority concludes that a policy outcome contained in the strategy and policy statement is not realistically achievable.
- (9) A notice under subsection (8) must include—
 - (a) the grounds on which the conclusion was reached; and
 - (b) what (if anything) the relevant public authority is doing, or proposes to do, for the purpose of furthering the delivery of the outcome so far as reasonably practicable.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause and NC33, NC35 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC35

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Strategy and policy statement review

- (1) The Secretary of State must review the strategy and policy statement if a period of 5 years has elapsed since the relevant time.
- (2) The “relevant time”, in relation to the strategy and policy statement, means—
 - (a) the time when the statement was first designated under section [*Strategy and policy statement*], or

- (b) if later, the time when a review of the statement under this section last took place.
- (3) A review under subsection (1) must take place as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the 5 year period.
- (4) The Secretary of State may review the strategy and policy statement at any other time if—
 - (a) a Parliamentary general election has taken place since the relevant time;
 - (b) a relevant public authority has given notice to the Secretary of State under subsection (8) of section [*Strategy and policy statement*] since the relevant time;
 - (c) a significant change in the energy policy of His Majesty's Government has occurred since the relevant time; or
 - (d) the Parliamentary approval requirement in relation to an amended statement was not met on the last review (see subsection (12)).
- (5) The Secretary of State may determine that a significant change in His Majesty's Government's energy policy has occurred for the purposes of subsection (4)(c) only if—
 - (a) the change was not anticipated at the relevant time, and
 - (b) if the change had been so anticipated, it appears to the Secretary of State likely that the statement would have been different in a material way.
- (6) On a review under this section the Secretary of State may—
 - (a) amend the statement (including by replacing the whole or part of the statement with new content),
 - (b) leave the statement as it is, or
 - (c) withdraw the statement's designation as the strategy and policy statement.
- (7) The amendment of a statement under subsection (6)(a) has effect only if the Secretary of State designates the amended statement as the strategy and policy statement under section [*Strategy and policy statement*].
- (8) For the purposes of this section, corrections of clerical or typographical errors are not to be treated as amendments made to the statement.
- (9) The designation of a statement as the strategy and policy statement ceases to have effect upon a subsequent designation of an amended statement as the strategy and policy statement in accordance with subsection (7).
- (10) The Secretary of State must consult the following persons before proceeding under subsection (6)(b) or (c)—
 - (a) a relevant public authority,
 - (b) the Scottish Ministers,
 - (c) the Welsh Ministers, and
 - (d) such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (11) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b), a review of a statement takes place—

- (a) in the case of a decision on the review to amend the statement under subsection (6)(a)—
 - (i) at the time when the amended statement is designated as the strategy and policy statement under the previous section, or
 - (ii) if the amended statement is not so designated, at the time when the amended statement was laid before Parliament for approval under subsection (7) of the next section;
 - (b) in the case of a decision on the review to leave the statement as it is under subsection (6)(b), at the time when that decision is taken.
- (12) For the purposes of subsection (4)(d), the Parliamentary approval requirement in relation to an amended statement was not met on the last review if—
- (a) on the last review of the strategy and policy statement to be held under this section, an amended statement was laid before Parliament for approval under subsection (7) of section [*Strategy and policy statement: procedural requirements*], but
 - (b) the amended statement was not designated because such approval was not given.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause and NC33, NC34 and NC36 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC36

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Strategy and policy statement: procedural requirements

- (1) This section sets out the requirements that must be satisfied in relation to a statement before the Secretary of State may designate it as the strategy and policy statement.
- (2) In this section references to a statement include references to a statement as amended following a review under subsection (6)(a) of section [*Strategy and policy statement review*].
- (3) The Secretary of State must first—
 - (a) prepare a draft of the statement, and
 - (b) issue the draft to the required consultees for the purpose of consulting them about it.
- (4) The “required consultees” are—
 - (a) the relevant public authority,
 - (b) the Scottish Ministers, and
 - (c) the Welsh Ministers.
- (5) The Secretary of State must then—

- (a) make such revisions to the draft as the Secretary of State considers appropriate as a result of responses to the consultation under subsection (3)(b), and
 - (b) issue the revised draft for the purposes of further consultation about it to the required consultees and to such other persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (6) The Secretary of State must then—
 - (a) make any further revisions to the draft that the Secretary of State considers appropriate as a result of responses to the consultation under subsection (5)(b), and
 - (b) prepare a report summarising those responses and the changes (if any) that the Secretary of State has made to the draft as a result.
- (7) The Secretary of State must lay before Parliament—
 - (a) the statement as revised under subsection (6)(a), and
 - (b) the report prepared under subsection (6)(b).
- (8) The statement as laid under subsection (7)(a) must have been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament before the Secretary of State may designate it as the strategy and policy statement.
- (9) The requirement under subsection (3)(a) to prepare a draft of a statement may be satisfied by preparation carried out before, as well as preparation carried out after, the passing of this Act.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause and NC33, NC34 and NC35 are intended as a suite of purpose and strategy clauses for this Bill.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC37

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Assurance of independence of system and distribution operators

- (1) The Secretary of State must appoint a supervisory and advisory board of at least eight suitably qualified independent energy figures to assist the person designated as the ISOP under section 120.
- (2) The purpose of the board appointed under subsection (1) is to assure the independence of transmission and distribution system operators through independent oversight of and advice to the ISOP.
- (3) Energy UK and the Energy Networks Association must be consulted on the appointment of the board under subsection (1).
- (4) The Secretary of State may make provision of financial assistance to enable the board to carry out its functions.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause aims to ensure the independence of system and distribution operators.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC38

Kerry McCarthy
Dan Carden

To move the following Clause—

“Restriction of the use of prepayment meters

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations restrict the installation of new prepayment meters for domestic energy use.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may set conditions for energy suppliers in relation to the installation of new prepayment meters, including—
 - (a) ensuring consumers have given full and informed consent to the installation of a prepayment meter;
 - (b) making provision to ensure vulnerable consumers are not put onto prepayment meters.
- (3) In this section “installation of new prepayment meters” includes switching existing energy meters to a prepayment mode.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would allow the Secretary of State to restrict the use of prepayment meters, especially in relation to vulnerable consumers or where consumers are not aware they are being moved over to a prepayment mode.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC39

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Guarantee for consumer protection

- (1) Within three months of the day on which this Act is passed, Ofgem must set out a new licence to operate for heat networks that guarantees equivalent protections for heat network customers compared when compared with electricity and gas customers.
- (2) Protections under subsection (1) must include but are not limited to—
 - (a) a price cap for heat network customers;
 - (b) a licence condition to “treat customers fairly”, analogous to Licence Condition 0 of the electricity and gas supplier licences; and
 - (c) a licence condition addressing “ability to pay”, analogous to Licence Condition 27A of the electricity and gas supplier licences.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would guarantee that heat network customers receive equal treatment to electricity and gas customers.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC40

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Designated load controller

- (1) The Secretary of State may give a designated load controller direction only if the Secretary of State considers that—
 - (a) the direction is necessary in the interests of national security; and
 - (b) the requirement imposed by the direction are proportionate to what is sought to be achieved by the direction.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause ensures that load controllers undergo national security checks to establish the nature of connections to potentially hostile actors and the threats they may pose.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC41

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Energy performance regulations relating to existing premises

- (1) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must make regulations—
 - (a) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/962) to require that, subject to subsection (2), all tenancies have an energy performance certificate (EPC) of at least Band C by 31 December 2028; and
 - (b) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/595) to raise “the cost cap” to £10,000.
- (2) Exemptions to subsection (1) apply where—
 - (a) the occupier of any premises whose permission is needed to carry out works refuses to give such permission;
 - (b) it is not technically feasible to improve the energy performance of the premises to the level of EPC Band C; and
 - (c) another exemption specified in the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 has been registered in the PRS Exemptions Register.

- (3) Within six months of the date on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must make regulations—
- (a) amending the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 2015/962) to enable Local Authorities to give notice to landlords that they wish to inspect a property, requesting permissions from landlords and any tenants in situ at the time to carry out an inspection at an agreed time;
 - (b) to expand the scope of the current PRS Exemptions Register and redesign it as a property compliance and exemptions database;
 - (c) to require a post-improvement EPC to be undertaken to demonstrate compliance;
 - (d) to require a valid EPC be in place at all times while a property is let; and
 - (e) to raise the maximum total of financial penalties to be imposed by a Local Authority on a landlord of a domestic PRS property in relation to the same breach and for the same property to £30,000 per property and per breach of the PRS Regulations.
- (4) The Secretary of State may make regulations to—
- (a) enable tenants in the private rented sector to request that energy performance improvements are carried out where a property is in breach of the Energy Efficiency (Private Rented Property) (England and Wales) Regulations 2015; and
 - (b) make provision for a compensation mechanism where a tenant is paying higher energy bills as a result of a property not meeting the required standard.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause requires the Secretary of State to strengthen minimum energy efficiency standards in the private rented sector, expands the compliance regime available to local authorities, and gives the Secretary of State the power to create a compensation mechanism for tenants adversely affected by non-compliance. These measures are derived from the government's preferred policy option in the 2020 “Improving the energy performance of privately rented homes” consultation.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC42

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Review of the “Improving Energy Performance Certificates: action plan”

- (1) Within 12 months of the date on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must conduct a review of the “Improving Energy Performance Certificates: action plan” that sets out how new technologies can improve the energy usage and efficiency of premises.
- (2) Such a review must include analysis of the energy efficiency benefits of energy optimisation technologies and bi-directional charging from vehicles to premises.

- (3) Where any energy efficiency benefits are identified by this review, the Secretary of State must make provision under section 207(1)(b) for recommendations to be made about the improvement of the energy efficiency and usage of new and existing premises."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would oblige the Secretary of State to update its review of the EPC rating system; for this review to consider bi-directional charging; and for the Secretary of State to then use the existing power under section 207 to promote these improvements.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC43

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

"North Sea Transition Authority

- (1) Part 1 of the Energy Act 2016 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1(1) for "is renamed as the Oil and Gas authority" substitute "is renamed as the North Sea Transition authority".
- (3) In Part 1 for all references to "the OGA" substitute "the North Sea Transition authority".
- (4) In section 8(1) after "so far as is relevant" insert—

"Ensuring the Transition to Net zero

The need to ensure an effective transition from high carbon exploration production and exploitation of the North Sea basin to a low carbon exploitation of all North Sea basin resources compatible with the United Kingdom's net zero commitments."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to place on the face of the Bill the de facto change in name of the Oil and Gas Authority to the North Sea Transition Authority and provides an additional matter for which the authority must have regard in line with its change of name.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC44

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

"Maximum economic recovery in the North Sea

- (1) The Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit sections 9A to 9I."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause removes reference to Maximum Economic Recovery in the North Sea as placed into the Petroleum Act 1998 by section 41 of the Infrastructure Act 2015.

Alan Brown

NC45

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Electricity Storage Capacity

- (1) Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must lay before Parliament a strategy for an increase in the provision of electricity storage facilities to enhance the resilience and flexibility of electricity supply and ensure fair pricing for electricity users.
- (2) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must cover all forms of electricity storage, including—
 - (a) battery,
 - (b) hydrogen,
 - (c) ammonia,
 - (d) adiabatic compressed air energy storage systems, and
 - (e) hydroelectric storage.
- (3) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must address considerations relating to—
 - (a) licensing,
 - (b) planning,
 - (c) regulation,
 - (d) subsidy, and
 - (e) taxation.
- (4) The strategy referred to in subsection (1) must set out—
 - (a) proposed pricing mechanisms for stored electricity, and
 - (b) provisions ensuring consumers pay a fair price for electricity.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to ensure the UK Government sets out a report to Parliament that demonstrates how it plans to meet the increased storage capacity that will be required with a future electricity network that is heavily reliant on renewable sources.

Alan Brown

NC46

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Carbon capture, usage and storage: spending commitment

Within one month of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must bring forward legislation that commits the United Kingdom Government to spending £20 billion on carbon capture, usage and storage over the 20 year period starting with the day on which that legislation is passed.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to require the Secretary of State to set out in legislation a commitment to spend £20 billion on CCUS over the next two decades.

Alan Brown

NC47

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Timeline for track 2 carbon capture, use and storage projects

Within one month of the day on which this Act is passed the Secretary of State must bring forward legislation that sets out the timeline for track 2 carbon capture, use and storage projects.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to require the UK Government to commit to a clear timeline for track 2 CCUS projects.

Alan Brown

NC48

Brendan O'Hara

To move the following Clause—

“Pre-conditions for hydrogen grid conversion trials

Before a hydrogen grid conversion trial may be conducted, the Secretary of State must—

- (a) consult with the relevant local authority or authorities, affected consumers and relevant statutory bodies, and have due regard to—
 - (i) the level of local consent from consumers and other people in the trial location who would be affected, or are likely to be affected, by such a trial;
 - (ii) disruption to infrastructure in the trial location;
 - (iii) the potential economic impact on the trial location;
 - (iv) the advice of the Environment Agency on the environmental impact, including the volume of hydrogen released, as part of the proposed trial;

- (v) the advice of the Health and Safety Executive on the safety of the proposed trial; and
- (vi) any further impact on the trial location that the Secretary of State considers relevant;
- (b) publish a response to the consultation referred to in paragraph (a), indicating the proportion of consumers who support or oppose the trial; and
- (c) ensure that all households taking part in the trial are not disadvantaged by their involvement."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause requires the Secretary of State to consult locally in relation to a proposed hydrogen grid conversion trial and to publish a response to the consultation.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC49

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

"Licences to search and bore for and get petroleum

- (1) The Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) At end of section 3(1) insert "provided that no new licences to search and bore for and get petroleum will be issued after 1 January 2024."."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause seeks to ensure that no new licences be granted to search and bore for and get petroleum after 1st January 2024.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC51

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

"Fusion energy facilities: nuclear site licensing

The Secretary of State must consult on and establish a revised nuclear site licence regime for fusion energy which will not be subject to the full range of safeguards associated with the use of fissionable materials but must have regard to the residual radioactivity of the proceeds of fusion activity."

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC56

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Onshore wind

- (1) The Secretary of State must by regulations ensure that onshore wind installations are treated for the purpose of planning and development as local infrastructure and will be permitted or otherwise as if they were.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may amend any primary legislation passed before the passage of this Act.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause aims to ensure that the development of onshore wind is subject to the same planning and development rules as other local infrastructure.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC58

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Hydraulic onshore fracturing

- (1) Section 4A of the Petroleum Act 1998 is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) at end insert (as closing words)—
“(but see subsection (1ZA)).”
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
“(1ZA) After 1 January 2024, the OGA must not issue a well consent for a well situated in the English onshore area that is required by an onshore licence for England or Wales unless the well consent imposes a condition which prohibits associated hydraulic fracturing from taking place in land.””

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause would implement a sunset clause for issuing new fracking licences after 1st January 2024.

Olivia Blake

NC86

To move the following Clause—

“Investment protection agreements and climate change targets

Within six months of the day on which this Act is passed, the Secretary of State must—

- (a) initiate procedures for the United Kingdom to withdraw from the Energy Charter Treaty;
- (b) lay before Parliament a report setting out—

- (i) the list of investment protection agreements to which the UK is a party which offer protections to the energy sector, and
- (ii) an assessment of the risks they pose to the Secretary of State fulfilling duties in this Act with regard to the achievement of targets set by the Climate Change Act 2008.”

Olivia Blake [R]

NC87

To move the following Clause—

“Government support for community energy

- (1) Within three months of the passage of this Act, the Secretary of State must publish and lay before Parliament a report setting out the financial, policy and other support that the Secretary of State plans to make available to widen the ownership of low carbon and renewable energy schemes and increase the number of such schemes owned, or part owned, by community organisations.
- (2) The report must set out—
 - (a) all policies, programmes or other initiatives with which the Secretary of State plans to support the development and construction of new low carbon community energy schemes;
 - (b) the level of financial support which will be made available for—
 - (i) the Rural Community Energy Fund,
 - (ii) the Urban Renewable Energy Fund, and
 - (iii) any other fund or support package designed to support the development of new low carbon community energy schemes;
 - (c) all policies, programmes or other initiatives the Secretary of State intends will increase community ownership of local low carbon energy schemes through shared ownership schemes;
 - (d) the steps the Secretary of State is taking to develop new market rules to make it easier for low carbon community energy schemes to sell the energy they generate;
 - (e) the number and the capacity of the new community energy schemes the Secretary of State expects to be constructed as a result of the measures set out in the report.
- (3) Not less than twelve months after the publication of the report, and not later than the end of each subsequent period of twelve months, ending five years after the publication of the report, the Secretary of State must lay before Parliament and publish an assessment of the progress made by the policies, programmes and other initiatives set out in the report.
- (4) The assessment must set out—
 - (a) the total amount of financial support provided by the policies in the report;
 - (b) the number and capacity of low carbon community energy schemes —
 - (i) completed, and
 - (ii) in development;

- (c) the number and capacity of new shared ownership schemes;
- (d) any changes the Secretary of State proposes to make to the policies, programmes and other initiatives included in the original report."

Member's explanatory statement

This new clause is intended to replace clauses 272 and 273, if those clauses are removed as indicated by Government Amendments 15 and 16. It would require the Government to report annually for 5 years on the support it is providing to Community Energy schemes and the number and capacity of such schemes that are delivered.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC88

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

"Extension of domestic gas and electricity tariff cap

- (1) The Domestic Gas and Electricity (Tariff Cap) Act 2018 is amended as follows.
- (2) Before section 8 (termination of tariff cap conditions) insert—

"7A Review of competition for domestic supply contracts

- (1) The Authority must carry out a review into whether conditions are in place for effective competition for domestic supply contracts.
- (2) Such a review must, among other things, consider the extent to which progress has been made in installing smart meters for use by domestic customers.
- (3) Such a review must be carried out—
 - (a) if the tariff cap conditions are extended under 15 section 8A(2)(a) to have effect for the year 2024, in that year,
 - (b) if the tariff cap conditions are extended under section 8A(2)(b) to have effect for 2024 and 2025, in 2025, and
 - (c) if, in any year after 2023, the tariff cap conditions are extended under section 8A(4) to have effect—
 - (i) for a particular year, in that year;
 - (ii) for two years, in the second of those years.
- (4) As soon as practicable after carrying out the review, and in any event on or before 30 April in the year in question, the Authority must—
 - (a) produce a report on the outcome, which must include a recommendation as to whether or not the Authority considers that the tariff cap conditions should be extended under section 8A, and
 - (b) publish the report and send a copy to the Secretary of State."
- (3) At the end of section 8(3)(b) (extension and termination of tariff cap conditions), insert "unless extended under section 8A(2)".

(4) After section 8 insert—

“8A Extension of tariff cap conditions beyond 2023

- (1) This section applies—
 - (a) in 2023, if the tariff cap conditions have effect for that year (see subsection (2));
 - (b) in any year after 2023 until the end of which the tariff cap conditions—
 - (i) are extended under subsection (2), or
 - (ii) are extended or further extended under subsection (4).
- (2) If, after considering the report produced by the Authority under section 7(4) in the year 2023, the Secretary of State determines that the conditions are not yet in place for effective competition for domestic supply contracts, the Secretary of State must by regulations extend the tariff cap conditions to have effect—
 - (a) for the year 2024, if the Secretary of State considers that there is a significant prospect of the conditions for effective competition for domestic supply contracts being in place before the end of that year;
 - (b) otherwise, for the years 2024 and 2025.
- (3) If the tariff cap conditions are extended under subsection (2), they cease to have effect—
 - (a) in a case within subsection (2)(a), at the end of 2024, or
 - (b) in a case within subsection (2)(b), at the end of 2025, unless extended under subsection (4).
- (4) If, after considering the report produced by the Authority under section 7A(4) in a review year, the Secretary of State determines that the conditions are not yet in place for effective competition for domestic supply contracts, the Secretary of State must by regulations extend the tariff cap conditions to have effect—
 - (a) for the year after the review year, where the Secretary of State considers that there is a significant prospect of the conditions for effective competition for domestic supply contracts being in place before the end of the year after the review year;
 - (b) otherwise, for the two years after the review year.
- (5) “Review year” means any year after 2023 in which the Authority is required to carry out a review under section 7A.
- (6) If the tariff cap conditions are extended under subsection (4), they cease to have effect—
 - (a) in a case within subsection (4)(a), at the end of the year after 30 the review year, or
 - (b) in a case within subsection (4)(b), at the end of the second year after the review year, unless further extended under subsection (4).

- (7) On the tariff cap conditions ceasing to have effect as provided by this section, the functions of the Authority under section 1 cease to be exercisable.
- (8) Regulations under this section are to be made by statutory instrument.
- (9) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section must be laid before Parliament not later than—
 - (a) in the case of regulations under subsection (2), 1 July 2023;
 - (b) in the case of regulations under subsection (4), 1 July in the review year in question.
- (10) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.”
- (5) In section 9(1) (protection for domestic customers after termination tariff cap conditions), after “section 8” insert “or section 8A”.
- (6) In section 10(1) (consequential modification of standard supply licence conditions), after “section 8” insert “or section 8A”.

Dr Alan Whitehead

NC89

Kerry McCarthy

To move the following Clause—

“Regional Independent System Operators

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations establish Regional Independent System Operators (RISOPs) in each of the regions covered by the operation of Distributed Network Operators (DNOs).
- (2) The Secretary of State must within six months of the passing of this Act produce and lay before Parliament a report on the advisability of establishing RISOPs in order to meet the functions of the ISOP (see section 119).
- (3) The report should include consideration of the applicability of transfer arrangements for the ISOP as provided for by Schedule 7 as they may apply to the establishment of RISOPs.”

Andrew Bowie

Gov NS1

To move the following Schedule—

“SCHEDULE

Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*)

PERMITTED DISCLOSURES OF MATERIAL OBTAINED BY OGA

Disclosure by OGA to specified persons

- 1 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA which—
- (a) is made to a person mentioned in column 1 of the table below,
 - (b) is made for the purpose of facilitating the carrying out of that person’s functions, and
 - (c) is a disclosure of protected material obtained by the OGA under a provision mentioned in the corresponding entry of column 2 of the table.

| Column 1 | Column 2 |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| A Minister of the Crown | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |
| His Majesty’s Revenue and Customs | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |
| The Competition and Markets Authority | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |
| The Scottish Ministers | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |
| The Welsh Ministers | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |
| A Northern Ireland Department | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |
| The Office for Budget Responsibility | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |
| An enforcing authority | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |
| The Statistics Board | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |

| <i>Column 1</i> | <i>Column 2</i> |
|---|--|
| The GEMA | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) or (<i>Sanctions: information powers</i>) |
| The Crown Estate | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |
| A manager of the Crown Estate in Scotland | Section (<i>Power of OGA to require information and samples</i>) |

- (2) In the table—
- “enforcing authority” has the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974 (see section 18(7)(a) of that Act);
 - “manager of the Crown Estate in Scotland” means a person who for the time being is discharging functions in relation to the management of any property, rights or interests to which section 90B(5) of the Scotland Act 1998 applies;
 - “Minister of the Crown” has the same meaning as in the Ministers of the Crown Act 1975.
- (3) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA which—
- (a) is a disclosure of protected material obtained by it under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*),
 - (b) is made to the Natural Environment Research Council, or any other similar body carrying on geological activities, and
 - (c) is made for the purpose of enabling the body to prepare and publish reports and surveys of a general nature using information derived from the protected material.
- (4) A person to whom protected material is disclosed by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) or (3) may use the protected material only for the purpose mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(b) or (3)(c) (as the case may be).
- (5) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a person mentioned in sub-paragraph (4) from disclosing the protected material so far as necessary for the purpose mentioned in that sub-paragraph.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by regulations amend the table in sub-paragraph (1)—
- (a) to remove a person from column 1,
 - (b) to add to column 1 a person to whom sub-paragraph (7) applies, or
 - (c) to add, remove or change entries in column 2.
- (7) This sub-paragraph applies to—
- (a) persons holding office under the Crown;
 - (b) persons in the service or employment of the Crown;
 - (c) persons acting on behalf of the Crown;
 - (d) government departments;

(e) publicly owned companies as defined in section 6 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

(8) Regulations under sub-paragraph (6) are subject to the affirmative procedure.

Disclosure required for returns and reports prepared by OGA

- 2 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit the OGA from using protected material obtained by the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) for the purpose of—
- (a) preparing such returns and reports as may be required under obligations imposed by or under any Act;
 - (b) preparing and publishing reports and surveys of a general nature using information derived from the protected material.
- (2) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit the OGA from disclosing protected material so far as necessary for those purposes.

Disclosure in exercise of certain OGA powers

- 3 Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material if it is made in the exercise of the OGA's powers under section (*Publication of details of sanctions*) (publication of details of sanctions).

Disclosure after specified period

- 4 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit protected material obtained by the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) from being—
- (a) published, or
 - (b) made available to the public (where the protected material includes samples),
- by the OGA or a subsequent holder at such time as may be specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (2) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) may include provision permitting protected material to be published, or made available to the public, immediately after it is provided to a person.
- (3) Before making regulations under sub-paragraph (1), the Secretary of State must consult such persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.
- (4) Sub-paragraph (3) does not apply if the Secretary of State is satisfied that consultation is unnecessary having regard to consultation carried out by the OGA in relation to what time should be specified in regulations under sub-paragraph (1).
- (5) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- (6) In determining the time to be specified in respect of protected material in regulations under sub-paragraph (1), the Secretary of State must have regard to the following factors—

- (a) whether the specified time will allow owners of protected material a reasonable period of time to satisfy the main purpose for which they acquired or created the material;
 - (b) any potential benefits to the [carbon storage] industry of protected material being published or made available at the specified time;
 - (c) any potential risk that the specified time may discourage persons from acquiring or creating carbon storage information or carbon storage samples;
 - (d) any other factors the Secretary of State considers relevant.
- (7) In balancing the factors mentioned in sub-paragraph (6)(a) to (d), the Secretary of State must take into account the principal objectives of the Secretary of State set out in section 1(1).
- (8) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (6)(a), the owner of protected material is the person by whom, or on whose behalf, the protected material was provided to the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*).

Disclosure with appropriate consent

- 5 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material if it is made with the appropriate consent.
- (2) For this purpose a disclosure is made with the appropriate consent if—
- (a) in the case of disclosure by the OGA, the original owner consents to the disclosure;
 - (b) in the case of disclosure by a subsequent holder—
 - (i) the OGA consents to the disclosure, and
 - (ii) where the protected material in question was provided to the OGA under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*), the OGA confirms that the original owner of the material also consents to the disclosure.
- (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (2), the original owner of protected material provided to the OGA is the person by whom, or on whose behalf, the protected material was so provided.

Disclosure required by legislation

- 6 Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material required by virtue of an obligation imposed by or under this or any other Act.

Disclosure for purpose of proceedings

- 7 (1) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA for the purposes of, or in connection with—
- (a) civil proceedings, or
 - (b) arbitration proceedings.

- (2) Section (*Prohibition on disclosure*) does not prohibit a disclosure of protected material by the OGA for the purposes of, or in connection with—
- (a) the investigation or prosecution of criminal offences, or
 - (b) the prevention of criminal activity.”

Member's explanatory statement

This new schedule contains provision about permitted disclosures of material obtained by the OGA for the purposes of NC14.

Andrew Bowie

Gov NS2

To move the following Schedule—

“SCHEDULE

Section (Appeals)

CARBON STORAGE INFORMATION AND SAMPLES: APPEALS

PART 1

APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION AND SAMPLES

Appeals in relation to information and samples plans

- 1 (1) A person affected by any decision of the OGA to which effect is given by the preparation of an information and samples plan may appeal against it to the Tribunal—
 - (a) on the ground that the decision was not within the powers of the OGA, or
 - (b) on the ground that the plan is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
 - (a) affirm, vary or quash the decision under appeal,
 - (b) remit the decision under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate, or
 - (c) substitute its own decision for the decision under appeal.

Appeals against notices requiring provision of information or samples

- 2 (1) A person affected by any decision of the OGA to which effect is given by the giving of a notice requiring the provision of information or samples under section (*Power of OGA to require information and samples*) may appeal against it to the Tribunal—
 - (a) on the ground that the decision was not within the powers of the OGA, or
 - (b) on the ground that the length of time given to comply with the notice is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
 - (a) affirm, vary or quash the decision under appeal,

- (b) remit the decision under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate, or
- (c) substitute its own decision for the decision under appeal.

PART 2

APPEALS RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT OF SANCTIONABLE REQUIREMENTS

Appeals in relation to sanction notices

- 3 (1) Where a sanction notice is given under section (*Power of OGA to give sanction notices*) in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, an appeal may be made—
- (a) under paragraph 4 (on the ground that there was no such failure to comply);
 - (b) under paragraph 5 (against the sanction imposed by the notice).
- (2) Where an appeal is made in relation to a sanction notice, the notice ceases to have effect until a decision is made by the Tribunal to confirm, vary or cancel the notice.
- (3) Where, on an appeal made in relation to a sanction notice—
- (a) the Tribunal makes a decision to confirm or vary the notice, and
 - (b) an appeal is or may be made in relation to that decision,
- the Tribunal, or the Upper Tribunal, may further suspend the effect of the notice pending a decision which disposes of proceedings on such an appeal.

Appeals against finding of failure to comply

- 4 (1) An appeal may be made to the Tribunal by the person, or by any of the persons, to whom a sanction notice is given in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, on the grounds that the person, or persons, did not fail to comply with the requirement.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph, the Tribunal may confirm or cancel the sanction notice.
- (3) Where sanction notices are given on more than one occasion in respect of the same failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement—
- (a) an appeal under this paragraph may be made only in relation to the sanction notice, or any of the sanction notices, given on the first of those occasions, and
 - (b) appeals in relation to sanction notices given on subsequent occasions in respect of that failure to comply may be made only under paragraph 5.

Appeals against sanction imposed

- 5 (1) Where a sanction notice is given in respect of a failure to comply with a sanctionable requirement, a person mentioned in sub-paragraph (2) may appeal to the Tribunal against any of the decisions of the OGA mentioned

in sub-paragraph (3) (as to the sanction imposed by the notice) on the grounds mentioned in sub-paragraph (4).

- (2) The persons who may appeal are—
 - (a) the person, or any of the persons, to whom the notice was given, and
 - (b) in the case of an operator removal notice under section (*Operator removal notices*), the licensee under whose carbon storage licence the exploration operator operates.
- (3) The decisions against which an appeal may be made are—
 - (a) where an enforcement notice has been given, the decision as to—
 - (i) the measures that are required to be taken for the purposes of compliance with the sanctionable requirement, or
 - (ii) the period for compliance with the sanctionable requirement;
 - (b) where a financial penalty notice has been given, the decision—
 - (i) to impose a financial penalty, or
 - (ii) as to the amount of the financial penalty imposed;
 - (c) where a revocation notice has been given, the decision to revoke the storage permit;
 - (d) where an operator removal notice has been given, the decision to require the removal of the exploration operator.
- (4) The grounds on which an appeal may be made are that the decision of the OGA—
 - (a) was unreasonable, or
 - (b) was not within the powers of the OGA.
- (5) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision made in relation to an enforcement notice, the Tribunal may—
 - (a) confirm or quash the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(a)(i) (remedial action), or
 - (b) confirm or vary the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(a)(ii) (period for compliance),and confirm, vary or cancel the enforcement notice accordingly.
- (6) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision made in relation to a financial penalty notice, the Tribunal may—
 - (a) confirm or quash the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b)(i) (imposition of penalty), or
 - (b) confirm or vary the decision, in the case of a decision mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b)(ii) (amount of penalty),and confirm, vary or cancel the financial penalty notice accordingly.
- (7) The Tribunal must have regard to any guidance issued by the OGA under section (*Financial penalty notices*)(6)(a) when deciding whether to confirm or vary a decision as to the amount of a financial penalty under sub-paragraph (6)(b).

- (8) On an appeal under this paragraph against a decision to revoke a storage permit or to require the removal of an exploration operator the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm the decision,
 - (b) vary the decision by changing the revocation date or the removal date, as the case may be, or
 - (c) quash the decision,
- and confirm, vary or cancel the sanction notice in question accordingly.
- (9) Where a decision is quashed under sub-paragraph (5)(a), (6)(a) or (8), the Tribunal may remit the decision to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate.

Appeals against information requirements

- 6 (1) A person to whom a notice is given under section (*Sanctions: information powers*) may appeal against it to the Tribunal on the grounds that—
- (a) the giving of the notice is not within the powers of the OGA, or
 - (b) the length of time given to comply with the notice is unreasonable.
- (2) On an appeal under this paragraph the Tribunal may—
- (a) confirm, vary or cancel the notice, or
 - (b) remit the matter under appeal to the OGA for reconsideration with such directions (if any) as the Tribunal considers appropriate."

Member's explanatory statement

This new schedule contains provision about appeals in connection with the new Chapter intended to be formed by NC8 to NC28 (see the explanatory statement for NC8).

Andrew Bowie

Gov 19

Clause 275, page 241, line 35, after "State" insert ", the Treasury"

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for regulations made by the Treasury to be made by statutory instrument. This will affect regulations under paragraph 9 of Schedule 7.

Alan Brown

114

Brendan O'Hara

Clause 275, page 242, line 31, at end insert—

- "(10A) The Secretary of State may not make regulations under this Act which would affect any matter within the competence of the Scottish Parliament unless the Secretary of State has first—
- (a) consulted the Scottish Ministers on a draft of the regulations; and
 - (b) obtained the consent of the Scottish Parliament to the regulations."

Andrew Bowie

Gov 168

Clause 277, page 243, line 6, at end insert “, except section (*Power to modify Gas Act 1986 in relation to hydrogen*)”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 170.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 169

Clause 277, page 243, line 16, at end insert—

“(aa) sections (*Key definitions for Part*), (*Designation*), (*Designation: procedure*), (*Revocation of designation*), (*Grant, extension or restriction of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State*), (*Applications for grant etc of gas transporter licence*), (*Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State*), (*Scope of modification powers under section (Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State)*), (*Procedure etc relating to modifications under section (Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State)*), (*Information and advice*), (*Conditions of gas transporter licences for conveyance of hydrogen*), (*Secretary of State directions to the GEMA*) and (*Repeal of Part*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the new clauses that are intended to form a new Part inserted after Part 2 to extend to England and Wales and Scotland.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 170

Clause 277, page 243, line 17, at end insert—

“(ba) section (*Power to modify Gas Act 1986 in relation to hydrogen*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for NC72 to extend to England and Wales and Scotland.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 174

Clause 277, page 243, line 22, at end insert—

“(h) sections (*Great British Nuclear*), (*Crown status*), (*Great British Nuclear's objects*), (*Financial assistance*), (*Secretary of State directions and guidance*), (*Annual report*), (*Annual accounts*), (*Transfer schemes*), (*Transfer schemes: compensation*), (*Transfer schemes: taxation*), (*Transfer schemes: provision of information or assistance*), (*Reimbursement and compensation in connection with designation*) and (*Pension arrangements in connection with Great British Nuclear*);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment means that the new clauses relating to Great British Nuclear extend to England and Wales and Scotland.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 171

Clause 278, page 244, line 7, at end insert—

“(ba) sections (Key definitions for Part), (Designation), (Designation: procedure), (Revocation of designation), (Grant, extension or restriction of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State), (Applications for grant etc of gas transporter licence), (Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State), (Scope of modification powers under section (Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State)), (Procedure etc relating to modifications under section (Modification of gas transporter licence by Secretary of State)), (Information and advice), (Conditions of gas transporter licences for conveyance of hydrogen), (Secretary of State directions to the GEMA) and (Repeal of Part);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for the new clauses that are intended to form a new Part, to be inserted after Part 2, to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 172

Clause 278, page 244, line 9, at end insert—

“(ea) section (Power to modify Gas Act 1986 in relation to hydrogen);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for NC72 to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 123

Clause 278, page 244, line 10, at end insert—

“(ea) section (Principal objectives of Secretary of State and GEMA);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for NC52 to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 133

Clause 278, page 244, line 12, at end insert—

“(ga) sections (Electricity support payments for energy-intensive industries) and (Levy to fund electricity support payments);”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for NC53 and NC54 to come into force two months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 131

Clause 278, page 244, line 16, at end insert—

"(l) section (Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage: implementation power)."

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment provides for NC55 to come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 175

Clause 278, page 244, line 16, at end insert—

"(l) sections (Great British Nuclear), (Crown status), (Great British Nuclear's objects), (Financial assistance), (Secretary of State directions and guidance), (Annual report), (Annual accounts), (Transfer schemes), (Transfer schemes: compensation), (Transfer schemes: taxation), (Transfer schemes: provision of information or assistance), (Reimbursement and compensation in connection with designation) and (Pension arrangements in connection with Great British Nuclear);"

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment means that the new clauses relating to Great British Nuclear come into force 2 months after Royal Assent.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 17

Clause 279, page 244, line 29, leave out subsection (2)

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment removes the privilege amendment inserted by the Lords.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 11

Title, line 3, leave out "industrial"

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on Amendment 10.

Andrew Bowie

Gov 173

Title, line 4, after “production” insert “and transportation”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment makes a change to the long title to reflect NC59, NC60, NC61, NC62, NC63, NC64, NC65, NC66, NC67, NC68, NC70 and NC71 (*which are intended to form a new Part to be inserted after Part 2*).

Andrew Bowie

Gov 134

Title, line 7, after “codes;” insert “about financial support for persons carrying on energy-intensive activities;”

Member's explanatory statement

This amendment is consequential on NC53 and NC54. It reflects those new clauses in the Bill's long title.

Order of the House

[9 May 2023]

That the following provisions shall apply to the Energy Bill [Lords]:

Committal

1. The Bill shall be committed to a Public Bill Committee.

Proceedings in Public Bill Committee

2. Proceedings in the Public Bill Committee shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion on Thursday 29 June 2023.
3. The Public Bill Committee shall have leave to sit twice on the first day on which it meets.

Consideration and Third Reading

4. Proceedings on Consideration shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion one hour before the moment of interruption on the day on which those proceedings are commenced.
5. Proceedings on Third Reading shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at the moment of interruption on that day.
6. Standing Order No. 83B (Programming committees) shall not apply to proceedings on Consideration and Third Reading.

Other proceedings

7. Any other proceedings on the Bill may be programmed.
-

Order of the Committee

[23 May 2023, as amended 25 May and 8 June 2023]

That—

1. the Committee shall (in addition to its first meeting at 9.25 am on Tuesday 23 May) meet—
 - (a) at 2.00 pm on Tuesday 23 May;
 - (b) at 11.30 am on Thursday 25 May;
 - (c) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 6 June;
 - (d) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 8 June;
 - (e) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 13 June;
 - (f) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 15 June;
 - (g) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 20 June;
 - (h) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 22 June;
 - (i) at 9.25 am and 2.00 pm on Tuesday 27 June;
 - (j) at 11.30 am and 2.00 pm on Thursday 29 June;
 2. the proceedings shall be taken in the following order: Clauses 1 to 16; Schedule 1; Clauses 17 to 21; Schedule 2; Clauses 22 to 32; Schedule 3; Clauses 33 to 52; Schedule 4; Clauses 53 and 54; Schedule 5; Clauses 55 to 98; Schedule 6; Clauses 99 to 131; Clauses 140 to 158; Schedule 10; Schedule 11; Clause 159; Schedule 12; Clause 160; Schedule 13; Clause 161; Schedule 14; Clauses 162 to 167; Schedule 15; Clauses 168 to 174; Schedule 16; Clauses 175 to 203; Schedule 17; Clauses 204 to 239; Schedule 18; Clauses 240 to 254; Schedule 19; Clauses 255 to 259; Schedule 20; Clauses 260 to 273; Clause 132; Schedule 7; Clause 133; Schedule 8; Clauses 134 to 137; Schedule 9; Clauses 138 and 139; new Clauses; new Schedules; Clauses 274 to 279; remaining proceedings on the Bill;
 3. the proceedings shall (so far as not previously concluded) be brought to a conclusion at 5.00 pm on Thursday 29 June.
-

Withdrawn Amendments

The following amendments were withdrawn on 25 May 2023:

85 and 92

The following amendments were withdrawn on 7 June 2023:

93 and 94

The following amendments were withdrawn on 12 June 2023:

NC50 and NC57