

# Coronavirus Bill

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MARSHALLED  
LIST OF AMENDMENTS  
TO BE MOVED  
IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

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[Amendments marked ★ are new or have been altered]

Amendment  
No.

**After Clause 15**

BARONESS THORNTON  
LORD LOW OF DALSTON

1★

To insert the following new Clause—

**“Monitoring body: effect of Schedule 12**

- (1) The Secretary of State shall, within seven days of the date on which this Act is passed, appoint by order a body (“the relevant body”) to monitor the effect of Schedule 12 to this Act.
- (2) The relevant body must—
  - (a) advise Her Majesty’s Government about the effect of Schedule 12;
  - (b) make recommendations to Her Majesty’s Government about the amendment, suspension or repeal of Schedule 12.
- (3) The relevant body must publish a report in respect of paragraph 2(1) and (2) of Schedule 12 at least once every eight weeks during any period in which that Schedule is in operation.”

***Member’s explanatory statement***

*The purpose of this new Clause is to ensure that the impact of Schedule 12 (local authority care and support) is subject to monitoring and review by a body such as the Equality and Human Rights Commission.*

**After Clause 17**

LORD SCRIVEN  
BARONESS BARKER

2★ Insert the following new Clause—

**“Power to direct for local authorities**

- (1) This section applies if an appropriate local authority considers that a body within the competence of its powers is required to act in order to respond to the coronavirus.
- (2) The appropriate local authority may give a body in subsection (1) directions as to the exercise of its functions in connection with responding to the coronavirus.
- (3) A direction under this section must be given in writing.
- (4) The power to give directions under this section includes power to vary or revoke the directions.
- (5) A body within the competence of the powers of the local authority must comply with a direction under this section.”

***Member’s explanatory statement***

*This is a probing amendment to raise concerns about whether local authorities have the necessary powers to respond to coronavirus.*

**Clause 82**

BARONESS MCINTOSH OF PICKERING

3★ Page 50, line 35, after “forfeiture” insert “or notice to pay rent”

4★ Page 51, line 45, at end insert—

- “(c) a tenancy to which the Agricultural Holdings Act 1986 applies; or
- (d) a tenancy to which the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1995 applies.”

**After Clause 84**

LORD CLEMENT-JONES  
LORD NEWBY  
VISCOUNT COLVILLE OF CULROSS  
BARONESS BONHAM-CARTER OF YARNBURY

5★ Insert the following new Clause—

**“Statutory self-employment pay**

- (1) The Secretary of State must, by regulations made by statutory instrument, introduce a scheme of statutory self-employment pay for those whose work has been impacted as a result of the coronavirus.
- (2) The scheme must make provision for payments to be made out of public funds to individuals who are—
  - (a) self-employed, or
  - (b) freelancers.

**After Clause 84 - continued**

- (3) Regulations made under subsection (1) may define the meanings of “self-employed” and “freelancers” in subsection (2).
- (4) The payments to be made under subsection (2) are to be set such that the gross monthly earnings of an individual specified in subsection (2) do not fall below –
- (a) 80 per cent of their gross monthly earnings, averaged over the previous 3 years (or if records do not date back 3 years, the monthly net earnings averaged for the period records are available), or
  - (b) £2,500,
- whichever is lower.
- (5) No payment made under subsection (2) shall exceed £2,500 per month.
- (6) Regulations made under subsection (1) may provide that payments made under subsection (2) must be paid back via self-assessment if the payments were made in error.
- (7) A statutory instrument containing regulations under this section is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

***Member’s explanatory statement***

*This amendment would ensure that the Government introduced a scheme of statutory self-employment pay.*

BARONESS BENNETT OF MANOR CASTLE  
BARONESS BARKER

6★ Insert the following new Clause –

**“Temporary modification of abortion legislation**

Schedule (*Abortion provision*) contains temporary modifications of the Abortion Act 1967, and related provision.”

**Clause 89**

LORD NEWBY  
BARONESS BARKER

7★ Page 58, line 21, leave out “2 years” and insert “3 months”

**Clause 90**

LORD NEWBY  
BARONESS BARKER

8★ Page 60, line 19, leave out “6” and insert “3”

9★ Page 60, line 21, at end insert –

“( ) A time specified under subsection (2) in relation to a provision of this Act must not be later than the end of the period of 2 years beginning with the day on which it is passed.”

***Member's explanatory statement***

*This amendment, along with the amendments to Clause 90 in the name of Lord Newby, would mean the Act expires after three months, with the option to extend the Act in three-month periods for a maximum time of two years.*

**Clause 97**

LORD ANDERSON OF IPSWICH  
BARONESS LUDFORD

- 10★ Page 66, line 41, at the end insert “, and an explanation containing the reasons why the Secretary of State is satisfied.”

***Member's explanatory statement***

*This amendment would require an explanation to be given in the two-monthly reports laid before Parliament of the Secretary of State's reasons for continuing to make use (or otherwise) of the provisions in Part 1 of the Act.*

**Clause 98**

LORD FALCONER OF THOROTON

- 11★ Page 68, line 10, At end insert—
- “(2A) A Minister of the Crown may table a motion in the House of Commons to provide that certain temporary provisions under this Act are to expire.
- (2B) If—
- (a) a motion under subsection (2) is amended to the effect that certain temporary provisions under this Act should expire, or
  - (b) a Minister of the Crown lays a motion under subsection (2A) providing that certain temporary provisions are to expire which is passed by the House of Commons
- a Minister of the Crown must exercise the power conferred by section 90(1) to provide that the temporary provisions specified in the motion expires no later than the end of the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which motion was passed.”

***Member's explanatory statement***

*This amendment would allow for certain temporary provisions in the act to expire if a motion to that effect is laid by the government or amended by MPs.*

LORD NEWBY  
BARONESS BARKER

- 12★ Page 68, line 13, after “Commons” insert “and the House of Lords”

***Member's explanatory statement***

*This amendment allows the Lords to debate the same motion as the Commons after each 6 month review paper and to have an indicative vote. The Government would not have to take any action in response to the Lords vote.*

**After Clause 99**

BARONESS LUDFORD  
LORD SCRIVEN  
LORD ANDERSON OF IPSWICH

**13★** Insert the following new Clause—

**“Powers within the Act: necessity and proportionality**

All powers under this Act must be exercised in accordance with the Human Rights Act 1998 and the Equality Act 2010, especially with regard to the principles of necessity, proportionality and non-discrimination.”

***Member’s explanatory statement***

*This amendment would require the powers in this Act to be exercised in accordance with the principles of necessity, proportionality and non-discrimination and to be compatible with human rights law.*

**Schedule 29**

BARONESS BENNETT OF MANOR CASTLE  
BARONESS BARKER

**14★** Insert the following new Schedule—

**“ABORTION PROVISION**

- 1 (1) References in this Schedule to sections are to sections of the Abortion Act 1967 (“the 1967 Act”).
  - (2) In this Schedule—
    - “Registered medical practitioner” means a person on the Register of the General Medical Council established by the Medical Act 1983;
    - “Registered nurse or midwife” means a person on the Register of the Nursing and Midwifery Council, with the meaning given to it by Article 5(5) of The Nursing and Midwifery Order 2001;
    - “home” means, in the case of a pregnant woman, the place in England or Wales where a pregnant woman is living during the period this Schedule has effect or, in the case of a registered medical practitioner, where that individual is living during the period in which this Schedule has effect.
- 2 Where any form prescribed for use in connection with a provision of the 1967 Act is inconsistent with a modification made by paragraph 3, the form—
  - (a) may, in connection with the provision as so modified, be used with appropriate amendments;
  - (b) is otherwise, for use in that connection, to be read with such amendments as are necessary to reflect the modification.
- 3 (1) During a period in which this paragraph has effect, the provisions in section 1 apply to a pregnancy terminated by a registered medical practitioner, nurse or midwife.

**Schedule 29 - continued**

- (2) During a period in which this paragraph has effect, an opinion under section 1 may be formed by one registered medical practitioner, nurse or midwife, if the professional considers that compliance with requirement under that section for the opinion of two registered medical practitioners is impractical or would involve undesirable delay.
- 4 (1) This paragraph has effect as an approval of a class of place by the Secretary of State under the powers granted in sections 1(3) and (3A) of the 1967 Act.
- (2) The home of a registered medical practitioner, nurse or midwife is approved as a class of place for the treatment of termination of pregnancy for the purposes only of prescribing the medicines known as mifepristone and misoprostol to be used in treatment carried out in the manner specified in sub-paragraph (4).
- (3) The home of a pregnant woman who is undergoing treatment for the purposes of termination of her pregnancy is approved as a class of place where the treatment for termination of pregnancy may be carried out where that treatment is carried out in the manner specified in sub-paragraph (4).
- (4) The treatment must be carried out in the following manner –
- (a) the pregnant woman has –
    - (i) attended an approved place,
    - (ii) had a consultation with an approved place via video link, telephone conference or other electronic means, or
    - (iii) had a consultation with a registered medical practitioner, nurse or midwife via video link, telephone conference or other electronic means; and
  - (b) the pregnant woman is prescribed mifepristone or misoprostol to be take for the purposes of the termination of her pregnancy.
- 5 During a period in which this paragraph has effect, the requirement to give notice of the termination in section 2(1)(b) also applies to any registered nurse or midwife
- 6 During a period in which this paragraph has effect, the provisions in section 5(1) also apply to any registered nurse or midwife.”

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*24 March 2020*

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