House of Commons
Welsh Affairs Committee

The Proposed Legislative Competence Order relating to Transport: Government Response to the Committee's Eighth Report

Ninth Special Report of Session 2009-10

Ordered by the House of Commons
to be printed 9 March 2010
The Welsh Affairs Committee

The Welsh Affairs Committee is appointed by the House of Commons to examine the expenditure, administration, and policy of the Office of the Secretary of State for Wales (including relations with the National Assembly for Wales).

Current membership

Dr Hywel Francis MP (Labour, Aberavon) (Chairman)
Mr David T.C. Davies MP (Conservative, Monmouth)
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Powers

The committee is one of the Departmental select committees, the powers of which are set out in House of Commons Standing Orders, principally in SO No 152. These are available on the Internet via www.parliament.uk.

Publications

The reports and evidence of the Committee are published by The Stationery Office by Order of the House. All publications of the Committee (including press notices) are on the internet at www.parliament.uk/parliamentary_committees/welsh_affairs_committee.cfm.

Committee staff

The current staff of the Committee is Dr Sue Griffiths (Clerk), Alison Groves (Second Clerk), Anwen Rees (Inquiry Manager), Neil Caulfield (Inquiry Manager), Christine Randall (Senior Committee Assistant), Annabel Goddard (Committee Assistant), Tes Stranger (Committee Support Assistant) and Rebecca Jones (Media Officer).

Contacts

All correspondence should be addressed to the Clerk of the Welsh Affairs Committee, House of Commons, 7 Millbank, London SW1P 3JA. The telephone number for general enquiries is 020 7219 6189 and the Committee’s email address is welshcom@parliament.uk.
Government Response to the Committee’s Eighth Report

Ninth Special Report

The Committee published its Eighth Report of Session 2009-10, The Proposed Legislative Competence Order relating to Transport, on 15 February 2010. The response from the Secretary of State for Wales was received on 4 March 2010 and is published as an Appendix to this Special Report. The Order was published in draft form as The National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010 and laid before Parliament by the Secretary of State on 4 March 2010. The draft Order, together with an Explanatory Memorandum, are also published as Appendices to this Special Report.

Government response

Letter from the Secretary of State for Wales to the Chairman of the Committee

I have laid the draft National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010 for approval by both Houses. The draft LCO was approved by the National Assembly for Wales on 2 March.

I am grateful to the Welsh Affairs Committee for its effective scrutiny of proposed Order and the timely publication of its report. I am pleased that the Committee concluded that the purpose of the proposed Order is clear and that it is consistent with the existing powers and responsibilities of the National Assembly for Wales.

The Committee recommended that the Explanatory Memorandum be amended to specify how the use of the term “bus services” in the LCO relates to its use in other transport legislation. Paragraph 7.10 of the Memorandum has been amended to make clear that the term is compatible with that used in the Transport Act 2000. It potentially encompasses all bus services in Wales and is widely drafted to enable the Assembly to differentiate between services, or to specify particular services, such as community transport or long distance coach services, within a Measure or any subordinate legislation.

Your comments on the different structure of the law in relation to learner safety on dedicated learner transport and other public transport have been noted by myself and by the Secretary of State for Transport, Lord Adonis.

I enclose a copy of the draft Order and accompanying Explanatory Memorandum.

This is the final LCO from the Welsh Assembly Government’s 2009-10 Legislative Programme to be presented to Parliament. I would like to thank the Welsh Affairs Committee for the excellent standard of scrutiny carried out on all LCOs and the helpful recommendations made in your various scrutiny reports. The Committee has played an
invaluable role in the process of devolving legislative competence to the National Assembly.

I shall be writing separately in response to the Committee’s review of the LCO process.

I am copying this letter to Lord Goodlad, Chairman of the Lords Constitution Committee.

Rt Hon Peter Hain MP
Secretary of State for Wales

*3 March 2010*
The National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010


DRAFT STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2010 No.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

DEVOLUTION, WALES

The National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010

Made [ ]

Coming into force in accordance with article 1

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the day of 2010

Present,

The Queen’s Most Excellent Majesty in Council

In accordance with section 95(5) of the Government of Wales Act 2006(1), a draft of this Order has been laid before, and approved by resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales and each House of Parliament.

Accordingly, Her Majesty, in pursuance of section 95(1) of the Government of Wales Act 2006, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order as follows:–

Citation and commencement

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010.

(2) This Order comes into force on the day after the day on which it is made.

(3) In this Order “Schedule 5” means Schedule 5 to the Government of Wales Act 2006

Concessionary travel

2.—(1) Part 1 of Schedule 5 is amended as follows.

(2) In Field 10 (highways and transport), after matter 10.1(2) insert—

(1) 2006 c.32.

(2) Matter 10.1 was inserted by section 122 of the Local Transport Act 2008 (c.26)
“Matter 10.2
Concessionary travel on the following services—
(a) bus services;
(b) Welsh services provided under a franchise agreement to which the Welsh Ministers are a party.

Any expression which is used in paragraph (b) and the Railways Act 2005 has the meaning given in that Act.”

Amendments to general exceptions to matters

3.—(1) In Part 2 of Schedule 5, paragraph A1 (exceptions to matters) is amended as follows.
(2) In paragraph (2) under the heading “Highways and transport”—
(a) omit “and” after sub-paragraph (a), and
(b) after sub-paragraph (b) insert—
“,...
(c) regulation of the description of vehicle which may be used pursuant to learner transport arrangements (including description by reference to a vehicle’s construction or equipment), but not including the setting of technical standards for construction or equipment which differ from the standards that would or might otherwise apply to that vehicle.”.
(3) In paragraph (14) under that heading, insert at the end “(apart from regulation relating to the carriage of supervising adults on vehicles used pursuant to learner transport arrangements)”.
(4) After paragraph (19) under that heading insert—
“In paragraphs (2) and (14) “learner transport arrangements” means arrangements of the kind described in matter 5.10 which consist of the provision of motor vehicles and are made by—
(a) public authorities (within the meaning of field 15) exercising functions relating to education or training, or
(b) institutions or other bodies concerned with the provision of education or training.”.

4.—(1) In that Part of that Schedule, paragraph A1 is further amended as follows.

Clerk of the Privy Council

(3) Paragraph A1 was inserted by article 2(9) of the National Assembly for Wales (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (SI 2009/3006). Paragraph (2) under the heading “Highways and transport” was substituted by article 3(3)(b) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Environment) Order 2010 (SI 2010/248). Paragraph (19) under the same heading was inserted by article 3(3)(e) of the same order.
EXPLANATORY NOTE
(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order amends the Government of Wales Act 2006 ("the 2006 Act"). The Order extends the legislative competence of the National Assembly for Wales to make laws known as Measures of the National Assembly for Wales (referred to in the 2006 Act as “Assembly Measures”). The legislative competence conferred by this Order is subject to general limitations on the exercise of that legislative competence, which apply by virtue of section 94 of, and Schedule 5 to, the 2006 Act.

Article 2 inserts matter 10.2 into field 10 (highways and transport) of Part 1 of Schedule 5 to the 2006 Act. Matter 10.2 is about concessionary fares.

Articles 3 and 4 amend the general exceptions to matters under the heading “Highways and transport” in paragraph A1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5. The general exceptions apply to all matters in Part 1 of Schedule 5.

Article 3(2) amends exception (2) under that heading, which is an exception for the regulation of the use of motor vehicles on roads, their construction and equipment and conditions under which they may be so used, apart from specified types of regulation. The amendments allow the Assembly to make provision by Measure to regulate the description of vehicle which may be used pursuant to learner transport arrangements of the kind described in matter 5.10 (including description by reference to construction and equipment).

Article 3(3) amends exception (14) under the same heading, which is about transport security. The amendment allows the Assembly to make provision by Measure to regulate the carriage of supervising adults on vehicles used pursuant to learner transport arrangements.

The provision allowed by the amendments in articles 3(2) and (4) may only be made in respect of learner transport arrangements made by public authorities having education and training functions or by institutions or other bodies concerned with the provision of education or training (article 3(4)).


A full regulatory impact assessment has not been prepared for this Order since the effect of this Order is only to confer competence on the National Assembly for Wales to legislate.
Explanatory Memorandum to the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010

1. This explanatory memorandum has been prepared by The Wales Office and is laid before Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

2. Purpose of the instrument

2.1 This instrument adds to the legislative competence of the National Assembly for Wales. It does so by amending Schedule 5 to the Government of Wales Act 2006 (“the 2006 Act”), which sets out the matters in relation to which the National Assembly for Wales (“the Assembly”) may pass Assembly Measures, restrictions on the Assembly’s legislative competence and exceptions to those restrictions.

2.2 This Order inserts one new matter into Field 10 (Highways and Transport) of Part 1, and amends the general exceptions to matters in Part 2, of Schedule 5.

3. Matters of special interest to the Joint Committee on Statutory Instruments

None

4. Legislative Context

4.1 Section 95 of the 2006 Act empowers Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to confer competence on the National Assembly for Wales to legislate by Assembly Measure on specified matters. These matters may be added to fields within Schedule 5 to the 2006 Act. Assembly Measures may make any provision which could be made by Act of Parliament (and therefore can modify existing legislation and make new provision), in accordance with the competence conferred on the Assembly and subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act. An Order in Council under Section 95 of the 2006 Act is referred to as a Legislative Competence Order (“LCO”) in this Memorandum.

4.2 The Assembly acquired a range of executive functions over highways and transport under the Government of Wales Act 1998. These functions were transferred to the Welsh Ministers by the 2006 Act.
4.3 Further executive powers have since been devolved to the Welsh Ministers in various Acts, including the Transport Act 2000, the Railways Act 2005, the Transport (Wales) Act 2006 and the Local Transport Act 2008. In addition, legislative competence has been conferred on the Assembly in the related area of learner travel (Matter 5.10 in the field of education and training), which was used by the Assembly to pass the Learner Travel (Wales) Measure 2008.

4.4 The Assembly has legislative competence in relation to learner travel, covering “arrangements for persons to travel to and from the places where they receive education or training” (see Matter 5.10 in Part 1 of Schedule 5). The persons referred to are:
(a) persons receiving nursery, primary, secondary or further education or training, and
(b) persons with learning difficulties or disabilities receiving higher education.

4.5 This competence was conferred originally, in a less extensive form, by section 178 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 as a power for the Assembly to make regulations and following the enactment of the 2006 Act was converted into matter 10 in field 5 by the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (SI 2007/610). This matter was amended by the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Education and Training) Order 2008 (SI 2008/1036).

4.6 Paragraph A1 of Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the 2006 Act lists general exceptions to all of the matters in Part 1 of that Schedule. The exceptions to matters are grouped under field headings. Sub-paragraph (2) under the heading highways and transport sets out the following general exception:

“regulation of the use of motor vehicles on roads, their construction and equipment and conditions under which they may be so used, apart from
(a) regulation of use of relevant vehicles carrying animals for the purposes of protecting human, animal, fish or plant health or the environment, and

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1 This paragraph was inserted by the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (SI 2009/3006) and amended by the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Environment) Order 2010 (SI 2010/248).

2 Substituted by article 3(3)(b) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Environment) Order 2010 (SI 2010/248)
(b) regulation relating to Matter 10.1.” “relevant vehicles” are defined for the purposes of the exception as meaning motor vehicles, mobile machinery and agricultural and forestry tractors.”

4.7 This exception means that currently an Assembly Measure cannot include provision relating to learner travel which also regulates the use of motor vehicles on roads, their construction and equipment and conditions under which they may be so used. It rules out the regulation of the kinds of vehicle (including their construction and equipment) which may be used pursuant to learner transport arrangements.

4.8 There are also a number of other transport exceptions that are potentially relevant to the Assembly’s legislative competence in respect of learner travel arrangements. They include

- road traffic offences;
- driver licensing;
- driving instruction;
- insurance of motor vehicles;
- drivers’ hours;
- traffic regulation on special roads;
- pedestrian crossings,
- traffic signs;
- public service vehicle operator licensing;
- transport security;
- registration of local bus services, and the application and enforcement of traffic regulation conditions in relation to those services.

The Assembly has already made the Learner Travel (Wales) Measure which was approved by Her Majesty in Council on 10 December 2008.

4.9 The Welsh Ministers’ powers in relation to concessionary travel are contained in Sections 145B to 152 of the Transport Act 2000. Section 145B of the Act, as amended by the Concessionary Bus Travel Act 2007, provides for mandatory travel concessions to be provided by operators of eligible services (at present local bus services) to certain classes of passenger, including those who are elderly or disabled.

4.10 Section 149 of the Act requires travel concession authorities (county and county borough councils) to reimburse operators for providing the concessions in accordance with arrangements agreed with the operators or determined by the authorities. According to Section 149(3), the Welsh Ministers may by regulation make provision:
with respect to the determination by travel concession authorities of the amounts to be paid to individual operators, or to any class of operators, by way of reimbursement,
• as to the manner of making any payments due to operators by way of reimbursement, and
• about the terms on which, and the extent to which, travel concession authorities may employ any person as their agent for the purpose of making payments due to operators by way of reimbursement and the descriptions of persons who may be so employed.

4.11 The current regulations in Wales are the Mandatory Travel Concessions (Reimbursement Arrangements) (Wales) Regulations 2001:
• Regulation 3 sets the overall objective for reimbursement arrangements, namely that operators should not be financially better off or worse off as a result of providing mandatory travel concessions.
• Regulation 4 requires that reimbursement payments must meet the costs incurred by operators in providing mandatory travel concessions and defines those costs.
• Regulation 5 makes provision for the periods in respect of which payments are to be calculated and the dates when they must be made.
• Regulation 6 requires authorities to adopt a standard method for determining the total number of journeys made by those entitled to the concessions and the fares values to be attributed to those journeys.
• Regulation 7 requires authorities to review the calculations made in accordance with the standard method at least once every three years.
• Regulation 8 requires authorities, when adopting the standard method and when calculating reimbursement payments in accordance with that method, to have regard to guidance given by the Welsh Ministers.

4.12 Guidelines were issued by the Welsh Assembly Government in November 2001. Revised guidelines may be issued under Section 145B(6) of the Transport Act 2000.

4.13 The Welsh Ministers’ powers of variation under Section 147 of the Transport Act 2000 include power to make any amendment of that Act that could have been made by amending or revoking any provision of the Travel Concessions (Extension of Entitlement) (Wales) Order 2001 (which was revoked by the 2007 Act). The following variations to the
statutory concession could be made by way of statutory instrument in order to reduce the financial burden:

- Limit journeys to within a Welsh travel concession authority, i.e. local authority, or between a place in the authority’s area and a place outside, but in the vicinity of, that area - for example between Cardiff and Newport, but not Cardiff and Swansea.
- Imposing times during which the concession applies by limiting travel to off-peak; that is, no free travel between, for example, 7:30am to 10:00am and 4:00pm to 6:00 pm.
- Introduce a nominal fare. The Welsh Ministers are however obliged under the Transport Act 2000 to provide a waiver ensuring at least a half-price concession.
- Limiting the class of service to which the mandatory concession applies – for example, not reimbursing concessionary journeys on the coach network (such as the TrawsCambria service).
- Limiting or removing the concession of a companion to a disabled person as set out above.

5. **Territorial Extent and Application**

Although this instrument extends to the whole of the United Kingdom, its practical application is limited to Wales as it amends provision which will define the scope of the Assembly’s legislative competence.

6. **European Convention on Human Rights**

Wayne David MP, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for Wales, has made the following statement:

“In my view the provisions of The National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Transport) Order 2010 are compatible with the Convention rights”

7. **Policy background**

7.1 The Welsh Assembly Government is working to develop a safe and efficient transport network to support economic development and promote social cohesion. A cornerstone of this is the commitment in One Wales to bring forward legislation on learner transport, thereby improving safety for learners on the journey to and from school or the place where they receive education or training. This supports the Assembly Government’s policy to reduce car use by making it possible for students to walk, cycle or take the bus safely, thus reducing road
congestion and improving environmental, health, social and economic outcomes.

7.2 The concessionary travel scheme in Wales provides free travel on local bus services for the disabled, their companions, and those aged over 60. A rail pilot scheme is also in operation, providing free travel for eligible pass holders, on the Borderlands and Conwy Valley Lines until the end of September 2010, and on the Heart of Wales and Cambrian Coast Lines until 26 March 2010.

7.3 The aim of the draft LCO is to extend the legislative competence of the Assembly in relation to learner travel arrangements and to confer competence in relation to concessionary travel. This will enable the Assembly to legislate for Wales in these areas.

7.4 Although legislative competence has already been devolved to the Assembly in relation to arrangements for persons to travel to and from the places where they receive education or training, as noted above, it does not cover the use, construction and equipment of vehicles used for learner transport.

7.5 The current powers enabled the Assembly to pass the Learner Travel (Wales) Measure 2008, which, amongst other things, increased the entitlement to free transport for some primary school children and required the Welsh Ministers to make a code of conduct in relation to the behaviour of those travelling to and from their places of learning. The consultation and scrutiny of the Learner Travel Measure highlighted widespread concern regarding related transport regulation and safety issues. However, the Assembly was unable to legislate in relation to the kinds of vehicles used to provide learner transport and the safety features they should have because it did not have the competence. This led to a cross-party call by Assembly Members to seek powers in this area, so that the Assembly could define the arrangements for learner transport where it is currently unable to do so.

7.6 This LCO proposes carve outs to the exceptions listed in paragraph A1 of Part 2 to Schedule 5, to enable the Assembly to consider legislating in relation to the safety of the vehicles used. This could, for instance, enable the Assembly to legislate to require local authorities only to use vehicles for learner transport which conform to the highest safety standards and/or have certain characteristics (e.g. single deck vehicles, fitted with seatbelts and CCTV). Conferring competence by redefining this exception would enable the Assembly to address particular concerns in Wales.
7.7 To safeguard the long term sustainability of the concessionary travel scheme, the Welsh Assembly Government is also seeking competence for the Assembly over concessionary travel. This would enable the Assembly to consider legislating to exercise more rigorous control over the scheme, for example by allowing the Assembly Government to directly negotiate reimbursement of operating costs with the operators and/or administer the scheme directly. The current mechanism of reimbursing operators via local authorities fails to build in sufficient incentives to control costs since local authorities are reimbursed by the Assembly Government for the full costs incurred.

7.8 The competence provided by this LCO would also enable the Assembly to consider amending the legislative framework of the scheme. Under the current range of executive powers, the Welsh Ministers may negotiate reimbursement directly with the local bus operators (acting as the agents of the local authorities). But this may introduce potential conflicts of interest, since the legislation permits the determination of appeals by the Welsh Ministers themselves. Currently the Welsh Ministers have the power to regulate the process once an application has been made to them under section 150(6)(c) of the Transport Act 2000. However, the basic mechanisms that precede the consideration of an appeal are set out in the Transport Act 2000 and the Welsh Ministers have no powers to change these. A future Measure proposed by the Assembly could, for instance, describe the appeals process in full.

Scope

7.9 Article 2(2) of the LCO will insert Matter 10.2 into field 10 (highways and transport) of Schedule 5 to the 2006 Act to enable the Assembly to legislate over concessionary travel by way of Assembly Measures. This includes, but is not limited to, powers to directly administer the scheme and to determine agreements with Participating Operators. Participating operators of eligible services are defined by the Travel Concessions (Eligible Services) Order 2002 (SI 2002 No 2023 (W.207)) under the Transport Acts 1985 and 2000.

7.10 The term “bus services” has been used to ensure compatibility with the term used within the Transport Act 2000. Section 162(1) of the Transport Act 2000 (as amended by section 10 of the Local Transport Act 2008) refers to “bus services” as being “services using public service vehicles”. Section 1 of the Public Passenger Vehicles Act 1981 defines a “public service vehicle” as being a vehicle adapted to carry 8 or more passengers for hire or reward, or a vehicle not so adapted but which carries passengers for hire or reward at separate fares in the course of a business of carrying passengers. The term “bus services” potentially
encompasses all bus services in Wales and is widely drafted for that reason. It will enable the Assembly to differentiate between services or specify services for the purposes of legislation such as community transport or long distance coach services within a Measure or any subordinate legislation.

7.11 The legislative competence of the Assembly will be limited in relation to concessionary travel by restricting competence over rail travel to Welsh services provided under a franchise agreement to which the Welsh Ministers are a party - meaning local and regional services currently provided under the Arriva Trains Wales franchise, but excluding services which operate under that franchise entirely in England. This also excludes the services which operate in Wales provided by First Great Western, Virgin and Cross-Country.

7.12 Legislative competence in relation to learner transport will be limited to learner transport as defined in Matter 5.10. This includes taxis and other private hire vehicles insofar as additional safety measures in respect of local authority contracted taxis used for school transport can be included in the licensing conditions. The power to regulate learner transport is limited to public authorities and institutions or other bodies concerned with the provision of education and training. This includes local education authorities, school governing bodies and independent schools, including those vehicles owned and operated by educational establishments. It would however exclude travel arrangements made by parents or the students themselves, and would also exclude visiting vehicles.

7.13 This LCO does not devolve legislative competence in relation to the technical standards of vehicles which apply throughout Great Britain. These are areas which will continue to be determined by the UK Government, working within the framework of European law. Any future legislation brought forward by the Assembly in this area would have to be compatible with the regulatory regime for vehicle safety under UK law, the overarching requirement within the 2006 Act to be compliant with EU law and the general Treaty principles pertaining to the operation of the internal market.

7.14 Article 3(3) of the LCO amends a general exception to matters in Part 1 for “transport security”. The amendment would make clear that an Assembly Measure could regulate the carriage of supervising adults on vehicles used pursuant to learner transport arrangements. This excludes competence in relation to all other aspects of transport security including terrorism.
7.15 This LCO does not seek to devolve competence in relation to learner transport on trains. The safety of trains is regulated under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and functions within this Act are not devolved to the Welsh Ministers.

7.16 Article 4 of the LCO is an addition to the provisions of the proposed Order. It makes a technical amendment to Schedule 5 to reflect the introduction of Regulation (EC) No 1370/2007 on public passenger transport services by rail and by road which repealed two earlier EEC Regulations, 1107/70 and 1191/69 except insofar as they apply to freight transport services, in which case the 1969 Regulations will continue to have effect until 2 December 2012. It replaces references to the repealed regulations with references to the new regulation. This new provision has been kept separate from the other amendments to Schedule 5 which have been made as a result of the addition of competence in the fields of learner transport and concessionary travel.

8. Consultation Outcome

8.1 There has been no consultation on this LCO. However, it has been subject to pre-legislative scrutiny in the Assembly by the National Assembly Legislation Committee No. 3 and in Parliament by the House of Commons Welsh Affairs Committee and the House of Lords Constitution Committee.

8.2 Any Assembly Measure brought forward as a result of the legislative competence conferred by this instrument would usually first be subject to consultation. Assembly Measures are a matter for the Assembly to consider.

Changes to the LCO following pre-legislative scrutiny

8.3 Legislation Committee No. 3 published its report on 29 January 2010. The Committee made one main recommendation in relation to the LCO; that consideration be given to the inclusion of learner travel by rail within the scope of the proposed Order. The safety of trains is regulated under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, and this Act is not devolved and therefore it is not appropriate to seek to extend the scope of the LCO in this way.

8.4 The Committee also suggested that the Explanatory Memorandum be amended to make it clear that community transport, long distance coach services and vehicles owned and operated by educational establishments are included within the scope of the proposed Order. Paragraph 7.12 has been amended to make this clear.
8.5 The Welsh Affairs Committee published its report on 15 February and recommended that the Explanatory Memorandum be amended to specify how the use of the term “bus services” in the LCO relates to its use in other transport legislation. Paragraph 7.10 of this Memorandum has been amended to make this clear.

8.6 The House of Lords Constitution Committee reported on 27 January and concluded that the proposed LCO did not raise any matters of constitutional principle.

9. Guidance

No guidance has been, or will be, issued in relation to this LCO. This Explanatory Memorandum explains the scope and policy context of matters included in the LCO.

10. Impact

A Regulatory Impact Assessment has not been prepared for this instrument as it only confers legislative competence on the Assembly, and so has no impact on business, charities or voluntary bodies. The Welsh Assembly Government would prepare a Regulatory Impact Assessment when bringing forward any proposed Assembly Measure as a result of the legislative competence this LCO confers.

11. Regulating small business

This legislation does not apply to small business.

12. Monitoring & review

This LCO confers legislative competence on the Assembly. The monitoring or review of any Assembly Measures brought forward as a result of this legislative competence is primarily a matter for the Welsh Assembly Government and/or the Assembly.

13. Contact

Queries about the content of the instrument or this memorandum should be addressed to Geth Williams (Tel: 020 7270 0554 or email geth.williams@walesoffice.gsi.gov.uk)

Susan Olley (Tel: 02920 89 8568 or email susan.olley@walesoffice.gsi.gov.uk) can answer legal queries about the instrument.
Annex A

This annex shows how this Order amends Schedule 5 to the Government of Wales Act 2006, with footnotes indicating the source of previous amendments.

Text in bold or struck through is proposed to be added/deleted as a result of this Order.

SCHEDULE 5

ASSEMBLY MEASURES

PART 1

MATTERS

Field 1: agriculture, fisheries, forestry and rural development

Matter 1.1

The red meat industry, in relation to–
(a) increasing efficiency or productivity in the industry;
(b) improving marketing in the industry;
(c) improving or developing services that the industry provides or could provide to the community;
(d) improving the ways in which the industry contributes to sustainable development.

Interpretation of this field

In this field “the red meat industry” means all of the activities comprised in–
(a) breeding, keeping, processing, marketing and distributing cattle, sheep and pigs (alive or dead), and
(b) producing, processing, marketing, manufacturing and distributing products derived to any substantial extent from those animals (apart from milk and milk products, fleece wool and hides).

For the purposes of this definition –
“cattle” means bovine animals, including bison and buffalo;
“pigs” means porcine animals, including wild boar and other feral pigs.

1 Matter 1.1 and the interpretation provision for field 1 were inserted by article 2(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Agriculture and Rural Development) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/1758).
Field 2: ancient monuments and historic buildings

Field 3: culture

Field 4: economic development

Field 5: education and training

Matter 5.1

Provision about the categories of school that may be maintained by local education authorities.

Matter 5.2

Provision about the establishment and discontinuance of schools maintained by local education authorities, their change from one category to another and their alteration in other respects.

Matter 5.3

Provision about the admission of pupils to schools maintained by local education authorities.

Matter 5.4

Provision about the curriculum in schools maintained by local education authorities.

Matter 5.4A

The regulation of—
(a) schools that are not maintained by local education authorities;
(b) relevant independent educational institutions.

2 Matters 5.1-5.4 were inserted by article 3(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910).

3 Matter 5.4A was inserted by section 149(1) and (2) of the Education and Skills Act 2008 (c.25).
Matter 5.5\textsuperscript{4}

Provision about school attendance, the behaviour of pupils at school, school discipline and the exclusion of pupils from school (including the duties of parents in connection with those matters).

Matter 5.6

Provision about the making arrangements for the provision of education for persons of compulsory school age who have been excluded from schools or who for any other reason would not otherwise receive suitable education.

Matter 5.7

Provision about entitlement to primary, secondary and further education and to training.

Matter 5.8

Provision about the provision of services that are intended to encourage, enable or assist people—

(a) to participate effectively in education or training,
(b) to take advantage of opportunities for employment, or
(c) to participate effectively in the life of their communities.

Matter 5.9

Provision about food and drink provided on school premises or provided for children at a place where they receive education or childcare.

Matter 5.10\textsuperscript{5}

Arrangements for persons to travel to and from the places where they receive education or training.

This matter applies to—

(a) persons receiving nursery, primary, secondary or further education or training;
(b) persons described in matter 5.17 receiving higher education.

\textsuperscript{4} Matters 5.5-5.9 were inserted by article 3(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910).

\textsuperscript{5} Matter 5.10 was inserted by article 3(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910), and amended by article 2(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Education and Training) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1036) and article 6(a) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132).
Matter 5.11

Provision for and in connection with securing the provision of facilities for post-16 education or training.

Matter 5.12

Provision for and in connection with the establishment and dissolution of—
   (a) institutions concerned with the provision of further education, and
   (b) bodies that conduct such institutions,

including the circumstances in which an educational institution becomes or ceases to be an institution concerned with the provision of further education.

Provision about—
   (a) the conduct and functions of such institutions and bodies that conduct such institutions;
   (b) the property, rights and liabilities of such institutions and bodies that conduct such institutions;
   (c) property held by any person for the purposes of such an institution;
   (d) the governance and staff of such institutions

Matter 5.13

Provision for and in connection with securing collaboration—
   (a) between bodies that conduct institutions concerned with the provision of further education, or
   (b) between one or more such bodies and other persons or bodies that have functions relating to education or training in Wales,

including, in particular, provision for and in connection with the establishment of bodies for the purpose of discharging functions on behalf of one or more persons or bodies that are party to arrangements for collaboration.

Matter 5.14

The provision of financial resources for and in connection with—
   (a) education or training provided by institutions concerned with the provision of further education;
   (b) post-16 education or training provided otherwise than by such institutions;

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6 Matters 5.11-5.14 were inserted by section 27(2) of the Further Education and Training Act 2007 (c.25).
(c) the carrying out of research relating to education or training falling within paragraph (a) or (b).

Matter 5.15

The inspection of—
(za) schools;
(zb) relevant independent educational institutions;
(a) education or training provided by institutions concerned with the provision of further education
(b) pre-16 education or training, or post-16 education or training, provided otherwise than by institutions within paragraphs (za) to (a);
(c) the training of teachers and specialist teaching assistants for schools;
(d) services of the kinds mentioned in matter 5.8.

Matter 5.16

The provision of advice and information in connection with, and the carrying out of studies in relation to—
(a) pre-16 education or training;
(b) post-16 education or training;
(c) the training of teachers and specialist teaching assistants for schools;
(d) services of the kinds mentioned in matter 5.8.

Matter 5.17

Education and training for—
(a) persons who have a greater difficulty in learning than the majority of persons of the same age as those persons;
(b) persons who have, or have had—
(i) a physical or mental impairment, or
(ii) a progressive health condition (such as cancer, multiple sclerosis or HIV infection) where it is at a stage involving no physical or mental impairment.

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7 Matter 5.15 was inserted by section 27(2) of the Further Education and Training Act 2007 (c.25) and amended by section 149(1), (3) and (4) of the Education and Skills Act 2008 (c.25).
8 Matter 5.16 was inserted by section 27(2) of the Further Education and Training Act 2007 (c. 25) and amended by section 149(1) and (5) of the Education and Skills Act 2008 (c. 25).
9 Matter 5.17 was inserted by article 2(3) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Education and Training) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1036) and amended by article 6(b) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132).
Matter 5.18

The provision of any of the following for children or young persons—
(a) facilities for social or physical training;
(b) educational activities.

In this matter “children” and “young persons” have the same meaning as in field 15.

Interpretation of this field

In this field—
“nursery education” means education suitable for children who have not attained compulsory school age;

“post-16 education” means—
(a) education (other than higher education) suitable to the requirements of persons who are above compulsory school age, and
(b) organised leisure-time occupation connected with such education;

“post-16 training” means—
(a) training suitable to the requirements of persons who are above compulsory school age, and
(b) organised leisure-time occupation with such training

“pre-16 education or training” means education or training suitable to the requirements of persons who are of or below compulsory school age;

“relevant independent educational institution” means an institution other than a school which—
(a) provides part-time education for one or more persons of compulsory school age (“part-time students”) whether or not it also provides full-time education for any person, and
(b) would be an independent school but for the fact that the education provided for the part-time student or students is part-time rather than full-time.

For the purposes of the above definition of “relevant independent educational institution”, an institution provides “part-time” education for a person if—
(a) it provides education for the person, and

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10 Matter 5.18 was inserted by article 2 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132).

11 Interpretation provisions for field 5 were inserted by article 3(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910), section 27(3) of the Further Education and Training Act 2007 (c. 25), article 2(4) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Education and Training) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1036) and section 149(1) and (6) of the Education and Skills Act 2008 (c. 25).
(b) the education does not amount to full-time education.

References in this field to an institution concerned with the provision of further education are references to an educational institution, other than a school or an institution within the higher education sector (within the meaning of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992), that is conducted (whether or not exclusively) for the purpose of providing further education.

Expressions used in this field and in the Education Act 1996 have the same meaning in this field as in that Act.

Field 6: environment

Matter 6.1\(^\text{12}\)

Preventing, reducing, collecting, managing, treating or disposing of waste.

This matter does not include—
(a) regulation of any activity in the sea;
(b) regulation of the provision of postal services by a person who holds, or is required to hold, a licence from the Postal Services Commission authorising the person to convey letters from one place to another (whether or not the licence relates to the services).

See below for further provision about what this matter does not include.

Matter 6.2

Disposal of waste in the sea where the waste has been collected, managed or treated on land.

This matter does not include regulation of the following activities—
(a) depositing any substance or object in the sea or on or under the seabed from any vehicle, vessel, aircraft, marine structure or floating container;
(b) depositing any explosive substance or article in the sea or on or under the seabed;
(c) incinerating any substance or object on any vehicle, vessel, marine structure or floating container.

See below for further provision about what this matter does not include.

\(^{12}\) Matters 6.1 – 6.4 and interpretation provisions for field 6 were inserted by article 2 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Environment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/248).
Matter 6.3

Protecting or improving the environment in relation to pollution.

This matter does not include—
(a) regulating the composition and content of fuel used in—
   (i) a means of transport,
   (ii) non-road mobile machinery, or
   (iii) an agricultural or forestry tractor;
(b) obligations upon persons who supply transport fuel at or for delivery to places in the United Kingdom to produce evidence showing the supply of renewable transport fuel;
(c) making provision regarding the proportion of renewable energy consumed in transport, including the imposition of requirements relating to sustainability that determine whether any particular renewable energy is to be counted towards any renewable energy obligation or target;
(d) provision of financial support in connection with—
   (i) the production of renewable energy for consumption in transport, or
   (ii) the use of that energy in transport,
   including the imposition of requirements relating to sustainability that determine whether any particular renewable energy qualifies for financial support.
(e) regulation of oil and gas exploration and exploitation in those parts of the territorial sea that are not relevant territorial waters.

See below for further provision about what this matter does not include.

Matter 6.4

Protecting or improving the environment in relation to nuisances.

This matter does not include—
(a) imposition of criminal or civil liability in respect of energy nuisances that consist of acts, omissions and states of affairs for which there is statutory authority, except criminal or civil liability which the Welsh Ministers have power to impose;
(b) removal of relevant defences to, or relevant exclusions from, rules of law which impose civil or criminal liability in respect of energy nuisances, except those defences and exceptions which the Welsh Ministers have power to remove;
(c) regulation of the emission of smoke, artificial light or noise from military premises;
(d) regulation of gas activities, oil activities, and infrastructure that is necessary for carrying out any such activities;
(e) regulation of oil and gas exploration and exploitation in the sea;
(f) regulation of electronic communications and electronic communications networks.

See below for further provision about what this matter does not include.

Not included in matters 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4

Matters 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4 do not include any of the following—
(a) regulation concerning the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances (this exception is to be interpreted in accordance with Council Directive 96/82/EC and it relates only to activity within the scope of that Directive);
(b) regulation of the decommissioning of offshore energy installations and related infrastructure.

Not included in matters 6.1 and 6.2

Matters 6.1 and 6.2 do not include any of the following—
(a) regulation of decommissioned explosives that are outside the scope of the Waste Directive by virtue of Article 2(1)(b)(v) of the Waste Directive and are or have been—
(i) held on behalf of the Crown for naval, military or air force purposes or for the purposes of the department of the Secretary of State having responsibility for defence, or
(ii) held by or for the purposes of visiting forces;
(b) regulation of radioactive material that is at military premises;
(c) regulation of the capture, conveyance or disposal of carbon dioxide as part of relevant carbon capture and storage.

Not included in matters 6.3 and 6.4

Matters 6.3 and 6.4 do not include any of the following—
(a) regulation of the contained use of genetically modified organisms;
(b) regulation of the following activities in the sea—
(i) depositing any substance or object in the sea or on or under the seabed from any vehicle, vessel, aircraft, marine structure or floating container, or any structure on land constructed or adapted wholly or mainly for the purpose of depositing solids in the sea;
(ii) scuttling any vessel or floating container;
(iii) constructing, altering or improving works in or over the sea or on or under the seabed;
(iv) using any vehicle, vessel, aircraft, marine structure or floating container to remove any substance or object from the seabed;
(v) dredging;
(vi) depositing or using any explosive substance or article in the sea or on or under the seabed;
(vii) incinerating any substance or object on any vehicle, vessel, marine structure or floating container;
(c) marine licensing under Part 4 of the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009.

Meaning of “pollution”

In this field “pollution” means pollution of the air, water or land which may give rise to any environmental harm, including (but not limited to) pollution caused by light, noise, heat or vibrations or any other kind of release of energy.
For the purposes of this definition “air” includes (but is not limited to) air within buildings and air within other natural or man-made structures above or below ground.

Meaning of “nuisance”

In this field “nuisance” means an act or omission affecting any place, or a state of affairs in any place, which may impair, or interfere with, the amenity of the environment or any legitimate use of the environment, apart from an act, omission or state of affairs that constitutes pollution.

Meaning of “relevant defence” and “relevant exclusion”

In matter 6.4, in relation to a rule of law which imposes civil or criminal liability in respect of an energy nuisance (“the unlawful nuisance”)—

“relevant defence” means statutory removal (however expressed, and whether conditional or not) of the civil or criminal liability in respect of an act, omission or state of affairs that is within the scope of the unlawful nuisance;

“relevant exclusion” means statutory exclusion (however expressed, and whether conditional or not) of an act, omission or state of affairs from the scope of the unlawful nuisance.

In those definitions, a reference to the scope of the unlawful nuisance is a reference to the class of acts, omissions and states of affairs that constitutes the unlawful nuisance.

Other interpretation of this field

In this field—
“electricity activity” means any of the following—
(a) generating electricity at a generating station whose construction, extension or operation requires—
(i) the consent of the Secretary of State, or
(ii) the authority of an order granting development consent under the Planning Act 2008;

(b) transmitting, distributing or supplying electricity;

and for this purpose, the reference to consent of the Secretary of State is a reference to consent under powers to regulate generation of electricity;

“electronic communication” means a communication transmitted—

(a) by means of an electronic communications network, or

(b) by other means but while in an electronic form;

“electronic communications network” means—

(a) a transmission system for the conveyance, by the use of electrical, magnetic or electro-magnetic energy, of signals of any description, and

(b) such of the following as are used, by the person providing the system and in association with it, for the conveyance of the signals—

(i) apparatus comprised in the system,

(ii) apparatus used for the switching or routing of the signals, and

(iii) software and stored data;

“energy nuisance” means a nuisance that relates to electricity activities, gas activities, oil activities, or infrastructure that is necessary for carrying out any such activities;

“environmental harm” means any of the following—

(a) harm to the health of humans and other living organisms;

(b) harm to the quality of the environment, including—

(i) harm to the quality of the environment taken as a whole,

(ii) harm to the quality of the air, water or land, and

(iii) other impairment of, or interference with, the ecological systems of which any living organisms form part;

(c) offence to the senses of human beings;

(d) damage to property;

(e) impairment of, or interference with, the amenity of the environment or any legitimate use of the environment;

“gas activity” means storing, conveying or supplying gas, except any such activity that is carried out by an individual for the domestic purposes of the individual;

“marine structure” means a platform or other artificial structure at sea, other than a pipeline;

“military premises” means premises which are—
(a) occupied on behalf of the Crown for naval, military or air force purposes or for the purposes of the department of the Secretary of State having responsibility for defence, or
(b) occupied by or for the purposes of visiting forces;

“offshore energy installation” means any of the following installations that are maintained in the sea or on the foreshore or other land intermittently covered with water, and that are not connected with dry land by a permanent structure providing access at all times and for all purposes—
(a) installations used for oil activities, gas activities or for the exploration or exploitation of gas or oil;
(b) carbon dioxide storage installations;
(c) renewable energy installations;

“oil activity” means storing, conveying or supplying oil, except any such activity that is carried out by an individual for the domestic purposes of the individual;

“relevant carbon capture and storage” means the capture and underground disposal of carbon dioxide by a method in which the carbon dioxide is captured at the place of its production and conveyed for disposal by pipeline directly from the place of production to a place of underground disposal;

“relevant territorial waters” means the waters which extend seaward for three miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea adjacent to Wales is measured; but any order made under section 104(4)(a) of the Water Resources Act 1991 for the purposes of Part 3 of that Act in relation to an area of the territorial sea adjacent to Wales also applies for the purposes of determining what are relevant territorial waters for the purposes of this field;

“sea” means (except where the context otherwise requires) the sea adjacent to Wales out as far as the seaward boundary of the territorial sea;

“statutory” means arising by virtue of an Act;

“visiting force” means any such body, contingent or detachment of the forces of any country as is a visiting force for the purposes of any of the provisions of the Visiting Forces Act 1952;


An order or an Order in Council made under or by virtue of section 158(3) or (4) for the purposes of that section also applies for the purpose of determining any boundary between the parts of the sea which are to be treated as adjacent to Wales for the purposes of this field and those which are not.
Field 7: fire and rescue services and promotion of fire safety

Field 8: food

Field 9: health and health services

Matter 9.1

Provision for and in connection with the provision of redress without recourse to civil proceedings in circumstances in which, under the law if England and Wales, qualifying liability in tort arises in connection with the provision of services (in Wales or elsewhere) as part of the health service in Wales.

Matter 9.2

Assessment of mental health and treatment of mental disorder.

This matter does not include any of the following —

(a) subjecting patients to —
   (i) compulsory attendance at any place for the purposes of assessment of treatment
   (ii) compulsory supervision, or
   (iii) guardianship;
(b) consent to assessment or treatment;
(c) restraint;
(d) detention.

For the purpose of this matter, “treatment of mental disorder” means treatment to alleviate, or prevent a worsening of, a mental disorder or one or more of its symptoms or manifestations; and it includes (but is not limited to) nursing, psychological intervention, habilitation, rehabilitation and care.

Interpretation of this field

In this field—

“the health service in Wales” means the health service continued under section 1(1) of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006;

\[13\] Matter 9.1 and the interpretation provisions for field 9 were inserted by article 3(3) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910).

\[14\] Matter 9.2 and the interpretation of “mental disorder” were inserted by article 2 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Health and Health Services and Social Welfare) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/236).
“illness” has the same meaning as in the Act;

“mental disorder” means any disorder or disability of the mind, apart from dependence on alcohol or drugs;

“patient” has the same meaning as in the Act;

“personal injury” includes any disease and any impairment of a person’s physical or mental health;

“qualifying liability in tort” means liability in tort owed in respect of or consequent upon personal injury or loss arising out of or in connection with breach of a duty of care owed to any person in connection with the diagnosis or illness or the care or treatment of any patient.

Field 10: highways and transport

Matter 10.1

Provision for and in connection with—

(a) the making, operation and enforcement of schemes for imposing charges in respect of the use or keeping of motor vehicles on Welsh trunk roads;

(b) the application of the proceeds of charges imposed under such schemes towards purposes relating to transport.

Matter 10.2

Concessionary travel on the following services—

(a) bus services;

(b) Welsh services provided under a franchise agreement to which the Welsh Ministers are a party.

Any expression which is used in paragraph (b) and the Railways Act 2005 has the meaning given in that Act.

Interpretation of this field

In this field—

“motor vehicle” has the meaning given in section 185(1) of the Road Traffic Act 1988, except that section 189 of that Act (exception for certain pedestrian controlled vehicles and electrically assisted pedal cycles) applies as it applies for the purposes of the Road Traffic Acts;

15 Matter 10.1 and the interpretation provisions for field 10 were inserted by section 122 of the Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26), and matter 10.1 was amended by article 217(a) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006). See also section 123 of the Local Transport Act 2008.
“road” has the same meaning as in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984; “Welsh trunk road” means a road for which the Welsh Ministers are the traffic authority (within the meaning of section 121A of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984).

Field 11: housing

Field 12: local government

Matter 12.1

Provision for and in connection with—

(a) the constitution of new principal areas and the abolition or alteration of existing principal areas, and
(b) the establishment of councils for new principal areas and the abolition of existing principal councils.

“Principal area” means a county borough or a county in Wales, and a “principal council” means a council for a principal area.

Matter 12.2

Provision for and in connection with—

(a) the procedure for the making and coming into force of byelaws, and
(b) the enforcement of byelaws.

“Byelaws” means those of a class which may be confirmed by the Welsh Ministers (but the provision which may be made includes provision to remove a requirement of confirmation).

Matter 12.3

Any of the following—

(a) the principles which are to govern the conduct of members of relevant authorities,
(b) codes of conduct for such members,
(c) the conferral on any person of functions relating to the promotion or maintenance of high standards of conduct of such members (including the establishment of bodies to have such functions),
(d) the making or handling of allegations that members (or former members) of relevant authorities have breached standards of conduct including in particular—

16 Matters 12.1–12.5 were inserted by the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), section 235 and Schedule 17 paragraphs 1 and 2.
(i) the investigation and adjudication of such allegations and reports on the outcome of investigations,
(ii) the action that may be taken where breaches are found to have occurred,
(e) codes of conduct for employees of relevant authorities.

For the purposes of this matter—
“relevant authority” has the same meaning as in Part 3 of the Local Government Act 2000, except that other than in paragraph (d) it does not include a police authority,
“member” includes a co-opted member within the meaning of that Part.

Matter 12.4

Provision for and in connection with strategies of county councils and county borough councils for promoting or improving the economic, social or environmental wellbeing of their areas or contributing to the achievement of sustainable development in the United Kingdom, including provision imposing requirements in connection with such strategies on other persons with functions of a public nature.

Matter 12.5

Provision for and in connection with—
(a) the making of arrangements by relevant Welsh authorities to secure improvement in the way in which their functions are exercised,
(b) the making of arrangements by relevant Welsh authorities for the involvement in the exercise of their functions of people who are likely to be affected by, or interested in, the exercise of the functions, and
(c) the assessment and inspection of the performance of relevant Welsh authorities in exercising their functions.

The following are “relevant Welsh authorities”—
(a) a county council, county borough council or community council in Wales,
(b) a National Park authority for a National Park in Wales,
(c) a fire and rescue authority in Wales constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies,
(d) a levying body within the meaning of section 74(1) of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 in respect of which the county council or charging authority referred to in section 74(1)(b) of that Act was a council or authority for an area in Wales,
(e) a body to which section 75 of that Act applies (special levies) and which as regards the financial year beginning in 1989 had power to levy a rate by reference to property in Wales.

Matter 12.6

Arrangements by principal councils with respect to the discharge of their functions, including executive arrangements.

This matter does not include—
(a) direct elections to executives of principal councils, or
(b) the creation of a form of executive requiring direct elections.

For the purposes of this matter—
(a) “executive arrangements” has the same meaning as in Part 2 of the Local Government Act 2000;
(b) “principal council” means a county or county borough council;
(c) “direct elections” means elections by local government electors (within the meaning of section 270(1) of the Local Government Act 1972).

Matter 12.7

Committees of principal councils with functions of—
(a) review or scrutiny, or
(b) making reports or recommendations.

This matter does not include committees under section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (crime and disorder committees).

For the purposes of this matter “principal council” means a county or county borough council.

Field 13: National Assembly for Wales

Matter 13.1

Creation of, and conferral of functions on, an office or body for and in connection with investigating complaints about the conduct of Assembly members and reporting on the outcome of such investigations to the Assembly.

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Matters 12.6 and 12.7 were inserted by section 33 the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20).
Matter 13.2

Conferral of functions on the Assembly Commission for and in connection with facilitating the exercise by the Assembly of its functions (including the provision to the Assembly of the property, staff and services required for the Assembly’s purposes).

Matter 13.3

Provision for and in connection with the payment of salaries, allowances, pensions and gratuities to or in respect of Assembly members, the First Minister, any Welsh Minister appointed under section 48, the Counsel General and any Deputy Welsh Minister.

Matter 13.4

Provision for and in connection with the creation and maintenance of a register of interests of Assembly members and the Counsel General.

Matter 13.5

Provision about the meaning of Welsh words and phrases in-
   (a) Assembly Measures
   (b) subordinate legislation made under Assembly Measures and
   (c) subordinate legislation not so made but made by the Welsh Ministers, the First Minister or the Counsel General.

Matter 13.6

Provision for and in connection with the procedures for dealing with proposed private Assembly Measure, including, in particular—
   (a) procedures for hearing the promoters of, and objectors, to proposed private Assembly Measures,
   (b) the persons who may represent such promoters and objectors, and the qualifications that such persons must possess,
   (c) the imposition of fees for and in connection with the promotion of proposed private Assembly Measures, and
   (d) the assessment of costs incurred in connection with proposed private Assembly Measures.

Field 14: public administration

Field 15: social welfare
Matter 15.118

Charges levied by local authorities for social care services provided or secured by them and payments in respect of individuals with needs relating to their well-being so that they, or any other person, may secure social care services to meet those needs.

This matter does not include charges and payments for residential care.

Matter 15.219

Functions of public authorities relating to—
  (a) safeguarding children from harm and neglect;
  (b) safeguarding and promoting the well-being of vulnerable children;
  (c) reducing inequalities in well-being between children or young persons.

This matter applies to the functions of public authorities whose principal functions relate to any one or more of the fields in this Part.

Matter 15.3

Adoption services and special guardianship support services.

Matter 15.4

Fostering.

Matter 15.5

Social care services for any of the following—
  (a) children;
  (b) persons who care for, or who are about to care for, children;
  (c) young persons;
  (d) persons formerly looked after—
    (i) who have attained the age of 25, and
    (ii) who, immediately before attaining that age, have been pursuing, or intending to pursue, education or training.

18 Matter 15.1 was inserted by article 2 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1785), and amended by article 3(a) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132) and by article 2(2) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3010).

19 Matters 15.2-15.8 were inserted by article 3(b) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132).
Matter 15.6

Co-operation and arrangements to safeguard and promote the well-being of children or young persons.

This matter applies to co-operation by, and arrangements made by,—
(a) public authorities whose principal functions relate to any one or more of the fields in this part;
(b) police authorities and chief officers of police for police areas in Wales;
(c) the British Transport Police Authority;
(d) local probation boards for areas in Wales;
(e) the Secretary of State, in relation to the Secretary of State’s functions under sections 2 and the 3 of the Offender Management Act 2007, or any provider of probation services under arrangements made under section 3(2) of that Act;
(f) youth offending teams for areas in Wales;
(g) the governors of prisons, young offender institutions or secure training centres in Wales (or, in the case of contracted out prisons, young offender institutions or secure training centres or contracted out parts of such institutions, their directors);
(h) persons other than public authorities who are engaged in activities relating to the well-being of children or young persons.

Matter 15.7

Planning by local authorities for the discharge of their functions relating to the well-being of children or young persons.

Matter 15.8

Continuing, dissolving or creating an office or body concerned with safeguarding and promoting the well-being of children or young persons; the functions of such an office or body, including in particular—
(a) reviewing the effect on children or young persons of the exercise by any persons of functions related to their well-being;
(b) reviewing and monitoring—
   (i) advocacy services;
   (ii) arrangements for dealing with complaints and representations made by, or on behalf of, children or young persons in respect of persons with functions related to their well-being or persons providing them with social care services;
(c) examining cases of particular children or young persons;
(d) considering, and making representations about, any matter affecting the well-being of children or young persons.

*Matter 15.9*\(^{20}\)

Supporting the provision of care by carers and promoting the well-being of carers.

This matter includes (but is not limited to) social care services to help carers.

In this matter “carers” means individuals who provide or intend to provide a substantial amount of care on a regular basis for—

(a) a child with a physical or mental impairment, or

(b) an individual aged 18 or over,

but it does not include individuals who provide or intend to provide care—

(a) by virtue of a contract of employment or other contract with any person, or

(b) as a volunteer for a body (whether or not incorporated).

*Matter 15.10*\(^{21}\)

Social care services connected to mental health.

This matter does not include the independent mental capacity advocacy services established by Part 1 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005.

*Interpretation of this field*\(^{22}\)

In this field—

“advocacy services” means services providing assistance (by way or representation or otherwise) in connection with the well-being of any person;

“children” means persons who have not attained the age of 18;

“development” means physical, intellectual, emotional, social or behavioural development;

“health” means physical or mental health;

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\(^{20}\) Matter 15.9 was inserted by article 2(3) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3010).

\(^{21}\) Matter 15.10 and the interpretation of “advocacy services” were inserted by article 3 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Health and Health Services and Social Welfare) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/236).

\(^{22}\) Interpretation provisions for field 15 were inserted by article 2 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/1785), replaced by article 3 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132), and amended by article 2(4) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3010).
“local authorities” means the councils of counties or county boroughs in Wales;

“persons formerly looked after” means persons who, at any time before attaining the age of 18—
(a) have been in the care of a public authority, or
(b) have been provided with accommodation by a public authority in order to secure their well-being;

“public authorities” means each public authority within the meaning of section 6 of the Human Rights Act 1998, apart from courts or tribunals;

“social care services” means any of the following provided in connection with the well-being of any person: residential or non-residential care services; information, advice, counselling or advocacy services; financial or any other assistance;

“vulnerable children” means children—
(a) who are unlikely to achieve or maintain, or have the opportunity of achieving or maintaining, a reasonable standard of health or development without the provision for them of social care services,
(b) whose health or development is likely to be significantly impaired, or further impaired, without the provision for them of social care services,
(c) who have a physical or mental impairment,
(d) who are in the care of a public authority, or
(e) who are provided with accommodation by a public authority in order to secure their well-being;

“well-being”, in relation to individuals, means well-being so far as relating to any of the following—
(a) health and emotional well-being;
(b) protection from harm and neglect;
(c) education, training and recreation;
(d) the contribution made by them to society;
(e) social and economic well-being;
(f) securing their rights;

“young persons” means persons who have attained the age of 18 but not the age of 25.

*Field 16: sport and recreation*
Matter 16.123

The provision of recreational facilities and activities for children or young persons.

In this matter “children” and “young persons” have the same meaning as in field 15.

Matter 16.224

The establishment and maintenance of a route (or a number of routes) for the coast to enable the public to make recreational journeys.

This matter does not include—

(a) enabling the public to make journeys by mechanically propelled vehicles (except permitted journeys by qualifying invalid carriages);
(b) the creation of new highways (whether under the Highways Act 1980 or otherwise).

Matter 16.3

Securing public access to relevant land for the purposes of open-air recreation.

Land is relevant land if it—

(a) is at the coast,
(b) can be used for the purposes of open-air recreation in association with land within paragraph (a), or
(c) can be used for the purposes of open-air recreation in association with a route within matter 16.2.

In this matter the reference to land at the coast is not limited to coastal land within the meaning of section 3 of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000.

Interpretation of this field

In this field—

“coast” means the coast of Wales adjacent to the sea, including the coast of any island (in the sea) comprised in Wales;

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23 Matter 16.1 was inserted by article 4 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Social Welfare and Other Fields) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/3132).

24 Matters 16.2 and 16.3 were inserted by section 310 of the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009 (c. 23).
“estuarial waters” means any waters within the limits of transitional waters within the meaning of the Water Framework Directive (that is to say, Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2000 establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy);

“highway” has the same meaning as in the Highways Act 1980;

“public foot crossing”, in relation to a river, means a bridge over which, or tunnel through which, there is a public right of way, or a public right of access, by virtue of which the public are able to cross the river on foot;

“qualifying invalid carriage” means an invalid carriage within the meaning of section 20 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 (use of invalid carriages on highways) which complies with the prescribed requirements within the meaning of that section;

“relevant upstream waters”, in relation to a river, means the waters from the seaward limit of the estuarial waters of the river upstream to the first public foot crossing;

“sea” includes the relevant upstream waters of a river;

and a journey by a qualifying invalid carriage is a permitted journey if the carriage is being used in accordance with the prescribed conditions within the meaning of section 20 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970.

Field 17: tourism

Field 18: town and country planning

Matter 18.1

Provision for and in connection with—

(a) plans of the Welsh Ministers in relation to the development and use of land in Wales, and

(b) removing requirements for any such plans.

This does not include provision about the status to be given to any such plans in connection with the decision on an application for an order granting development consent under the Planning Act 2008.

Matter 18.2

25 Matters 18.1-18.3 and interpretation provisions for field 18 were inserted by section 202 of the Planning Act 2008 (c. 29).
Provision for and in connection with the review by local planning authorities of matters which may be expected to affect—
   (a) the development of the authorities’ areas, or
   (b) the planning of the development of the authorities’ areas.

Matter 18.3

Provision for and in connection with—
   (a) plans of local planning authorities in relation to the development and use of land in their areas, and
   (b) removing requirements for any such plans.

This does not include provision about the status to be given to any such plans in connection with the decision on an application for an order granting development consent under the Planning Act 2008.

Interpretation of this field

In this field—
   “local planning authority” in relation to an area means—
   (a) a National Park authority in relation to a National Park in Wales;
   (b) a county council in Wales or a county borough council, in any other case;

   “Wales” has the meaning given by Schedule 1 to the Interpretation Act 1978.

Field 19: water and flood defence

Field 20: Welsh language

Matter 20.1

Promoting or facilitating the use of the Welsh language; and the treatment of the Welsh and English languages on the basis of equality.

This matter does not include the use of the Welsh language in courts.

This matter does not include imposing duties on persons other than the following—
   (a) public authorities;

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26 Matters 20.1 – 20.2 and the interpretation provision for field 20 were inserted by article 3 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence)(Welsh Language) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/245).
(b) persons providing services to the public under an agreement, or in accordance with arrangements, made with a public authority;

(c) persons providing services to the public established by an enactment;

(d) persons established by prerogative instrument—
   (i) to advance learning and knowledge by teaching or research or by developing or awarding qualifications;
   (ii) to collect, preserve or provide access to recorded knowledge or to objects and things which further understanding;
   (iii) to support, improve, promote or provide access to heritage, culture, sport or recreational activities;
   (iv) engaged in promoting a wider knowledge and representing the interests of Wales to other countries;
   (v) engaged in central banking;

(e) persons upon whom functions of providing services to the public are conferred or imposed by an enactment;

(f) persons providing services to the public who receive public money amounting to £400,000 or more in a financial year;

(g) persons overseeing the regulation of a profession, industry or other similar sphere of activity;

(h) providers of social housing;

(i) persons providing the public with the following kinds of services or with other services which relate to any of those services—
   (i) gas, water or electricity services (including supply or distribution);
   (ii) sewerage services (including disposal of sewage);
   (iii) postal services and post offices;
   (iv) telecommunications services;
   (v) education, training (where the provider receives public money for its provision), or career guidance, and services to encourage, enable or assist participation in education, training or career guidance;
   (vi) bus and railway services;
   (vii) services to develop or award educational or vocational qualifications;

(j) persons opting or agreeing to be subject to the imposition of the duties.
With regard to imposing duties in relation to paragraph (b), this matter only includes duties in respect of services to the public provided under an agreement, or in accordance with arrangements, made with a public authority.

A person who receives public money amounting to £400,000 or more in a financial year does not fall within paragraph (f) unless—

(a) that person also received public money in a previous financial year, or

(b) a decision has been made that that person will receive public money in a subsequent financial year.

With regard to imposing duties in relation to paragraph (i)—

(a) this matter only includes duties in respect of the services and the other related services mentioned, and

(b) in respect of the related services, this matter does not include the provision of related services in a shop, other than post office counter services and the sale of tickets or provision of timetables for bus and railway services.

This matter does not include imposing duties about broadcasting.

This matter does not include imposing duties on a person (other than on a Welsh language authority) unless there is a means for that person to challenge those duties, as they apply to that person, on grounds of reasonableness and proportionality.

**Matter 20.2**

Provision about or in connection with the freedom of persons wishing to use the Welsh language to do so with one another (including any limitations upon it).

**Interpretation of this field**

In this field—

“broadcasting” means the commissioning, production, scheduling, transmission or distribution of programmes (including advertisements, subtitles, continuity announcements and teletext), access services, interactivity, online content and other output of a similar nature for television, radio, the internet or other online or wireless platforms;

“bus service” means a scheduled service, by public service vehicle (within the meaning of section 1 of the Public Passenger Vehicles Act 1981, for the carriage of passengers at separate fares, other than a service—

(a) for which the whole capacity of the vehicle has been purchased by a charterer for the charterer’s own use or for resale;

(b) which is a journey or trip organised privately by any person acting independently of the vehicle operator; or
(c) on which the passengers travel together on a journey, with or without breaks and whether or not on the same day, from one or more places to one or more places and back;

“enactment” includes any future enactment;

“shop” means any premises where the sale of goods is the principal trade or business carried on;

“postal services” means the service of conveying letters, parcels, packets or other articles from one place to another by post and the incidental services of receiving, collecting, sorting and delivering such articles;

“public authority” means each public authority within the meaning of section 6 of the Human Rights Act 1998;

“public money” means—

(a) moneys made available directly or indirectly by—

(i) the National Assembly for Wales;
(ii) the Welsh Ministers;
(iii) Parliament;
(iv) Ministers of the Crown; or
(v) an institution of the European Communities;

(b) moneys provided by virtue of any enactment;

“telecommunications service” means any service that consists of providing access to, or facilities for making use of, any system which exists (whether wholly or partly in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) for the purpose of facilitating the transmission of communications by any means involving the use of electrical, magnetic or electro-magnetic energy (including the apparatus comprised in the system), but does not include broadcasting, radio, or television.

“Welsh language authority” means a person upon whom an enactment confers or imposes functions of—

(a) imposing or enforcing on other persons duties relating to the Welsh language,

(b) determining the duties relating to the Welsh language that are imposed on other persons, or

(c) deciding challenges to the duties relating to the Welsh language that are imposed on other persons.
PART 2

EXCEPTIONS TO MATTERS AND GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

Exceptions to matters

A1 These are the exceptions mentioned in section 94(4)(a) and (7)—

_Economic development (field 4 of Part 1)_

(1) Generation of electricity at generating stations whose construction, extension or operation requires—
   (a) the consent of the Secretary of State, or
   (b) the authority of an order granting development consent under the Planning Act 2008,

and for this purpose, the reference to consent of the Secretary of State is a reference to consent under powers to regulate generation of electricity.

(2) Transmitting, distributing or supplying electricity.

(3) Energy conservation, apart from the encouragement of energy efficiency otherwise than by prohibition or regulation.

(4) Nuclear energy and nuclear installations, including—
   (a) nuclear safety, and
   (b) liability for nuclear occurrences,

but this paragraph does not include disposal of very low level radioactive waste moved from a site whose use requires a nuclear site licence under the Nuclear Installations Act 1965.

_Highways and transport (field 10 of Part 1)_

(1) Registration of local bus services, and the application and enforcement of traffic regulation conditions in relation to those services.

(1A) Road freight transport services, including goods vehicles operating licensing.

(2) Regulation of the use of relevant vehicles on roads, the construction and use of relevant vehicles, and conditions under which relevant vehicles may be so used, apart from—

27 The heading to Part 2 was substituted by article 2(8) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006).

28 Paragraph A1 was inserted by article 2(9) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006). Amendments to this paragraph were inserted by article 3 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Environment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/248).
a) regulation of use of relevant vehicles carrying animals for the purposes of protecting human, animal, fish or plant health or the environment, and

b) regulation relating to matter 10.1, and

c) regulation of the description of vehicle which may be used pursuant to learner transport arrangements (including description by reference to a vehicle’s construction or equipment), but not including the setting of technical standards for construction or equipment which differ from the standards that would or might otherwise apply to that vehicle.

For the purpose of this paragraph, “relevant vehicles” means motor vehicles, mobile machinery and agricultural and forestry tractors.

(3) Road traffic offences.

(4) Driver licensing.

(5) Driving instruction.

(6) Insurance of motor vehicles.

(7) Drivers’ hours.

(8) Traffic regulation on special roads (apart from regulation relating to matter 10.1).

(9) Pedestrian crossings.

(10) Traffic signs (apart from the placing and maintenance of traffic signs within the meaning of section 177 of the Transport Act 2000 for purposes relating to matter 10.1).

(11) Speed limits.

(12) Public service vehicle operator licensing.

(13) Provision and regulation of railway services, apart from financial assistance which—

(a) does not relate to the carriage of goods,

(b) is not made in connection with a railway administration order, and


(14) Transport security (apart from regulation relating to the carriage of supervising adults on vehicles used pursuant to learner transport arrangements).

(14A) Aviation, air transport, airports and aerodromes, apart from—

(a) financial assistance to providers or proposed providers of air transport services or airport facilities or services,
(b) strategies by the Welsh Ministers or local or other public authorities about provision of air services, and
(c) regulation of the use of aircraft carrying animals for the purpose of protecting—
   (i) human health, apart from the health of persons in aircraft,
   (ii) animal, fish or plant health, or
   (iii) the environment.

(15) Shipping, apart from—
   (a) financial assistance for shipping services to, from or within Wales, and
   (b) regulation of the use of vessels carrying animals for the purposes of protecting—
      (i) human health, apart from the health of persons on vessels,
      (ii) animal, fish or plant health, or
      (iii) the environment.

(16) Shipping, apart from financial assistance for shipping services to, from or within Wales.
(17) Navigational rights and freedoms, apart from regulation of works which may obstruct or endanger navigation.
(18) Harbours, docks, piers and boatslips, apart from—
   (a) those used or required wholly or mainly for the fishing industry, for recreation, or for communications between places in Wales (or for two or more of those purposes), and
   (b) regulation for the purposes of protecting human, animal, fish or plant health or the environment.
(19) Carriage of dangerous goods, including transport of radioactive material.

In paragraphs (2) and (14) “learner transport arrangements” means arrangements of the kind described in matter 5.10 which consist of the provision of motor vehicles and are made by—
   (a) public authorities (within the meaning of field 15) exercising functions relating to education or training, or
   (b) institutions or other bodies concerned with the provision of education or training.

Social welfare (field 15 of Part 1)

(1) Child Support.
(2) Child trust funds, apart from subscriptions to such funds by—
   (a) a county council or county borough council in Wales, or
   (b) the Welsh Ministers.
(3) Tax credits.
(4) Child benefit and guardian’s allowance.
(5) Social security.
(6) Independent living funds.
(7) Motability.
(8) Vaccine damage payments.
(9) Intercountry adoption, apart from adoption agencies and their functions, and functions of the “Central Authority” under the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in respect of Intercountry Adoption.
(11) Family law and proceedings apart from—
   (a) welfare advice courts, representation and provision if information, advice and other support to children ordinarily resident in Wales and their families, and
   (b) Welsh family proceedings officers.
(12) Welfare foods.

Water and flood defence (field 19 of Part 1)

(1) Appointment and regulation of any water undertaker whose area is not wholly or mainly in Wales.
(2) Licensing and regulation of any licensed water supplier within the meaning of the Water Industry Act 1991, apart from regulation in relation to licensed activities using the supply system of a water undertaker whose area is wholly or mainly in Wales.

General Restrictions

Functions of Ministers of the Crown

1 (1) A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot remove or modify, or confer power by subordinate legislation to remove or modify, any function of a Minister of the Crown.

   (2) A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot confer or impose, or confer power by subordinate legislation to confer or impose, any function on a Minister of the Crown.

Criminal Offences

2 (1) A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot create, or confer power by subordinate legislation to create, any criminal offence punishable—
(a) on summary conviction, with imprisonment for a period exceeding the prescribed term or with a fine exceeding the amount specified as level 5 on the standard scale, or
(b) on conviction on indictment, with a period of imprisonment exceeding two years.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1) “the prescribed term” means—

(a) where the offence is a summary offence, 51 weeks, and
(b) where the offence is triable either way, twelve months.

Police Areas

2A A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot make any alteration in police areas.

Enactments other than this Act

3 A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot make modification of, or confer power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, any of the provisions listed in the Table below—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enactment</th>
<th>Provisions protected from modification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Communities Act 1972 (c. 68)</td>
<td>The whole Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Protection Act 1998 (c.29)</td>
<td>The whole Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government of Wales Act 1998 (c. 38)</td>
<td>Sections 144(7), 145, 145A and 146A(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Rights Act 1998 (c. 42)</td>
<td>The whole Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civil Contingencies Act 2004 (c. 36)</td>
<td>The whole Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Re-Use of Public Sector Information Regulations 2005 (S.I. 2005/1505)</td>
<td>The whole set of Regulations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4 A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot make modifications of, or confer power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, any provision of an Act of Parliament other that this Act which requires sums required for the

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29 Paragraph 2A was inserted by the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, section 235 and Schedule 17, paragraphs 1 and 3.
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repayment of, or the payment of interest on, amounts borrowed by the Welsh Ministers to be charged on the Welsh Consolidated Fund.

5 A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot make modifications of, or confer power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, any functions of the Comptroller and Auditor General.

This Act

6 (1) A provision of an Assembly Measure cannot make modifications of, or confer power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, provisions contained in this Act.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to—

(a) sections 20, 22, 24, 35(1), 36(1) to (5) and (7) to (11), 53, 54, 78 and 156(2) to (5); or

(b) paragraph 8(3) of Schedule 2.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not apply to any provision—

(a) making modifications of so much of any enactment as is modified by this Act, or

(b) repealing so much of any provision of this Act as amends any enactment, if the provision ceases to have effect in consequence of any provision of, or make under, an Assembly Measure.

PART 3

EXCEPTIONS FROM GENERAL RESTRICTIONS IN PART 2

Interpretation

6Z In this Part “general restrictions in Part 2” means paragraphs 1 to 6 of Part 2.

Functions of Ministers of the Crown

7 (1) Part 2 does not prevent a provision of an Assembly Measure removing or modifying, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to remove or

30 This provision was inserted by article 4 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence)(Welsh Language) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/245).

31 The heading for Part 3 was substituted, paragraph 6Z was inserted, and the opening words of paragraphs 7 to 11 were substituted, by article 2(10) to (12) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006).
modify, any function of a Minister of the Crown if the Secretary of State consents to the provision.

(2) Part 2 does not prevent a provision of an Assembly Measure relating to matter 20.1 or 20.2 of Part 1, conferring or imposing, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to confer or impose, any function on a Minister of the Crown if the Secretary of State consents to the provision, but functions so conferred or imposed may not be made enforceable against Ministers of the Crown by means of criminal offences.  

**Police Areas**

7A The general restrictions in Part 2 do not prevent a provision of an Assembly Measure making an alteration to the boundary of a police area in Wales if the Secretary of State consents to the provision

**Comptroller and Auditor General**

8 The general restrictions in Part 2 do not prevent a provision of an Assembly Measure modifying, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to modify, any enactment relating to the Comptroller and Auditor General if the Secretary of State consents to the provision.

**Restatement**

9 The general restrictions in Part 2 do not prevent a provision of an Assembly Measure—

(a) restating the law (or restating it with such modifications as are not prevented by that Part), or

(b) repealing or revoking any spent enactment, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to do so.

**Subordinate legislation**

10 The general restrictions in Part 2 do not prevent an Assembly Measure making modifications of, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, an enactment for or in connection with any of the following purposes—

(a) making different provision about the document by which a power to make, confirm or approve subordinate legislation is to be exercised,

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32 This provision was inserted by article 5 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence)(Welsh Language) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/245).

33 Paragraph 7A was inserted by the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, section 235 and Schedule 17, paragraphs 1 and 4; and amended by article 2(12) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006).
(b) making provision (or no provision) for the procedure, in relation to the Assembly, to which legislation made in the exercise of such a power (or the instrument or other document in which it is contained) is to be subject, and

c) applying any enactment comprised in or made under an Assembly Measure relating to the documents by which such powers may be exercised.

*Data Protection Act 1998*34

11 The general restrictions in Part 2 do not prevent an Assembly Measure making modifications of, or conferring power by subordinate legislation to make modifications of, section 31(6) of the Data Protection Act 1998 so that it applies to complaints under any Assembly measure relating to matter 9.1 in Part 1.

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34 Paragraph 11 was inserted by article 4 of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Conversion of Framework Powers) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/910), and amended by article 2(12) of the National Assembly for Wales (Legislative Competence) (Exceptions to Matters) Order 2009 (S.I. 2009/3006).